US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

APPENDIX A Selection of Chemicals of Potential Concern

TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN ROMIC ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGIES CORPORATION (SOUTHWEST) CHANDLER, ARIZONA

Prepared for

Romic Environmental Technologies Corporation 6760 West Allison Road Chandler, AZ 85226

Prepared by

ENVIRON International, Corporation 6001 Shellmound Street, Suite 700 Emeryville, California

Original: July 20, 2005

Revised: October 2006

03-13617B

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1.0 | INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE | 1-1 |
|-----|--|-------------|
| 2.0 | COMPOSITION OF MATERIAL THROUGHPUT STREAMS | 2-1 |
| 3.0 | SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF CONCERN | 3-1 |
| 3.1 | Master Chemical List | 3-1 |
| 3.2 | Chemical of Potential Concern List | 3-2 |
| 4.0 | REFERENCES | 4- 1 |



TABLES

| Table 1A | Raw Chemical List - Blended Fuel Stream |
|----------|---|
| Table 1B | Raw Chemical List - Solvents (Organic) Wastestream |
| Table 1C | Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream |
| Table 2 | Master Chemical List |
| Table 3 | Composition of Generic Compounds and Mixtures Found in Facility |
| | Wastestreams |
| Table 4 | Vapor Pressures |
| Table 5 | Chronic Toxicity Values |
| Table 6 | Derivation of Inhalation References Doses for Various Total Petroleum |
| | Hydrocarbon (TPH) Fractions |
| Table 7 | Acute Toxicity Values |
| Table 8 | Summary of Chemicals of Potential Concern |

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment A Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) Used to Speciate Generic Compounds and Mixtures Found in Facility Wastestreams



ACRONYMS

AAQGS Ambient Air Quality Guidelines

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADEQ Arizona Department of Environmental Quality

AEGL Acute Exposure Guideline Levels

ATSDR Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry

Cal/EPA California Environmental Protection Agency

COPC Chemical of Potential Concern

ERPG Emergency Response Planning Guidelines
HEAST Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

HRA Health Risk Assessment

IRIS Integrated Risk Information System

MRL Minimal Risk Level

MSDS Material Safety Data Sheet

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology
ODEQ Oregon Department of Environmental Quality
OEHHA Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment

PEL Permissible Exposure Levels

PPRTV Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Values RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RfD Reference Dose

TCEQ Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Effects Screening Levels

TEEL Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits

TLV Total Limit Value

TPH Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon

TPHCWG Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group

USDOE United States Department of Energy

USEPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

mmHg millimeter mercury (pressure units)

% percent



1.0 INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

The Romic Environmental Technologies Corporation (Southwest) ("Romic") facility ("Site") is a hazardous waste management facility located in central Arizona. As part of a Resource, Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Part B permit application, ENVIRON International Corporation (on behalf of Romic) prepared a health risk assessment (HRA) which evaluated the potential impacts that could occur as a result of exposure to emissions to the air from its on-Site operations. The overall objective of the HRA was to evaluate the potential human health and ecological risks associated with current operations as well as the incremental risks associated with changes to the facility operations proposed in the Part B permit application.

Prior to conducting the HRA, Romic submitted a Health Risk Assessment Workplan ("Workplan") (ENVIRON 2005) to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). The Workplan outlined the approach to be used to evaluate the potential health risks to the surrounding human and wildlife communities as a result of operations at the Site. The Workplan also proposed a series of technical memoranda in which individual complex HRA topics would be discussed in greater depth prior to submittal of the HRA. The following technical memoranda were proposed:

- Chemical Selection
- Emissions Estimation
- Identification of Off-Site Receptors
- Ecological Impacts Screening
- Accident Scenario Evaluation

The technical memorandum presented here describes the proposed selection of the chemicals of potential concern (COPC) from sources of emissions at the Romic Southwest facility. As there are no dust-generating operations at the Site, the HRA focuses on volatile emissions to the air. Hence, the COPCs are those chemicals that can partition, to some degree, to the air during handling, processing or storage.

The estimated emission rate of these chemicals from potential sources on-site was discussed in the Emissions Estimation Technical Memorandum. For some minor sources, conservative assumptions regarding the chemicals handled at these sources have been made in order to simplify a source screening evaluation. The source screening evaluation is designed to eliminate from further evaluation those sources with insignificant off-site impacts.



2.0 COMPOSITION OF MATERIAL THROUGHPUT STREAMS

In order to select chemicals for evaluation in the HRA, potential air emission sources at the Site were evaluated. These sources are discussed in detail the Emissions Estimation Technical Memorandum; however, they are briefly described in this memorandum as well in order to clarify the process by which the COPC were selected. Emissions from the Site primarily result from its fuel blending operations and distillation operations, with some additional emissions from ancillary operations (such as truck washing, aerosol can crushing and waste paint consolidation).

To select the COPCs, chemical constituents of process streams (i.e., distillation recycling wastes and blending operations) were identified from a database maintained by Romic. This database contains information regarding the wastestreams accepted at the Site and the chemical composition of those waste streams, based on waste manifests for the materials. The period of time selected as representative of current and future throughput was January 2004 through December 2004. A list of constituents (including compound groups and mixtures) was produced from this database. The disposition of each chemical/compound is also tracked by this database. Hence, it is possible to ascertain the fraction of each chemical that would go to either blended fuel or to recycling via distillation processing.

Blended fuel is a main product (or output) stream for the facility. Two classes of waste can be recycled using distillation processing. One class of waste is largely composed of solvents and organic compounds ("the organic wastestream"). The other class of waste is largely composed of water with trace organic compounds ("the aqueous wastestream"). Thus, three lists of chemicals were generated: those chemicals found in the blended fuel stream, the organic wastestream and the aqueous wastestream. The original or raw chemical lists are presented in Tables 1A through 1C. There are 527 compounds in the blended fuel stream, 120 compounds in the organic wastestream, and 487 compounds in the aqueous wastestream. The tables also list the percent contribution of each compound to the overall liquid wastestream (i.e., solids are not included in the total percent).



3.0 SELECTION OF CHEMICALS OF CONCERN

The selection of COPCs was conducted in two parts. In the first part, a master chemical list was compiled. In the second part, the master chemical list was screened to identify the COPC to be quantitatively evaluated in the HRA. The selection process is detailed below.

3.1 Master Chemical List

The following are the steps that were taken to develop the master list of chemicals:

Removal of Solids and Grouping Chemicals

Due to the large size of the initial raw chemical lists, the lists were reviewed and refined. Materials that were duplicates or obviously solids (and hence would result in insignificant vapor emissions) were removed from the list (these are indicated in Tables 1A through 1C). Materials removed from the list include soil, metals, sludge, salts, wipes, fabric and filters. The remaining chemicals/compounds were then re-examined. Compounds that were non-specific chemicals were grouped together under one compound "class" where appropriate, including:

- Naptha
 - ➤ Aromatic petroleum distillates
 - > Petroleum distillates
 - > Petroleum hydrocarbons
- Paraffinic hydrocarbons
 - > Paraffinic solvents
 - > Paraffinic distillates
 - > Isoparaffinic hydrocarbons
 - > Paraffinic oil
- Alcohols
 - ➤ N-propanol¹

Identification of Chemicals with Arizona AAQG Values

The Arizona Department of Environmental Quality (ADEQ) has developed a list of chemicals and chemical compound groups for which it has developed ambient air quality guidelines (AAQGS)². These chemicals include those on the federal hazardous air pollutants list (Clean Air Act Section 112 chemicals). Depending on the toxicity of the chemical, one-hour, 24-hour and/or annual concentrations have been specified. The master list was compared to the AAQGS list. All chemicals with an AAQGS, as identified in Tables 1A through 1C, were selected as COPC.

² http://www.azdeq.gov/environ/air/permits/download/ambient.pdf





¹ The non-specific group of compounds called "alcohols" was a sufficiently large enough fraction of each wastestream to be a COPC. The physical and toxicological parameters of this compound group were represented by n-propanol; hence, where a wastestream had a separate total for propanol, it was added into the alcohols group.

Screening Based on Quantity

In addition to chemicals with AAQGS, all chemicals that contributed greater than 0.1 percent (%) to a waste stream and were not identified as solids were selected for further evaluation. These chemicals are identified in Tables 1A through 1C.

The master chemical list is shown in Table 2.

3.2 Chemical of Potential Concern List

The following are the steps that were taken to screen the master chemical list and develop the COPC list for quantitative evaluation in the HRA:

Mixtures

There are six mixtures listed in raw chemical lists that do not have AAQGSs and that contribute more than 0.1% to a waste stream. These mixtures are adhesives, aerosol cans, oil based paint, paint thinner, lacquer thinner and photo resist. In order to identify the COPCs correctly, the typical constituents of these mixtures were identified using material safety data sheets (MSDSs) and facility compositional information. Table 3 lists the representative compositions of those compounds that were listed in the database with either a generic term (e.g., adhesives) or as a mixture (e.g., lacquer thinner). MSDSs for each of these compounds/mixtures were found (see Attachment A), and volatile components of these materials were identified. Any compounds that were not on the master list were added if the component was greater than 0.1% of the total throughput. Three chemicals were found in the MSDS data for mixtures that do not appear on the master chemical list. These chemicals (methyl ethyl ketoxime, 2,1,5-diazonaphthoquinone sulfonic acid, and cobalt 2ethylhexanoate) would be present in the wastestream at less than 0.1% of the total mass of the wastestream. Hence these chemicals were not added to the master list. (This is the same selection criteria used to build the master chemical list from the components of the three waste streams characterized in Tables 1A through 1C). A fourth chemical, butyl cellosolve, is a component of lacquer thinner. It comprises 3% of lacquer thinner. This chemical was included because it has an AAQG and although it would comprise less than 0.1% of the total wastestream, the facility has several tanks that, during some fraction of the year, store only lacquer thinner. Hence, in the emissions from tanks during storage of lacquer thinner, this chemical could be a significant component of the potential emissions.

Vapor Pressure

The vapor pressure of each chemical was researched. Vapor pressures were found using the following sources:

• Chemfinder website: www.chemfinder.com



- Syracuse Research Corporation website: http://www.syrres.com/esc/physdemo.htm
- National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST): http://webbook.nist.gov/chemistry/
- MSDS for those compounds not found in the above references (any referenced MSDS is included in Attachment A)

It was assumed that compounds (not listed on the Arizona AAQGS) with less than 0.1% of atmosphere (or 0.76 millimeter mercury [mmHg]) are unlikely to vaporize during processing/handling/storage, and therefore are unlikely to comprise a significant fraction of the potential emissions from the Site's processes and operations. Table 4 summarizes the master list and the vapor pressures for each chemical at ambient temperatures.

Toxicity

The final screening was to identify which compounds (not listed on the Arizona AAQGS) that have either a chronic and/or acute toxicity factors. The following sources, listed in order of preference, were used to obtain the cancer and chronic noncancer toxicity values:

- USEPA's Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) (USEPA 2005a). IRIS is an online database that contains USEPA-approved oral and inhalation toxicity values.
- USEPA's Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxicity Values (PPRTVs). PPRTVs are interim toxicity values developed by the Office of Research and Development/National Center for Environmental Assessment/Superfund Health Risk Technical Support Center.
- The California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA) Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) Toxicity Criteria Database (Cal/EPA 2005). The Toxicity Criteria Database is an online database that contains Cal/EPA-approved oral and inhalation toxicity values.
- USEPA's *Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables* (HEAST) (USEPA 1997). HEAST provides an older listing of provisional toxicity values.

The above hierarchy is consistent with the hierarchy specified in USEPA guidelines (USEPA 2003). Cancer and chronic noncancer toxicity values are presented in Table 5. For certain chemicals, cancer slope factors and noncancer reference doses were not available. When possible, surrogate toxicity values were selected for these chemicals by using the toxicity criteria associated with a compound having a similar chemical structure. Based on the structural similarities, is assumed that the pharmacokinetics of the two chemicals will be similar and thus, the toxicity criteria of the surrogate compound can be used to provide a realistic estimate of the potential for adverse health effects for similar compounds lacking



toxicity criteria. Surrogate chemicals are identified in the "Represented by" column in Table 5.

Petroleum mixtures considered in this evaluation include: total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH)-gasoline, naphtha, TPH-mineral spirits (Stoddard solvent), TPH-jet fuel (same as TPH-kerosene), paraffinic hydrocarbons, and TPH-diesel. No chronic toxicity criteria are available for these petroleum mixtures in the sources listed above. In the absence of published toxicity factors for these hydrocarbon mixtures, ENVIRON developed toxicity factors using an indicator/surrogate approach as recommended by the Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group (TPHCWG 1997).

The TPHCWG approach is the product of a collaborative effort between industry, government, and academia and reflects the most current theories on evaluating complex mixtures. The basis for the TPHCWG methodology is the examination of a mixture as the product of several smaller subsets, which are defined by specific carbon ranges and are referred to as fractions. Within each fraction, toxicity surrogates are conservatively selected to be representative of the entire petroleum mixture in that range. One reference dose (RfD) is representative of the aliphatics (i.e., alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, and cycloalkanes) and one RfD is representative of the aromatics (i.e., polynuclear aromatics, diaromatics, and monoaromatics). This is based upon the TPHCWG assumption that within a given carbon range and structural class (i.e., aliphatic or aromatic), individual chemical components have similar toxic effects.

Toxicity values derived using the TPHCWG approach were obtained from the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ) Risk-Based Decision Making for Remediation of Petroleum-Contaminated Sites (ODEQ 2003). The RfDs derived for the petroleum mixtures in this evaluation are presented in Table 6.

For acute toxicity values, the following sources were reviewed:

- U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration Permissible Exposure Levels (PELs) (29 CFR § 1910.1000)
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) (ACGIH 2005)
- California Acute Reference Exposure Levels (Cal/EPA 2000)
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Effects Screening Levels (TCEQ 2005)
- National Advisory Council Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs) (USEPA 2005b)
- U.S. Department of Energy Emergency Response Planning Guidelines (ERPGs) and Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs) (United States Department of Energy [USDOE] 2005)



 Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) Minimal Risk Levels (MRLs) (ATSDR 2004)

The acute toxicity values are summarized in Table 7.

Table 8 summarizes all chemicals selected as COPC. At the request of USEPA, all chemicals contributing greater than 1% to the overall waste stream were selected as COPC regardless of vapor pressure.

4.0 REFERENCES

- Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 2005. *Minimal Risk Levels* (MRLs) for Hazardous Substances. Atlanta, GA. Available at: http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls.html
- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). 2005. TLVs® and BEIs® Based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices. Cincinnati, OH.
- California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA). 2005. *California Toxicity Criteria Database*. Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment. April.
- California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA). 2000. All Acute Reference Exposure Levels Adopted by Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA). May. Available at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/air/acute_rels/allAcRELs.html
- Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). 2005. Title 29, Department of Labor. Part 1910, Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Subpart Z, Toxic and Hazardous Substances. Section 1910.1000, Air Contaminants. Table Z-1, Limits for Air Contaminants. (29 CFR § 1910.1000) Available at: http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?p_table=STANDARDS&p_id=9992
- ENVIRON. 2005. Health Risk Assessment Workplan for Romic Environmental Technologies (Chandler, Arizona). February 11.
- Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ). 2003. Risk-Based Decision Making for the Remediation of Petroleum-Contaminated Sites. Land Quality Division. September 2002
- Romic Environmental Technologies Inc. 2003. Engineering Analysis in Support of Air Emissions Standards Compliance Program. November 15.
- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). 2003. *Effects Screening Levels List*. Available at: http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/implementation/tox/esl/list_main.html#esl_1
- Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group Series (TPHCWGS). 1997. Volume 4, Development of Fraction Specific Reference Doses (RfDs) and Reference Concentrations (RfCs) for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH). Amherst Scientific Publishers. Amherst, Massachusetts.
- United States Department of Energy (USDOE). 2005. Environment, Safety and Health. *ERPGs* and *TEELs*. Available at: http://www.eh.doe.gov/chem_safety/teel/TEELs_Rev20_Table3.pdf



- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 1997. *Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST). FY 1997 Update*. Office of Research and Development. EPA 540-R-97-36. July.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2003. *Memorandum: Human Health Toxicity Values in Superfund Risk Assessments*. Memorandum from Michael B. Cook (Director) to Superfund National Policy Managers, Regions 1 10. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response. OSWER Directive 9285.7-53. Washington, D.C. December 5.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2005a. *Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)*. Online database maintained by the USEPA. http://www.epa.gov/iris/index.html. Cincinnati, OH. April.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2005b. *Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs)*. Online database maintained by the USEPA. July. Available at: http://www.epa.gov/oppt/aegl/chemlist.htm



