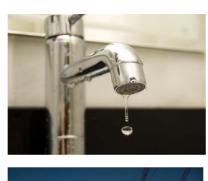
US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Energy Management Workshop









December 18, 2008

EPA Office of Water, EPA Region 9
Sacramento, California

Welcome and Introductions



Sponsors

- U.S. EPA:
 - Office of Water

- STATES TO STATES TO A STATES T
- Pacific Southwest, Region 9















Energy Use and Water Utilities

Water and Wastewater treatment represents ~3% of the nation's energy consumption

- \$4 billion spent annually for energy
- ■Equivalent to ~56 billion kilowatt hours (kWh)
- Equates to adding ~45 million tons of greenhouse gases

Energy represents the largest controllable cost of providing water or wastewater services to the public

- 16,583 municipal treatment plants in the US
- Energy represents 25-30% of total plant O&M
 - Raw sewage pumping (12%)
 - Aeration (25%)
 - Solids handling (30%)
 - Lighting, heating, AC and other (6%)
 - As energy costs rise, operating costs rise



Energy Reduction at Water Utilities

Water and Energy Efficiency at Utilities =

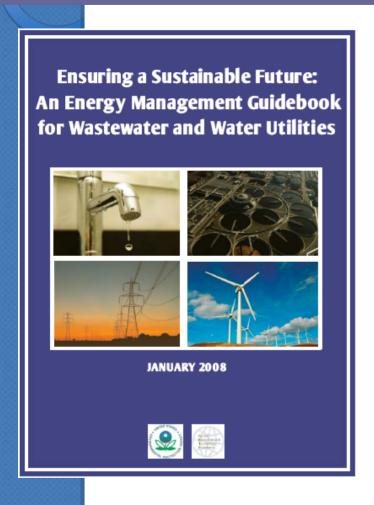
- Reduced energy usage
- Reduced operating costs
- Reduced climate impacts / carbon footprint
- Sustainability of water infrastructure
- Water savings

Why Focus on Energy Management?

- Energy issues are here to stay and will only get more serious—no quick fixes!
- Individual projects are fine, but something is needed to pull it all together (a <u>system</u>)
- Systematic management will ensure continuing focus on energy efficiency
- The Plan-Do-Check-Act approach has worked in many different sectors
- Enables <u>consistent</u>, <u>organized</u>, and <u>integrated management</u> of utility operations



Managing to Maximize Energy Efficiency



Designed to help utilities:

- Systematically assess current energy costs and practices
- Set measurable performance improvement goals
- Monitor and measure progress over time

Uses a management system approach for energy conservation, based on the successful Plan-Do-Check- Act process [based on Environmental Management Systems (EMS)]

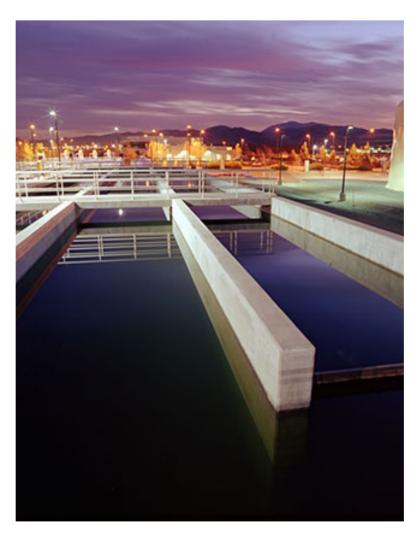


More information is available at:

www.epa.gov/waterinfrastructure/bettermanagement_energy.htm

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Morning Break



What Energy Challenges Do You Face Today?

- What have you done already?
- What is missing?



