

# ANTIFREEZE RECYCLING

Best Environmental Practices for Auto Repair and Fleet Maintenance • November 1999



#### WHY BE CONCERNED?

It is estimated that only 12% of all waste antifreeze generated in the United States is recycled each year.

Waste antifreeze should never be disposed of down storm drains or into surface waters because it causes serious water quality problems and may harm people, pets or wildlife. Doing so is illegal and punishable by fines of up to \$25,000.

### **Understanding your options**

Due to the many on-site and off-site recycling options available, recycling antifreeze is feasible in all parts of the country. Waste antifreeze can be recycled by three methods:

- 1) On-Site Recycling: waste antifreeze is recycled in units purchased by the facility, located on site, and operated by facility employees.
- **2) Mobile Recycling Service:** a van or truck equipped with a recycling unit visits the facility and recycles waste antifreeze on site.
- **3) Off-Site Recycling:** waste antifreeze is transported to a specialized recycling company; these services can also resupply the facility with recycled antifreeze.

All waste antifreeze recycling methods involve two steps: 1) removing contaminants either by filtration, distillation, reverse osmosis, or ion exchange and 2) restoring critical antifreeze properties with additives. Additives typically contain chemicals that raise and stabilize pH, inhibit rust and corrosion, reduce water scaling, and slow the breakdown of ethylene glycol.

The type of antifreeze recycling that is best suited to your facility depends on many factors. The table below summarizes some of these factors for different antifreeze recycling alternatives.

## Managing recycling wastes

Antifreeze recycling wastes may be contaminated with metals such as lead, chromium, cadmium, copper, or zinc. Depending on the type of recycling performed, wastes may include filters, sludge or resins. As with all wastes, you should obtain data, or test the waste to determine whether it is hazardous and dispose of it accordingly. Off-site and some mobile recycling service vendors will dispose of the wastes for you. If your vendor manages your wastes for you, make sure that proper waste determination and disposal is performed.

### Using recycled antifreeze

## Can I recycle organic acid technology (OAT) (long-life) coolants?

In 1999, about 30 percent of new passenger vehicles and 5 percent of heavy duty equipment were factory filled with OAT coolants. Many antifreeze recycling units can recycle OAT coolants such as DexCool™. The most important factor when recycling OAT coolant is to use a technology that completely removes the "chemistry" from the waste coolant. Once the coolant has been recycled, it may be returned to a conventional or OAT coolant or depending on the additive package used.

Numerous auto repair and fleet maintenance facilities have used recycled antifreeze produced from on-site recycling units and mobile and off-site recycling services for years without experiencing engine damage or other problems as a result. However, there are a few issues you should be aware of.

#### Consumer protection and manufacturer warranty issues

As of September, 1999, there is no ASTM quality standard for recycled antifreeze. However, several state agencies, for example California Weights and Measures, have issued product specifications for recycled antifreeze. Also, some vehicle manufacturers, (e.g. General Motors, Ford Motor Company, Detroit Diesel and Cummins) test and certify antifreeze recycling equipment or have developed standards for recycled antifreeze.

Because there is currently no single national recycled antifreeze standard that all recycling methods must achieve, you should select an antifreeze recycling method after discussing coolant quality specifications and vehicle warranty concerns directly with your recycling unit or service vendors. Some vendors can provide certification letters from vehicle manufacturers or state agencies, or will otherwise guarantee the recycled antifreeze they produce.

COMPARISONS OF ANTIFREEZE RECYCLING METHODS					
	On-Site Closed Loop	On-Site Batch	Mobile Service	Off-Site Service	
Common recycling technologies	filtration or ion exchange	filtration or distillation	filtration or reverse osmosis	distillation	
Capacity (gallons per hour)	4 to 5	4 to 100	55 to 210	375 to 500	
Facility worker training required	yes	yes	no	no	
Facility disposes of recycling wastes	yes	yes	some services	no	
Capital cost range (1998 dollars)	\$2,500 to \$13,800	\$3,700 to \$18,000	None	None	
Cost range per gallon to recycle antifreeze*	filtration: \$3.00 to \$4.50 ion exchange: \$4.45 to \$7.20	\$0.74 to \$4.50	\$1.75 to \$3.00	\$3.20 to \$3.70	
Average labor time required for coolant change per vehicle (minutes)	30 to 60	25 to 35	20 to 30	20 to 30	

\*Note: Cost ranges are after unit capital cost payback and do not include labor costs. Cost ranges calculated using cost worksheet (see page 3).

## Cost analysis worksheet for antifreeze recycling

Complete this worksheet, calculate, and compare antifreeze recycling costs. Compare the highlighted rows (rows E, I, N, and GG) to determine the recycling method with the lowest annual cost. The values provided in the sample column serve only as an example, as actual costs and savings will vary according to facility specific conditions. **Before beginning, refer to page 4 for preliminary questions you should ask vendors.** 