TABLES

TABLE 1A
Raw Chemical List - Blended Fuel Stream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | | | Notes |
|--|--------------------------|-------|--------|
| 11 1 1 1 DIC'HICIDOLLI HANE | Total Pounds 12,640.0 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE | 2.8 | 0.1% | AAAQOO |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHA | 4.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | 4.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,1-DICHLORO-1-FLUOROETHANE | 4.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| · | 4.5 | 0.0% | AAAOCC |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 333.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,2,5-DIAZONAPHTHAQUINENESULFONIC | | 0.0% | AAAOCC |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 14.1 | | AAAQGS |
| 1,2-DICHLOROETHENE | 0.3 | 0.0% | |
| 1,2-EPOXYBUTANE | 2.6 | 0.0% | AAA000 |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 1,173.7 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,3-BENZENEDIMETHANEAMINE | 10.5 | 0.0% | |
| 1,3-DIOXOLANE | 18.6 | 0.0% | |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | 1,108.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,6-HEXANEDIOL DIACRYLATE | 24.8 | 0.0% | |
| 1-BROMOPROPANE | 4,175.5 | 0.0% | |
| 1-BUTOXY-2-PROPANOL | 647.4 | 0.0% | |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL | 163,443.7 | 1.8% | AAAQGS |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE | 93,884.9 | 1.1% | |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPYLENEACETATE | 26.5 | 0.0% | |
| 2-(2-AMINOETHOXY)ETHANOL | 8,197.2 | 0.09% | |
| 2,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANOL | 1.0 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTANOL | 1,344.9 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL | 2,264.6 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE | 45.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL | 80.0 | 0.0% | |
| 2-ETHOXYETHANOL | 600.0 | 0.0% | |
| 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE | 12,399.9 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| 2-ETHYL-1-HEXYL METHACRYLATE | 275.2 | 0.0% | |
| 2-HEPTANONE | 2,039.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2-METHOXY-1-PROPANOL ACETATE | 5.6 | 0.0% | |
| 2-METHOXYETHANOL | 7,652.0 | 0.1% | |
| 2-METHYL BUTANE | 13.8 | 0.0% | |
| 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 3.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2-METHYL-2-PROPANOL | 5.3 | 0.0% | |
| 2-PENTANONE | 74,065.2 | 0.83% | AAAQGS |
| 3-NONEN-2-ONE | 250.2 | 0.0% | |
| 4,4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE | 686.5 | 0.0% | |
| 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | 26.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | 3.7 | 0.0% | |
| 5-BROMO-3-SEC-BUTYL-6-METHYLURACIL | 9.0 | 0.0% | |
| ABSORBENT | | | solid |
| ACETATES | 2,353.1 | 0.0% | |
| ACETIC ACID | 2,816.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ACETONE | 507,025.6 | 5.7% | AAAQGS |
| ACETONITRILE | 121,230.5 | | AAAQGS |
| ACETYL ACETONE | 1,334.4 | 0.0% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|--|--------------|------------|------------------------|
| ACRYLATE OLIGOMER | 135.0 | 0.0% | |
| ACRYLATE RESIN | | | solid |
| ACRYLATES | 356.5 | 0.0% | |
| ACRYLIC COPOLYMER | | | solid |
| ACRYLIC PAINT | 543.0 | 0.0% | |
| ACRYLIC RESIN | | 01070 | solid |
| ACTIVATED CARBON | | | solid |
| ADHESIVE | 10,776.5 | 0.1% | |
| ADHESIVE RESIN | | 311,70 | solid |
| AEROSOLS CONTAINING: | 105,135.0 | 1.2% | |
| ALCOHOLS | 588,779.0 | | AAAQGS (as 2-propanol) |
| ALKYD POLYMER | 000,110.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| ALKYD RESIN | | | solid |
| ALKYL AMINES | 45.0 | 0.0% | |
| ALKYL METHACRYLATE | 501.6 | | |
| ALKYL PHENOL | 45.0 | 0.0% | |
| ALUMINA | 40.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| ALUMINUM | | | solid |
| ALUMINUM SILICATE | | | solid |
| AMINES | 137.6 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM ACETATE | 68.0 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM CHLORIDE | 22.0 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE | 2,185.9 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE | 2,103.9 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM PERCHLORATE AMMONIUM PERFLUOROOCTANOTATE | 18.9 | 0.0% | |
| AMMONIUM THIOSULFATE | 10.5 | 0.0% | |
| AMYL ACETATE | 21,811.9 | | |
| AMYL ALCOHOL | 5,233.5 | | |
| ANISOLE | 1,113.2 | 0.1% | |
| ANTIMONY | 1,113.2 | 0.0% | solid |
| | 82.5 | 0.0% | |
| AROMATIC ALCOHOL | 02.5 | 0.0% | |
| AROMATIC PETROL FUNA DISTULATED | | | |
| AROMATIC SOLVENT MARKETIA | | 0.0% | |
| AROMATIC SOLVENT NAPHTHA | | 0.0% | |
| ARSENIC | 47.5 | 0.00/ | solid |
| ARSENIC PENTOXIDE | 17.5 | | |
| ARSENIC TRIOXIDE | 17.5 | 0.0% | |
| ASH | | | solid |
| ASPHALT | | 2.55 | solid |
| ASPHALT EMULSION | | 0.0% | |
| AXAREL | 1,704.6 | 0.0% | |
| BAKING SODA | | | solid |
| BARIUM | | | solid |
| BARIUM SULFATE | 108.0 | 0.0% | |
| BENZENE | 25,580.2 | 0.3% | |
| BERYLLIUM | | | solid |
| BERYLLIUM OXIDE | 76.0 | 0.0% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| BIS(T-BUTYLPHENYL) PHENYL PHOSPHATE | 3,056.4 | 0.0% | Notes |
| , | 3,030.4 | 0.0% | |
| BLUING AGENT | 45.9 | 0.0% | aalid |
| BOTTLES | 262.0 | 0.00/ | solid |
| BRAKE CLEANER | 263.8 | | |
| BRAKE FLUID | 2,919.0 | 0.0% | |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | 41,868.4 | 0.5% | |
| BROMOEOSINE | 8.3 | 0.0% | |
| BUTANE | 36.0 | 0.0% | |
| BUTYL ACETATE | 31,637.7 | 0.4% | AAAQGS |
| BUTYLATED TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE | 2,028.5 | | |
| BUTYLENE OXIDE | 44.7 | 0.0% | |
| BUTYROLACTONE | 2,376.4 | 0.0% | |
| CADMIUM | | | solid |
| CALCIUM CARBONATE | 30.7 | 0.0% | |
| CALCIUM STEARATE | 12.0 | 0.0% | |
| CAMPHORSULFONIC ACID | 72.0 | 0.0% | |
| CARBON | | | solid |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | 11.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CARDBOARD | | | solid |
| CASTOR OIL | 4,153.0 | 0.0% | |
| CETYL ALCOHOL | 5.8 | 0.0% | |
| CHLORHEXIDENE DIACETATE | 14.0 | 0.0% | |
| CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS | 20.6 | 0.0% | |
| CHLORINATED PARAFFINS | 119.5 | 0.0% | |
| CHLOROALKANES | 8,100.0 | 0.1% | |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 83.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE | 825.7 | 0.0% | |
| CHLOROFLUOROMETHANE | 9.4 | 0.0% | |
| CHLOROFORM | 4,408.7 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CHROMIUM | , | | solid |
| CITRIC ACID | 19.9 | 0.0% | |
| CITRUS TURPENES | 32.4 | 0.0% | |
| CLAY | | | solid |
| CLEANING COMPOUNDS | 45.9 | 0.0% | |
| COBALT | | 0.070 | solid |
| COBALT COMPOUNDS | 641.3 | 0.0% | Cond |
| COCONUT OIL | 1,200.0 | | |
| COOLANT | 213.3 | 0.0% | |
| COPPER | 2 10.0 | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| CORN SYRUP | 1,000.8 | | JOHAN WINGOO |
| COTTONSEED OIL | 2,485.7 | 0.0% | |
| CRESOL | 128.3 | | AAAQGS |
| CRESOL NOVOLAK RESIN | 120.3 | 0.070 | solid |
| CRESYLIC ACID | 11.6 | 0.0% | SUILU |
| CUMENE | | | |
| | 11.8 | | |
| CUTTING OIL | 1,238.1 | 0.0% | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 5,833.4 | 0.1% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---|----------------|------------|------------------------|
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 17,055.8 | 0.2% | |
| CYCLOPENTANONE | 112.6 | 0.0% | |
| DEBRIS (METALLIC) | | | solid |
| DEBRIS: PAPER, WOOD, GLASS, PLASTIC | | | solid |
| DECAMETHYL CYCLOPENTASILOXANE | 50.1 | 0.0% | |
| DETERGENT | 218.3 | 0.0% | |
| DEVELOPER | 450.0 | 0.0% | |
| DIACETONE ALCOHOL | 356.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIACETOXYPROPANE | 26.5 | 0.0% | |
| DIAZO PHOTOACTIVE COMPOUNDS | 18.3 | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| DIBASIC ESTER | 854.5 | 0.0% | 0011477 11 11 14 14 14 |
| DIBUTYL ETHER | 33.4 | 0.0% | |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | 50.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DIBUTYLTIN DIACEATATE | 275.2 | 0.0% | 700000 |
| DICHLOROMETHANE | 116,554.7 | 1.3% | AAAQGS |
| DIESEL | 203,207.5 | 2.3% | 7000 |
| DIETHANOLAMINE | 9.7 | 0.0% | |
| DIETHYL ETHER | 21.9 | 0.0% | |
| DIETHYL KETONE | 501.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | 575.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 729.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER | 34.4 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | 4.2 | 0.0% | |
| DIISOPROPYLETHYLAMINE | 3.1 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHOXYMETHANE | 81.0 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL ACETAMIDE | 112.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL AGETAMIDE DIMETHYL DIALKYL AMMONIUM CHLORIDE | 578.0 | 0.0% | |
| | 351.3 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL ISOSORBIDE | 0.0 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL PHOSPHITE | 71.9 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL SILOXANE | | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE | 1,260.1 3.7 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLAMINE | 917.4 | | |
| DIMETHYLAMINOPROPYL METHACRYLAMIDE | | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLDICHLOROSILANE | 194.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 37,228.6 | | |
| DIMETHYLSULFOXIDE | 7,979.9 | | |
| DIMETRICONE | 12.6 | 0.0% | |
| DIOCTYL ADIPATE | 112.5 | 0.0% | |
| DIOXANE | 1,167.8 | | |
| DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER | 51.9 | 0.0% | |
| DIRT | 1.5.5.5 | 6.53/ | solid |
| D-LIMONENE | 1,246.8 | 0.0% | |
| DYE | 85.6 | | |
| EMPTY CONTAINERS | 206.4 | 0.0% | |
| ENAMEL PAINT | 671.4 | 0.0% | |
| EOSIN | 45.9 | 0.0% | |
| EPOXY ADHESIVE | 387.5 | 0.0% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------|
| EPOXY PASTE | Total i oulius | 70 OI 10tai | solid |
| EPOXY RESIN | | | solid |
| ESTERS | 530.9 | 0.0% | John |
| ETHANOL | 172,102.4 | 1.9% | AAAQGS |
| ETHANOLAMINE | 8.8 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| ETHER | 77.1 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 50,407.0 | 0.6% | AAAQGS |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 8,584.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ETHYL ETHER | 2,559.1 | 0.1% | AAAQOO |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 414,431.4 | 4.6% | |
| ETHYL-3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | 1,399.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ETHYLACID-3-METHOXY-N-BUTYLENE ESTER | 26.5 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 28,090.8 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 450.3 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER ACETATE | 870.2 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACETATE | 671.4 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER | 2,107.6 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER | 25.2 | 0.0% | |
| F001 | 100.1 | 0.0% | |
| F002 | 60.3 | 0.0% | |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | 99.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| FIBER WITH RESIDUE: | 99.0 | 0.078 | solid |
| FIBERGLASS | | - | solid |
| FILTERS | | - | solid |
| FIRE EXTINGUISHERS | | | solid |
| FLUOROALIPHATIC POLYMER ESTERS | 1.8 | 0.0% | Solid |
| FLUOROCARBONS | 1,081.9 | 0.0% | |
| FLUX | 4,082.6 | 0.0% | |
| FOAM INSULATION | 7,002.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| FOOD FLAVORING | 41.7 | 0.0% | John |
| FORMALDEHYDE | 328.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| FORMIC ACID | 2.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| GASOLINE | 243,099.8 | 2.7% | AAAQOO |
| GEAR OIL | 2,965.9 | 0.0% | |
| GLYCERINE | 4,951.8 | | AAAQGS |
| GLYCERYL MONOSTEARATE | 417.0 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| GLYCERYL STEARATE | 12.8 | | |
| GLYCOL ETHERS | 2,429.0 | 0.0% | |
| GLYCOLIC ACID | 35.1 | 0.0% | |
| GLYCOLS | 48.5 | 0.0% | |
| GREASE | 70.5 | 0.070 | solid |
| GRIT BLAST | + | | solid |
| HALOGENS | 222.7 | 0.0% | Joilu |
| HEAT TRANSFER OIL | 2,956.5 | 0.0% | |
| HEMATOXYLIN | 2,930.3 | 0.0% | |
| HEPTANE | 8,670.0 | | AAAQGS |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | 418.1 | 0.1% | 7777400 |
| I IEAAIVIE I TI LUISILAZAINE | 410.1 | 0.0% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE | 32.3 | 0.0% | 110100 |
| HEXANE | 16,123.8 | | AAAQGS |
| HYDRAULIC OIL | 10,222.9 | | 7000 |
| HYDROBROMIC ACID | 51.6 | 0.0% | |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID (1.0-5.0%) | 1,265.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID (1.0-3.0%) | 189.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| HYDROGEN SILSESQUIOXANE | 1,611.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGG |
| HYDROQUINONE | 33.1 | 0.0% | |
| HYDROTREATED PARAFINNIC DISTILLATE | 106.3 | 0.0% | |
| HYDROXYLAMINE HYDROXYLAMINE | 233.5 | 0.0% | |
| | 1.0 | 0.0% | |
| IMIDAZOLE | 1.0 | 0.0% | solid |
| INERTS | | | |
| INK | | | solid |
| INK PIGMENTS | | 0.00/ | solid |
| INSECTICIDE | 1.1 | 0.0% | |
| IODINE | 2.1 | 0.0% | n n 11 -1 |
| IRON GRINDINGS | | | solid |
| IRON OXIDE | 0.40.0 | 2.22/ | solid |
| ISOBUTANE | 642.9 | 0.0% | |
| ISOBUTANOL | 472.5 | 0.0% | |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | 1,178.6 | | AAAQGS |
| ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL | 1,670.7 | 0.0% | |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | 4.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ISOBUTYL KETONE | 39.2 | 0.0% | |
| ISOCYANATE | 28.3 | 0.0% | |
| ISOOCTANE | 1,600.5 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPARAFFINIC HYDROCARBONS | 478,059.9 | 5.4% | |
| ISOPHTHALYL DICHLORIDE | 4,346.4 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | 117.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ISOPROPYL ETHER | 48.0 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPROPYL MYRISTATE | 400.0 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPROPYLBENZENE | 2.4 | 0.0% | |
| JET FUEL | 149,177.9 | 1.7% | |
| KEROSENE | 15,064.1 | 0.2% | |
| KETONES | 251.7 | 0.0% | |
| KEVLAR | | | solid |
| LABPACKS - SEE INVENTORY SHEETS | 7.5 | 0.0% | |
| LACOLENE | 1,179.7 | 0.0% | |
| LACQUER THINNER | 32,892.2 | 0.4% | |
| LACTIC ACID | 1,728.0 | 0.0% | |
| LANOLIN | 351.3 | 0.0% | |
| LEAD | | | solid |
| LECITHIN | | | solid |
| LIMONENE | 3,244.5 | 0.0% | |
| LINSEED OIL | 189.7 | 0.0% | |
| L-MENTHOL | 229.4 | 0.0% | |
| L-MENTHONE | 229.4 | 0.0% | |
| | | 3.5 70 | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % OI TOTAL | Notes |
|------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| MAGNESIUM RESINATE | | | solid |
| MAGNESIUM SILICATE | 120.0 | 0.0% | |
| MANGANESE | | | AAAQGS/solid |
| MERCURY | 2,359.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| METAL CONTAINERS | | | solid |
| METAL SCREEN | | | solid |
| METAL SHAVINGS | | | solid |
| METHANOL | 230,118.1 | 2.6% | AAAQGS |
| METHOXY PROPYL ACETATE | 125.1 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL ACETATE | 4,068.2 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL AMYL KETONE | 2,481.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| METHYL CELLOSOLVE | 159.5 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL CYCLOHEXANE | 167.6 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | 266,422.0 | 3.0% | AAAQGS |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 72,200.3 | 0.8% | |
| METHYL RED | 6.8 | 0.0% | |
| METHYLDIETHOXYSILANE | 35.0 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL-TERT-BUTYL ETHER | 361.6 | 0.0% | |
| MICA | | | solid |
| MINERAL OIL | 50,312.7 | 0.6% | |
| MINERAL SPIRITS | 88,588.3 | 1.0% | |
| MODIFIERS | 5.3 | 0.0% | |
| MOLYBDENUM | 4.2 | 0.0% | |
| MONOETHANOLAMINE | 25.0 | 0.0% | |
| MONOETHYLAMINE | 900.0 | 0.0% | |
| 1-PHENYLENEDIAMINE | 72.0 | 0.0% | |
| MUD | | | solid |
| I,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 128,311.2 | 1.4% | |
| I-AMINO-ETHYLETHANOLAMINE | 8.8 | 0.0% | |
| IAPHTHA | 434,568.6 | 4.9% | |
| IAPHTHALENE | 403.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| I-BUTANOL | 53,170.0 | 0.6% | AAAQGS |
| I-BUTYL ACETATE | 95,636.3 | 1.1% | AAAQGS |
| I-DIMETHYL FORMAMIDE | 143.1 | 0.0% | |
| I-HEXANE | 185.8 | 0.0% | |
| IICKEL | | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| IITRIC ACID (0.5-2.5%) | 1,013.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| NITROCELLULOSE | 4.2 | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| IITROMETHANE | 9,501.7 | 0.1% | · - |
| I-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 311,502.9 | 3.5% | |
| IONIONIC SURFACTANT | 1.8 | 0.0% | |
| I-PROPANOL | 2,230.7 | 0.0% | |
| I-PROPYL ACETATE | 2,563.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| I-PROPYL BROMIDE | 448.4 | 0.0% | , |
| IYLON | | | solid |
| OCTAMETHYLCYCLOTETRASILOXANE | 249.6 | 0.0% | |
| OIL | 867,564.7 | 9.7% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|
| OIL SLUDGE | 835.3 | 0.0% | |
| OLEAMINE | 187.0 | 0.0% | |
| ORGANIC BINDER | 960.0 | 0.0% | |
| ORGANOSILOXANE | 167.2 | 0.0% | |
| OXIRANE-METHOXIRANE POLYMER-BUTYL | 2,168.0 | | |
| PAINT | 299,453.0 | 3.4% | |
| PAINT PIGMENT | 200, 100.0 | 0.170 | solid |
| PAINT POWDER | | | solid |
| PAINT SLUDGE | | | solid |
| PAINT SOLIDS | | | solid |
| PAINT SOLIDS (PIGMENT, RESIN) | | | solid |
| PAINT THINNERS | 13,938.7 | 0.2% | 30110 |
| PARA-CHLORO BENZO TRIFLOURIDE | 1,179.7 | 0.0% | |
| PARAFFIN | 1,175.7 | 0.070 | solid |
| PARAFFIN OIL | 6,620.7 | 0.1% | 30110 |
| PEG 24 GLYCERINE | 450.0 | | |
| PERCHLOROETHYLENE | 102,277.5 | | AAAQGS |
| PERFUME | 1,501.2 | | AAAQGG |
| PETROLATUM | 1,301.2 | | |
| PETROLEUM ASPHALT | 3,561.3 | | |
| PETROLEUM BASED OIL | 990.8 | | |
| PETROLEUM CRUDE | 1,949.3 | | |
| PETROLEUM CRUDE PETROLEUM OIL | 41,189.2 | | |
| | 41,169.2 | 0.5% | |
| PHENOL PHENOLIC RESINS | 439.0 | 0.0% | solid |
| | 3.8 | 0.0% | Soliu |
| PHENOLPHTHALEIN | 1,320.0 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHATE DETERGENT | 521.8 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHINE | | | |
| PHOSPHONIC ACID | 0.0 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHORUS | 753.9 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHORUS PENTOXIDE | 2.5 | | |
| PHOTO RESIST | 36,298.0 | 0.4% | 11 -1 |
| PIGMENT | 4.050.0 | 0.00/ | solid |
| PIPERIDINE | 1,358.0 | 0.0% | 12 -1 |
| PLASTIC BAGS | | | solid |
| PLASTIC MATERIAL | 207.5 | 0.00/ | solid |
| POLYALKYLENE GLYCOL | 337.5 | | |
| POLYALPHAOLEFIN | 350.9 | | |
| POLYAMIC ACID | 668.8 | | |
| POLYCHLOROPRENE | 340.6 | | |
| POLYCHLOROTRIFLUOROETHYLENE | 66.3 | | |
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | 20,338.1 | 0.2% | |
| POLYESTER RESIN | | | solid |
| POLYETHERSULFONE | 3.8 | 0.0% | |
| POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL | 660.8 | | |
| POLYGLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER ACETATE | 225.2 | 0.0% | |
| POLYMER (UNPROCESSED) | | | solid |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|
| POLYMERIC RESIN | | | solid |
| POLYMERS | | | solid |
| POLYSULFONE POLYMER | | | solid |
| POLYURETHANE (OIL BASED) | 29.2 | 0.0% | |
| POLYURETHANE RESIN | | | solid |
| POLYVINYL ALCOHOL | 664.0 | 0.0% | |
| POLYVINYL CHLORIDE | 247.2 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM CARBONATE | 81.3 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE | | | solid |
| POTASSIUM PERCHLORATE | 22.5 | 0.0% | |
| PROPIONIC ACID | 583.9 | 0.0% | |
| PROPIONITRILE | 80.0 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 4,631.2 | 0.1% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL ESTER | 75.1 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL ETHER | 75.1 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | 3,592.9 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE | 2,222.0 | | |
| | 108,563.7 | 1.2% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER | 50.7 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER | | 0.070 | |
| ACETATE | 197.6 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL N-BUTYL ETHER | 27.0 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | 573.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PYRIDINE | 1,237.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PYROCATECHOL | 83.5 | 0.0% | |
| RESIN | | 01070 | solid |
| RESIN (EPOXY) | | | solid |
| RESIN (SYNTHETIC) | | | solid |
| RESIN FLUX | | | solid |
| RESINS | | | solid |
| RESIST | | | solid |
| ROOFING TAR | | | solid |
| ROSIN | | | solid |
| ROSIN FLUX | | | solid |
| RUBBER | | | solid |
| RUST | | | solid |
| SAND | | | solid |
| SCALE | | | solid |
| SEC-BUTANOL | 0.7 | 0.0% | |
| SELENIUM | 1,359.0 | 0.0% | |
| SENSITIZER | 83.6 | 0.0% | |
| SHELLAC | 127.2 | 0.0% | |
| SILICA | .= | | solid |
| SILICON | 5,235.4 | 0.1% | |
| SILICON OIL | 3,300.5 | 0.0% | |
| SILICONE RESIN | 2,000.0 | 2.0,0 | solid |
| SILVER | | | solid |
| OIL V LI \ | | | John |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| SLUDGE | | | solid |
| SOAP | 210.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM ACETATE | 1,100.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | solid |
| SODIUM BISULFATE | 0.5 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM CARBONATE | | | solid |
| SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE | 16.1 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM HYDROXIDE | | | solid |
| SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE | 72.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM NITRATE | 131.4 | 0.0% | |
| SOIL | | | solid |
| SOLIDS | | | solid |
| SOLIDS (SUSPENDED) | | | solid |
| STAIN | 3,034.5 | 0.0% | |
| STEARIC ACID | 43.9 | | |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 58,865.8 | | |
| STRONTIUM NITRATE | 6.8 | 0.0% | |
| STYRENE | 9,052.9 | 0.1% | |
| STYRENE MONOMER | 369.3 | 0.0% | |
| STYRENE RESIN | 300.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| SUGAR | | | solid |
| SULFOLANE | 52,861.3 | 0.6% | |
| SULFONIC ACID ESTER | 32.1 | 0.0% | |
| SULFURIC ACID | 776.8 | 0.0% | |
| SURFACTANT | 400.3 | 0.0% | |
| SURFACTANTS | 104.3 | 0.0% | |
| SUSPENDED SOLIDS | 36.7 | 0.0% | |
| SYNTHETIC ESTERS | 41.3 | 0.0% | |
| TALC | 11.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| TAR | | | solid |
| T-BUTYL ALCOHOL | 5.6 | 0.0% | Cond |
| T-BUTYLPHENYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHATE | 3,056.4 | 0.0% | |
| TERPENE | 509.0 | 0.0% | |
| TERPENE HYDROCARBONS | 2,374.7 | 0.0% | |
| TERPINEOL | 12.7 | | |
| TERTBUTYL ALCOHOL | 6.9 | | |
| TETRACHLOROETHANE | 1,251.0 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 15,411.8 | | |
| TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL | 240.0 | | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 15,794.4 | 0.2% | |
| TETRAHYDROFURFURYL ALCOHOL | 16.1 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE | 2,400.0 | | |
| TETRAHYDROXYPROPYLETHYLENEDIAMINE | 875.7 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAZOLE | 58.5 | 0.0% | |
| THINNER (LACQUER) | 30.5 | 0.0% | |
| TIN | | 0.0 /0 | solid |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| TITAINION DIOVIDE | | | SUIIU/AAAQUS |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|
| TOLUENE DIISOCYANATE | 22.0 | 0.0% | |
| TONER | 153.0 | 0.0% | |
| TOWELS | | | solid |
| TRANSMISSION FLUID | 2,390.2 | 0.0% | |
| TRI(T-BUTYLPHENYL) PHOSPHATE | 1,175.6 | 0.0% | |
| TRIBUTOXYETHYL PHOSPHATE | 1.8 | 0.0% | |
| TRIBUTYL PHOSPHATE | 8.8 | 0.0% | |
| TRICHLOROETHANE | 45.5 | 0.0% | |
| TRICHLOROETHENE | 155,912.0 | 1.7% | AAAQGS |
| TRICRESYL PHOSPHATE | 21.0 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHANOLAMINE | 13.8 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYL PHOSPHATE | 450.0 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYLAMINE | 462.7 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER | 91.7 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | 50.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID | 2,386.5 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMESIC ACID | 6,416.1 | 0.1% | |
| TRIMESOYL CHLORIDE | 106.1 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMETHYL BENZENE | 174.1 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMETHYL PHOSPHITE | 47.8 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMETHYLATED SILICA | 383.6 | 0.0% | |
| TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE | 2,580.2 | 0.0% | |
| TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | 399.9 | 0.0% | |
| TRITOTYL PHOSPHATE | 49.5 | 0.0% | |
| TRIXYLENYL PHOSPHATE | 1,576.1 | 0.0% | |
| TURPENTINE | 135.5 | 0.0% | |
| UREA | 10.1 | 0.0% | |
| URETHANE | 92.8 | 0.0% | |
| URETHANE FOAM | | | solid |
| URETHANE RESIN | | | solid |
| VEGETABLE OIL | 6,451.2 | 0.1% | |
| VERMICULITE | 191.0 | 0.0% | |
| VINYL COPOLYMER | 41.5 | 0.0% | |
| VINYLPOLYDIMETHYLSILOXANE | 1,790.0 | 0.0% | |
| VITAMIN D3 POWDER | 0.5 | 0.0% | |
| VM & P NAPTHA | | 0.0% | |
| WATER | 768,770.1 | 8.6% | |
| WELDING DUST | | | solid |
| XYLENE | 210,982.1 | 2.4% | AAAQGS |
| XYLENOLS | 0.9 | 0.0% | |
| ZEOLITE | | | solid |
| ZINC | | | solid |
| ZINC ACETATE | 9.2 | 0.0% | |
| ZINC ALKYL DITHIOPHOSPHATE | 363.3 | | |
| ZINC PHOSPHATE | 2,353.1 | 0.0% | |
| ZINC SULFATE | 11.7 | 0.0% | |

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-------------|---------------------|------------|-------|
| Grand Total | 8,935,078.8 | 100.00% | |

Notes:

AAAQGS = Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines

TABLE 1B Raw Chemical List - Solvents (Organic) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE | 4,075.0 | | AAAQGS |
| 1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDRONAPHTHALENE | 9.2 | | · |
| 1,2,5-DIAZONAPHTHAQUINENESULFONIC | 514.5 | 0.0% | |
| 1-METHYL-2-PROPANOL ACETATE | 19,457.6 | | AAAQGS |
| 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL | 10,663.7 | | AAAQGS |
| 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACÉTATE | 16.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL | 19,457.6 | 0.3% | |
| 2-HEPTANONE | 3,233.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2-PENTANONE | 9,261.7 | 0.1% | |
| ACETATES | 392.2 | 0.0% | |
| ACETONE | 121,997.5 | 1.9% | AAAQGS |
| ACETONITRILE | 676.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ALUMINUM | | | solid |
| AMMONIUM FLUORIDE | 3,015.3 | 0.0% | |
| ANISOLE | 1,543.6 | 0.0% | |
| BARIUM | | | solid |
| BUTANOL | 140.3 | 0.0% | |
| BUTYL ACETATE | 778.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CADMIUM | | | solid |
| CARBON BLACK | | | solid |
| CHLOROFORM | 235.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CHROMIUM | | | solid |
| COPPER | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 10,863.0 | 0.2% | |
| DIBASIC ESTER | 39.0 | 0.0% | |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | 22.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DICHLOROETHANE | 6.6 | 0.0% | |
| DICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE | 5,217.8 | 0.1% | |
| DICHLOROMETHANE | 25,813.6 | | |
| DIETHYL ETHER | 31.8 | | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | 501,122.1 | 7.6% | |
| DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE | 202.8 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 1,584.9 | 0.0% | |
| DIRT | | | solid |
| EPOXY RESIN | | | solid |
| ETHANOL | 2,597.2 | | AAAQGS |
| ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE | 19,457.6 | 0.3% | |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 3,691.4 | | AAAQGS |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 431.2 | | AAAQGS |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 409,730.0 | | |
| ETHYL-3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | 10,846.2 | | AAAQGS |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 167,952.7 | | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 156.0 | | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER ACETATE | 52.3 | | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER ACETATE | 23,291.1 | 0.4% | |

TABLE 1B Raw Chemical List - Solvents (Organic) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|
| FIBER WITH RESIDUE: | | | solid |
| FLUOROCARBONS | 5,176.5 | 0.1% | |
| FORMALIN | 33.0 | | |
| GLUE | | | solid |
| GREASE | | | solid |
| HEPTANE | 392.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | 11,266.2 | 0.2% | |
| HEXANE | 664.4 | 0.0% | |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID (0.25%) | 603.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| INK | | | solid |
| IODINE | | | solid |
| ION EXCHANGE RESIN (CATION) | | | solid |
| IRON | | | solid |
| IRON OXIDE | | | solid |
| ISOCYANATE | 9.2 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPARAFFINIC HYDROCARBONS | 180.6 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPROPANOL | 160,848.4 | 2.5% | AAAQGS |
| N-PROPANOL | 1,807.7 | 0.0% | |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | 10,150.0 | 0.2% | |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | 23.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| LACTIC ACID | 431.5 | 0.0% | |
| LEAD | | | solid |
| METHANOL | 4,113.9 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | 38,032.3 | 0.6% | AAAQGS |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 1,278.0 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL NONAFLUOROISOBUTYL ETHER | 791.3 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL-TERT-BUTYL ETHER | 6.5 | 0.0% | |
| MINERAL SPIRITS | 422,372.4 | 6.4% | |
| NAPHTHA | 203,594.5 | 3.1% | |
| N-BUTANOL | 3,380.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| N-BUTYL ACETATE | 1,367.5 | 0.0% | |
| NICKEL | | | solid |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 3,377,312.7 | 51.5% | |
| N-METHYLPYRROLIDINE | | 0.0% | |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | 3,445.5 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| OIL | 45,665.0 | | |
| PAINT | 1,146.2 | 0.0% | |
| PAINT PIGMENT | | | solid |
| PAINT SLUDGE | | | solid |
| PAINT SOLIDS | | | solid |
| PAINT SOLIDS (PIGMENT, RESIN) | | | solid |
| PERCHLOROETHYLENE | 81,411.2 | | AAAQGS |
| PERFLUORINATED POLYETHERS | 5,176.5 | 0.1% | |
| PERFLUORO COMPOUNDS | 2,690.3 | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM DISTILLATES | | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1B Raw Chemical List - Solvents (Organic) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| PETROLEUM HYDROCARBONS | | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM NAPHTHA | | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM OIL | 22.5 | 0.0% | |
| PHENOL | 36.3 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | 9.2 | 0.0% | |
| PHOTORESIST | 1,949.5 | 0.0% | |
| PIGMENTS | | | solid |
| PLASTIC MATERIAL | | | solid |
| POLYMERS | | | solid |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 4,019.5 | 0.1% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | 2,755.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE | 22,261.7 | 0.3% | AAAQGS |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL ETHER | 18.3 | 0.0% | |
| RESIN | | | solid |
| SLUDGE | | | semi-solid |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | solid |
| SODIUM SULFATE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| SOLIDS (SUSPENDED) | | | solid |
| SULFOLANE | 52,647.7 | 0.8% | |
| SULFONIC ACID ESTER | 254.6 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 30.0 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 550.6 | 0.0% | |
| TOLUENE | 17,279.3 | 0.3% | AAAQGS |
| TRICHLOROACETIC ACID | 3.3 | 0.0% | |
| TRICHLOROETHYLENE | 23,342.4 | 0.4% | AAAQGS |
| TRICHLOROTRIFLUOROETHANE | 5,217.8 | 0.1% | |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | 22.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| WATER | 566,475.4 | 8.6% | |
| XYLENE | 102,831.0 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| ZEOLITE | | | solid |
| ZINC | | | solid |
| ZINC PHOSPHATE | 392.2 | 0.0% | |
| | | | |
| Grand | 6,562,067.6 | 100.00% | |

Notes:

AAAQGS = Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE | 147.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,2,3-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 1.7 | 0.0% | |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 440.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 4.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1,2-ETHANEDIOL | 6.4 | 0.0% | |
| 1,2-HEXANEDIOL | 1,167.6 | 0.0% | |
| 1,5-PENTANEDIOL | 3,888.9 | 0.1% | |
| 1-HYDROXYETHYLIDENE-1,1 DIPHOSPHONIC ACID | 60.7 | 0.0% | |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL | 131.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDINONE | 131.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 1-NAPHTHALENEACETIC ACID | 114.7 | 0.0% | |
| 1-NITROPROPANE | | | |
| | 27.2 | 0.0% | A A A C C C |
| 2-(2-BUTOXYETHOXY)ETHANOL | 2.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2,4-PENTANEDIONE | 2.5 | 0.0% | |
| 2-AMINO-2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 440.4 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTANOL | 699.8 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTENEDINIC ACID | 131.4 | 0.0% | |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL | 348.9 | 0.0% | |
| 2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHANOL | 5.0 | 0.0% | |
| 2-ETHOXYETHANOL | 37.5 | 0.0% | |
| 2-METHOXYETHANOL | 17.4 | 0.0% | |
| 2-METHYL-1,3-PROPANEDIOL | 275.2 | 0.0% | |
| 2-METHYLAMINOETHANOL | 0.0 | 0.0% | |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE | 9,970.5 | 0.2% | |
| 3,3-DIAMINOBENZIDINE | 16.4 | 0.0% | |
| 3,3-DIAMINOBENZIDINE TETRAHYDROCHLORO | 5.8 | 0.0% | |
| 4-METHYLAMINOPHENOL SULFATE | 7.6 | 0.0% | |
| ABSORBENT | 162.0 | 0.0% | |
| ACETATES | 12.5 | 0.0% | |
| ACETIC ACID | 1,523.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ACETONE | 12,602.9 | 0.3% | AAAQGS |
| ACETONITRILE | 1,674.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ACRYLIC COPOLYMER | 60.7 | 0.0% | |
| ACRYLIC POLYMER | | | solid |
| ADIPIC ACID | 1.4 | 0.0% | |
| ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATES | 27.9 | 0.0% | |
| ALCOHOL ETHOXYSULFATE | 10.6 | 0.0% | |
| ALCOHOLS | 18,432.1 | 0.4% | |
| ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS | | 0.0% | |
| ALKYLAMMONIUM HYDROXIDE | 15.8 | 0.0% | |
| ALKYLATED PHENOL INHIBITOR | 0.4 | 0.0% | |
| ALUMINA | | | solid |
| ALUMINA POWDER | | | solid |