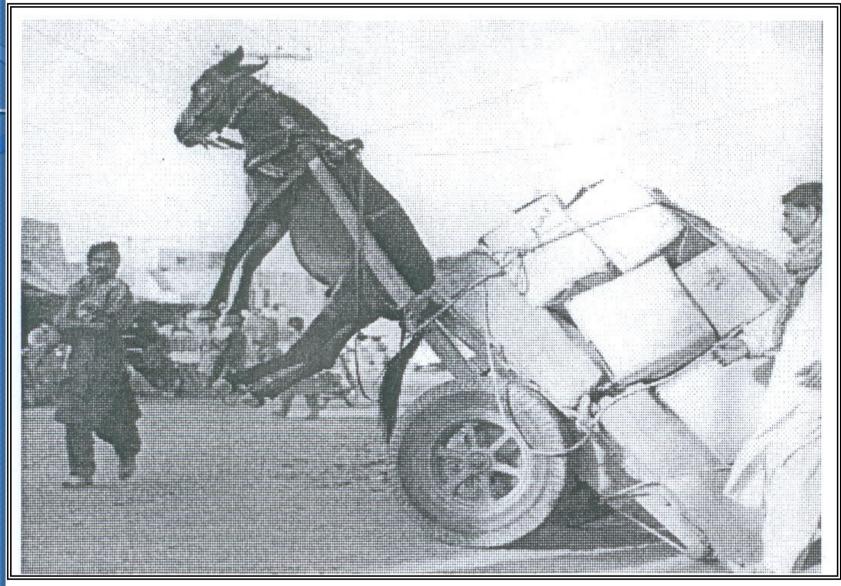




Plan Do Check Act

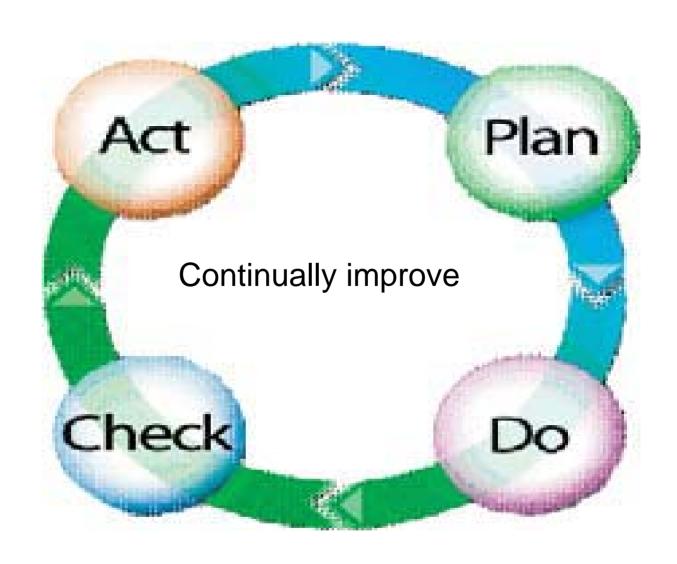


Greater effort in an existing framework



Is not always the answer

The PLAN-DO-CHECK-ACT Framework



Plan

1: Getting Ready

2: Assessing Current Energy Baseline

3: Establishing Energy Vision & Priorities

4: Identify Objectives and Targets

Do

 5: Implement Energy Improvement Programs (and a Management System to Support Them)

Check & Act

6: Monitor & Measure Energy
 Improvement Management Programs

7: Maintain, Improve & Communicate

• PLAN:

Say what you do.



• **DO**:

Do what you say.

CHECK & ACT:

Verify, Maintain and Continue



Plan-Do-Check-Act Experiences





Developing Energy Management Programs:



"hands on exercise"

How much energy do we use and where do we use it?





1.Activities
Operations
Pages 36, 37

Assessing energy baseline

- Benchmark
 - Try Energy Star
- Energy assessment or audit
 - Note 2 kinds of audits
- Review legal/other requirement and do a compliance baseline

Tools: Energy Star benchmarking, Portfolio Manager; Worksheets, Session 2



Benchmarking Wastewater Facilities in Portfolio Manager

Introduction

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
December 16, 2008
Cheryl McGovern



Learn more at energystar.gov



Today's Agenda



Introduction

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager

Q&As

What is ENERGY STAR?