	BASELINE WASTE ANTIFREEZE GENERATION	your facility	sample
Α	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated annually		2,250
-	OFF-SITE ANTIFREEZE DISPOSAL	your facility	sample
В	Cost per gallon for disposal	your localey	-
	Gallons of antifreeze (virgin or recycled ) purchased annually		
D	Cost per gallon to purchase antifreeze (virgin or recycled)		_
	Total annual cost = (AxB) + (CxD)		
_	Total difficulty (CAD)		
	OFF-SITE ANTIFREEZE RECYCLING SERVICE	your facility	sample
F	Cost per gallon for off-site recycling		\$5.10
G	Gallons of antifreeze (virgin or recycled) purchased annually		2,250
Н	Cost per gallon to purchase antifreeze (virgin or recycled)		\$3.50
1	Total annual cost = $(AxF) + (GxH)$		\$19,350
	·		
	MOBILE ANTIFREEZE RECYCLING	your facility	sample
J	Cost per gallon for mobile recycling		\$3.29
K	Gallons of antifreeze (virgin or recycled) purchased annually		25
L	Cost per gallon to purchase antifreeze (virgin or recycled)		\$3.85/gal
M	Annual waste disposal costs (filters, residual, etc)		\$o
N	Total annual cost = $(Ax)$ + $(KxL)$ + M		\$7,500
	ON-SITE ANTIFREEZE RECYCLING	your facility	sample
	General		
0	Gallons of regular (r) or extended life (e) antifreeze (virgin or recycled ) purchased annually		378(r) & 452(e)
P	Cost per gallon to purchase antifreeze (virgin or recycled)		\$4.71(r) & \$7.48(e)
Q	Annual antifreeze recycling (number of vehicles or batches)		150 batches
R	Average time to recycle antifreeze (one vehicle or batch) in hours		15 hours per batch
S	Annual maintenance and repair costs		\$800
	Equipment		
T	Purchase and shipping of recycling unit		\$8,500
	Unit installation	<del></del>	<b>\$</b> 0
-	Additives		
٧	Annual use rate of regular (r) or extended life (e) additives (gallons or packages per year)		32 gals.(r) & 35 gals.(e
	Cost to purchase additives per gallon or per package		\$.25/gal(r) & \$.96/gal(e)
	Filters		
Х	Cost to purchase filters		NA
	Annual filter use rate		NA
	Annual cost to test filters		NA
	Energy		
AΑ	Unit voltage (volts)		240
	Unit current (amperes)		16
	Energy cost (per kilowatt-hour)		0.12
	Total energy cost [(AA x BB) +1,000 x CC x Q x R]		\$1,037 /year
	Wastes and disposal		7-,03/ / ,041
			<b>\$</b> o
EE	Annual cost to dispose of recycling wastes lother than antifreeze		
	Annual cost to dispose of recycling wastes (other than antifreeze)  Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year		75
	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year		75
	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year	your facility	
FF	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year  CALCULATIONS	your facility	sample
FF GG	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year  CALCULATIONS  Total annual cost for on-site recycling [(O x P) + S + (V x W) + (X x Y) + Z + DD + EE + (FF x B or F)]	your facility	sample \$7,423
FF GG HH	Gallons of waste antifreeze generated per year  CALCULATIONS	your facility	sample

#### GETTING STARTED RECYCLING YOUR ANTIFREEZE: QUESTIONS FOR VENDORS

Answers to many of these questions will help you complete the cost analysis worksheet on page 3.

#### On-site, mobile, or off-site recycling

- · What types of additives are added to the recycled antifreeze?
- What is the availability, length, and coverage of the warranty on the unit or recycled antifreeze?
- Is the unit or recycled antifreeze certified by any vehicle manufacturers?
- Can you provide performance data about antifreeze recycled by this equipment?
- What wastes are generated (filters, sludge, resin, still bottoms)?
- Who will dispose of the wastes?
- · What is the waste generation rate?
- Is the waste considered hazardous?
- What is the cost per gallon to recycle the antifreeze?
   What does this cost include?
- What contaminants prevent your unit or service from recycling antifreeze?
- Does the technology recycle OAT coolants and propylene glycol?
- Can you provide any references in the area who are using your unit or service?



On-site, closed loop antifreeze recycling unit flushes the coolant system during recycling.



On-site, batch antifreeze recycling units are available with filtration or distillation recycling technology.

#### Additional questions for on-site equipment vendors

- Does the technology feature filtration, distillation, reverse osmosis, or ion exchange?
- Is the on-site unit designed for portable, closed-loop use or stationary, batch processing?
- · Is the unit powered by electricity or compressed air?
- What voltage or pressure is required to operate the unit?
- · How is the unit operated?
- · How much operator time is required to operate the unit?
- · How much additive is needed per gallon of recycled antifreeze?
- Do you provide additive packages for OAT coolants?
- · How much do the additives cost?
- · How are the additives obtained?
- Is antifreeze testing required to determine how much additive to add or is it fixed?
- What type of antifreeze testing equipment is provided with the unit (litmus paper, refractometer, titration kit, other)?
- · Will you train our mechanics how to properly use the unit?
- Is a unit available for a short demonstration or trial period?
- What is supplied for the demonstration?
- · Where is the nearest technical sales representative?
- · How much does the unit cost?
- Are there any other initial costs such as accessories or special additive costs?
- Do you offer lease options; if so, what is the monthly lease cost?

Your state or local government environmental agency has more information about compliance and pollution prevention for auto repair shops and fleet maintenance operations in your state or area. Additional fact sheets and information can be found at www.epa.gov/region09/p2/autofleet.

This fact sheet is part of a package of fact sheets entitled either "The Pollution Prevention Tool Kit, Best Environmental Practices for Auto Repair" (publication number EPA-909-E-99-001) or "The Pollution Prevention Tool Kit, Best Environmental Practices for Fleet Maintenance" (publication number EPA-909-E-99-002). To obtain copies of either package, call (Boo) 490-9198. Accompanying videos, 'Profit Through Prevention", are available at the same phone number for either auto repair (number EPA-909-V-99-001) or fleet maintenance (number EPA-909-V-99-002).