TABLE 1C Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|--------------|---|----------------------|
| | | solid |
| | | solid |
| 1,877.5 | 0.0% | |
| 2,817.0 | 0.1% | |
| | | solid |
| 0.0 | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 33.8 | 0.0% | |
| 630.2 | 0.0% | |
| 1,992.2 | 0.0% | |
| 36.3 | 0.0% | |
| 0.5 | 0.0% | |
| 23.6 | 0.0% | |
| 1.2 | 0.0% | |
| 2,273.9 | 0.0% | |
| | | solid |
| | | solid |
| | | solid |
| | | semi-solid |
| | | solid |
| | | solid/AAAQGS |
| 839.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 32.5 | 0.0% | |
| 24.0 | 0.0% | |
| 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| 5.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS (as acrolein) |
| 20.0 | 0.0% | , |
| 403.4 | 0.0% | |
| 72.7 | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| 1,376.1 | 0.0% | |
| 23.7 | 0.0% | |
| 13.0 | 0.0% | |
| 43.6 | 0.0% | |
| 7.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2,014.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 2.5 | 0.0% | |
| | / - | solid |
| | | solid |
| | | solid |
| 496.6 | 0.0% | |
| | | |
| | | solid |
| 1,373.0 | 0.0% | |
| | 1,877.5 2,817.0 0.0 63.7 7.6 33.8 630.2 1,992.2 36.3 0.5 23.6 1.2 2,273.9 839.6 32.5 24.0 350.3 5.1 20.0 403.4 72.7 1,376.1 23.7 1,376.1 23.7 1,30 43.6 7.5 2,014.0 2.5 | 1,877.5 |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------------|
| CARBON BLACK | | | solid |
| CARBOXYALKANE | 15.8 | 0.0% | |
| CARBOXYLIC ACID | 35.2 | 0.0% | |
| CERAMIC DUST | | | solid |
| CETYL ALCOHOL | 37.5 | 0.0% | |
| CHELATING AGENT | 39.0 | 0.0% | |
| CHLORIDE SALTS | 1.3 | 0.0% | |
| CHLORINATED PARAFFINS | 500.0 | 0.0% | |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 5.7 | 0.0% | |
| CHLOROFORM | 123.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CHROMIC ACID | 186.5 | 0.0% | 7,5,5,4,5,5 |
| CHROMIUM | 100.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| CHROMIUM TRIOXIDE | | + | solid/AAAQGS |
| CITRIC ACID | 1,083.5 | 0.0% | 3011017 11 11 10 10 |
| CLEANING COMPOUNDS | 1,269.6 | 0.0% | |
| COBALT | 137.4 | 0.0% | |
| COLLOIDAL SILICA | 107.11 | 0.070 | solid |
| CONCRETE SEALER | 131.9 | 0.0% | Cona |
| CONDITIONER SOLUTION | 275.2 | 0.0% | |
| CONTAINERS (METAL) | 210.2 | 0.070 | solid |
| COOLANT | 1,688.2 | 0.0% | 00110 |
| COPOLYMER ACRYLAMIDE | 0.7 | 0.0% | |
| COPPER | 0.1 | 0.070 | solid/AAAQGS |
| COPPER SULFATE | | | solid |
| CRESOL | 12.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| CUTTING OIL | 13,475.3 | 0.3% | 7.0.0.000 |
| CYANIDES | 3.6 | 0.0% | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 7,859.7 | 0.2% | |
| CYCLOHEXANOL | 6.3 | 0.0% | |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 1,269.0 | 0.0% | |
| CYPERMETHRIN | 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| DEBRIS: PAPER, WOOD, GLASS, PLASTIC | 000.0 | 0.070 | solid |
| DEBRIS: PLASTIC, PAPER, CLOTH | | | solid |
| DEBRIS: PLASTIC, PAPER, CLOTH, WOOD | | | solid |
| DEGREASER | 187.7 | 0.0% | Joliu |
| DETERGENT | 1,992.7 | 0.0% | |
| DEVELOPER | 71.9 | 0.0% | |
| DIAMOND DUST | 71.9 | 0.070 | solid |
| DICHLOROACETIC ACID | 121.8 | 0.0% | Joliu |
| DICHLOROMETHANE | 8,866.8 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DICHLOROPHENE | 0.5 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| DIESEL | 77,160.4 | 1.7% | |
| DIETHANOLAMINE | 77,100.4 | 0.0% | |
| DIETHYL ETHER | 123.8 | 0.0% | |
| DIE IIII E E IIIEN | 123.8 | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 2,863.4 | 0.1% 0.0% | A A A O C C |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BOTYL ETHER DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | 1,418.4 15.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE | 17.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| DIMETHYL SOLFOXIDE DIMETHYLAMINE BORANE | | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLDICHLOROSILANE | 0.1 | 0.0% | |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 113.0 | 0.0% | |
| DIOXANE | 62.7 | 0.0% | |
| DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | | | |
| DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER | 64.6 | 0.0% | |
| | | 0.0% | a a li d |
| DIRT | 404.0 | 0.00/ | solid |
| DISTILLED WATER | 491.8 | 0.0% | |
| DIURON | 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| D-LIMONENE | 128.0 | 0.0% | |
| DYE | 1,015.3 | 0.0% | |
| EDTA TETRASODIUM SALT | 19.7 | 0.0% | |
| EMULSIFIER | 57.3 | 0.0% | |
| ENAMEL | 874.0 | 0.0% | |
| ENZYMES | 0.1 | 0.0% | |
| EPOXY RESIN | 10.0 | 2.00/ | solid |
| ESTERS | 12.9 | 0.0% | |
| ETHANOL | 5,941.7 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| ETHANOLAMINE | 502.2 | 0.0% | |
| ETHIDIUM BROMIDE | 2.3 | 0.0% | |
| ETHOXYLATED ACETYLENIC DIOLS | 16.7 | 0.0% | |
| ETHOXYLATED ALCOHOLS | 40.0 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 1,292.7 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 518.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| ETHYL CELLULOSE | 75.1 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYL ETHER | 1.8 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 1,269.0 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE DIAMINE TETRAACETIC ACID | 4.8 | 0.0% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 54,399.6 | 1.2% | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | 211.0 | 0.0% | |
| FAT | | | solid |
| FATTY ACIDS | 235.0 | 0.0% | |
| FERRIC AMMONIUM OXALATE | 225.0 | 0.0% | |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | 41.7 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| FERRIC OXIDE | 2,008.7 | 0.0% | solid/AAAQGS |
| FERROUS OXIDE | 82.5 | 0.0% | |
| FIBERGLASS | | | solid |
| FILTER CAKE | | | solid |
| FIPRONIL | 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| FIRE SUPPRESSANT FOAM | 13.8 | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------|--------|--|
| FIXER | 57.3 | 0.0% | Notes | |
| FLOW MODIFIER | 0.4 | 0.0% | | |
| FLUORIDE | 465.9 | 0.0% | | |
| FLUX | 1.9 | 0.0% | | |
| FORMALDEHYDE | 1,018.2 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| FRAGRANCE OILS | 184.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| FRAGRANCES | 104.0 | 0.0% | | |
| FUEL OIL | | 0.0% | | |
| FURFURYL ALCOHOL | 15.0 | 0.0% | | |
| GALLIUM ARSENIDE | | | | |
| GASOLINE | 78.3 | 0.0% | | |
| | 119,716.0 | 2.6% | | |
| GEAR OIL GLASS | 1,376.1 | 0.0% | اد:ادم | |
| | | | solid | |
| GLASS BEADS | | 2 201 | solid | |
| GLUE | 42.2 | 0.0% | | |
| GLUTARALDEHYDE | 72.3 | 0.0% | | |
| GLYCERIN | 852.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| GLYCOL ETHERS | 45.0 | 0.0% | | |
| GLYCOLIC ACID | 228.5 | 0.0% | | |
| GLYCOLS | 48.2 | 0.0% | | |
| GLYPHOSPHATE | 4.6 | 0.0% | | |
| GOLD | | | solid | |
| GRAPHITE | | | solid | |
| GRAVEL | | | solid | |
| GREASE | | | solids | |
| GUM ARABIC | 6.9 | 0.0% | | |
| HAIR GEL | 275.2 | 0.0% | | |
| HALOGENS | 17.5 | 0.0% | | |
| HARDENER | 21.5 | 0.0% | | |
| HEPES | 0.4 | 0.0% | | |
| HEPTANE | 247.5 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| HEXANE | 134.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| HEXYLENE GLYCOL | 188.7 | 0.0% | | |
| HYDRAULIC FLUID | 760.4 | 0.0% | | |
| HYDRAULIC OIL | 1,550.6 | 0.0% | | |
| HYDRAZINE | 29.2 | 0.0% | | |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID (0.5-4.0%) | 2,122.4 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID (0.25-2.5%) | 364.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS | |
| HYDROGEN PEROXIDE | 16.4 | 0.0% | | |
| HYDROQUINONE | 242.4 | 0.0% | | |
| IMIDACLOPRID | 350.3 | 0.0% | | |
| INDIUM PHOSPHIDE | 0.1 | 0.0% | | |
| INERTS | | 0.070 | solid | |
| INK | | | solid | |
| 11.41.7 | | | 30110 | |

TABLE 1C Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|--------------|---|--|
| | | aqeuous |
| 6,328.8 | 0.1% | |
| 114.7 | 0.0% | |
| 2.5 | 0.0% | |
| 32.8 | 0.0% | |
| 22.9 | 0.0% | |
| 8.1 | 0.0% | |
| 1,789.6 | 0.0% | |
| | | solid/AAAQGS |
| | | solid |
| | | solid/AAAQGS |
| 459.0 | 0.0% | |
| 9,348.8 | 0.2% | |
| 94.5 | 0.0% | |
| 218.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| 68,019.7 | 1.5% | |
| | 0.2% | |
| | | |
| | | |
| 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| | 0.0% | |
| 40.0 | 0.0% | |
| 33.0 | 0.0% | |
| 26.4 | 0.0% | |
| | | solid |
| 10.0 | 0.0% | |
| | | |
| 32.6 | 0.0% | |
| 7.2 | | |
| 275.2 | | |
| 602.3 | 0.0% | |
| 138.7 | 0.0% | |
| 1.4 | 0.0% | |
| 124.8 | 0.0% | |
| | | solid/AAAQGS |
| 20.9 | 0.0% | |
| 20.9 | 0.0% | |
| 6.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| | | solid |
| | | solid |
| 2.815.4 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| | | |
| | | AAAQGS |
| | | AAAQGS |
| | 6,328.8 114.7 2.5 32.8 22.9 8.1 1,789.6 459.0 9,348.8 94.5 218.6 68,019.7 9,161.9 500.4 1.3 350.3 40.0 33.0 26.4 10.0 13.5 32.6 7.2 275.2 602.3 138.7 1.4 124.8 | 6,328.8 0.1% 114.7 0.0% 2.5 0.0% 32.8 0.0% 22.9 0.0% 8.1 0.0% 1,789.6 0.0% 9,348.8 0.2% 94.5 0.0% 218.6 0.0% 68,019.7 1.5% 9,161.9 0.2% 500.4 0.0% 1.3 0.0% 350.3 0.0% 350.3 0.0% 40.0 0.0% 33.0 0.0% 26.4 0.0% 13.5 0.0% 26.4 0.0% 275.2 0.0% 602.3 0.0% 124.8 0.0% 124.8 0.0% 124.8 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 20.9 0.0% 41.3 0.0% 41.3 0.0% |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------|---------------------|
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 264.1 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL RED | 39.5 | 0.0% | |
| METHYL-TERT-BUTYL ETHER | 108.4 | 0.0% | |
| MILK | 20.2 | 0.0% | |
| MINERAL OIL | 2,475.6 | 0.1% | |
| MINERAL SPIRITS | 5,270.2 | 0.1% | |
| MONOCHLOROTOLUENE | 31.2 | 0.0% | |
| MONOETHANOLAMINE | 540.5 | 0.0% | |
| M-PHENYLENEDIAMINE | 1,373.0 | 0.0% | |
| MUD | | | solid |
| N,N-DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 396.8 | 0.0% | |
| N-AMINOETHYLETHANOLAMINE | 15.8 | 0.0% | |
| NAPHTHA | 18,161.0 | 0.4% | |
| NAPHTHALENE | 62.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| N-BUTANOL | 156.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| NEUTRALIZED ACIDS | 0.4 | 0.0% | |
| NICKEL | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL BROMIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL CHLORIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL HYDROXIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL NITRATE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL SULFAMATE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NICKEL SULFATE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| NITRATES | 13.2 | 0.0% | |
| NITRIC ACID (0.5-5.0%) | 423.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 9,195.1 | 0.2% | |
| NON-HALOGENATED ORGANIC SOLVENTS | 21.9 | 0.0% | |
| NONYLPHENOXYPOLYETHANOL | 0.7 | 0.0% | |
| NONYLPHENOXYPOLYETHOXYETHANOL | 4.8 | 0.0% | |
| N-PROPANOL | 119.4 | 0.0% | |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | 301.2 | 0.0% | |
| OIL | 230,680.0 | 5.0% | |
| OIL (HYDRAULIC) | 59.6 | 0.0% | |
| OIL (NAPTHENIC) | 11.3 | 0.0% | |
| OIL BASED PAINT | 11.0 | 0.0% | |
| OIL PRODUCTS | 252.3 | 0.0% | |
| OIL SLUDGE | 202.0 | 3.0 /0 | semi-solid |
| ORGANIC ACID | 34.0 | 0.0% | 33111 3011 4 |
| ORGANIC ACID SALTS | 2.5 | 0.0% | |
| OXALIC ACID | 1,789.6 | 0.0% | |
| PAINT | 19,880.6 | 0.4% | |
| PAINT PIGMENT | 10,000.0 | 0.770 | solid |
| PAINT POWDER | + | | solid |
| PAINT SUDGE | + | | solids |
| I AINT OLODOL | ļ. | | SUIIUS |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | 1 | 1 | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | | | |
| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
| PAINT SOLIDS | | | solid |
| PAINT THINNERS | 32.5 | 0.0% | |
| PAPER | | | solid |
| PAPER TOWELS | | | solid |
| PARAFFIN | 164.4 | 0.0% | |
| PARAFFIN OIL | 990.0 | 0.0% | |
| PERCHLOROETHYLENE | 5,817.9 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| PERFUME | 53.5 | 0.0% | · |
| PERMETHRIN | 350.3 | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM ASPHALT | 67.1 | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM CRUDE | 1,146.8 | 0.0% | |
| PETROLEUM OIL | 2,356.6 | 0.1% | |
| PETROLEUM SLACK WAX | 2,088.5 | 0.0% | |
| PHENOL | 1,119.7 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PHENOLPHTHALEIN | 36.3 | 0.0% | 7001000 |
| PHENYLISOTHIOCYANATE | 25.0 | 0.0% | |
| PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE | 0.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PHENYLMERCURY ACETATE | 0.1 | 0.0% | AAAQOO |
| PHOSPHATE | 43.3 | 0.0% | |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | 977.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| PHOTO PROCESSING SOLUTIONS | 114.7 | 0.0% | 7777400 |
| PHOTORESIST | 125.0 | 0.0% | |
| PICRIC ACID | 17.4 | 0.0% | |
| PIGMENT | 17.4 | 0.0 /8 | solid |
| PLASTIC CONTAINERS | | | solid |
| PLASTIC CONTAINERS PLASTIC LINERS | + | | |
| PLASTIC LINERS PLASTIC MATERIAL | + | | solid |
| | 20.0 | 0.00/ | solid |
| POLY(DIMETHYLSILOXANE) | 38.9 | 0.0% | |
| POLY(ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE) GLYCOL | 155.4 | 0.0% | |
| POLYACRYLAMIDE POLYMER | 1,009.1 | 0.0% | |
| POLYALKYLENE GLYCOL | 337.5 | 0.0% | |
| POLYESTER RESIN | 633.0 | 0.0% | |
| POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL | 0.5 | 0.0% | |
| POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL TRIMETHYLNONYL | 13.8 | 0.0% | |
| POLYMERS | 873.3 | 0.0% | |
| POLYOXYALKYLENE GLYCOL | 32.2 | 0.0% | |
| POLYOXYETHYLENE(DIMETHYLIMINIO)ETHYL | 4.2 | 0.0% | |
| POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE | | | solid |
| POLYVINYL ALCOHOL | | | solid |
| POTASSIUM BIPHTHALATE | 13.1 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM BROMIDE | | | solid |
| POTASSIUM CARBONATE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| POTASSIUM CHLORIDE | | | solid |
| POTASSIUM CITRATE MONOHYDRATE | 5.2 | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1C Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| POTASSIUM DICHROMATE | 2.4 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM FERRICYANIDE | 715.8 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM FERROCYANIDE (II) | 17.4 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE | 3,408.6 | 0.1% | |
| POTASSIUM IODIDE | 314.5 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM NAPTHALENESULFONATE | 782.7 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM PERMANGANATE | 22.2 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM PHOSPHATE DIBASIC | 1.3 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM SULFATE | 68.8 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM SULFITE | 114.9 | 0.0% | |
| POTASSIUM THIOCYANATE | 159.7 | 0.0% | |
| PPE | 337.5 | 0.0% | |
| PROPIONIC ACID | 391.6 | 0.0% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | 6,546.9 | 0.1% | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER ACETATE | 1,311.1 | 0.0% | |
| PYRIDINE | 36.0 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| QUARTZ | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| QUATERNARY AMMONIUM COMPOUNDS | 12.0 | 0.0% | |
| RESIN | | | solid |
| RESIST | | | solid |
| ROSIN | | | solid |
| RUST | | | solid |
| SAFROLE | 1.0 | 0.0% | |
| SALICYLIC ACID | 228.5 | 0.0% | |
| SALINE | 16.4 | 0.0% | |
| SAND | | | solid |
| SEDIMENT | | | solid |
| SELENIUM | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| SHAMPOO | 275.2 | 0.0% | |
| SILICA | | | solid |
| SILICATE MINERALS | | | solid |
| SILICIC ACID | 5.0 | 0.0% | |
| SILICON | 77.7 | 0.0% | |
| SILICON DIOXIDE | 562.5 | 0.0% | |
| SILICON OXIDE | 4.8 | 0.0% | |
| SILVER | | | solid |
| SILVER NITRATE | 77.2 | 0.0% | |
| SLUDGE | | | solid |
| SOAP | | | solid |
| SODIUM | 0.7 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM ACETATE | 19.4 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM ALKYLBENZENESULFONATE | 4.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM BICARBONATE | | | solid |
| SODIUM BICHROMATE | 1.9 | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| SODIUM BISULFATE | 73.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM BISULFITE | 1,338.9 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM BORATE | 252.9 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM CARBONATE | | | solid |
| SODIUM CHLORIDE | | | solid |
| SODIUM CHROMATE | 79.8 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM CITRATE | 68.8 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM CYANIDE | 0.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM CYANOBOROHYDRIDE | 72.3 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM DICHROMATE | 92.9 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM DODECYLBENZENE SULFONATE | 0.7 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM FLUORIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| SODIUM HYDROXIDE | | | solid |
| SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE | 29.6 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM HYPOPHOSPHITE | 68.1 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM IODIDE | 213.9 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM LACTATE | 320.0 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM LAURYL SULFATE | 1,482.7 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM METABISULFITE | 220.5 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM METABORATE TETRAHYDRATE | 38.8 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM METASILICATE | 90.1 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM MOLYBDATE | 65.5 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM NAPTHALENESULFONATE | 782.7 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM NITRATE | 209.6 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM NITRITE | 130.1 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM PENTAHYDRATE | 7.6 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM PERMANGANATE | 4.3 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM PHOSPHATE | 20.4 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM PHOSPHATE, DIBASIC | 2.6 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM SALT | | | solid |
| SODIUM SELENITE | 7.7 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM SILICATE | 441.3 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM SULFATE | - | | solid/AAAQGS |
| SODIUM SULFITE | 313.3 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM TETRABORATE | 7.6 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM THIOCYANATE | 69.9 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM THIOSULFATE | 585.2 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM TOLYTRIAZOLE | 4.8 | 0.0% | |
| SODIUM XYLENE SULFONATE | 24.0 | 0.0% | |
| SOIL | | 0.0,0 | solid |
| SOLIDS (SUSPENDED) | | + | solid |
| SORBITOL | 3,428.8 | 0.1% | |
| SOY BEAN OIL | 398.0 | 0.0% | |
| STAIN | 172.0 | 0.0% | |

TABLE 1C
Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| STARCH | | | solid |
| STEARIC ACID | 27.2 | 0.0% | |
| STEEL DUST | | | solid |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 150.1 | 0.0% | |
| STRONTIUM NITRATE | 3.3 | 0.0% | |
| STYRENE | 923.9 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| SUCCINIC ACID | 1,625.3 | 0.0% | |
| SULFATES | 1.3 | 0.0% | |
| SULFIDE | 187.7 | 0.0% | |
| SULFOLANE | 1,903.5 | 0.0% | |
| SULFURIC ACID | 318.6 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| SURFACTANT | 2,286.1 | 0.0% | |
| SUSPENDED SOLIDS | | | solid |
| TALC | | | solid |
| TALL OIL | 238.2 | 0.0% | |
| TAR | | | solid |
| TERPENE HYDROCARBONS | 335.0 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 634.5 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL | 745.9 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 6.3 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE | 150.0 | 0.0% | |
| TETRAMETHYL AMMONIUM HYDROXIDE | 2,257.5 | 0.0% | |
| TETRASODIUM EDTA | 198.5 | 0.0% | |
| THALLIUM | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| TIN | | | solid |
| TITANIUM DIOXIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| TOLUENE | 1,582.3 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| TRASH | | | solid |
| TRICHLOROETHENE | 398.1 | 0.0% | AAAQGS |
| TRIETHANOLAMINE | 1,390.3 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYL AMMONIUM ACETATE | 22.9 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYL AMMONIUM BICARBONATE | 11.5 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYLAMINE | 1,379.2 | 0.0% | |
| TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL | 108.6 | 0.0% | |
| TRIFLUOROACETIC ACID | 46.9 | 0.0% | |
| TRIISOPROPANOLAMINE | 3.0 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMESIC ACID | 139.5 | 0.0% | |
| TRIMETHYL BENZENE | 0.0 | 0.0% | |
| TRIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYLETHER | 13.8 | 0.0% | |
| TRIS(HYDROXYMETHYL)NITROMETHANE | 0.1 | 0.0% | |
| TRISODIUM PHOSPHATE | 261.2 | 0.0% | |
| VEGETABLE OIL | 4,837.2 | 0.1% | |
| VINYLPOLYDIMETHYLSILOXANE | 412.5 | 0.0% | |
| WATER | 3,730,835.1 | 81.3% | |

TABLE 1C Raw Chemical List - Wastewater (Aqueous) Wastestream Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| CHEMICAL | Total Pounds | % of Total | Notes |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| WATER BASED POLYMER | 24.0 | 0.0% | |
| WATER BASED SOLVENT | 1,396.2 | 0.0% | |
| WATER TREATMENT CHEMICAL | 106.0 | 0.0% | |
| WAXES | | | solid |
| WOOD | | | solid |
| XYLENE | 2,913.3 | 0.1% | AAAQGS |
| ZINC | | | solid |
| ZIRCONIUM OXIDE | | | solid/AAAQGS |
| | | | |
| Grand Total | 4,590,202.2 | 100.00% | |

Notes:

AAAQGS = Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines

TABLE 2 Master Chemical List Rromic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Chemical | AAQGS | Is total mass >0.1%? |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| 1,1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE | Yes | 10 00 001 1110100 011 1001 |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2- | 100 | |
| TRIFLUOROETHANE | Yes | |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | Yes | |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Yes | |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | Yes | |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Yes | |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | Yes | |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL | Yes | Yes |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE | Yes | 1.00 |
| 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE | Yes | |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL | | Yes |
| 2-HEPTANONE | Yes | |
| 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | Yes | Yes |
| 2-PENTANONE | Yes | Yes |
| 2-PROPANOL (ALCOHOLS) | Yes | Yes |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE | | Yes |
| 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | | |
| | Yes | |
| ACETIC ACID | Yes | |
| ACETONE | Yes | Yes |
| ACETONITRILE | Yes | Yes |
| ADHESIVE | | Yes |
| AEROSOLS CONTAINING | | Yes |
| AMYL ACETATE | | Yes |
| BENZENE | Yes | Yes |
| BIOCIDE (acrolein) | Yes | |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | | Yes |
| BUTOXYETHANOL (BUTYL | | |
| CELLOSOLVE) | Yes | |
| BUTYL ACETATE | Yes | Yes |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | Yes | |
| CHLOROBENZENE | Yes | |
| CHLOROFORM | Yes | |
| CRESOL | Yes | |
| CUTTING OIL | | Yes |
| CYCLOHEXANE | | Yes |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | | Yes |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | Yes | |
| DIESEL | | Yes |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | | Yes |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | Yes | Yes |
| DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | Yes | |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | | Yes |
| ETHANOL | Yes | Yes |

TABLE 2 Master Chemical List Rromic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Г | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| Chemical | AAQGS | Is total mass >0.1%? |
| ETHYL ACETATE | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYL BENZENE | Yes | |
| ETHYL LACTATE | | Yes |
| ETHYL-3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | | Yes |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER | | |
| ACETATE | Yes | Yes |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | Yes | |
| FORMALDEHYDE | Yes | |
| FORMIC ACID | Yes | |
| GASOLINE | | Yes |
| GLYCERIN | Yes | . 33 |
| HEPTANE | Yes | |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | | Yes |
| HEXANE | Yes | Yes |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | Yes | 1.00 |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID | Yes | |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | Yes | |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | Yes | |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | 100 | Yes |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | Yes | 103 |
| JET FUEL | 100 | Yes |
| KEROSENE | | Yes |
| LACQUER THINNER | | Yes |
| MERCURY | Yes | 103 |
| METHANOL | Yes | Yes |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | Yes | Yes |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 103 | Yes |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | Yes | Yes |
| MINERAL OIL | 163 | Yes |
| MINERAL SPIRITS | | Yes |
| NAPHTHA | | Yes |
| NAPHTHALENE | Yes | les |
| N-BUTANOL | Yes | Yes |
| NITRIC ACID | Yes | Tes |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 1 53 | Yes |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | Yes | 169 |
| OIL | 1 52 | Yes |
| PAINT | | Yes |
| PAINT THINNERS | | Yes |
| PETROLEUM OIL | | Yes |
| PHENOL | Voo | res |
| PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE | Yes | |
| | Yes | |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | Yes | V ₂ |
| PHOTO RESIST | | Yes |

TABLE 2 Master Chemical List Rromic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Chemical | AAQGS | Is total mass >0.1%? |
|-------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | | Yes |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER | | |
| ACETATE | Yes | Yes |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | Yes | |
| PYRIDINE | Yes | |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | | Yes |
| STYRENE | Yes | |
| SULFOLANE | | Yes |
| SULFURIC ACID | Yes | |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE | Yes | Yes |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | | Yes |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | | Yes |
| TOLUENE | Yes | Yes |
| TRICHLOROETHENE | Yes | Yes |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | Yes | |
| XYLENE | Yes | Yes |

Notes:

AAQGS = Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines

TABLE 3
Composition of Generic Compounds and Mixtures Found in Facility Wastestreams
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Compound/Mixture | Represented By: | Volatile Constituents | CAS Number | Composition | Currently In Master List? H |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Adhesives | construction adhesive | toluene | 108-88-3 | 5.0-10.0 % | yes |
| | | n-hexane | 110-54-3 | 5.0-10.0 % | yes |
| | | aliphatic petroleum distillate | 64742-89-8 | 5.0-10.0 % | yes (as naptha) |
| Oil based paint | solvent-thinned paint | ethyl benzene | 100-41-4 | 0.10% | yes |
| | | stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | 31% | yes |
| | | methyl ethyl ketoxime | 96-29-7 | 0.20% | less than 0.1% of wastestream |
| Photoresist | AZ 4620 photoresist (Hoescht) | n-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | 5% | yes |
| | | xylenes | 1330-20-7 | 5% | yes |
| | | 2,1,5-diazonaphthoquinone sulfonic acid | 5610-94-6 | trace | less than 0.1% of wastestream |
| Aerosol cans ^g | penetrating oil ^a | stoddard solvent | 8052-41-3 | 55% | yes |
| | fluorescent spray paint b | hexane | 110-54-3 | 15% | yes |
| | | dimethylbenzene | 1330-20-7 | 10% | yes (xylene) |
| | | naptha | 64742-95-6 | 10% | yes |
| | | methylbenzene | 108-88-3 | 5% | yes (toluene) |
| | | ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 5% | yes |
| | | 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | 1% | yes |
| | furniture polish ^c | isoparaffinic hydrocarbon solvent | 68920-06-9 | 10% | yes |
| | spray degreaser d | ethanol | 64-17-5 | 99% | yes |
| | | methanol | 67-56-1 | 5% | yes |
| | flat spray paint ^e | xylene (mixed) | 1330-20-7 | 25% | yes |
| | | ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 10% | yes |
| | | acetone | 67-64-1 | 15% | yes |
| | | ligroin (petroleum ether) | 8032-32-4 | 5% | yes (naptha) |
| | | toluene | 108-88-3 | 1% | yes |
| | | cobalt 2-ethylhexanoate | 136-52-7 | 0.10% | less than 0.1% of wastestream |
| Lacquer thinner | Romic lacquer thinner | methyl ethyl ketone | 78-93-3 | 10.0% | yes |
| • | | toluene | 108-88-3 | 25.0% | yes |
| | | isopropanol | 99-63-8 | 10.0% | yes |
| | | butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | 0.5% | yes |
| | | acetone | 67-64-1 | 20.0% | yes |
| | | xylene | 554-95-0 | 10.0% | yes |
| | | butanol | 71-36-3 | 3.0% | yes (n-butanol) |
| | | butyl cellosolve | 111-76-2 | 3.0% | add |
| | | methanol | 67-56-1 | 3% | yes |
| | | VM&P naptha | 554-95-0 | 10% | yes (naptha) |
| Paint thinner | | naptha | 64742-95-6 | 93% | yes |
| | | trimethylbenzene | 25551-13-7 | 7% | yes (1,2,4 trimethylbenzene) |

TABLE 3 Composition of Generic Compounds and Mixtures Found in Facility Wastestreams Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| Compound/Mixture | Represented By: | Volatile Constituents | CAS Number | Composition | Currently In Master List? H |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | |

Notes:

^a The penetrating oil was represented by Chesterton Sprasolvo 723 Penetrating Oil

^b The fluoresent spray paint was represented by Rust-Oleum Red-Orange Fluorescent Spray Paint

^c The furniture polish was represented by S.C. Johnson and Son Professional Lemon Polish

^d The spray degreaser was represented by Lectra-Clean Aersol Degreaser

e The interior/exterior flat spray paint was represented by America's Finest by Rus Oleum - Fast Dry All Purpose Interior/Exterior Flat, White

^f The lacquer thinner was represented by the Romic MSDS for recycled lacquer thinner.

⁹ Material collected from aerosol can crushing - it was assumed that all gases (propellants) have been captured and/or emitted at the aerosol can crushing operation, hence do not appear on this list

^h If a component of a generic compound or mixture is not in the master chemical list, it will be added if it comprises greater than 0.1% of the throughput.