- The mission of EPA's ENERGY STAR Program is to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through energy efficiency
- ENERGY STAR establishes specifications and labeling for Products; Home Improvements; Buildings and Plants; and New Homes
- Energy saving guidelines, technology information, recommendations, and contractors



An assessment tool that measures your facility's energy efficiency now and over time – benchmark and track improvements

Potential award, educate functions for WWTP

Mirror that shows your facility in a new light





What is Portfolio Manager?



- ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager is an interactive energy management tool that allows buildings to get an energy efficiency rating, and then track and assess energy and water consumption
- Originally it was designed for buildings and industrial applications – more functionality
- October 1, 2007, wastewater treatment plants added to assess and track energy efficiency functions of Portfolio Manager – not drinking wtr at this point – awards may be added

Benchmarking - Assessment



- Accessed online through ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager
- Regression analysis energy use per unit of flow
- Normalized for external factors
- Wastewater results against model shows statistical significance at 90% confidence level
- Energy generated onsite is not included in calculation so energy purchased per unit of flow is lower to reflect greater energy efficiency





- Facilities can see how their energy use compares against similar facilities in a national database
- A rating is given from 1-100 (100 most efficient, 50 being average) using uniform, tested criteria
- Portfolio Manager uses emissions factors, which vary by geographic region based on the type of power generation used, to <u>determine the carbon emissions</u>
- Facilities baseline benchmark and improvements can be tracked easily and show energy reductions and increased ratings from your desktop and the web

What Do I Need To Get My Score?



- 1. Zip Code
- 2. Energy use for all fuel types monthly for one year
- Average Daily Influent Flow
- Average Influent BOD and Effluent BOD averaged over 12 months (mg/l)
- 5. Plant Design Capacity treatment design mgd
- Fixed Film Trickle Filtration Process (y/n)
- Nutrient Removal (y/n)

Why Bother With All This?



- U.S. drinking water and wastewater systems spend about \$4 billion a year on energy to pump, treat, deliver, collect and clean water – with much of this cost borne by ratepayers and municipalities.
- Nationwide, <u>drinking water and wastewater systems use</u>
 <u>75 billion kilowatt hours per year as much as the pulp</u>
 <u>and paper, and petroleum industries combined (enough electricity to power 6.75 million homes for an entire year).</u>
- Energy costs to run these systems can represent as much as one-third of a municipality's electricity use.
- Reducing energy and water at wastewater facilities can make a significant difference for the environment and for the pocket book

How Can Wastewater Facilities Get Involved Now?



- Sign up with us to establish an account in Portfolio Manager and get your benchmark score and a free energy audit
- Use ENERGY STAR Guidelines for Energy Management
- Measure and Verify Energy Use
- STEP 1: Make Commitment
- STEP 2: Assess Performance
- STEP 3: Set Goals
- STEP 4: Create Action Plan
- STEP 5: Implement Action Plan
- STEP 6: Evaluate Progress
- STEP 7: Recognize Achievements

How Can Wastewater Facilities Get Involved Now?

- Use EPA's January 2008 Guidebook "Ensuring a Sustainable Future: An Energy Management Guidebook for Wastewater and Water Utilities
- http://www.epa.gov/infrastructure/bettermanageme nt_energy.html
- Obtain a free energy audit from the local power company or California Energy Commission to create an action plan and implement it – SRF funds are available for energy efficiency

How Can Wastewater Facilities Get Involved Now?

- Get your score! Two hour class Jan.
 28th
- Class is a partnership with PG&E
- EPA will walk you through the online Energy Star Portfolio Manager website
- You'll get your score and more
- PG&E will schedule a free audit of your facility!
- Class limited to first 9 facilities, more to come depending on interest

Contact Information

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Lunch

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