TABLE 4 Vapor Pressures Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | | | | Vapor Pre | ssure (mmHg) |) _ | Is Vapor |
|---|----------------|----------|------------|--|--------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CHEMICAL | CAS# | NIST | SRC | Chem Finder | MSDS | Maximum Vapor Pressure (mmHg) | Pressure >0.76 mmHg or 0.1%? |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2- | 70404 | 500 | | 005 | | 500 | |
| TRIFLUOROETHANE 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE | 76131 71556 | 583 | 124 | 285 100 | | 583 124 | yes |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | 79005 | <u> </u> | 124 | 19 | | 18.8 | yes yes |
| 1.2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 95501 | 1 | | 1.2 | | 1.2 | yes |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 95636 | <u> </u> | | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.7 | yes |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 108678 | | | 1.86 | | | yes |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | 123911 | | | 27 | | 27 | yes |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (propylene | | | | | | | · |
| glycol methyl ether) | 107982 | | 12.5 | | | 12.5 | yes |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE | 112072 | | | 0.3 | | 0.3 | no |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL | 19089475 | | | | 39.75 | 39.75 | yes |
| 2-HEPTANONE | 110430 | 3.9 | | | | 3.9 | yes |
| 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 78831 | | | 9 | | 9 | yes |
| 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | 123422 | 1 | | 0.80 | | 0.8 | yes |
| ACETONE | 64197 | 1 | 222 | 11 | | 11 | yes |
| ACETONE ACETONITRILE | 67641 75058 | 1 | 232 | 181 73 | | 232 | yes |
| ALCOHOLS | 67630 | | 88.8 45 | 33 | | 88.8 45 | yes yes |
| AMYL ACETATE | 628637 | | 3.5 | 4 | | 45 | yes |
| BENZENE | 71432 | | 94.8 | 95.3 | | 95.3 | yes |
| BIOCIDE (acrolein) | 107028 | 488 | 01.0 | 00.0 | | 488.0901511 | yes |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | 79947 | 1.00 | 1.76E-11 | | | 1.76E-11 | no |
| BUTYL ACETATE | 123864 | | 11.5 | 8 | | 11.5 | yes |
| BUTYL CELLOSOLVE | 111762 | | | 0.98 | | 0.98 | yes |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | 56235 | | | 91 | | 91 | yes |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 108907 | | | 9 | | 8.8 | yes |
| CHLOROFORM | 67663 | | | 159 | | 159 | yes |
| CRESOL | 1319773 | | | 0.1 | | 0.1 | no |
| CUTTING OIL | | | | | 0.01 | 0.01 | no |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 110827 | | 96.9 | 95 | | 96.9 | yes |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 108941 | | 4.33 | 2 | | 4.33 | yes |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | 84742 | 0.000049 | | | 4.0 | 4.9054E-05 | no |
| DIESEL FUEL DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | 111466 | | | 0.0057 | 1.6 | 1.6 | yes |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 112345 | - | | 0.0057 | | 0.0057 0.02 | no |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BOTTL ETHER DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | 111400 | | | 0.02 | 0.40 | 0.02 | no no |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 68122 | | 3.87 | 2.6 | 0.40 | 3.87 | yes |
| ETHANOL | 64175 | | 59.3 | 59.03 | | 59.30 | yes |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 141786 | | 93.2 | 76 | | 93.2 | yes |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 100414 | | 9.6 | | | 9.6 | yes |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 687478 | | 3.75 | | | 3.75 | yes |
| ETHYL-3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | 763699 | | | | <1 | <1 | no |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL | | | | | | | |
| ETHER ACETATE | 111159 | ļ | 2.34 | | | 2.34 | yes |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 107211 | | 0.092 | 0.06 | | 0.092 | no |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | 7705080 | - | | 40.00 | | 40 | yes |
| FORMALDEHYDE | 50000 | - | | | 1.30 | 1.3 | yes |
| FORMIC ACID | 64186 | - | | 23.00 | 0.0005 | 23 | yes |
| GLYCERIN | 56815 | | | | 0.0025 | 0.0025 | no |
| GASOLINE HEPTANE | 142825 | - | 46 | | 362 | 362 46 | yes |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | 999973 | | 46 13.8 | 20 | | 20 | yes yes |
| HEXANE | 110543 | | 151 | 130 | | 151 | yes |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | 7647010 | | 131 | 130 | 160.00 | 160 | • |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID | 7664393 | | | | 25.00 | 25 | yes yes |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | 110190 | 41.28 | | | 20.00 | 41.28 | yes |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | 97858 | 10.04 | | | | 10.04 | yes |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | 78966.00 | 1 | 0.47 | | | 0.47 | no |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | 108214 | 1 | | 43.00 | | 43.00 | yes |
| JET FUEL | | | | | 5 | 5 | yes |

TABLE 4 Vapor Pressures Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | | | | Is Vapor | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|------|--------|----------------|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| CHEMICAL | CAS# | NIST | SRC | Chem Finder | MSDS | Maximum Vapor Pressure (mmHg) | Pressure >0.76 mmHg or 0.1%? |
| KEROSENE | 8008206 | | | 1 | | 1 | yes |
| MERCURY | 7439976 | | | 0.0020 | | 0.0020 | no |
| METHANOL | 67561 | | 127 | 16.8 | | 127 | yes |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | 78933 | | 90.6 | 78 | | 90.6 | yes |
| METHYL PROPYL KETONE | 107879 | | 35.4 | | | 35.4 | yes |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 75092 | | 435 | 350 | | 435 | yes |
| NAPHTHALENE | 91203 | | | 0.0500 | | 0.0500 | no |
| N-BUTANOL | 71363 | | 6.7 | 4 | | 6.7 | yes |
| NITRIC ACID | 7697372 | | | | 7.10 | 7.1000 | yes |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 872504 | | 0.345 | | | 0.345 | no |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | 109604 | | 35.9 | | | 35.9 | ves |
| OIL | | | | 1 | 0.01 | 0.01 | no |
| PETROLEUM OIL | | | | 1 | <0.1 | 0 | no |
| PHENOL | 108952 | | | 0.35 | | 0.35 | no |
| PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE | 62384 | | | | 9.00E-06 | 9.00E-06 | no |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | 7664382 | | | 2.20 | | 2.20 | yes |
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | 63148-62-9 | | | 1 | 0.01 | 0.01 | no |
| N-PROPANOL | 71238 | | | 14.90 | | 14.90 | yes |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL | | | | | | | · |
| ETHER ACETATE | 108656 | | 3.92 | | | 3.92 | yes |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | 75569 | | | 442.0 | | 442 | yes |
| PYRIDINE | 110861 | | | 16.0 | | 16 | yes |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 8052413 | | | | 2 | 2 | yes |
| STYRENE | 100425 | | 6.4 | 5 | | 6.4 | yes |
| SULFOLANE | 126330 | | 0.0062 | | | 0.0062 | no |
| SULFURIC ACID | 7664939 | | | | 0.30 | 0.30 | no |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE | 127184 | | 18.5 | 13 | | 18.5 | yes |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 78104 | | 1.88 | 2 | | 2 | yes |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109999 | | 162 | 162.2 | | 162.2 | yes |
| TOLUENE | 108883 | | 28.4 | 22 | | 28.4 | yes |
| TRICHLOROETHYLENE | 79016 | | 69 | 58 | | 69 | yes |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | 112243 | | | 0.010 | | 0.01 | no |
| XYLENES | 1330207 | | 7.99 | 1.5 | | 7.99 | yes |

Notes:

mmHg = millimeter mercury

NIST = National Institute of Standards and Technology

SRC = Syracuse Research Corporation MSDS = Material Safety Data Sheets

Table 5
Chronic Toxicity Values
Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | | | Chronic Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|--|------------------|--|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | Cancer Slope Factor (CSF) (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | | | Noncancer Re (Rf (mg/kg | D) | NonCancer Concentration | |
| | Molecular | | | | _ | USEPA Weight | | _ | | _ |
| CHEMICAL | Weight | Represented by: | CAS# | Inhalation | Source | of Evidence | Inhalation | Source | Inhalation | Source |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2- | 407 2762 | | 76404 | | | | 0.575.00 | LIEACT | 2.005.04 | LIEACT |
| TRIFLUOROETHANE | 187.3762 | | 76131 | | | | 8.57E+00 | HEAST . | 3.00E+04 | HEAST |
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE | 133.41 | | 71556 | | | D | 6.30E-01 | pprtv | 2.21E+03 | Calculated |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | 133.4047 | | 79005 | 5.60E-02 | IRIS | С | 4.00E-03 | IRIS (rr) | 1.40E+01 | Calculated |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 147.0036 | | 95501 | | | D | 5.71E-02 | HEAST | 2.00E+02 | HEAST |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 120.19 | aerosols | 95636 | | | | 1.70E-03 | pprtv | 5.95E+00 | Calculated |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 120.19 | | 108678 | | | | 1.70E-03 | pprtv | 5.95E+00 | Calculated |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | 88.106 | | 123911 | 1.10E-02 | IRIS (rr) | B2 | | | | |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (propylene | | | 407000 | | | | 57450: | IDIO | 0.005.00 | 1510 |
| glycol methyl ether) | 90.12 | | 107982 | | | | 5.71E-01 | IRIS | 2.00E+03 | IRIS |
| 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE | 160.2126 | ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate (111-15-9) tox surrogate | 112072 | | | | 3.00E-01 | HEAST (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| | | 2-ethoxy ethanol (110-80-5) | | | | | | | | |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL | 104.17 | (toxicological surrogate) | 19089475 | | | | 5.71E-02 | IRIS | 2.00E+02 | IRIS |
| 2-HEPTANONE | 114.187 | MIBK (108-10-1) tox surrogate | 110430 | | | ID | 8.57E-01 | IRIS | 3.00E+03 | IRIS |
| 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 74.1224 | | 78831 | | | | 3.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 1,050 | Calculated |
| 2-PENTANONE | 86.1334 | (toxicological surrogate) | 107879 | | IDIO | ID Do | 1.43E+00 | IRIS | 5000 | IRIS |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE | 85.1054 | N-nitrosopyrrolidine (930-55-2) | 616455 | 2.10E+00 | IRIS | B2 | | | | |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | 85.1054 116.1596 | MIBK (108-10-1) tox surrogate | 616455 123422 | | | ID | 8.57E-01 | IRIS | 3.00E+03 | IRIS |
| ACETIC ACID | | , , , | - | | | UU | | | | |
| | 60.0524 | Acetaldehyde (75-07-0) | 64197 | | | | 2.57E-03 | IRIS | 9.00E+00 | IRIS |
| ACETONE | 58.08 | | 67641 | | | ID | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| ACETONITRILE | 41.05 | | 75058 | | | D | 1.71E-02 | IRIS | 6.00E+01 | IRIS |
| ALCOHOLS | 60.10 | represented by 2-propanol | 67630 | | | | 3.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| AMYL ACETATE | 400.40 | ethyl acetate (141-78-6) | 000007 | | | | 0.005.04 | IDIO (***) | 0.455.00 | 0-111 |
| BENZENE | 130.19 78.11 | (toxicological surrogate) | 628637 71432 | 2.70E-02 | IRIS | A | 9.00E-01 8.57E-03 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 3.00E+01 | Calculated IRIS |
| BIOCIDE (acrolein) | 56.064 | | 107028 | 2.70E-02 | IKIS | ID | 5.71E-06 | IRIS | 2.00E-02 | IRIS |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | 543.87 | Bisphenol A (80-05-7) | 79947 | | | | 3.71L-00 | IKIS | 2.00L-02 | IKIS |
| BUTYL ACETATE | 040.07 | ethyl acetate (141-78-6) | 13341 | | | | | | | |
| | 116.16 | (toxicological surrogate) | 123864 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| BUTYL CELLOSOLVE | 118.18 | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111762 | | | С | 3.71E+00 | IRIS | 1.30E+04 | IRIS |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | 153.823 | | 56235 | 5.30E-02 | IRIS | B2 | 7.00E-04 | IRIS (rr) | 2.45E+00 | Calculated |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 112.5585 | | 108907 | | | D | 1.70E-02 | NCEA | 5.95E+01 | Calculated |
| CHLOROFORM | 119.3779 | | 67663 | 8.10E-02 | IRIS | B2 | 1.40E-02 | NCEA | 4.90E+01 | Calculated |
| CRESOL | 324.4188 | p-cresol (106-44-5) | 1319773 | | · | С | 5.00E-03 | HEAST (rr) | 1.75E+01 | Calculated |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 84.16 | | 110827 | | | ID | 1.71E+00 | IRIS | 6.00E+03 | IRIS |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 112.17 | | 108941 | | | | 5.00E+00 | IRIS (rr) | 1.75E+04 | Calculated |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | 278.3474 | | 84742 | | | D | 1.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.50E+02 | Calculated |
| DIESEL FUEL | 185.00 | Eshidana aharata 1911 C | 68476346 | | | | 8.22E-01 | ENVIRON | 2.88E+03 | Calculated |
| DIETHYLENE OLYGOL | 106 40 | Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether | 111466 | | | С | 2 71 5 . 00 | IRIS | 1 205 : 04 | IRIS |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 106.12 162.2284 | (111-76-2) | 111466 112345 | | | | 3.71E+00 | PPRTV | 1.30E+04 2.00E+01 | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | 162.2284 | ethylene diamine (107-15-3) | 112345 111400 | | | | 5.70E-03 9.00E-02 | PPRTV (rr) | 2.00E+01 3.15E+02 | Calculated Calculated |
| DIMETHYLENE I KIAMINE DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 73.09 | entylene diamine (107-10-3) | 68122 | | | | 9.00E-02 8.57E-03 | IRIS | 3.15E+02 3.00E+01 | IRIS |
| DIIVIE I TI LEUKIVIAIVIIDE | 13.09 | | 00122 | | | | 0.07E-03 | IKIO | 3.00E+01 | I IKIO |

Table 5
Chronic Toxicity Values
Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | | | Chronic Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|--|----------|---|--------|--------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|
| | | | | Cancer Slope Factor (CSF) (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | | | Noncancer Re (Rf (mg/kg | D) | NonCancer Concentration | |
| | Molecular | | | | | USEPA Weight | | | | |
| CHEMICAL | Weight | Represented by: | CAS# | Inhalation | Source | of Evidence | Inhalation | Source | Inhalation | Source |
| | | methanol (67-56-1) (toxicological | | | | | | | | |
| ETHANOL | 46.07 | surrogate) | 64175 | | | | 5.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 1.75E+03 | Calculated |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 88.11 | | 141786 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 106.17 | | 100414 | | | D | 2.86E-01 | IRIS | 1.00E+03 | IRIS |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 118.13 | ethyl acetate (141-78-6) | 687478 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| ETHYL-3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | 146.19 | Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate | 763699 | | | | 3.00E-01 | HEAST (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL | | | | | | | | | | |
| ETHER ACETATE | 132.16 | | 111159 | | | | 3.00E-01 | HEAST (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 62.07 | | 107211 | | | | 2.00E+00 | IRIS (rr) | 7.00E+03 | Calculated |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | 162.204 | | 7705080 | | | | | | | |
| FORMIC ACID | 46.0256 | | 64186 | | | | 8.60E-04 | PPRTV | 3.01E+00 | Calculated |
| GLYCERIN | 92.0944 | propylene glycol (57-55-6) | 56815 | | | | 8.60E-04 | PPRTV | 3.01E+00 | Calculated |
| GASOLINE | 108.00 | Reid pressure 7 psi gasoline | 8006619 | | | | 2.50E+00 | ENVIRON | 8.73E+03 | Calculated |
| HEPTANE | 100.20 | hexane (toxicological surrogate) | 142825 | | | | 5.71E-02 | IRIS | 2.00E+02 | IRIS |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | 161.39 | | 999973 | | | | | | | |
| HEXANE | 86.18 | | 110543 | | | | 5.71E-02 | IRIS | 2.00E+02 | IRIS |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | 36.4609 | | 7647010 | | | | 5.71E-03 | IRIS | 2.00E+01 | IRIS |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID | 20.0063 | hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0) | 7664393 | | | | 5.71E-03 | IRIS | 2.00E+01 | IRIS |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | | ethyl acetate (141-78-6) | | | | | | | | |
| | 116.1596 | (toxicological surrogate) | 110190 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | 144.2132 | | 97858 | | | | 3.00E-01 | HEAST (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | 75.1102 | cyclohexylamine (108-91-8) | 78966 | | | | | | | |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | 102.1328 | | 108214 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| JET FUEL/KEROSENE | 165.00 | | 8008206 | | | | 2.47E-01 | ENVIRON | 8.64E+02 | Calculated |
| METHANOL | 32.04 | | 67561 | | | | 5.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 1.75E+03 | Calculated |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | 72.11 | | 78933 | | | ID | 1.43E+00 | IRIS | 5.00E+03 | IRIS |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 100.16 | | 108101 | | | ID | 8.57E-01 | IRIS | 3.00E+03 | IRIS |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 84.93 | | 75092 | 1.65E-03 | IRIS | B2 | 8.57E-01 | HEAST | 3.00E+03 | HEAST |
| MINERAL OIL | | | 8012951 | | | | 1.45E+00 | ENVIRON | 5.09E+03 | Calculated |
| NAPHTHA | 110.0 | | 8030306 | | | | 1.54E+00 | ENVIRON | 5.38E+03 | Calculated |
| NAPHTHALENE | 128.1732 | | 91203 | 1.20E-01 | Reg IX | С | 8.57E-04 | IRIS | 3.00E+00 | IRIS |
| N-BUTANOL | 74.12 | | 71363 | | | D | 2.60E-03 | NCEA | 9.10E+00 | Calculated |
| NITRIC ACID | 63.0128 | | 7697372 | | | | | | | |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | 99.13 | N-nitrosopyrrolidine (930-55-2) | 872504 | | | | | | | |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | 102.13 | (toxicological surrogate) | 109604 | | | | 9.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 3.15E+03 | Calculated |
| PARAFFINIC HYDROCARBONS | 72.15 | | 64771728 | | | | 3.67E+00 | ENVIRON ^a | 12,858 | Calculated |
| | | and the second s | | | | | | LINVINOIN | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| PETROLEUM OIL | 282.00 | represented by motor oil | 8002059 | | | | 3.00E-02 | | 1.05E+02 | Calculated |
| PHENOL | 94.1128 | | 108952 | | | D | 3.00E-01 | IRIS (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |
| PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE | 336.74 | | 62384 | | | | 8.00E-05 | IRIS (rr) | 2.80E-01 | Calculated |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | 97.99506 | 1 | 7664382 | | | | 2.86E-03 | IRIS | 1.00E+01 | IRIS |
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | 74.15 | Dranidana shigal manamatirit | 63148629 | | | | | | | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL | 400.45 | Propylene glycol monomethyl | 400050 | | | | 0.005.0. | LIEAGE | 4.055.00 | |
| ETHER ACETATE | 132.16 | ether (107-98-2) | 108656 | | | | 3.00E-01 | HEAST (rr) | 1.05E+03 | Calculated |

Table 5 Chronic Toxicity Values Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | | | Chronic Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------|--|------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | Ca | Cancer Slope Factor (CSF) (mg/kg-day) ⁻¹ | | | Noncancer Reference Dose (RfD) (mg/kg-day) | | Reference (RfC) (ug/m³) |
| CHEMICAL | Molecular Weight | Represented by: | CAS# | Inhalation | Source | USEPA Weight of Evidence | Inhalation | Source | Inhalation | Source |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | 58.0798 | | 75569 | 1.30E-02 | | B2 | 8.57E-03 | IRIS | 3.00E+01 | IRIS |
| PYRIDINE | 79.1012 | | 110861 | | | | 1.00E-03 | IRIS (rr) | 3.50E+00 | Calculated |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 141.00 | | 8052413 | | | | 2.68E-01 | ENVIRON | 9.39E+02 | Calculated |
| STYRENE | 104.15 | | 100425 | | | | 2.86E-01 | IRIS | 1.00E+03 | IRIS |
| SULFOLANE | 120.17 | Diphenyl sulfone (127-63-9) | 126330 | | | | | | | |
| SULFURIC ACID | 98.0734 | | 7664939 | | | | | | | |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE | 165.83 | | 127184 | 2.10E-02 | Reg IX | | 1.00E-02 | Reg IX | 3.50E+01 | Reg IX |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 208.33 | | 78104 | | | | | | | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 72.11 | | 109999 | 6.80E-03 | NCEA | | 8.60E-02 | NCEA | 3.01E+02 | Calculated |
| TOLUENE | 92.14 | | 108883 | | | D | 1.14E-01 | IRIS | 4.00E+02 | IRIS |
| TRICHLOROETHYLENE | 131.39 | | 79016 | 4.00E-01 | NCEA | | 1.00E-02 | NCEA | 3.50E+01 | Calculated |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | 146.235 | ethylene diamine (107-15-3) | 112243 | | | | 9.00E-02 | PPRTV (rr) | 3.15E+02 | Calculated |
| XYLENES | 106.16 | | 1330207 | | | ID | 2.86E-02 | IRIS | 1.00E+02 | IRIS |

Notes

mg/kg-day = milligrams per kilogram per day

ug/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter

HEAST = Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables

ID = Inadequate data for determination of carcinogenic potential.

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System

NCEA = National Center for Environmental Assessment

PPRTV = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxcicity Values as cited in USEPA Region 9 Preliminary remediation Goals (USEPA 2004)

Reg IX = USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (USEPA 2004)

rr = route-to-route extrapolation from oral toxicity value.

USEPA = United States Environmental Protection Agency

Sources:

National Center for Environmental Assessment (NCEA). 2004. Cited in USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) 2004. San Francisco, CA. October.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group Series (TPHCWGS). 1997.Volume 4, Development of Fraction Specific Reference Doses (RfDs) and

Reference Concentrations (RfCs) for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH). Amherst Scientific Publishers. Amherst, Massachusetts.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 1997. Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST). FY 1997 Update. EPA 540-R-97-036.

Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response. Washington, D.C. July.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2004. USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) 2004. San Francisco, CA. October.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2005. Integrated risk information system (IRIS). Online database maintained by the USEPA. Cincinnati, OH. June.

^a Toxicity values were derived by ENVIRON to represent petroleum mixtures using methodology presented by the Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group (TPHCWG 1997).

TABLE 6
Derivation of Inhalation Reference Doses for Various TPH Fractions
Romic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | Noncancer Ref | erence Dose | | Weig | ht Fraction | in Generic Pr | oduct | | | Com | position We | eighted Inha | lation RfD ^f | |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|----------|----------|-------------|--------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Petroleum | | | | | TPH- | TPH- | Paraffinic | | | | TPH- | TPH- | Paraffinic | |
| Hydrocarbon Fraction/ | RfD (inh) | | TPH- | | Mineral | Jet Fuel/ | Hydrocarbon | TPH- | TPH- | | Mineral | Jet Fuel/ | Hydrocarbon | TPH- |
| Constituent | (mg/kg-day) | Source | Gasoline ^a | Naptha ^b | Spirits ^c | Kerosene ^d | s ^e | Diesel ^a | Gasoline | Naptha | Spirits | Kerosene | s | Diesel |
| Aliphatic C5-C6 | 5.70E+00 | ODEQ 2003 | 2.06E-01 | 1.06E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.30E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 1.17E+00 | 6.04E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.88E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Aliphatic >C6-C8 | 5.70E+00 | ODEQ 2003 | 2.20E-01 | 1.54E-01 | 1.30E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 3.05E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 1.25E+00 | 8.78E-01 | 7.41E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 1.74E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Aliphatic >C8-C10 | 3.00E-01 | ODEQ 2003 | 9.00E-02 | 1.51E-02 | 4.47E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-02 | 2.70E-02 | 4.53E-03 | 1.34E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 3.00E-02 | 6.00E-03 |
| Aliphatic >C10-C12 | 3.00E-01 | ODEQ 2003 | 3.00E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 3.82E-01 | 2.34E-01 | 9.00E-03 | 7.00E-02 | 9.00E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 1.15E-01 | 7.02E-02 | 2.70E-03 | 2.10E-02 |
| Aliphatic >C12-C16 | 3.00E-01 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 5.20E-03 | 5.42E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 3.50E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.56E-03 | 1.63E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 1.05E-01 |
| Aliphatic >C16-C21 | 2.00E+00 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.40E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 6.80E-01 |
| Aliphatic >C21-C34 | 2.00E+00 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Aromatic >C8-C10 | 6.00E-02 | ODEQ 2003 | 9.02E-02 | 1.66E-01 | 6.00E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 8.26E-02 | 2.52E-03 | 5.41E-03 | 9.96E-03 | 3.60E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 4.96E-03 | 1.51E-04 |
| Aromatic >C10-C12 | 6.00E-02 | ODEQ 2003 | 2.25E-02 | 5.70E-02 | 9.20E-02 | 6.60E-02 | 2.40E-02 | 7.40E-03 | 1.35E-03 | 3.42E-03 | 5.52E-03 | 3.96E-03 | 1.44E-03 | 4.44E-04 |
| Aromatic >C12-C16 | 6.00E-02 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 2.70E-03 | 1.54E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 8.00E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.62E-04 | 9.24E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 4.80E-03 |
| Aromatic >C16-C21 | 3.00E-02 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.20E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.60E-03 |
| Aromatic >C21-C34 | 3.00E-02 | ODEQ 2003 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| n-Hexane | 5.71E-02 | IRIS | 2.50E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.43E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Benzene | 8.57E-03 | IRIS | 2.40E-02 | 3.00E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 9.40E-03 | 2.90E-04 | 2.06E-04 | 2.57E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 8.06E-05 | 2.49E-06 |
| Toluene | 1.14E-01 | IRIS | 1.20E-01 | 1.96E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 4.97E-02 | 1.80E-03 | 1.37E-02 | 2.23E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 5.67E-03 | 2.05E-04 |
| Ethylbenzene | 2.86E-01 | IRIS | 2.00E-02 | 4.45E-02 | 3.00E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 1.64E-02 | 6.80E-04 | 5.72E-03 | 1.27E-02 | 8.58E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 4.69E-03 | 1.94E-04 |
| Total Xylenes | 2.86E-02 | IRIS | 1.10E-01 | 2.28E-01 | 4.90E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 7.29E-02 | 5.00E-03 | 3.15E-03 | 6.53E-03 | 1.40E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 2.08E-03 | 1.43E-04 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 1.70E-03 | PPRTV | 3.00E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 5.10E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 1.70E-03 | PPRTV | 9.80E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.80E-03 | 1.67E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.06E-06 |
| Naphthalene | 8.60E-04 | IRIS | 2.50E-03 | 2.00E-03 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 4.00E-04 | 2.60E-03 | 2.15E-06 | 1.72E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.44E-07 | 2.24E-06 |

Overall Inhalation RfD (mg/kg-day)⁹ 2.50E+00 1.54E+00 2.68E-01 2.47E-01 3.67E+00 8.22E-01

Notes:

IRIS = Integrated Risk Information System (USEPA 2005)

ODEQ = Oregon Department of Environmental Quality

PPRTV = Provisional Peer Reviewed Toxcicity Values (USEPA 2004)

TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

- a Compositions for TPH-gas and TPH-diesel taken from page F-1 (ODEQ 2003)
- b Composition for naptha taken from TPHCWG 1997 (volume 4, page 132).
- c Composition for TPH-mineral spirits taken from TPHCWG 1997 (volume 4, page 126).
- d Composition for TPH-jet fuel/kersene taken from TPHCWG 1997 (volume 4, page 136).
- e Composition for paraffinic hydrocarbons taken from TPHCWG 1997 (volume 4, page 129).
- f Values calculated by multiplying the petroleum hydrocarbon fraction-specific RfD by the weight fraction percentage represented by that structural carbon range or component.
- g Overall inhalation RfD calculated by summing all composition weighted RfDs associated with a specific mixture (e.g., TPH-gasoline).

Sources:

Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (ODEQ). 2003. Risk-Based Decision Making for the Remediation of Petroleum-Contaminated Sites. Land Quality Division. September 22.

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon Criteria Working Group (TPHCWG). 1997. Volume 4: Development of Fraction Specific Reference Doses (RfDs) and Reference Concentrations (RfCs) for Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH). Amherst Scientific Publishers. Amherst, Massachusetts.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2004. USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) 2004. San Francisco, CA. October.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2005. Integrated risk information system (IRIS). Online database maintained by the USEPA. Cincinnati, OH. April.

Table 7
Acute Toxicity Values
Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | Acute Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | | |
|--|----------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | Cal/EPA Acute | Texas Commission on Environmental | National | | rtment of ergy | ATSDR Acute |
| | | OSHA PELs | ACGIH TLVs | Reference Exposure Level (REL) | ESLs | Advisory Council AEGL-1 | ERPG-3 | TEEL-3 | Minimum Risk Levels MRLs |
| CHEMICAL | CAS# | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m ³) |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2- | 70404 | 7.005.00 | 7.005.00 | | 0.005.04 | | | 4.505.07 | |
| TRIFLUOROETHANE | 76131 | 7.60E+06 | 7.66E+06 | 0.005.04 | 3.80E+04 | 4.055.00 | 4.045.07 | 1.53E+07 | 4.005.04 |
| 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE 1.1.2-TRICHLOROETHANE | 71556 | 1.90E+06 | 1.91E+06 | 6.80E+04 | 1.08E+04 | 1.25E+06 | 1.91E+07 | 1.91E+07 | 1.09E+04 |
| , , | 79005 | 4.50E+04 | 5.46E+04 | | 5.50E+02 | | | 5.46E+05 | |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | 95501 | 3.00E+05 | 1.50E+05 | | 6.00E+02 | | | 1.20E+06 | |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 95636 | | 1.23E+05 | | 1.25E+03 | | | 7.37E+06 | |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | 108678 | | | | 1.25E+03 | | | 2.46E+06 | |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | 123911 | 3.60E+05 | 7.21E+04 | 3.00E+03 | 9.00E+02 | 6.13E+04 | | 1.80E+06 | 7.21E+03 |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (propylene | 107982 | | 3.69E+05 | | 3.70E+03 | | | 2.76E+06 | |
| glycol methyl ether) 2-BUTOXYETHANOL ACETATE | 107982 | | 3.69E+05 1.31E+05 | | 3.70E+03 3.10E+02 | | | 9.83E+05 | |
| | | | 1.31E+05 | | 3.10E+02 | | | 9.83E+05 | |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL 2-HEPTANONE | 19089475 | | 2.34E+05 | | 3.00E+02 | | | 3.74E+06 | |
| 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | 110430 | 4.65E+05 | 2.34E+05 1.52E+05 | | | | | | |
| | 78831 | 3.00E+05 | 1.52E+05 | | 1.52E+03 | | | 4.85E+06 | |
| 2-PENTANONE | 107879 | 7.00E+05 | 7.05E+05 | | 5.30E+03 | | | 5.28E+06 | |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE | 616455 | | | | 1.40E+02 | | | 1.39E+05 | |
| 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2-PENTANONE | 123422 | 2.40E+05 | 2.38E+05 | | 1.33E+03 | | | 8.55E+06 | |
| ACETIC ACID | 64197 | 2.50E+04 | 2.46E+04 | | 2.50E+02 | | 6.14E+05 | 6.14E+05 | |
| ACETONE | 67641 | 2.40E+06 | 1.19E+06 | | 5.90E+03 | 4.75E+05 | | 2.02E+07 | 6.18E+04 |
| ACETONITRILE | 75058 | 7.00E+04 | 3.36E+04 | | 3.40E+02 | 2.18E+04 | | 8.40E+05 | |
| ALCOHOLS | 67630 | 9.80E+05 | 4.92E+05 | 3.20E+03 | 7.85E+03 | | | 4.92E+06 | |
| AMYL ACETATE | 628637 | 5.25E+05 | 2.66E+05 | | 2.70E+01 | | | 5.32E+06 | |
| BENZENE | 71432 | 3.25E+04 | 1.60E+03 | 1.30E+03 | 7.50E+01 | 1.66E+05 | 3.19E+06 | 3.19E+06 | 1.60E+02 |
| BIOCIDE (acrolein) | 107028 | 2.50E+02 | | 1.90E-01 | 2.30E+00 | 6.88E+01 | 6.88E+03 | 6.88E+03 | 1.15E-01 |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | 79947 | | | | | | | | |
| BUTYL ACETATE | 123864 | 7.10E+05 | 7.13E+05 | | 1.85E+03 | | 1.43E+07 | 1.43E+07 | |
| BUTYL CELLOSOLVE | 111762 | 2.40E+05 | 9.67E+04 | 1.40E+04 | 2.40E+02 | | | 3.38E+06 | |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | 56235 | 6.29E+04 | 3.15E+04 | 1.90E+03 | 1.30E+02 | 2.77E+05 | 4.72E+06 | 4.72E+06 | |
| CHLOROBENZENE | 108907 | 3.50E+05 | 4.60E+04 | | 4.60E+02 | | | 4.60E+06 | |
| CHLOROFORM | 67663 | 2.40E+05 | 4.88E+04 | 1.50E+02 | 1.00E+02 | 3.12E+05 | 2.44E+07 | 2.44E+07 | 4.88E+02 |
| CRESOL | 1319773 | 2.20E+04 | 6.63E+04 | | 5.00E+00 | | | 3.32E+06 | |
| CYCLOHEXANE | 110827 | 1.05E+06 | 3.44E+05 | | 1.40E+03 | | | 4.47E+06 | |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | 108941 | 2.00E+05 | 8.03E+04 | | 4.80E+02 | | | 2.81E+06 | |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | 84742 | 5.00E+03 | 5.00E+03 | | 5.00E+01 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| DIESEL FUEL | - | 4.00E+05 | 1.80E+06 | | | | | | |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL BUTYL ETHER | 112345 | | | | 1.06E+03 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | 111400 | | 4.22E+03 | | 4.00E+01 | | | 4.22E+05 | |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | 68122 | 3.00E+04 | 2.99E+04 | | 3.00E+02 | 2.69E+05 | 5.98E+05 | 5.98E+05 | |
| ETHANOL | 64175 | 1.90E+06 | 1.88E+06 | 2.80E+04 | 1.88E+04 | 9.99E+05 | | 6.22E+06 | |
| ETHYL ACETATE | 141786 | 1.40E+06 | 1.44E+06 | | 1.44E+04 | | | 7.21E+06 | |
| ETHYL BENZENE | 100414 | 4.35E+05 | 4.34E+05 | | 2.00E+03 | | | 3.47E+06 | |
| ETHYL LACTATE | 687478 | 4.00E100 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | l | ı | | | |

Table 7
Acute Toxicity Values
Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | Acute Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| | | ogw. | A GGWY | Cal/EPA Acute | Texas Commission on Environmental | National | En | ergy | ATSDR Acute |
| | | OSHA | ACGIH | Reference Exposure | | Advisory Council | ERPG-3 | TEEL-3 | Minimum Risk |
| | | PELs | TLVs | Level (REL) | ESLs | AEGL-1 | _ | | Levels MRLs |
| CHEMICAL | CAS# | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) | (ug/m³) |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOETHYL | | _ | | | | | | | |
| ETHER ACETATE | 111159 | 5.40E+05 | 2.70E+04 | 1.40E+02 | 2.70E+02 | | | 2.70E+06 | |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | 107211 | | | | 2.60E+02 | | | 1.52E+05 | 1.27E+03 |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | 7705080 | | | | | | | 2.00E+05 | |
| FORMIC ACID | 64186 | 9.00E+03 | 9.41E+03 | | 9.00E+01 | | | 5.65E+04 | |
| GLYCERIN | 56815 | 5.00E+03 | 1.00E+04 | | 5.00E+01 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| GASOLINE | | 4.00E+05 | 1.80E+06 | | | | | | |
| HEPTANE | 142825 | 2.00E+06 | 1.64E+06 | | 3.50E+03 | 1.16E+07 | | 3.07E+06 | |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | 999973 | | | | 2.00E+02 | | | 3.50E+05 | |
| HEXANE | 110543 | 1.80E+06 | 1.76E+05 | | 1.76E+03 | 1.16E+07 | | 3.88E+06 | |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | 7647010 | 7.00E+03 | | 2.10E+03 | 7.50E+01 | 2.68E+03 | 2.24E+05 | 2.24E+05 | |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID | 7664393 | 2.45E+03 | 4.09E+02 | 2.40E+02 | 5.00E+00 | 8.18E+02 | 4.09E+04 | 4.09E+04 | 1.64E+01 |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | 110190 | 7.00E+05 | 7.13E+05 | | 6.30E+02 | | | 6.18E+06 | |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | 97858 | | | | 3.00E+03 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | 78966.00 | | | | 2.00E+02 | | | | |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | 108214 | 9.50E+05 | 4.18E+05 | | 3.76E+03 | | | 7.52E+06 | |
| JET FUEL/KEROSENE | 8008206 | | | | 1.00E+03 | | | 4.00E+05 | |
| METHANOL | 67561 | 2.60E+05 | 2.62E+05 | 2.80E+04 | 2.62E+03 | 6.95E+05 | 6.55E+06 | 6.55E+06 | |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | 78933 | 5.90E+05 | 5.90E+05 | 1.30E+04 | 3.90E+03 | 5.90E+05 | | 8.85E+06 | |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL KETONE | 108101 | 4.10E+05 | 2.05E+05 | | 2.05E+03 | | | 2.05E+06 | |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | 75092 | 4.41E+04 | 1.74E+05 | 1.40E+04 | 2.60E+02 | 6.95E+05 | 1.39E+07 | 1.39E+07 | 2.08E+03 |
| MINERAL OIL | 8012951 | 5.00E+03 | 5.00E+03 | 1.402104 | 5.00E+01 | 0.552105 | 1.002107 | 5.00E+05 | 2.002100 |
| NAPHTHA | 8030306 | 4.00E+05 | 1.80E+06 | | 3.50E+03 | | | 4.50E+06 | |
| NAPHTHALENE | 91203 | 5.00E+04 | 5.24E+04 | | 4.40E+02 | | | 1.31E+06 | |
| N-BUTANOL | 71363 | 3.00E+05 | 6.06E+04 | | 6.10E+02 | | | 4.24E+06 | |
| NITRIC ACID | 7697372 | 5.00E+03 | 5.15E+03 | 8.60E+01 | 5.00E+01 | 1.37E+03 | 2.01E+05 | 2.01E+05 | |
| N-METHYL-2-PYRROLIDONE | | 5.00E+03 | 5.15E+03 | 8.00E+01 | | 1.37E+03 | 2.01E+05 | | |
| | 872504 | | | ļ | 8.00E+02 | | | 1.62E+06 | |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | 109604 | 8.40E+05 | 8.35E+05 | | 6.30E+02 | | | 8.35E+06 | |
| PARAFFINIC HYDROCARBONS PETROLEUM OIL | 64771728 | 5.00E+03 | | | 5.00E+01 | | | 8.85E+05 | |
| PHENOL | 8002059 | | 5.00E+03 | | 3.50E+03 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| | 108952 | 1.90E+04 | 1.92E+04 | 5.80E+03 | 1.50E+02 | 5.77E+04 | 7.70E+05 | 7.70E+05 | |
| PHENYLMERCURIC ACETATE | 62384 | | | | | | | 1.00E+04 | |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | 7664382 | 1.00E+03 | 1.00E+03 | | 1.00E+01 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | 63148629 | | | | | | | 2.50E+05 | |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL | | | | | 0.005.00 | | | 0.045.65 | |
| ETHER ACETATE | 108656 | | | | 6.60E+02 | | | 3.24E+06 | |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | 75569 | 2.40E+05 | 4.75E+03 | 3.10E+03 | 7.00E+01 | 1.73E+05 | 1.78E+06 | 1.78E+06 | |
| PYRIDINE | 110861 | 1.50E+04 | 3.24E+03 | | 7.00E+01 | | | 3.24E+06 | |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 8052413 | 2.90E+06 | 5.77E+05 | 0.00E+00 | 3.50E+03 | | | 5.00E+05 | |
| STYRENE | 100425 | 4.33E+05 | 8.52E+04 | 2.10E+04 | 1.10E+02 | 8.52E+04 | 4.26E+06 | 4.26E+06 | |
| SULFOLANE | 126330 | | | | 2.00E+01 | | | | |
| SULFURIC ACID | 7664939 | 1.00E+03 | 2.00E+02 | | | 8.02E+02 | 3.00E+04 | 3.00E+04 | |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE | 127184 | 6.89E+05 | 1.70E+05 | 2.00E+04 | 3.40E+02 | 2.37E+05 | 6.78E+06 | 6.78E+06 | 1.36E+03 |
| TETRAETHYL ORTHOSILICATE | 78104 | 8.50E+05 | 8.52E+04 | 0.00E+00 | 8.50E+02 | | 2.56E+06 | 2.56E+06 | |

Table 7 Acute Toxicity Values Romic Facility - Chandler, Arizona

| | | | Acute Toxicity Criteria | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | | | | | Texas Commission on | | US Depa | rtment of | | |
| | | | | Cal/EPA Acute | Environmental | National | En | ergy | ATSDR Acute | |
| | | OSHA | ACGIH | Reference Exposure | Quality | Advisory Council | | | Minimum Risk | |
| | | PELs | TLVs | Level (REL) | ESLs | AEGL-1 | ERPG-3 | TEEL-3 | Levels MRLs | |
| CHEMICAL | CAS# | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | (ug/m ³) | |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | 109999 | 5.90E+05 | 1.47E+05 | | 5.90E+03 | | | 5.90E+06 | | |
| TOLUENE | 108883 | 7.66E+05 | 1.88E+05 | 3.70E+04 | 1.88E+03 | 7.54E+05 | 3.77E+06 | 3.77E+06 | 3.77E+03 | |
| TRICHLOROETHYLENE | 79016 | 5.46E+05 | 2.69E+05 | | 1.35E+03 | 6.99E+05 | 2.69E+07 | 2.69E+07 | 1.07E+04 | |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | 112243 | | | | 2.40E+02 | | | 5.00E+05 | | |
| XYLENES | 1330207 | 4.35E+05 | 4.34E+05 | 2.20E+04 | 3.70E+03 | 5.64E+05 | | 3.91E+06 | 4.34E+03 | |

Notes:

ug/m³ = micrograms per cubic meter

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AEGL = Acute Exposure Guideline Level (USEPA 2005)

Cal/EPA = California Environmental Protection Agency

ERPG = Emergency Response Planning Guideline

ESL = Effects Screening Levels (TCEQ 2003)

MRL - Minimal Risk Level

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL = Permissible Exposure Level (29 CFR § 1910.1000)

REL = Reference Exposure Level

Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

US = United States

Sources:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). 2005. TLVs® and BEIs® Based on the Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices. Cincinnati, OH.

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). 2005. Minimal Risk Levels (MRLs) for Hazardous Substances Atlanta, GA. July. Available at: http://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/mrls.html

California Environmental Protection Agency (CalEPA). 2000. All Acute Reference Exposure Levels Adopted by Office of Environmental Health (OEHHA). May.

Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). 2005. Title 29, Department of Labor. Part 1910, Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Subpart Z, Toxic and Hazardous Substances. Section 1910.1000, Air Contaminants. Table Z-1, Limits for Air Contaminants. (29 CFR § 1910.1000)

Available at: http://www.osha.gov/pls/oshaweb/owadisp.show_document?p_table=STANDARDS&p_id=9992

National Center for Environmental Assessment (NCEA). 2004. Cited in USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) 2004. San Francisco, CA. October.

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). 2003. Effects Screening Levels List. Available at: http://www.tceq.state.tx.us/implementation/tox/esl/list_main.html#esl_1 United States Department of Energy (USDOE). 2005. Environment, Safety and Health. ERPGs and TEELs. Available at:

http://www.eh.doe.gov/chem_safety/teel/TEELs_Rev20_Table3.pdf

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 1997. Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST). FY 1997 Update. EPA 540-R-97-036. Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response. Washington, D.C. July.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2004. USEPA Region 9 Preliminary Remediation Goals (PRGs) 2004. San Francisco, CA. October.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA). 2005. Acute Exposure Guideline Levels (AEGLs). Online database maintained by the USEPA. July.

Available at: http://www.epa.gov/oppt/aegl/chemlist.htm

TABLE 8 Summary of Chemicals of Potential Concern Rromic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | | | | Chronic | Acute | |
|---|------------|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | Is total mass | Is VP > | Toxicity | Toxicty | Select as |
| Chemical | AAQGS | >0.1%? | 0.1%? | Value | Value | COPC |
| 1,1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2- TRIFLUOROETHANE | | | | | | |
| | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,3,5-TRIMETHYLBENZENE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1,4-DIOXANE | Yes | Vac | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL 2-BUTOXYETHANOL | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ACETATE | | | | | | |
| | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2-ETHOXYETHYL ACETATE | Yes | V | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2-ETHOXYPROPANOL | | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| 2-HEPTANONE 2-METHYL-1-PROPANOL | Yes Yes | ++ | Yes Yes | Yes Yes | Yes Yes | Yes Yes |
| 2-METHYL-T-PROPANOL 2-PENTANONE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2-PROPANOL (ALCOHOLS) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| 2-PYRROLIDONE | 1 50 | Yes | No | NA NA | NA | Yes |
| 4-HYDROXY-4-METHYL-2- | Yes | 163 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ACETIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ACETONE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ACETONITRILE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| AMYL ACETATE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| BENZENE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| BIOCIDE (acrolein) | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| BROMINATED BISPHENOL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| BUTOXYETHANOL (BUTYL | | | | | | |
| CELLOSOLVE) | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| BUTYL ACETATE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| CARBON TETRACHLORIDE | Yes | 1 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| CHLOROBENZENE CHLOROFORM | Yes Yes | + | Yes Yes | Yes Yes | Yes Yes | Yes Yes |
| CRESOL | Yes | + | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| CUTTING OIL | 163 | Yes | No | NA NA | NA | Yes |
| CYCLOHEXANE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| CYCLOHEXANONE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DIBUTYL PHTHALATE | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DIESEL | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| DIETHYLENE GLYCOL | | | | | | |
| BUTYL ETHER | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DIETHYLENETRIAMINE | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ETHANOL | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYL ACETATE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYL BENZENE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYL LACTATE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| ETHYL-3- | | | | | | |
| ETHOXYPROPIONATE | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| ETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL | | | | 1 | | |
| ETHER ACETATE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| FERRIC CHLORIDE | Yes | | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| FORMALDEHYDE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| FORMIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GASOLINE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| GLYCERIN | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| HEPTANE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| HEXAMETHYLDISILAZANE | | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| HEXANE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

TABLE 8 **Summary of Chemicals of Potential Concern** Rromic Facility - Chandler, AZ

| | | | | Chronic | Acute | |
|-----------------------|-------|---------------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|
| | | Is total mass | Is VP > | Toxicity | Toxicty | Select as |
| Chemical | AAQGS | >0.1%? | 0.1%? | Value | Value | COPC |
| HYDROFLUORIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ISOBUTYL ACETATE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ISOBUTYL ISOBUTYRATE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| ISOPROPANOLAMINE | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| ISOPROPYL ACETATE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| JET FUEL | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| KEROSENE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| MERCURY | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| METHANOL | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| METHYL ETHYL KETONE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| METHYL ISOBUTYL | | | | | | |
| KETONE | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| METHYLENE CHLORIDE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| MINERAL OIL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| NAPHTHA | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| NAPHTHALENE | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| N-BUTANOL | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| NITRIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| N-METHYL-2- | | ., | | | | |
| PYRROLIDONE | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| N-PROPYL ACETATE | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| OIL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| PETROLEUM OIL | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| PHENOL | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| PHENYLMERCURIC | | | | | | |
| ACETATE | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| PHOSPHORIC ACID | Yes | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| POLYDIMETHYL SILOXANE | | Yes | No | NA | NA | Yes |
| PROPYLENE GLYCOL | | | | | | |
| METHYL ETHER ACETATE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| PROPYLENE OXIDE | Yes | res | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| PYRIDINE OXIDE | Yes | + | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| STODDARD SOLVENT | 163 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| STYRENE | Yes | 165 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| SULFOLANE | 163 | Yes | No | NA NA | NA | Yes |
| SULFURIC ACID | Yes | 163 | No | No | Yes | Yes |
| TETRACHLOROETHYLENE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| TETRAETHYL | 100 | 103 | 100 | 103 | 103 | 100 |
| ORTHOSILICATE | | | | | | |
| | | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes |
| TETRAHYDROFURAN | | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| TETRAHYDROTHIOPHENE- | | | | | | |
| 1,1-DIOXIDE | | Yes | No | NA NA | NA | Yes |
| TOLUENE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| TRICHLOROETHENE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| TRIETHYLENETETRAMINE | Yes | | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| XYLENE | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |

Notes:

AAQGS = Arizona Ambient Air Quality Guidelines COPC = Chemicals of Potential Concern VP = Vapor Pressure

ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT A

Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) Used to Speciate Generic Compounds and Mixtures Found in Facility Wastestreams

HUNTSMAN

DGA® Agent e-GradeTM

[CAS 929-06-6]

STRUCTURE

H,N-CH,CH,OCH,CH,OH

Mol. Wt. 105.14

DESCRIPTION

An essentially colorless, slightly viscous liquid with a mild amine odor. Miscible with water, alcohols, and aromatic hydrocarbons, but relatively immiscible with aliphatic hydrocarbons and ethyl ether. DGA[®] Agent e-GradeTM is isomeric with diethanolamine; however, the primary amine group makes it more reactive, and gives it a higher pKa.

SALES SPECIFICATIONS

The following sales specifications for this product are subject to change. The appropriate analytical procedures for these specifications are available on request.

| Test Determination | | Method of Specification |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Appearance | Clear liquid, substantially free of sus- pended matter | ST-30.1 |
| Color, Pt-Co | 35 max. | ST-30.12 |
| DGA, wt.% | 98 min. | ST-5.5 (titration) |
| Water, wt. % | 0.5 max. | ST-31.53,6 |
| Aluminum, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Antimony, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Arsenic, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Barium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Cadmium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |

| | * ^ | 1000/3.40 |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| Chromium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Cobalt, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Copper, ppb | 40 max. | ICP/MS |
| Gallium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Germanium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Gold, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Iron, ppb | 40 max. | ICP/MS |
| Lead, ppb | 30 max. | ICP/MS |
| Lithium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Magnesium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Manganese, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Nickel, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Potassium, ppb | 30 max. | ICP/MS |
| Silver, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Sodium, ppb | 25 max. | ICP/MS |
| Strontium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Tin, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Titanium, ppb | 50 max. | ICP/MS |
| Zinc, ppb | 30 max. | ICP/MS |
| | | |

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

| Assay by GC, wt.% | 97% min. |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Boiling point, 760 mm Hg, °C | 221 |
| Flash point, PMCC, °F | 255 |
| Freezing point, °C | -12.5 |
| pKa | 9.56 |
| Specific gravity, 20/20°C (68°F) | 1.0560 |
| Viscosity, cSt, 30°C | 20 |
| Vapor pressure, mm Hg, | |
| 68°F (20°C) | 0.003 |
| • | |

APPLICATIONS

Huntsman DGA® Agent e-GradeTM is used to formulate both wafer and PWB cleaning solvents. It is a water-soluble strong primary aminoglycol. Both the amine and glycol functions contribute to

Copyright © 1988, 2001 Huntsman Corporation 1159-101

Huntsman Corporation warrants only that its products meet the specifications stated herein. Typical properties, where stated, are to be considered as representative of current production and should not be treated as specifications. While all the information presented in this document is believed to be reliable and to represent the best available data on these products, NO GUARANTEE, WARRANTY, OR REPRESENTATION IS MADE, INTENDED, OR IMPLIED AS TO THE CORRECTNESS OR SUFFICIENCY OF ANY INFORMATION, OR AS TO THE SUITABILITY OF ANY CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS FOR ANY PARTICULAR USE, OR THAT ANY CHEMICAL COMPOUNDS OR USE THEREOF ARE NOT SUBJECT TO A CLAIM BY A THIRD PARTY FOR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT. EACH USER SHOULD CONDUCT A SUFFICIENT INVESTIGATION TO ESTABLISH THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS INTENDED USE. Products may be toxic and require special precautions in handling. For all products listed, user should obtain detailed information on toxicity, together with proper shipping, handling, and storage procedures, and comply with all applicable safety and environmental standards.

Main Offices: Huntsman Corporation / P.O. Box 27707 / Houston, Texas 77227-7707 / 713/235-6000

Technical Services Section: P.O. Box 15730 / Austin, Texas 78761 / 512/459-6543

its solvency. It has good corrosion properties toward copper and aluminum. Its volatility is appreciably less than the other common amines used in this application.

COPPER AND ALUMINUM CORROSION DATA

DGA[®] Agent e-Grade™ Corrosion Rates for Aluminum and Copper¹

The corrosion rates of aluminum and copper were measured in electronics grade DGA to determine potential loss rates of the metals when DGA is used as a solvent in electronics applications, such as a component in photoresist strippers. The results, shown below, provide the corrosion rates, in mils per year, for three concentrations of DGA at two different temperatures. The corrosion rates are comparable for the two metals at each set of conditions. Corrosion rates generally decrease with increasing concentrations.

Copper in DGA® Agent e-Grade™, Corrosion Rates (mpy)

Concentration

| in water | 23°C | 70°C |
|----------|------|------|
| 30% | 6.1 | 13.0 |
| 40% | 3.5 | 8.5 |
| 50% | 1.5 | 5.6 |

II. Aluminum in DGA[®] Agent e-GradeTM, Corrosion Rates (mpy)

Concentration

| in water | 23°C | 70°C |
|----------|------|------|
| 30% | 7.0 | 11.0 |
| 40% | 3.2 | 7.1 |
| 50% | 1.5 | 3.8 |

¹ These corrosion rates were measured electrochemically, using the polarization resistance technique. Eight individual corrosion measurements were made over a four-hour period. The results shown are the average values from all tests performed with constant air sparge to maintain an equilibrum concentration of dissolved oxygen that would be present for a fluid exposed to air. Electronics grade DGA was used (DGA^Φ Agent e-GradeTM). The metal alloys were, respectively, copper UNS-C11000 and aluminum UNS-93003.

AVAILABILITY

DGA® Agent e-Grade™ is available in 55-gallon plastic drums, and tank wagons.

SHIPPING

Available in coiled tank cars, tank wagons, and UN1A1 or UN1H1 steel drums, 480 pounds net. DOT label required: corrosive. Freight classification: Chemicals NOIBN. Available worldwide with manufacturing facilities in U.S. and Europe.

TOXICITY AND SAFETY

The principal health hazard from accidental exposure to DGA® Agent e-Grade™ is a moderate-to-severe irritation/corrosion of the eyes, skin, and mucous membranes. Chemical-type goggles with face shield must be worn during handling or use of the undiluted product or concentrated solutions. Contact lenses should not be worn. Protective clothing, and gloves resistant to chemicals and petroleum distillates, must be worn.

Should accidental eye contact occur, flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be held apart to permit rinsing of entire surface of eyes and lids. Get medical attention immediately. For skin contact, immediately flush skin with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Contaminated clothing should be laundered before reuse.

For further information, please refer to the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for this product.

Material Safety Data Sheet

1-Ethoxy-2-propanol,90-95%,remainder 2-eth oxy-1-propanol

ACC# 87116

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: 1-Ethoxy-2-propanol,90-95%,remainder 2-eth oxy-1-propanol

Catalog Numbers: AC259050000, AC259050010, AC259050025

Synonyms:

Company Identification:

Acros Organics N.V. One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information in North America, call: 800-ACROS-01 For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

| CAS# | Chemical Name | Percent | EINECS/ELINCS |
|-------------|--|---------|---------------|
| 1 1509-02-4 | 1-Ethoxy-2-propanol, 90-95%, remainder 2- ethoxy-1-propanol | 90~95% | 216-374-5 |

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: clear, colorless liquid. Flash Point: 42 deg C.

Caution! Flammable liquid. Irritant. Causes eye and skin irritation. Causes digestive and respiratory

tract irritation.

Target Organs: None.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes eye irritation. Contact produces irritation, tearing, and burning pain. Lachrymator (substance which increases the flow of tears).

Skin: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Inhalation: Causes respiratory tract irritation.

Chronic: Not available.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid.

Inhalation: Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. Get medical aid if cough or other symptoms appear.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Combustible liquid. Can form explosive mixtures at temperatures above the flashpoint.

Extinguishing Media: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or alcohol-resistant foam.

Flash Point: 42 deg C (107.60 deg F)

Autoignition Temperature: 255 deg C (491.00 deg F)

Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: Not published.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid breathing dust, vapor, mist, or gas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. **Storage:** Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a tightly closed container. Flammables-area.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

Exposure Limits

| Chemical Name | ACGIH | NIOSH | OSHA - Final PELs |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| 1-Ethoxy-2-propanol, 90- 95%, remainder 2-ethoxy- 1-propanol | none listed | none listed | none listed |

OSHA Vacated PELs: 1-Ethoxy-2-propanol, 90-95%, remainder 2-ethoxy-1-propanol: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear chemical splash goggles.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to minimize contact with skin.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid
Appearance: clear, colorless

Odor: Not available. pH: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 5.3 mbar @ 20 deg C

Vapor Density: 3.59 (air=1) Evaporation Rate:Not available. Viscosity: 2.08 cP 20 deg C

Boiling Point: 132 deg C @ 760.00mm Hg **Freezing/Melting Point:**-100 deg C

Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

Solubility: soluble in water

Specific Gravity/Density:.8960g/cm3

Molecular Formula:C5H12O2 Molecular Weight:104.14

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Conditions to Avoid: Light, exposure to air, temperatures above 40°C. Incompatibilities with Other Materials: oxidizing agents, strong acids Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 1569-02-4: UB5250000

LD50/LC50: CAS# 1569-02-4:

Draize test, rabbit, eye: 100 mg/24H Moderate;

Inhalation, rat: LC50 = >10000 ppm/4H;

Oral, rat: LD50 = 4400 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 7000 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 8100 mg/kg;

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 1569-02-4: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No information available. **Teratogenicity:** No information available.

Reproductive Effects: No information available.

Mutagenicity: No information available. **Neurotoxicity:** No information available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

| | US DOT | Canada TDG |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Shipping Name: | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. | No information available. |
| Hazard Class: | 3 | |
| UN Number: | UN1993 | |
| Packing Group: | III | |

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 1569-02-4 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

ΧI

Risk Phrases:

R 10 Flammable.

R 36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Safety Phrases:

S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S 37/39 Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 1569-02-4: 1

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 1569-02-4 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B3, D2B.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 9/02/1997 Revision #2 Date: 3/18/2003

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.



TurboCLEARTH PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

TurboCLEAR[™] 3B

EMERGENCY NUMBERS

IN CASE OF EMERGENCIES SUCH AS PRODUCT SPILLS, CALL:

CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 USA (TOLL FREE)
CANUTEC (613) 996-6666 CANADA (CALL COLLECT)

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier:

Eaglebrook, Inc.
4801 Southwick Drive
Suite 200
Matteson, IL 60443

CANADA

Eaglebrook, Inc. of Canada
626 Oak Park Road
Brantford, Ontario
N3T 5L8

Telephone: (708) 747-5038 (519) 759-7570 (800) 654-8373 (800) 265-0712

Product Name: TurboCLEAR™ PC-3B
Chemical Family: Polynuclear inorganic salt

Formula: $Al_2(OH)_5Cl \cdot 2H_2O$

Synonym: Polyaluminum chloride, aluminum chlorohydrate. **Product Use:** Coagulant for the treatment of swimming pools

and spa waters.



TurboCLEAR*** PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component

CAS#

WT/WT%

CGIH TLV

Aluminum Chlorohydrate

12042-91-0

30 - 60

2 mg/m³ (Al)

WHMIS Classification:

Not required

OSHA Classification:

Physical: Not required

Health: Not required

Target Organs: None known.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Principal Risk:

Irritating of skin, eyes and mucous membranes.

Potential Effects on Health:

SKIN CONTACT: May cause irritation, swelling, or dermatitis. Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation. A single, prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the materials being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

EYE CONTACT: Will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes and lids, watering of eyes, and inflammation of the conjunctiva.

INGESTION: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause nausea and vomiting. May cause liver and kidney effects.

INHALATION: Not a likely route of entry, however, may irritate respiratory tract.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE: *Small Quantities*: nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps, diarrhea. *Large Quantities*: Ulcerations and necrosis of the mucous membranes in the throat, mouth, and esophagi plus small quantity effects, liver or kidney damage, intense thirst.

EFFECTS OF CHRONIC EXPOSURE: Mist will irritate respiratory tract. Possible dermatitis.



TurboCLEAR™ PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid: In every case of overexposure seek medical attention.

Move victim to fresh air.

Skin Contact: Remove all contaminated clothing. Wash affected area

with soap and water. If irritation persists, seek medical

attention.

Eye Contact: Flush immediately with water for 15 minutes. Seek

immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen or artificial

respiration if required.

Ingestion: If conscious, give two (2) glasses of water. DO NOT

INDUCE VOMITING. Do not give anything by mouth to

an unconscious person. Seek medical attention.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: None Method: PMCC

Flammable Limits: LOWER: Not flammable. UPPER: Not flammable.

Autoignition: Not flammable.

Hazardous Combustion Product: HCl gas may be released in a fire.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Extinguish main fire with appropriate

firefighting media. Containers can build up

pressure if exposed to heat (fire). Use dry chemical, CO₂ or water spray. As in any fire, wear self-contained

breathing apparatus (SCBA), pressure-demand MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full

protective equipment.



TurboCLEART* PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill, Leak, Accidental

Restrict access until clean-up operations are complete. Ensure clean up is conducted by trained personnel only. Wear adequate personal protective equipment. Ventilate spill area if possible. Dam to prevent spreading. Neutralize with soda ash and soak up with absorbent material. Transfer to metal drum for disposal. Wash affected area with water. Notify appropriate government occupational heath and safety/environmental authorities when applicable. Contact an approved waste hauler for disposal of contaminated recovered material.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Ensure that all containers are labelled. Treat as any dilute acid. Avoid contact with metal. Avoid skin and eye contact. Wear appropriate protective clothing. Store in dry rubber-lined, plastic or FRP vessels. Keep storage temperature between 10 and 30 °C. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use and when empty. Product should be used within one (1) year.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Due to its low volatility and toxicity, the hazard potential associated with this material is relatively low.

Ventilation: Local ventilation.

Gloves: Impervious gloves (neoprene recommended).

Eyes: Monogoggles or face shield.

Respirator: Not likely an inhalation hazard unless HCl mist forms. If so, use

canister-type respirator at low concentration (<1%) and a MSHA or

NIOSH-approved respirator.

Clothing: Rubber boots, pants, and coat depending on degree of exposure.



TurboCLEAR** PC-38

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Clear Blue

Odor: Slight

Form: Liquid

pH as is: 3.8 ± 0.3

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 17 mm Hg 20 °C

Boiling Point: 105 ± 5 °C (221 \pm 41 °F)

Freezing Point: $<-7 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (19.4 \pm 35.6 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Specific Gravity (20°C): $1.340 \pm 0.010 \text{ (H}_2\text{O} = 1)$

Evaporation Rate: Slow Vapor Density (Air=1): 1.3

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

Does not undergo self-polymerization or decomposition.

Hazardous Decomposition:

Under fire conditions, HCl gas may be released.

Conditions to Avoid:

High temperature decomposition. Avoid contact with alkalis and metal.

Incompatible Materials:

Reacts with zinc and aluminum to form hydrogen gas. Contact with strong alkalies (e.g. ammonia and its solutions, carbonates, sodium hydroxide (caustic), potassium hydroxide, chlorites) may generate heat, splattering or boiling and toxic vapors.





TurboCLEART* PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY:

Not available

ACUTE INTRAPERITONEAL TOXICITY: Not available

CARCINOGENICITY:

Not considered carcinogenic by NTP,

IARC, or OSHA.

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT:

Moderate skin and eye.

TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: None known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

BIOCHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAND (5-day BOD): Not available

CHEMICAL OXYGEN DEMAN (COD): Not available

TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC): Not available

DAPHNIA MAGNA:

Not available

RAINBOW TROUT:

Not available

FATHEAD MINNOW:

Not available

NOEC: Not available

LOEC: Not available

CERIODAPHNIA DUBIA: Not available

NOEC: Not available

LOEC: Not available



TurboCLEAR™ PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

13. <u>DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS</u>

Disposal of wastes in an approved incinerator or waste treatment/disposal site, in accordance with all Federal, Provincial/State and Local regulations. Do not dispose of wastes in local sewer or with normal garbage.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Shipping Name:

Not regulated

Hazardous Class:

N/A

UN Number:

N/A

Packing Group:

N/A

IMO Class: N/A IATA/ICAO Class: N/A

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

WHMIS:

Not required

HMIS/NFPA:

HEALTH: 1

FLAMMABILITY: 0 REACTIVITY: 0

CEPA:

This substance or all ingredients of this product are listed on

the DSL. The presence on this list does not require any legal

reporting.

NPRI:

Not reportable.

Responsible Care®

Member - American Chemistry Council (ACC)



TurboCLEAR*** PC-3B

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

SARA TITLE III HAZARD CATEGORIES AND LISTS:

ACUTE (IMMEDIATE) HEALTH: Yes

EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE: No

(40 CFR 355, SARA Title III Section 302)

CHRONIC (DELAYED) HEALTH: No FIRE: No

CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE: No (40 CFR 302.4)

REACTIVITY: No

SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE: No

TOXIC CHEMICAL: No (40 CFR 372.65, SARA Title III Section 313)

TSCA: This substance or all ingredients of this product are listed on the

Chemical Substances Inventory of the TSCA. Does not require reporting.

Risk Phrases: R22 - Harmful if swallowed

Safety Phrases: S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice. \$36/37/39 - Wear suitable

protective clothing, gloves and eye protection.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

ACGIH: American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists

AWWA: American Water Works Association CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

CEPA: Canadian Environmental Protection Act

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act **CFR:** Code of Federal Regulations **CIRC:** Cancer International Research Center

DOT: Department of Transport DSL: Domestic Substance List

FRP: Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic HEPA: High Efficiency Particulate Arresting

HMIS: Hazardous Material Information System LEL: Lower Explosive Limit

LC₅₀: The concentration of material in air expected to kill 50% of a group of test animals.

LD₅₀: Lethal dose expected to kill 50% of a group of test animals.

LOEC: Lowest observed effect concentration

N/A: Not Applicable NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NFPA: National Fire Protection Agency

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health





TurboCLEAR** PC-38

(Material Safety Data Sheet)

16. (Cont'd)

NTP: National Toxicology Program OSHA: Occupation Health and Safety Administration

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Substances

SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of the US EPA TDG: Transport of Dangerous Goods TLV: Threshold Limit Value

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA: Time Weight Average

UEL: Upper Explosive Limit

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

Eaglebrook, Inc., and Eaglebrook, Inc. of Canada / L'Environnement Eaglebrook
Québec provide the foregoing information in good faith and make no
representations as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is
intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material
by a properly trained person using the product. Individuals receiving the
information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its
appropriateness for a particular purpose.

EAGLEBROOK, INC., AND EAGLEBROOK, INC. OF CANADA/
L'ENVIRONNEMENT EAGLEBROOK QUÉBEC MAKE NO
REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED,
INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF
MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH
RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE
PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. ACCORDINGLY,
EAGLEBROOK, INC., AND EAGLEBROOK, INC. OF CANADA /
L'ENVIRONNEMENT EAGLEBROOK QUÉBEC DISCLAIM
RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OR
RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

MSDS Prepared on September 22, 2003 by:

Eaglebrook - 4801 Southwick Drive Suite 200 Matteson, IL 60443 (800) 654 – 8373

Lakes Environmental Software HOME AIR TOXICS INDEX STORE

1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE

(PROPYLENE DICHLORIDE)

Please Note: The main source of information for this fact sheet is the Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry's (ATSDR's) *Toxicological Profile for 1,2-Dichloropropane*. Other sources include EPA's Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), which contains information on inhalation chronic toxicity of 1,2-dichloropropane and the RfC, and the Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS), a database of toxic effects that are not peer reviewed.

Environmental/Occupational Exposure

- * 1,2-Dichloropropane has been detected at low levels in ambient air, with an average level in air of about 0.022 ppb. (1)
 - * 1,2-Dichloropropane has been detected in a few drinking water supplies. A nationwide survey of groundwater supplies showed that 1.4 percent of these supplies contained 1,2-dichloropropane at levels around 1 ppb. (1,2)
 - * Occupational exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane may occur during its production, during its use in chemical reactions or as an industrial solvent, or from evaporation from wastewater that contains the chemical. (1)

Assessing Personal Exposure

• * Medical tests can detect 1,2-dichloropropane in urine and blood. 1,2-Dichloropropane leaves the body quickly, and thus the tests should be done soon after the exposure. (1)

Health Hazard Information

Acute Effects:

- o * Acute (short-term) exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane in humans from inhalation and oral exposure results in effects on the gastrointestinal system, blood, liver, kidneys, and central nervous system. Additional effects noted in humans, from inhalation exposure only, are effects on the lung (chest discomfort, dyspnea [shortness of breath], and cough) and the eyes (conjunctival hemorrhages). (1)
 - * Animal studies have reported effects on the respiratory system, liver, kidneys, eyes, and central nervous system from acute inhalation exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane. (1)
 - * Tests involving acute exposure of animals, such as the LC_{50} and LD_{50} tests in rats, have shown 1,2-dichloropropane to have moderate acute toxicity from inhalation and oral exposure. (1,3)

Chronic Effects (Noncancer):

- No information is available on the effects from chronic (long-term) exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane in humans from inhalation or oral exposure. (1)
 - * Chronic animal studies, via inhalation exposure, have reported effects on the respiratory system and blood, while oral animal studies have noted effects on the blood, liver, and central nervous system. (1,4)
 - * The RfC for 1,2-dichloropropane is 0.004 mg/m³ based on hyperplasia of the nasal mucosa in rats. (5)
 - * EPA has high confidence in the study on which the RfC was based because it used an adequate number of animals, exposure concentrations, and controls, examined three species, focused on known target organs, and the incidence and severity of the nasal lesions were exposure-related; medium confidence in the database because there are no chronic inhalation studies; and, consequently, medium confidence in the RfC. (5)
 - * EPA has not established an RfD for 1,2-dichloropropane. (5)

Reproductive/Developmental Effects:

- * A case was reported of a woman who was hospitalized with metrorrhagia (bleeding from the uterus between menstrual periods) after acute inhalation exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane. No other information is available on the reproductive or developmental effects of 1,2-dichloropropane in humans. (1)
 - * No reproductive effects were noted in several animal inhalation studies. (1)
 - * Developmental effects, such as an increased incidence of delayed ossification of the bones of

the skull, and reproductive effects such as testicular degeneration and increased incidences of infection of the ovary, uterus, or other organs, have been observed in animals exposed to 1,2-dichloropropane by gavage (experimentally placing the chemical in the stomach). It is not known if the infections observed were related to 1,2-dichloropropane treatment since controls were also infected. (1)

Cancer Risk:

- * No studies are available regarding carcinogenic effects in humans from inhalation or oral exposure to 1,2-dichloropropane. (1)
 - * An increased incidence of mammary gland tumors in female rats and liver tumors in male and female mice were reported in studies in which 1,2-dichloropropane was given by gavage. (1,6)
 - * EPA has classified 1,2-dichloropropane as a Group B2, probable human carcinogen. (7)
 - * EPA's Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, for a hazard ranking under Section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act Amendments, has ranked 1,2-dichloropropane in the nonthreshold category. The 1/ED₁₀ value is 0.36 per (mg/kg)/d and this would place it in the low category under Superfund's ranking for carcinogenic hazard. (7)

Physical Properties

- * The chemical formula for 1,2-dichloropropane is $C_3H_6Cl_2$, and the molecular weight is 112.99 g/mol. (1)
 - * 1,2-Dichloropropane is a colorless liquid which evaporates quickly at room temperature. (1)
 - * 1,2-Dichloropropane has a chloroform-like odor and an odor threshold of 0.25 ppm. (1)
 - * The vapor pressure for 1,2-dichloropropane is 49.67 mm Hg at 25 EC, and it has a log octanol/water partition coefficient (log K_{ow}) of 1.99. (1)

Uses

- * 1,2-Dichloropropane is used as a chemical intermediate in the production of chlorinated organic chemicals, as an industrial solvent, in ion exchange manufacture, in toluene diisocyanate production, in photographic film manufacture, for paper coating, and for petroleum catalyst regeneration. (1)
 - * 1,2-Dichloropropane was used in the past as a soil fumigant for a variety of crops. This use has been discontinued, and pesticide formulations containing 1,2-dichloropropane are no longer available in the United States. (1)

Health Data from Inhalation Exposure

| Concentration (mg/m ³) | Health numbers ^a | Regulatory, advisory numbers ^b | Reference |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 10,000.0 | | | |
| _ | • * LC ₅₀ (rats) | | 1 |
| | (9,242 mg/m ³) | | |
| | | | |
| 1,000.0 | | | |
| _ | | • * OSHA PEL and ACGIH STEL | 6 |
| | | (508 mg/m ³) | |
| 100.0 | | * OSHA PEL and ACGIH TLV (347 mg/m ³) | |
| | | | |
| _ | | | |
| _ | | manuscon property and construction of the cons | |
| 10.0 | | COLOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P | |
| 10.0 | * LOAEL (rats) | | 5 |
| | $(1.3 \text{ mg/m}^3)^c$ | | |
| - Valenta | | | |
| | | | ************************************** |
| 1.0 | | | |
| | | | |

| | | | AND CONTRACTOR CONTRAC |
|-------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| - | | | distribution of the control of the c |
| 0,1 | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | The state of the s | |
| 0.01 | | | |
| | • | | 5 |
| | 製 | | |
| - | a * RfC | | 77 THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER |
| | * RfC (0.004 mg/m ³) | | The state of the s |
| 0.001 | | | |

• ACGIH STELCAmerican Conference of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists' short-term exposure limit; 15-min time-weighted-average exposure that should not be exceeded at any time during a workday even if the 8-h time-weighted-average is within the threshold limit value.

ACGIH TLVCAmerican Conference of Governmental and Industrial Hygienists' threshold limit value expressed as a time-weighted average; the concentration of a substance to which most workers can be exposed without adverse effects.

 LC_{50} (Lethal Concentration₅₀)CA calculated concentration of a chemical in air to which exposure for a specific length of time is expected to cause death in 50% of a defined experimental animal population.

LOAELCLowest-observed-adverse-effect level.

OSHA PELCOccupational Safety and Health Administration's permissible exposure limit expressed as a time-weighted average; the concentration of a substance to which most workers can be exposed without adverse effect averaged over a normal 8-h workday or a 40-h workweek.

RfCCReference concentration.

^a Health numbers are toxicological numbers from animal testing or risk assessment values developed by EPA.

^b Regulatory numbers are values that have been incorporated in Government regulations, while advisory numbers are nonregulatory values provided by the Government or other groups as advice.

^c This LOAEL is from the critical study used as the basis for the EPA RfC.

References

- 1. Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR). *Toxicological Profile for 1,2-Dichloropropane* (Draft). U.S. Public Health Service, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. 1989.
 - 2. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. *Health Advisory for 1,2-Dichloropropane*. Office of Drinking Water, Washington, DC. 1987.
 - 3. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS, online database). National Toxicology Information Program, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, MD. 1993.
 - 4. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB, online database). National Toxicology Information Program, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, MD. 1993.
 - 5. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. *Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) on 1,2-Dichloropropane*. Environmental Criteria and Assessment Office, Office of Health and Environmental Assessment, Office of Research and Development, Cincinnati, OH. 1993.
 - 6. E.J. Calabrese and E.M. Kenyon. *Air Toxics and Risk Assessment*. Lewis Publishers, Chelsea, MI. 1991.
 - 7. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. *Technical Background Document to Support Rulemaking Pursuant to the Clean Air ActCSection 112(g). Ranking of Pollutants with Respect to Hazard to Human Health.* EPAB450/3-92-010. Emissions Standards Division, Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards, Research Triangle Park, NC. 1994.



Home | Products | Demos | Support | Online Store | Courses | Contact Us Digital Terrain Data | Links to Agencies | Air Toxics Index | FREE US EPA Models

> Copyright © 1995-2002 Lakes Environmental Software Send your comments to: webmaster(aweblakes.com

FISKE BROTHERS REFINING CO -- FISKE'S THREAD-EZY CLEAR CUTTING OIL -- 9150-01-013-5281

MSDS Safety Information

FSC: 9150

NIIN: 01-013-5281 MSDS Date: 01/01/1999

MSDS Num: CKVRD

Tech Review: 11/02/2000

Product ID: FISKE'S THREAD-EZY CLEAR CUTTING OIL

Responsible Party

Cage: 9N579

Name: FISKE BROTHERS REFINING CO

Address: 1500 OAKDALE AVE

Box: 8038

City: TOLEDO OH 43605-3843 US Info Phone Number: 419-691-2491 Emergency Phone Number: 800-255-3924

Contractor Summary

Cage: 9N579

Name: FISKE BROTHERS REFINING CO

Address: 1500 OAKDALE AVE City: TOLEDO OH 43605 US Phone: 419-691-2491

Item Description Information

Item Manager: S9G
Item Name: CUTTING FLUID
Specification Number: NONE
Type/Grade/Class: NONE
Unit of Issue: GL
UI Container Qty: 0
Type of Container: CAN

Ingredients

Name: OIL MIST IN AIR (NOT ENCOURAGED IN NORMAL AIR)

OSHA PEL: 5 MG/M3 ACGIH TLV: 5 MG/M3

Health Hazards Data

Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO

IARC: NO OSHA: NO

Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: PROLONGED OR REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. PRODUCT CONTACTING THE EYES MAY CAUSE EYE IRRITATION. HUMAN HEALTH RISKS VARY FROM PERSON TO PERSON. AS A PRECAUTION, EXPOSURE TO LIQUIDS, VAPORS, MISTS AND FUMES SHOULD BE MINIMIZED. THIS PRODUCT HAS A LOW ORDER OF ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY, BUT MINUTE AMOUNTS ASPIRATED INTO THE LUNGS DURING INGESTION MAY CAUSE MILD RO SEVERE PULMONARY INJURY.

First Aid: EYE-FLUSH WITH CLEAR WATER FOR 15 MINS OR UNTIL SUBSIDES. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. SKIN-REMOVE ANY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING & WASH WITH SOAP & WARM WATER. IF INJECTED BY HIGH PRESSURE UNDER SKIN, REGARDLESS OF THE APPERANCE/SIZE, CONTACT PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY. DELAY MAY CAUSE LOSS OF AFFECTED PART OF THE BODY. INHALATION-VAPOR PRESSURE IS VERY LOW & INHALATION AT ROOM TEMPERATURE IS NOT A PROBLEM. IF OVERCOME BY VAPOR FROM HOT PRODUCT, IMMEDIATELY

REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE & CALL A PHYSICIAN. IF OVER-EXPOSED TO OIL MIST, REMOVE FROM EXPOSURE. INGESTION-CALL A PHYSICIAN IMMEDIATELY. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: RECOVER LIQUID, WASH REMAINDER WITH SUITABLE PETROLEUM SOLVENT OR ADD ABSORBENT. KEEP PETROLEUM PRODUCTS OUT OF SEWER AND WATER COURSES. ADVISE AUTHORITIES IF PRODUCT HAS ENTERED OR MAY ENTER SEWERS A ND WATER COURSES.

Waste Disposal Methods: ASSURE CONFORMITY WITH APPLICABLE DISPOSAL REGULATIONS. DISPOSE OF ABSORBED MATERIAL AT AN APPROVED WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITY OR SITE.

Handling And Storage Precautions: KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. DO NOT HANDLE OR STORE NEAR HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME, OR STRONG OXIDANTS. Other Precautions: AVOID BREATHING OIL MIST. REMOVE OIL-SOAKED CLOTHING

AND LAUNDER BEFORE RESUE. CLEANSE SKIN THOROUGHLY AFTER CONTACT.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Method: COC Flash Point: =176.7C, 350.F

Lower Limits: 0.9 Upper Limits: 7.0

Extinguishing Media: FOAM, DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE OR WATER SPRAY (FOG).

Fire Fighting Procedures: COOL EXPOSED CONTAINERS WITH WATER. USE AIR-SUPPLIED BREATHING EQUIPMENT FOR ENCLOSED OR CONFINED SPACES.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: DO NOT STORE OR MIX WITH STRONG OXIDANTS. EMPTY CONTAINERS RETAIN RESIDUE. DO NOT CUT, DRILL, GRIND, OR WELD, AS THEY MAY EXPLODE.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: NORMALLY NOT NEEDED.

Ventilation: LOCAL EXHAUST: USED TO CAPTURE FUMES AND VAPORS.

Protective Gloves: USE OIL-RESISTANT GLOVES, IF NEEDED. Eye Protection: IF CHANCE OF EYE CONTACT, WEAR GOGGLES.

Other Protective Equipment: USE OIL-SOAKED APRON IF NEEDED.

Supplemental Safety and Health: GENERIC/CHEMICAL NAME: PETROLEUM LUBRICATING OIL. FORMULA: MINERAL OIL, FATTY OIL AND SULFUR.

Physical/Chemical Properties

HCC: V6

Boiling Point: >287.8C, 550.F

M.P/F.P Text: LIQUID Vapor Pres: <0.01 Vapor Density: >5 Spec Gravity: 0.92

Appearance and Odor: TRANSPARENT DARK OIL WITH FATTY ODOR.

Reactivity Data

Stability Indicator: YES

Materials To Avoid: AVOID CONTACT WITH STRONG OXIDANTS LIKE LIQUID CHLORINE, CONCENTRATED OXYGEN.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: MAY FORM S02. IF INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION, CARBON MONOXIDE.

Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO

Toxicological Information

Toxicological Information: THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: 5 MG/M3 FOR OIL MIST IN AIR. OSHA REGULATION 29 CFR 1910.1000. ______ Ecological Information _______ MSDS Transport Information Other Information Other Information: HAZARDOUS MATERIAL IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM (): HEALTH-1, FLAMMIBILITY-1, REACTIVITY-0. NOT A CONTROLLED PRODUCT UNDER (W) -CANADA. Transportation Information Responsible Party Cage: 9N579 Trans ID NO: 155227 Product ID: FISKE'S THREAD-EZY CLEAR CUTTING OIL MSDS Prepared Date: 01/01/1999 Review Date: 11/02/2000 Article W/O MSDS: N Net Unit Weight: 7.7 LBS Limited Quantity IND: N Multiple KIT Number: 0 Unit Of Issue: GL Container QTY: 0 Type Of Container: CAN Detail DOT Information DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION _______ Detail IMO Information IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION ______ Detail IATA Information _______ IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION Detail AFI Information ______ AFI Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION HAZCOM Label Product ID: FISKE'S THREAD-EZY CLEAR CUTTING OIL Cage: 9N579 Company Name: FISKE BROTHERS REFINING CO Street: 1500 OAKDALE AVE City: TOLEDO OH Zipcode: 43605 US Health Emergency Phone: 800-255-3924 Date Of Label Review: 11/02/2000

Respiratory Protection IND: NO

Eye Protection IND: YES Skin Protection IND: YES Signal Word: CAUTION

Health Hazard: Slight

Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: Slight Reactivity Hazard: None

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility for the suitability of this information to their particular situation regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or other government situation.

COASTAL CORP -- DIESEL FUEL NO. 2 (HIGH SULFUR) -- 0000-

MSDS Safety Information

MSDS Date: 04/04/2000

MSDS Num: CLCXH

Tech Review: 05/18/2001

Product ID: DIESEL FUEL NO. 2 (HIGH SULFUR)

Responsible Party

Cage: 46684

Name: COASTAL CORP

Address: 9 GREENWAY PLAZA City: HOUSTON TX 77046 US Info Phone Number: 713-877-6

Info Phone Number: 713-877-6732 Emergency Phone Number: 713-877-1400

Resp. Party Other MSDS No.: MSDS NUMBER: A0108.MSD

Chemtrec IND/Phone: (800) 424-9300

Contractor Summary

Cage: 46684

Name: COASTAL CORP

Address: 9 GREENWAY PLAZA City: HOUSTON TX 77046 US

Phone: 713-877-6732

Ingredients

Cas: 68476-34-6

Name: DIESEL FUEL NO. 2 Percent by Wt: 100.

Ozone Depleting Chemical: N

Health Hazards Data

LD50 LC50 Mixture: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER

IARC: NO OSHA: NO

Effects of Exposure: ACUTE: EYE: SLIGHT TO MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. SKIN: MODERATELY TO EXTREMELY IRRITATING. INHALATION: IRRITATING TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. INGESTION: STOMACH IRRITATION. ASPIRATION HAZ ARD IF VOMITING OCCURS. INHALATION: IRRITATING TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. CHRONIC: PROLONGED AND REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE DERMATITIS.

Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: SKIN: MAY CAUSE REDNESS, DRYING, BURNS OR BLISTERING OF SKIN. INHALATION: WILL PRODUCE SYMPTOMS OF INTOXICATION SUCH AS HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, VOMITING, AND LOSS OF COORDINATION. INGESTION: GAST RITIS, MILD EXCITATION, LOSS AND CAPILLARY HEMORRHAGING OF THE LUNG AND INTERNAL ORGANS. ASPIRATION HAZARD IF VOMITING OCCURS.

Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: MAY AGGRAVATE PRE-EXISTING DERMATITIS. MIDDLE DISTILLATES HAVE CAUSED SKIN CANCER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH (NIOSH) BASED

First Aid: EYE: FLUSH THOROUGHLY WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. SKIN: COOL THE EXPOSED AREA IMMEDIATELY. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. IMMEDIATELY WASH AFFECTED AREAS WITH SOAP AND WA TER. INHALATION: REMOVE TO FREAH AIR. APPLY ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION IF NOT BREATHING. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IF SPONTANEOUS VOMITING OCCURS, HOLD THE VICTIMS HEAD LOW ER THAN THEIR HIPS TO PREVENT ASPIRATION.

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: REMOVE SOURCES OF HEAT OR IGNITION INCLUDING INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES AND POWER TOOLS. CLEAN UP THE SPILL, BUT DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWER OR SURFACE WATER. VENTILATE AREA AND AVOID BREATHING VAPORS OR M ISTS.

Neutralizing Agent: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSE THROUGH A LICENSED WASTE DISPOSAL COMPANY. FOLLOW APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL WASTE DISPOSAL REGULATIONS.

Handling And Storage Precautions: STORE IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINERS IN A DRY, COOL PLACE, AWAY FROM SOURCES OF HEAT OR IGNITION. GROUND AND BOND ALL TRANSFER AND STORAGE EQUIPMENT TO PREVENT STATIC SPARKS AND EQUIP WITH SELF-CLOSING VALVES, PRESSURE VACUUM BUNGS AND FLAME ARRESTORS.

Other Precautions: EMPTY CONTAINERS MAY CONTAIN RESIDUE (LIQUID OR VAPOR) AND CAN BE DANGEROUS. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Method: PMCC Flash Point: =51.7C, 125.F

Autoignition Temp: =257.2C, 495.F

Lower Limits: 0.6 Upper Limits: 7.5

Extinguishing Media: DRY CHEMICAL, CARBON DIOXIDE, FOAM, AND WATER SPRAY Fire Fighting Procedures: USE A WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE-EXPOSED CONTAINERS. USE A SMOTHERING TECHNIQUE FOR EXTINGUISHING FIRE OF THIS COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID. DO NOT USE A FORCED WATER STREAM DIRECTLY ON OIL FIRES AS THIS WILL SCA TTER THE FIRE. FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR SELF CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: FLOWING OIL CAN BE IGNITED BY SELF-GENERATED STATIC ELECTRICITY.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: USE APPROVED RESPIRATORY PROTECTION EQUIPMENT FOR CLEANING LARGE SPILLS OR ENTRY INTO LARGE TANKS, VESSELS OR OTHER CONFINED SPACES.

Ventilation: PROVIDE ADEQUATE GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL VENTILATION TO MAINTAIN AIRBORNE CHEMICAL CONCENTRATIONS BELOW APPLICABLE EXPOSURE LIMITS.

Protective Gloves: IMPERVIOUS GLOVES

Eye Protection: CHEMICAL SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES. REMOVE CONTACT LENSES Other Protective Equipment: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER

Work Hygienic Practices: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Supplemental Safety and Health: SYNONYMS: PETROLEUM DISTILLATE, DIESEL. NOTE: THIS PRODUCT MAY RELEASE GASES OR VAPORS THAT CAN DISPLACE OXYGEN IN ENCLOSED AREAS.

Physical/Chemical Properties

HCC: F4

B.P. Text: 300 TO 675EF Vapor Pres: 1.6 MMHG @ 20EC Vapor Density: 8(AIR=1) Spec Gravity: 60/60F: 0.87

Viscosity: 1.9-4.1 CST @ 40 DEG C Evaporation Rate & Reference: 0.1 Solubility in Water: INSOLUBLE

Appearance and Odor: CLEAR OR AMBER TO DARK BROWN LIQUID, MILD PETROLEUM ODOR

ODOR

```
Reactivity Data
Stability Indicator: YES
Stability Condition To Avoid: STABLE UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF USE. AVOID
 HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME AND BUILD-UP OF STATIC ELECTRICITY.
Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, SULFUR
 DIOXIDE AND HYDROCARBONS
Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO
Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR
Toxicological Information
Toxicological Information: NO DATA AVAILABLE.
Ecological Information
Ecological: NO DATA AVAILABLE.
MSDS Transport Information
Transport Information: DIESEL FUEL, 3, NA1993, PACKING GROUP III.
Regulatory Information
Sara Title III Information: SECTION 302 EPCRA EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS
 SUBSTANCE (EHS): NONE. SECTION 304 CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE: NONE.
 SECTION 311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIZATION: ACUTE: X, CHRONIC: X, FIRE: X.
 SECTION 313 EPCRA TOXIC SUBSTANCES: NONE.
Federal Regulatory Information: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.
State Regulatory Information: CHEMICALS KNOW TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO
 CAUSE CANCER, BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM MAY BE FOUND IN
 CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS. ALTHOUGH IT IS POSSIBLE TO
 SUFFICIENTLY REFINE A C RUDE OIL OR ITS END PRODUCTS TO REMOVE THE
 POTENTIAL FOR CANCER, WE ARE ADVISING THAT ONE OR MORE OF THE LISTED
 CHEMICALS MAY BE PRESENT IN SOME DETECTABLE QUANTITIES. READ AND FOLLOW
 DIRECTIONS AND U SE CARE WHEN HANDLING CRUDE OIL AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.
Other Information
Other Information: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER
Transportation Information
Responsible Party Cage: 46684
Trans ID NO: 157014
Product ID: DIESEL FUEL NO. 2 (HIGH SULFUR)
MSDS Prepared Date: 04/04/2000
Review Date: 05/18/2001
Article W/O MSDS: N
Limited Quantity IND: N
Multiple KIT Number: 0
Review IND: N
Unit Of Issue: CY
Type Of Container: CYLINDER
Additional Data: SHIPPING NAME IS PER MSDS.
Detail DOT Information
________
DOT PSN Code: EXF
```

Symbols: D

```
DOT Proper Shipping Name: DIESEL FUEL
Hazard Class: 3
UN ID Num: NA1993
DOT Packaging Group: III
Label: NONE
Special Provision: B1
Non Bulk Pack: 203
Bulk Pack: 242
Max Qty Pass: 60 L
Max Qty Cargo: 220 L
Vessel Stow Reg: A
Detail IMO Information
IMO PSN Code: FOY
IMO Proper Shipping Name: DIESEL FUEL
IMDG Page Number: 3375
UN Number: 1202
UN Hazard Class: 3.3
IMO Packaging Group: III
Subsidiary Risk Label: -
EMS Number: 3-07
MED First Aid Guide NUM: 311
Detail IATA Information
IATA PSN Code: JEV
IATA UN ID Num: 1202
IATA Proper Shipping Name: DIESEL FUEL
IATA UN Class: 3
IATA Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID
UN Packing Group: III
Packing Note Passenger: 309
Max Quant Pass: 60L
Max Quant Cargo: 220L
Packaging Note Cargo: 310
Exceptions: A3
Detail AFI Information
AFI PSN Code: JEV
AFI Proper Shipping Name: DIESEL FUEL
AFI PSN Modifier: ,ALSO SEE GAS OIL
AFI Hazard Class: 3
AFI UN ID NUM: UN1202
AFI Packing Group: III
Special Provisions: P5
Back Pack Reference: A7.3
HAZCOM Label
Product ID: DIESEL FUEL NO. 2 (HIGH SULFUR)
Cage: 46684
Company Name: COASTAL CORP
Street: 9 GREENWAY PLAZA
City: HOUSTON TX
Zipcode: 77046 US
Health Emergency Phone: 713-877-1400
Date Of Label Review: 05/18/2001
Chronic Hazard IND: Y
Eye Protection IND: YES
Skin Protection IND: YES
```

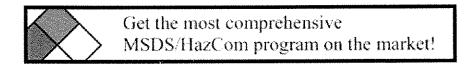
Signal Word: DANGER

Respiratory Protection IND: NO

Health Hazard: Moderate Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: Severe

Reactivity Hazard: None. CONTACT MAY IRRITATE SKIN AND EYES. INHALATION OF VAPORS MAY IRRITATE RESPIRATORY TRACT, CAUSE INTOXICATION. HARMFUL IF INGESTED.

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of
Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly
or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any
application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the
Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any
instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all
liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not
a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should
seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility
for the suitability of this information to their particular situation
regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or
other government situation.



Material Safety Data Sheet

SECTION I - Material Identity

SECTION II - Manufacturer's Information

SECTION III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

SECTION V - Reactivity Data

SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data

SECTION VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

SECTION VIII - Control Measures

SECTION IX - Label Data

SECTION X - Transportation Data

SECTION XI - Site Specific/Reporting Information

SECTION XII - Ingredients/Identity Information

SECTION I - Material Identity

Item Name

Part Number/Trade Name ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE

National Stock Number 6810PEZ049

CAGE Code 63415

Part Number Indicator A

MSDS Number 185669

HAZ Code B

SECTION II - Manufacturer's Information

Manufacturer Name SPECTRUM CHEMICAL MFG. CORP Street 14422 S. SAN PEDRA STREET

City GARDENA

State CA
Country US
Zip Code 90248

Emergency Phone 800-424-9300 Information Phone 310-516-8000

MSDS Preparer's Information

Date MSDS Prepared/Revised 25AUG99

Active Indicator

Alternate Vendors

SECTION III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

| Specification Number | N/R |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Specification Type/Grade/Class | N/R |
| Hazard Storage Compatibility Code | NR |
| NRC License Number | NR |
| Net Propellant Weight (Ammo) | NR |
| Appearance/Odor | COLORLESS LIQUID |
| Boiling Point | 338 F |
| Melting Point | NR |
| Vapor Pressure | <1 |
| Vapor Density | 5.03 |
| Specific Gravity | 1 |
| Decomposition Temperature | N/R |
| Evaporation Rate | N.R |
| Solubility in Water | VERY SLIGHTLY |
| Percent Volatiles by Volume | NR |
| Chemical pH | N/R |
| Corrosion Rate | N/R |
| Container Type | M |
| Container Pressure Code | 1 |
| Temperature Code | 4 |
| Product State Code | L |
| | |

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

| Flash Point Method Lower Explosion Limit Upper Explosion Limit | UNK N/R N/R |
|--|---|
| Extinguishing Media | SMALL FIRE: USE DRY CHEMICAL POWDER. LARGE FIRE: USE ALCOHOL FOAM, WATER, SPRAY OR FOG. COOL VESSELS WITH WATER JET |
| Special Fire Fighting Procedures | N/R |
| Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazards | N/R |

SECTION V - Reactivity Data

| Stability | YES |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Stability Conditions to Avoid | N/R |
| Materials to Avoid | REACTIVE WITH OXIDIZING AGENTS, METALS |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products | NR |
| Hazardous Polymerization | NO |
| Polymerization Conditions to Avoid | WILL NOT OCCUR |

LD50 - LD50 Mixture

NR

SECTION VI - Health Hazard Data

Route of Entry: Skin YES Route of Entry: Ingestion YES Route of Entry: Inhalation YES

Health Hazards - Acute and Chronic IRRITANT TO SKIN AND EYES. SLIGHTLY HAZ IN CASE OF

INHALATION. (LUNG IRRITANT)

CHRONIC: N/R

Carcinogenity: NTP NR NR Carcinogenity: IARC NR Carcinogenity: OSHA Explanation of Carcinogenity NR

Symptoms of Overexposure Medical Cond. Aggrevated by Exposure

Emergency/First Aid Procedures

BREATHING DIFFICULTY,

[EYES] FLUSH W/ WATER FOR 15 MINUTES [SKIN] WASH W/ SOAP AND WATER, REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING, LAUNDER BEFORE REUSE [INHAL] REMOVE TO FRESH AIR [INGEST] DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING,

NEVER GIVE ANYTHING TO AN

UNCONSCIOUS PERSON

SECTION VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

ABSORB WITH AN INERT MATERIAL AND Steps if Material Released/Spilled

PUT THE SPILLED MATERIAL IN A APPROPRIATE WASTE DISPOSAL

N/R Neutralizing Agent

Waste Disposal Method DISPOSE IAW FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL

REGS

Handling and Storage Precautions KEEP LOCKED UP, KEEP AWAY FROM

HEATAND SOURCES OF IGNITION. GROUD EQUIP CONTAINING MATERIAL. WEAR

SUITABLE PPE

AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES. Other Precautions

> KEEP AWAY FROM INCOMPATIBLES SUCH AS OXIDIZING AGENTS, METALS. SEEK MEDICA ADVICE IMMEDIATELY AND SHOW

CONTAINER ON LABEL

SECTION VIII - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection

Ventilation

Protective Gloves Eye Protection Other Protective Equipment NIOSH APPROVED RESPIRATOR

PROVIDE PROPER EXHAUST

"GLOVES" CHEM GOGGLES LAB COAT

ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE

Work Hygenic Practices WASH HANDS AFTER USE

Supplemental Health/Safety Data NR Disposal Code 0

SECTION IX - Label Data

| Protect Eye | YES |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Protect Skin | YES |
| Protect Respiratory | YES |
| Chronic Indicator | NO |
| Contact Code | SLIGHT |
| Fire Code | UNKNOWN |
| Health Code | UNKNOWN |
| React Code | UNKNOWN |
| Specific Hazard and Precaution | NO TARGET ORGANS LISTED |
| | |

SECTION X - Transportation Data

| Container Quantity | 1 |
|--------------------|----|
| Unit of Measure | LB |

SECTION XI - Site Specific/Reporting Information

| Volatile Organic Compounds | (P/G) | 7.92 |
|----------------------------|-------|----------|
| Volatile Organic Compounds | (G/L) | 949.1236 |

SECTION XII - Ingredients/Identity Information

| Ingredient # | | 01 | |
|-----------------|----|--------------------------|--|
| Ingredient Name | | ETHYL 3-ETHOXYPROPIONATE | |
| CAS Number | | 763699 | |
| Proprietary | N. | NO | |
| Percent | | 100 | |
| | | | |



Enforcement Advisory: #149: Reid Vapor Pressure of Gasoline
This page updated May 28, 2003.

| Advisory | Fuel Specific |
|------------|---------------|
| Number 149 | Februa |

REID VAPOR PRESSURE OF GASOLINE

The purpose of this advisory is to remind all producers, importers, blenders, distributors, haulers an retailers of gasoline in California of their responsibilities concerning the Reid vapor pressure (RVP) fuel. The RVP regulation is seasonal and geographical, and therefore requires periodic review.

Section 2262.1 (formerly Section 2251.5) of Title 13 of the California Code of Regulations states that the basic regulatory control period, no person shall sell, offer for sale, dispense, supply, offer for suppression to California gasoline which has an RVP exceeding 7.00 pounds per square inch. Section 22 further states that during the additional regulatory control period, gasoline production facilities and in facilities are required to meet the 7.00 psi RVP limit one month before terminals and retailers. The additional regulatory control period also applies to parties when they transport gasoline directly from production or import facility.

Sometimes gasoline will be produced or imported in an air basin that is subject to a regulatory contr period, but will be shipped for sale in another air basin where the control periods have not yet beguing Therefore, the regulation exempts gasoline being sold from a production or import facility during an additional regulatory control period where demonstrated precautions have been taken to assure the gasoline will be delivered to service stations in air basins where neither regulatory control period has begun. It also exempts sales in an air basin where the basic regulatory control period applies if there been demonstrated precautions assuring the gasoline will only be delivered to service stations where are not subject to the basic regulatory control period.

The following table lists the air basins, the basic regulatory control periods, and the additional regulatory control periods for gasoline producers and importers.

| Air Basins | Basic Regulatory Control Period | Additional Regulatory Control Period (Producers & Importers) |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| South Coast and Ventura County | April 1 - October 31 | March 1 - March 31 |
| San Diego | April 1 - October 31 | March 1 - March 31 |
| South East Desert | April 1 - October 31 | March 1 - March 31 |
| | | |

| Great Basin Valley | May 1 - September 30 | April 1 - April 30 |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|
| San Francisco Bay Area | May 1 - October 31 | April 1 - April 30 |
| San Joaquin Valley | May 1 - October 31 | April 1 - April 30 |
| Sacramento Valley | May 1 - October 31 | April 1 - April 30 |
| Mountain Counties | May 1 - October 31 | April 1 - April 30 |
| Lake Tahoe | May 1 - October 31 | April 1 - April 30 |
| North Coast | June 1 - September 30 | May 1 - May 31 |
| Lake County | June 1 - September 30 | May 1 - May 31 |
| Northeast Plateau | June 1 - September 30 | May 1 - May 31 |
| North Central Coast | June 1 - October 31 | May 1 - May 31 |
| South Central Coast (Except Ventura County) | June 1 - October 31 | May 1 - May 31 |

Be advised that the Air Resources Board Compliance Division routinely samples gasoline and tests vapor pressure and other required specifications. Additionally, it is imperative that all producers, implenders, distributors, and haulers ascertain the intended location for use of the fuel they market an transport, and take steps to ensure that all gasoline is sold or supplied according to the requirement regulations.

If you have questions regarding this advisory, please contact Mr. Mark Stover, Manager, Fuels Field Enforcement Section at (916) 322-2056.

James R. Ryden, Chief
Enforcement Division
California Air Resources Board
Post Office Box 2815, Sacramento, CA 95812

Advisories

Top of Page

A Department of the California Environmental Protection Agency

Page 1 of 8 Equiva Services - MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Revision Date: 09/29/2004

SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: Shell™ Hydraulic Oil 46

MSDS NUMBER: 60170E - 3

PRODUCT CODE(S): 65237, 6523700055

MANUFACTURER ADDRESS: SOPUS Products, P.O. Box 4427, Houston, TX. 77210-4427

TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Spill Information: (877) 242-7400 Health Information: (877) 504-9351 MSDS Assistance Number: (877) 276-7285

SECTION 2 PRODUCT/INGREDIENTS

CAS# CONCENTRATION INGREDIENTS Hydraulic Oil

Blend 90 - 98.99 %weight Highly refined petroleum oils Mixture 1 - 2.99 %weight Additives

SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance & Odor: Amber, clear liquid. Mild odor.

Health Hazards: No known immediate health hazards. High-pressure injection

under the skin may cause serious damage. Physical Hazards: No known physical hazards.

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity): 0, 1, 0

Hazard Rating:Least - 0 Slight - 1 Moderate - 2 High - 3

Extreme - 4

Inhalation:

Inhalation of vapors (generated at high temperatures only) or oil mist may cause mild irritation of the nose, throat, and respiratory tract.

Eve Irritation:

Lubricating oils are generally considered no more than minimally irritating to the eyes.

Skin Contact:

May cause slight irritation of the skin. If irritation occurs, a temporary burning sensation and minor redness and/or swelling may result. Release of the material during high-pressure applications may result in injection under the skin causing possible extensive tissue damage which is difficult to heal. Other adverse effects not expected from brief skin contact.

Ingestion:

Lubricating oils are generally no more than slightly toxic if swallowed.

Signs and Symptoms:

Irritation as noted above. Local necrosis is evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours following injection.

Aggravated Medical Conditions:

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure to this product.

For additional health information, refer to section 11.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.

Skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wipe excess from skin. Flush skin with water, then wash with soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing until cleaned. If material is injected under the skin, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment.

Eye:

Flush with water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. In general, no treatment is necessary unless large quantities of product are ingested. However, get medical attention. Have victim rinse mouth out with water, then drink sips of water to remove taste from mouth. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Note to Physician:

In general, emesis induction is unnecessary in high viscosity, low volatility products such as oils and greases.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point [Method]: 400 °F -440 °F/204.44 °C -226.67 °C [Cleveland Open Cup]

Extinguishing Media:

Material will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective Measures:

May burn although not readily ignitable.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment when cleaning up spills. Refer to Section 8.

Spill Management:

FOR LARGE SPILLS: Remove with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels.

FOR SMALL SPILLS: Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material. Place in non-leaking container and seal tightly for proper disposal.

Reporting:

CERCLA: Product is covered by EPA's Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) petroleum exclusion. Releases to air, land, or water are not reportable under CERCLA (Superfund).

CWA: This product is an oil as defined under Section 311 of EPA's Clean Water Act (CWA). Spills into or leading to surface waters that cause a sheen must be reported to the National Response Center, 1-800-424-8802.

SECTION 7

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautionary Measures:

Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles such as shoes or belts that cannot be decontaminated. Avoid heat, open flames, including pilot lights, and strong oxidizing agents. Use explosion-proof ventilation to prevent vapor accumulation. Ground all handling equipment to prevent sparking.

Storage:

Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames and high temperatures.

Container Warnings:

Keep containers closed when not in use. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain explosive vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

CHORLON C. PUDOCUPE COMPOSE (PEDCONAL DEOCRECATION

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Oil mist, mineral ACGIH TLV TWA: 5 mg/m3 STEL: 10 mg/m3 Oil mist, mineral OSHA PEL TWA: 5 mg/m3

EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Provide adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment (PPE) selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as handling practices, concentration and ventilation.

Information on the selection of eye, skin and respiratory protection for use with this material is provided below.

Eye Protection:

Chemical Goggles, or Safety Glasses

Skin Protection:

Use protective clothing which is chemically resistant to this material. Selection of protective clothing depends on potential exposure conditions and may include gloves, boots, suits and other items. The selection(s) should take into account such factors as job task, type of exposure and durability requirements.

Published literature, test data and/or glove and clothing manufacturers indicate the best protection is provided by:
Neoprene, or Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator must be worn. Respirator selection, use and maintenance should be in accordance with the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard, 29 CFR 1910.134.

Types of respirator(s) to be considered in the selection process include: For Mist: Air Purifying, R or P style NIOSH approved respirator. For Vapors: Air Purifying, R or P style prefilter & organic cartridge, NIOSH approved respirator. Self-contained breathing apparatus for use in environments with unknown concentrations or emergency situations.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance & Odor: Amber, clear liquid. Mild odor.

Substance Chemical Family: Lubricants

API Gravity: 30 - 32.3

Appearance: Amber, clear liquid.

Flash Point: 400 °F - 440 °F [Cleveland Open Cup]

Pour Point: -10 °F - 0 °F

Specific Gravity: 0.8856

Viscosity: 30 cSt - 100 cSt @ 40 °C

SECTION 10 REACTIVITY AND STABILITY

Stability:

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat and open flames.

Materials to Avoid:

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Thermal decomposition products are highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids and gases will evolve when this material undergoes pyrolysis or combustion. Aldehydes, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, Ketones, Methacrylate monomers and other unidentified organic compounds may be formed upon combustion.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Toxicity

Dermal LD50 >5.0 g/kg(Rabbit) OSHA: Non-Toxic Based on components(s) Oral LD50 >5.0 g/kg(Rat) OSHA: Non-Toxic Based on components(s) Carcinogenicity Classification

Hydraulic Oil

NTP: No IARC: Not Reviewed ACGIH: No OSHA: No

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environmental Impact Summary:

There is no ecological data available for this product. However, this product is an oil. It is persistent and does not readily biodegrade. However, it does not bioaccumulate.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Information:

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the material to determine, at the time of the disposal, whether the material meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because material uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may affect the classification. Refer to the latest EPA, state and local regulations regarding proper disposal.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US Department of Transportation Classification
This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

Oil: This product is an oil under 49CFR (DOT) Part 130. If shipped by rail or highway in a tank with a capacity of 3500 gallons or more, it is subject to these requirements. Mixtures or solutions containing 10% or more of this product may also be subject to this rule.

International Air Transport Association Not regulated under IATA rules.

International Maritime Organization Classification

Page 6 of 8

Equiva Services - MSDS

Not regulated under International Maritime Organization rules.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

FEDERAL REGULATORY STATUS

OSHA Classification:

Product is hazardous according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200, because it carries the occupational exposure limit for mineral oil mist.

Ozone Depleting Substances (40 CFR 82 Clean Air Act):
This material does not contain nor was it directly manufactured with any Class I or Class II ozone depleting substances.

Superfund Amendment & Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III:

There are no components in this product on the SARA 302 list.

SARA Hazard Categories (311/312):
Immediate Health:NO Delayed Health:NO Fire:NO Pressure:NO Reactivity:NO

SARA Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (313): There are no components in this product on the SARA 313 list.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Status: All component(s) of this material is(are) listed on the EPA/TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

Other Chemical Inventories: Component(s) of this material is (are) listed on the Australian AICS, Canadian DSL, Chinese Inventory, European EINECS, Korean Inventory,

Philippines PICCS,

State Regulation

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the MSDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state.

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision#: 3

Revision Date: 09/29/2004

Revisions since last change (discussion): This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) has been reviewed to fully comply with the guidance contained in the ANSI MSDS standard (ANSI Z400.1-1998). We encourage you to take the opportunity to read the MSDS and review the information contained therein.

SECTION 17 LABEL INFORMATION

READ AND UNDERSTAND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET BEFORE HANDLING OR DISPOSING OF PRODUCT. THIS LABEL COMPLIES WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200) FOR USE IN THE WORKPLACE. THIS LABEL IS NOT INTENDED TO BE USED WITH PACKAGING INTENDED FOR SALE TO CONSUMERS AND MAY NOT CONFORM WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY ACT OR OTHER RELATED REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.

PRODUCT CODE(S): 65237, 6523700055

Shell™ Hydraulic Oil 46

ATTENTION!

PROLONGED OR REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE OIL ACNE OR DERMATITIS. HIGH-PRESSURE INJECTION UNDER SKIN MAY CAUSE SERIOUS DAMAGE.

Precautionary Measures:

Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing of vapors, fumes, or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

FIRST AID

Inhalation: If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or CPR as required and transport to the nearest medical facility. Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wipe excess from skin. Flush skin with water, then wash with soap and water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Do not reuse clothing until cleaned. If material is injected under the skin, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. If redness, swelling, pain and/or blisters occur, transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. Eye Contact: Flush with water. If irritation occurs, get medical attention. Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. In general, no treatment is necessary unless large quantities of product are ingested. However, get medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration. Have victim rinse mouth out with water, then drink sips of water to remove taste from mouth.

FIRE

In case of fire, Material will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water.

SPILL OR LEAK

Dike and contain spill.

FOR LARGE SPILLS: Remove with vacuum truck or pump to storage/salvage vessels.

FOR SMALL SPILLS: Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material. Place in non-leaking container and seal tightly for proper disposal.

CONTAINS: Highly refined petroleum oils, Blend; Additives, Mixture

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reactivity): 0, 1, 0

TRANSPORTATION

US Department of Transportation Classification
This material is not subject to DOT regulations under 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

Oil: This product is an oil under 49CFR (DOT) Part 130. If shipped by rail or highway in a tank with a capacity of 3500 gallons or more, it is subject to these requirements. Mixtures or solutions containing 10% or more of this product may also be subject to this rule.

CAUTION: Misuse of empty containers can be hazardous. Empty containers can be hazardous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers might cause fire, explosion or toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose to open flames or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place.

Name and Address

SOPUS Products P.O. Box 4427 Houston, TX 77210-4427

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

MANUFACTURER ADDRESS: SOPUS Products, P.O. Box 4427, Houston, TX.

77210-4427

Company Product Stewardship & Regulatory Compliance Contact: Timothy W Childs Phone Number: (713) 241-1524

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA SHEET IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AT THIS TIME, AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BASED UPON THAT: IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INFORMATION, AND NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, UNDERLYING DATA OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY, PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE, AND ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OR EFFECT OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR LEGAL ADVISOR OR THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCY. WE WILL NOT PROVIDE ADVICE ON SUCH MATTERS, OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE UNDERLYING DATA, AND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN AS A RESULT OF THAT DATA, IS THE PROPERTY OF SOPUS PRODUCTS AND IS NOT TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SALE OR EXCHANGE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF SOPUS PRODUCTS.

43309-11719-100R-09/29/2004

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

EQUILON MSDS: 67422E-05 01/04/99

SHELL INK OIL 211 TELEPHONE NUMBER:

24 HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

EQUIVA SERVICES: 877-276-7283

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

NAME AND ADDRESS

EQUILON ENTERPRISES LLC PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP P.O. BOX 674414

HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

SECTION I

NAME

PRODUCT: SHELL INK OIL 211

CHEM NAME: MIXTURE (SEE SECTION II-A)

CHEM FAMILY: PETROLEUM HYDROCARBON; BASE STOCK

SHELL CODE: 86509

HEALTH HAZARD: 1 FIRE HAZARD: 1 REACTIVITY: 0

SECTION II-A

PRODUCT/INGREDIENT

NO.

COMPOSITION

CAS NO.

PERCENT

GENERAL MSDS ASSISTANCE

877-276-7285

SHELL INK OIL 211

HIGHLY REFINED PETROLEUM OIL

MIXTURE* 100

* CONTAINS: 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6

NFPA HAZARD RATING: HEALTH 0 FIRE 1 REACTIVITY 0

SECTION II-B

ACUTE TOXICITY DATA

NO. ACUTE ORAL LD50

ACUTE DERMAL LD50 ACUTE INHALATION LC50 ______

NOT AVAILABLE

NOT AVAILABLE

NOT AVAILABLE

1 >5.0 G/KG (RAT)*

>2.0 g/kg (RABBIT) * NOT AVAILABLE

* BASED ON API STUDIES.

HEALTH INFORMATION

SECTION III

THE HEALTH EFFECTS NOTED BELOW ARE CONSISTENT WITH REQUIREMENTS UNDER THE OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200).

EYE CONTACT: LUBRICATING OILS ARE GENERALLY CONSIDERED NO MORE THAN MINIMALLY

IRRITATING TO THE EYES.

SKIN CONTACT: LUBRICATING OILS ARE GENERALLY CONSIDERED NO MORE THAN MILDLY IRRITATING TO THE SKIN. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY CAUSE VARIOUS SKIN DISORDERS SUCH AS DERMATITIS, FOLLICULITIS OR OIL

INHALATION: NOT EXPECTED TO BE A RELEVANT ROUTE OF EXPOSURE, HOWEVER, UNDER HIGH TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS, VAPORS IRRITATING TO THE NOSE,

THROAT AND UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT MAY BE PRODUCED.

INGESTION:

LUBRICATING OILS ARE GENERALLY CONSIDERED NO MORE THAN SLIGHTLY

TOXIC IF SWALLOWED.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS: IRRITATION AS NOTED ABOVE.

AGGRAVATED MEDICAL CONDITIONS:

PREEXISTING SKIN AND RESPIRATORY DISORDERS MAY BE AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE TO THIS PRODUCT.

OTHER HEALTH EFFECTS:

THIS PRODUCT AND ITS COMPONENTS ARE NOT CLASSIFIED AS CARCINOGENS BY INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC), NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP) OR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA).

SECTION IV

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

| NO. | PEL/TWA | PEL/ | CEILING | TLV/TWA | ACGIH TLV/STE | L | OTHER |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|---|-----------------------|
| P | 5 MG/M3* | NONE | | 5 MG/M3* | | | |
| SECT | TON V | | I | EMERGENCY AND | FIRST AID PR | OCEDURES | |
| EYE | CONTACT: FLUSH EYES WITH WATER. IF IRRITATION OCCURS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. | | | | | | |
| SKIN | SKIN CONTACT: REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND WIPE EXCESS OFF. WASH WITH SO AND WATER OR A WATERLESS HAND CLEANER FOLLOWED BY SOAP AND WATE IF IRRITATION OCCURS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. | | | | | | |
| INHA | NHALATION: REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR AND PROVIDE OXYGEN IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. | | | | | | |
| INGE | ESTION: | DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IN GENERAL NO TREATMENT IS NECESSARY UNLESS LARGE QUANTITIES OF PRODUCT ARE INGESTED. HOWEVER, GET MEDICAL ADVICE. | | | | | |
| NOŢE | TO PHYSI | CIAN: IN G VISC | ENERAL, EN | MESIS INDUCTION VOLATILITY N | | | |
| SECT | TION VI | | | SUPPLEMENTAL I | HEALTH INFORM | ATION | |
| NONE | IDENTIFI | ED. | *************************************** | | | | |
| SECT | TION VII | | 1 | PHYSICAL DATA | | | |
| | >550 TING POINT | | 0.89 SOLUI | GRAVITY (H2O = 984 BILITY IN WATE NEGLIGIBLE | | <0.1 DENSITY <0.1 VISCOSIT | |
| EVAPORATION RATE (NORMAL BUTYL ACETATE = 1):NOT AVAILABLE APPEARANCE AND ODOR:WHITE LIQUID. SLIGHT HYDROCARBON ODOR. PHYS/CHEM PROPERTIES: SEE ABOVE FOR DETAILS | | | | | | | |
| SECT | TION VIII | | | FIRE AND EXPLO | OSION HAZARDS | ; | |
| FLAN US WF SPEC MZ RI RI BE UNUS | MMABLE LIM INGUISHING SE WATER F ATER. PRO CIAL FIRE ATERIAL WI ITHOUT FUL UBBER BOOT REATHING A SUAL FIRE NONE IDE | MEDIA: OG, FOAM, I DUCT WILL F FIGHTING PF LL NOT BURN L BUNKER GF S), INCLUDI PPARATUS. AND EXPLOSI | PYOLUME IN THE PROPERTY CHEMICS FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER | N AIR: LOWER AL OR CO2. DO CAN BE REIGNI AND PRECAUTION REHEATED. DO T WITH FACE SI TIVE-PRESSURE EXPOSED CONT. S: | O NOT USE A DITED ON SURFACTORS: NOT ENTER CONTINUES OF THE SUNKER OF T | DIRECT STR CE OF WATE ONFINED FI COATS, CO | RE-SPACE LOVES AND |
| | rion ix | | | REACTIVITY | | | |
| | BLITY: STA | BLE D MATERIALS | | US POLYMERIZA: | TION WILL NOT | COCCUR | |

AVOID HEAT, OPEN FLAMES AND OXIDIZING MATERIALS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS ARE HIGHLY DEPENDENT ON THE COMBUSTION

CONDITIONS. A COMPLEX MIXTURE OF AIRBORNE SOLID, LIQUID, PARTICULATES AND GASES WILL EVOLVE WHEN THIS MATERIAL UNDERGOES PYROLYSIS OR COMBUSTION. CARBON MONOXIDE AND OTHER UNIDENTIFIED ORGANIC COMPOUNDS MAY BE FORMED UPON COMBUSTION.

SECTION X

EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

IF EXPOSURE MAY OR DOES EXCEED OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (SECTION IV) USE A NIOSH-APPROVED RESPIRATOR TO PREVENT OVEREXPOSURE. IN ACCORD WITH 29 CFR 1910.134 USE EITHER AN ATMOSPHERE-SUPPLYING RESPIRATOR OR AN AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATOR FOR ORGANIC VAPORS AND PARTICULATES.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

WEAR CHEMICAL RESISTANT GLOVES AND OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AS REQUIRED TO MINIMIZE PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT. NO SPECIAL EYE PROTECTION IS ROUTINELY NECESSARY. TEST DATA FROM PUBLISHED LITERATURE AND/OR CLOTHING MANUFACTURERS INDICATE THE BEST PROTECTION IS PROVIDED BY NITRILE GLOVES.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

NONE IDENTIFIED

SECTION XI

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:

MAY BURN ALTHOUGH NOT READILY IGNITABLE. USE CAUTIOUS JUDGMENT WHEN CLEANING UP LARGE SPILLS. *** LARGE SPILLS *** WEAR RESPIRATOR AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AS APPROPRIATE. SHUT OFF SOURCE OF LEAK IF SAFE TO DO SO. DIKE AND CONTAIN. REMOVE WITH VACCUM TRUCKS OR PUMP TO STORAGE SALVAGE VESSELS. SOAK UP RESIDUE WITH AN ABSORBENT SUCH AS CLAY, SAND, OR OTHER SUITABLE MATERIALS; DISPOSE OF PROPERLY. FLUSH AREA WITH WATER TO REMOVE TRACE RESIDUE. *** SMALL SPILLS *** TAKE UP WITH AN ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND DISPOSE OF PROPERLY.

SECTION XII

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

MINIMIZE PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT. WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER BEFORE EATING, DRINKING, SMOKING OR USING TOILET FACILITIES. LAUNDER CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE REUSE. PROPERLY DISPOSE OF CONTAMINATED LEATHER ARTICLES, INCLUDING SHOES, THAT CANNOT BE DECONTAMINATED.

STORE IN A COOL, DRY PLACE WITH ADEQUATE VENTILLATION. KEEP AWAY FROM OPEN FLAMES AND HIGH TEMPERATURES.

SECTION XIII

TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CLASSIFICATION:

NOT HAZARDOUS BY D.O.T. REGULATIONS

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: NOT APPLICABLE

OTHER REQUIREMENTS: FOR BARGE SHIPMENTS: USE CARGO INFORMATION CARD SCM 68220, MVI OIL.

SECTION XIV

OTHER REGULATORY CONTROLS

THIS PRODUCT IS LISTED ON THE EPA TSCA INVENTORY OF CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES. PROTECTION OF STRATOSPHERIC OZONE (PURSUANT TO SECTION 611 OF THE CLEAN AIR ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1990): PER 40 CFR PART 82, THIS PRODUCT DOES NOT CONTAIN NOR WAS IT DIRECTLY MANUFACTURED WITH ANY CLASS I OR CLASS II OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313, THE ATTACHED ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SHEET (EDS) SHOULD ALWAYS BE COPIED AND SENT WITH THE MSDS.

SECTION XV

STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION

THE FOLLOWING CHEMICALS ARE SPECIFICALLY LISTED BY INDIVIDUAL STATES; OTHER PROD

Equiva Services - MSDS Page 4 of 6

UCT SPECIFIC HEALTH AND SAFETY DATA IN OTHER SECTIONS OF THE MSDS MAY ALSO BE AP PLICABLE FOR STATE REQUIREMENTS. FOR DETAILS ON YOUR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS YO U SHOULD CONTACT THE APPROPRIATE AGENCY IN YOUR STATE.

STATE LISTED COMPONENT

CAS NO

PERCENT

STATE CODE

HYDROTREATED LIGHT NAPHTHENIC 64742-53-6 45-50 MA DISTILLATE

CA = CALIFORNIA HAZ. SUBST. LIST; CA65C, CA65R, CA65C/R = CALIFORNIA SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXICS ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 OR PROPOSITION 65 LIST; CT = CONNECTICUT TOXIC. SUBST. LIST; FL = FLORIDA SUBST. LIST; IL = ILLINOIS TOX. SUBST. LIST; LA = LOUISIANA HAZ. SUBST. LIST; MA = MASSACHUSETTS SUBST. LIST; ME = MAINE HAZ. SUBST. LIST; MN = MINNESOTA HAZ. SUBST. LIST; NJ = NEW JERSEY HAZ. SUBST. LIST; PA = PENNSYLVANIA HAZ. SUBST. LIST; RI = RHODE ISLAND HAZ. SUBST. LIST.

SECTION XVI

SPECIAL NOTES

MSDS REVISED IN SECTION II-A TO SHOW REVISED COMPOSITION, SECTION III TO REVISE HEALTH INFORMATION, SECTION XIV TO REVISE OTHER REGULATORY CONTROLS, SECTION XV TO ADD STATES AND EDS SECTION SECTION I. THE OSHA HAZARD EVALUATION AND REGULATORY STATUS OF THE PRODUCT HAVE NOT CHANGED.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA SHEET IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AT THIS TIME, AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BASED UPON THAT DATA. IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INFORMATION, AND NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, UNDERLYING DATA OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY, PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE, AND ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OR EFFECT OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR LEGAL ADVISOR OR THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCY. WE WILL NOT PROVIDE ADVICE ON SUCH MATTERS, OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE UNDERLYING DATA, AND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN AS A RESULT OF THAT DATA, IS THE PROPERTY OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC AND IS NOT TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SALE OR EXCHANGE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC.

> ENVIRONMENTAL DATA SHEET EQUILON EDS: 67422E

SHELL INK OIL 211 TELEPHONE NUMBER:

24 HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE

EQUIVA SERVICES: 877-276-7283

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

NAME AND ADDRESS

EQUILON ENTERPRISES PRODUCT STEWARDSHIP P.O. BOX 674414

HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

PRODUCT CODE: 86509

SECTION I

PRODUCT COMPOSITION

PERCENT

GENERAL MSDS ASSISTANCE

877-276-7285

CAS NO. COMPOSITION

SHELL INK OIL 211

HIGHLY REFINED PETROLUEM OIL

MIXTURE* 100

* CONTAINS: 64742-52-5, 64742-53-6

SECTION II SARA TITLE III INFORMATION

NO. EHS RQ EHS TPQ SEC-313 313 CATEGORY

(*1) (*2) (*3) (*4) (*5)

BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE THIS PRODUCT IS NOT REGULATED BY SARA,

- *1 = REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SEC 302
- *2 = THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITY, EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SEC 302
- *3 = TOXIC CHEMICAL, SEC 313
- *4 = CATEGORY AS REQUIRED BY SEC 313 (40 CFR 372.65 C), MUST BE USED ON TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY FORM
- *5 = CATEGORY (FOR AGGREGATE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS UNDER SARA 311, 312)
 - HFATTH.
- H-1 = IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) HEALTH HAZARD
 - H-2 = DELAYED (CHRONIC) HEALTH HAZARD
- PHYSICAL: P-3 = FIRE HAZARD
 - P-4 = SUDDEN RELEASE OF PRESSURE HAZARD
 - P-5 = REACTIVE HAZARD

SECTION III

ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE INFORMATION

THIS PRODUCT IS COVERED BY EPA'S COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) PETROLEUM EXCLUSION. THEREFORE, RELEASES TO AIR, LAND, OR WATER ARE NOT REPORTABLE UNDER CERCLA ("SUPERFUND"). HOWEVER, UNDER SECTION 311 OF EPA'S CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA), THIS PRODUCT IS CONSIDERED AN OIL. AS SUCH, SPILLS INTO OR LEADING TO SURFACE WATERS THAT CAUSE A SHEEN MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, 800-424-8802.

THIS PRODUCT IS AN OIL UNDER 49 CFR (DOT) PART 130. IF SHIPPED BY RAIL OR HIGHWAY IN A TANK WITH A CAPACITY OF 3,500 GALLONS OR MORE, IT IS SUBJECT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF PART 130. MIXTURES OR SOLUTIONS IN WHICH THIS PRODUCT IS PRESENT AT 10% OR MORE MAY ALSO BE SUBJECT TO THIS RULE.

SECTION IV

RCRA INFORMATION

IF THIS PRODUCT BECOMES A WASTE, IT WOULD NOT BE A HAZARDOUS WASTE BY RCRA CRITERIA (40 CFR 261). PLACE IN AN APPROPRIATE DISPOSAL FACILITY IN COMPLIANCE WITH LOCAL REGULATIONS.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DATA SHEET IS BASED ON THE DATA AVAILABLE TO US AT THIS TIME, AND IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BASED UPON THAT DATA. IT IS PROVIDED INDEPENDENTLY OF ANY SALE OF THE PRODUCT, FOR PURPOSE OF HAZARD COMMUNICATION. IT IS NOT INTENDED TO CONSTITUTE PRODUCT PERFORMANCE INFORMATION, AND NO EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF ANY KIND IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, UNDERLYING DATA OR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. YOU ARE URGED TO OBTAIN DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS YOU BUY, PROCESS, USE OR DISTRIBUTE, AND ARE ENCOURAGED TO ADVISE THOSE WHO MAY COME IN CONTACT WITH SUCH PRODUCTS OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN.

TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OR EFFECT OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION WITH RESPECT TO THE PRODUCT, YOU SHOULD CONSULT WITH YOUR LEGAL ADVISOR OR THE APPROPRIATE GOVERNMENT AGENCY. WE WILL NOT PROVIDE ADVICE ON SUCH MATTERS, OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INJURY FROM THE USE OF THE PRODUCT DESCRIBED HEREIN. THE UNDERLYING DATA, AND THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN AS A RESULT OF THAT DATA, IS THE PROPERTY OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC AND IS NOT TO BE THE SUBJECT OF SALE OR EXCHANGE WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN CONSENT OF EQUIVA SERVICES, LLC.

KAREN G. HAYNES

EQUIVA SERVICES LLC P.O. BOX 674414 HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

HOUSTON, TX 77267-4414

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THIS ENVIRONMENTAL DATA PLEASE CALL
(877) 276-7285

FOR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE PLEASE CALL
EQUIVA SERVICES LLC: (877) 276-7283
CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300

}

MSDS Number: M7700 * * * * * * Effective Date: 08/10/04 * * * * * Supercedes: 11/02/01

MSDS

Material Safety Data Sheet

From: Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. 222 Red School Lane Phillipsburg, NJ 08865





24 Hour Emergency Telephone 908-859-2151 CHEMTREC 1-900-424-9300

National Response in Canada CANUTEC: 613-596-5665

Outside U.S. and Canada Chemires: 703-527-3887

NOTE: OHEMTHEC, CANCITED and National Response Gerner emergency rumbers to be used only in the event of chemical arrengences involving a spill leak, the exposure or accident involving aremicals.

All pon-emergency assistance should be directed to Customer Service (1,600-592-2537) for assistance

MINERAL OIL

1. Product Identification

Synonyms: Paraffin oil; liquid petrolatum; White Mineral Oil; Nujol

CAS No.: 8012-95-1

Molecular Weight: Not applicable. Chemical Formula: Not applicable.

Product Codes: J.T. Baker: 2705

Mallinckrodt: 6357, 6358

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Ingredient | CAS No | Percent | Hazardous |
|--------------|-----------|--|-----------|
| | | THE THE PART AND THE | |
| Oil, Mineral | 8012-95-1 | 90 - 100% | Yes |

3. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

MINERAL OIL Page 2 of 7

J.T. Baker SAF-T-DATA^(tm) Ratings (Provided here for your convenience)

Health Rating: 1 - Slight Flammability Rating: 1 - Slight Reactivity Rating: 0 - None Contact Rating: 1 - Slight

Lab Protective Equip: GOGGLES; LAB COAT Storage Color Code: Orange (General Storage)

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation:

Causes irritation to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may include coughing, shortness of breath. Inhalation of mist or vapor may produce aspiration pneumonia.

Ingestion:

Material is a cathartic and can cause serious diarrhea. Nausea and vomiting may also occur and possibly abdominal cramping. Aspiration of mineral oil into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonia.

Skin Contact:

Prolonged contact may cause irritation; occasionally dermatitis due to hypersensitivity occurs.

Eye Contact:

Mists or fumes can irritate the eyes. Can cause discomfort similar to motor oil.

Chronic Exposure:

Prolonged or repeated skin exposure may cause dermatitis. Highly refined mineral oils are not classified as human carcinogens. However, related forms (untreated and mildly-treated oils) are listed as human carcinogens by both NTP and IARC.

Aggravation of Pre-existing Conditions:

Persons with pre-existing skin disorders or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of the substance.

4. First Aid Measures

Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. Aspiration hazard.

Skin Contact:

Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Eye Contact:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention immediately.

Page 3 of 7

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Fire:

Flash point: 135C (275F) CC

Autoignition temperature: 260 - 370C (500 - 698F)

Combustible Liquid and Vapor!

Explosion:

Not considered to be an explosion hazard.

Fire Extinguishing Media:

Water spray, dry chemical, alcohol foam, or carbon dioxide. Water or foam may cause frothing. Do not allow water runoff to enter sewers or waterways.

Special Information:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (e. g., vermiculite, dry sand, earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as saw dust. Do not flush to sewer!

7. Handling and Storage

Keep in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat or ignition. Protect against physical damage. Store separately from reactive or combustible materials, and out of direct sunlight. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Airborne Exposure Limits:

For Mineral Oil: Misted1:

-OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): 5 mg/m3

-ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV):

5 mg/m3 (TWA) 10 mg/m3 (STEL)

(1as sampled by method that does not collect vapor)

(1Refers to airborne mist of mineral oil)

MINERAL OIL Page 4 of 7

Ventilation System:

A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Please refer to the ACGIH document, *Industrial Ventilation*, A Manual of Recommended Practices, most recent edition, for details.

Personal Respirators (NIOSH Approved):

If the exposure limit is exceeded and engineering controls are not feasible, a half facepiece particulate respirator (NIOSH type P95 or R95 filters) may be worn for up to ten times the exposure limit or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. A full-face piece particulate respirator (NIOSH type P100 or R100 filters) may be worn up to 50 times the exposure limit, or the maximum use concentration specified by the appropriate regulatory agency, or respirator supplier, whichever is lowest. Please note that N filters are not recommended for this material. For emergencies or instances where the exposure levels are not known, use a full-facepiece positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator. WARNING: Air-purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.

Skin Protection:

Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Eye Protection:

Use chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

```
Appearance:
Clear oily liquid.
Odor:
Odorless.
Solubility:
Insoluble in water.
Specific Gravity:
Heavy: 0.845 to 0.905 Light: 0.818 to 0.880
pH:
No information found.
% Volatiles by volume @ 21C (70F):
Boiling Point:
260 - 330C (500 - 626F)
Melting Point:
No information found.
Vapor Density (Air=1):
ca. 9
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):
Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1):
No information found.
```

MINERAL OIL Page 5 of 7

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. May solidify at room temperature.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Incompatibilities:

Strong oxidizers.

Conditions to Avoid:

Heat, flames, ignition sources and incompatibles.

11. Toxicological Information

No LD50/LC50 information found relating to normal routes of occupational exposure. Irritation Data, rabbit (Std Draize): skin= 100 mg/24H, mild; eye= 500 mg, moderate. Investigated as a tumorigen.

| \Cancer Lists\ | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|-------------|---------------|
| | NTP | Carcinogen | |
| Ingredient | Known | Anticipated | IARC Category |
| | | | |
| Oil, Mineral (8012-95-1) | No | No | None |

12. Ecological Information

Environmental Fate:

No information found.

Environmental Toxicity:

No information found.

13. Disposal Considerations

Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

14. Transport Information

Not regulated.

15. Regulatory Information

| \Chemical Inventory Status - Part Ingredient | | TSCA | EC | Japan | Australia |
|---|-----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| Oil, Mineral (8012-95-1) | | | | | Yes |
| \Chemical Inventory Status - Part | 2\ | | | anada | |
| Ingredient | | | DSL | NDSI | Phil. |
| Oil, Mineral (8012-95-1) | | | | | Yes |
| \Federal, State & International Re | egulati -SAR | ons - | Part | 1\ | |
| Ingredient | RQ | TPQ | Li | st Che | emical Catg. |
| Oil, Mineral (8012-95-1) | | | | | |
| \Federal, State & International Re | egulati | ions - | Part | 2\ | |
| Ingredient | | | 261.3 | 3 8 | 3 (d) |
| Oil, Mineral (8012-95-1) | | | | 1 | |
| nemical Weapons Convention: No TSCA 1 ARA 311/312: Acute: Yes Chronic: No eactivity: No (Pure / Liquid) | 2(b): Fire | No : Yes I | CDTA Pressu | : No re: No | |

Australian Hazchem Code: None allocated.

Poison Schedule: S5

WHMIS:

This MSDS has been prepared according to the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16. Other Information

NFPA Ratings: Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Label Hazard Warning:

WARNING! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED OR INHALED. CAUSES IRRITATION TO SKIN, EYES AND RESPIRATORY TRACT. COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR.

Label Precautions:

Avoid breathing mist.

Keep container closed.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

MINERAL OIL Page 7 of 7

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

Label First Aid:

If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Give large quantities of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. In all cases, get medical attention.

Product Use:

Laboratory Reagent.

Revision Information:

No Changes.

Disclaimer:

Mallinckrodt Baker, Inc. provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. This document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH RESPECT TO THE INFORMATION SET FORTH HEREIN OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. ACCORDINGLY, MALLINCKRODT BAKER, INC. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES RESULTING FROM USE OF OR RELIANCE UPON THIS INFORMATION.

Prepared by: Environmental Health & Safety Phone Number: (314) 654-1600 (U.S.A.)

BUEHLER LTD -- MINERAL SPIRITS, 40-8140-128 -- 8010-00N026906 MSDS Safety Information FSC: 8010 MSDS Date: 03/09/1990 MSDS Num: BMDFT LIIN: 00N026906 Tech Review: 07/10/1995 Product ID: MINERAL SPIRITS, 40-8140-128 Responsible Party Cage: 09410 Name: BUEHLER LTD Address: 41 WAUKEGAN RD City: LAKE BLUFF IL 60044 US Info Phone Number: 708-295-6500 Emergency Phone Number: 708-295-6500 Preparer's Name: TOM DERAM Review Ind: N Contractor Summary Cage: 09410 Name: BUEHLER LTD. Address: 41 WAUKEGAN RD. City: LAKE BLUFF IL 60044-1687 US Phone: 847-295-8500 Ingredients Cas: 8002-05-9 RTECS #: SE7449000 Name: PETROLEUM ; (PETROLEUM DISTILLATES) % by Wt: 100 OSHA PEL: 400 PPM (MFR) Ozone Depleting Chemical: N _______ Health Hazards Data LD50 LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: YES Skin: NO Ingestion: YES Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO IARC: NO OSHA: NO Effects of Exposure: ACUTE/CHRONIC: NONE EXPECTED WHEN GOOD HYGENIC PRACTICES ARE EMPLOYED. Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: BREATHING HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS MAY RESULT IN MILD DEPRESSION, DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, CONVULSIONS OR LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS. CONTACT MAY IRRITATE EYES OR SKIN. Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. First Aid: INHAL: IF OVERCOME, MOVE PATIENT TO FRESH AIR AND CALL MD. APPLY ARTF RESP IF NECESSARY. SKIN/EYE: FLUSH WITH COPIOUS AMOUNTS OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES, GET MED ATTN. INGEST: DO NOT INDUCE VOMI TING. CALL MD. Handling and Disposal ______

Spill Release Procedures: REMOVE IGNITION SOURCES, AVOID BREATHING VAPORS

OR CONTACT WITH LIQUID. USE ABSORBANT MATERIAL FOR SMALL SPILLS. KEEP SPILLED MATERIAL OUT OF SEWERS, DITCHES AND BODIES OF WATER. Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Waste Disposal Methods: INCINERATE UNDER SAFE CONDITIONS DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. Handling And Storage Precautions: KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. KEEP CONTAINERS CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. Other Precautions: AVOID EYE CONTACT AND PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN. Fire and Explosion Hazard Information Flash Point Method: TCC Flash Point Text: 110F,43C Extinguishing Media: CO*2 FOAM, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER SPRAY. DO NOT USE DIRECT WATER STREAM. Fire Fighting Procedures: USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SCBA AND FULL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (FP N). COOL EXPOSED CONTAINERS WITH WATER. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID - CLASS II. DO NOT STORE OR MIX WITH STRONG OXIDANTS. Control Measures Respiratory Protection: APPROPRIATE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED VAPOR CANISTER, SCBA OR SUPPLIED AIR HOSE MASK IF NEEDED. Ventilation: LOCAL EXHAUST: TO KEEP WORK ROOM CONCENTRATION BELOW SAFETY AND HEALTH REQUIREMENTS. USE EXPLOSION PROOF EQUIPMENT. Protective Gloves: RUBBER OR NEOPRENE GLOVES. Eye Protection: CHEMICAL WORKERS GOGGLES (FP N). Other Protective Equipment: IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING OR BOOTS IF NEEDED. Work Hygienic Practices: GOOD PERSONAL HYGIENE TO BE FOLLOWED AT ALL TIMES. Supplemental Safety and Health: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Physical/Chemical Properties HCC: F4 B.P. Text: 328F,164C Vapor Pres: 0.4 @ 68F Vapor Density: HVR/AIR Spec Gravity: 0.81 Evaporation Rate & Reference: SLOWER THAN ETHER Solubility in Water: NEGLIGIBLE Appearance and Odor: CLEAR, WATER WHITE LIQUID, MILD CHARACTERISTIC ODOR. Percent Volatiles by Volume: 100 Reactivity Data Stability Indicator: YES Stability Condition To Avoid: HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. Materials To Avoid: STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS LIKE LIQUID CHLORINE OR CONCENTRATED OXYGEN. Hazardous Decomposition Products: THERMAL DECOMPOSITION MAY YIELD CO. Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME.

Toxicological Information

Ecological Information

MSDS Transport Information Regulatory Information Other Information Transportation Information Responsible Party Cage: 09410 Trans ID NO: 31472 Product ID: MINERAL SPIRITS, 40-8140-128 MSDS Prepared Date: 03/09/1990 Review Date: 03/20/1992 Article W/O MSDS: N Multiple KIT Number: 0 Unit Of Issue: NK Container QTY: NK Detail DOT Information DOT PSN Code: GJL Symbols: G DOT Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. Hazard Class: 3 UN ID Num: UN1993 DOT Packaging Group: III Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID Special Provision: B1, B52, T7, T30 Packaging Exception: 150 Non Bulk Pack: 203 Bulk Pack: 242 Max Qty Pass: 60 L Max Qty Cargo: 220 L Vessel Stow Req: A Detail IMO Information IMO PSN Code: HIA IMO Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. o IMDG Page Number: 3345 UN Number: 1993 UN Hazard Class: 3.3 IMO Packaging Group: III Subsidiary Risk Label: -EMS Number: 3-07 MED First Aid Guide NUM: T Detail IATA Information _____ IATA UN ID Num: 1993 IATA Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. * IATA UN Class: 3 IATA Label: FLAMMABLE LIQUID UN Packing Group: III Packing Note Passenger: 309 Max Quant Pass: 60L Max Quant Cargo: 220L Packaging Note Cargo: 310

Detail AFI Information

AFI Symbols: *

AFI Proper Shipping Name: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S.

AFI Hazard Class: 3
AFI UN ID NUM: UN1993
AFI Packing Group: III
Special Provisions: P5
Back Pack Reference: A7.3

HAZCOM Label

Product ID: MINERAL SPIRITS, 40-8140-128

Cage: 09410

Company Name: BUEHLER LTD. Street: 41 WAUKEGAN RD. City: LAKE BLUFF IL Zipcode: 60044-1687 US

Health Emergency Phone: 708-295-6500 Date Of Label Review: 02/21/1992

Label Date: 02/21/1992 Chronic Hazard IND: N Eye Protection IND: YES Skin Protection IND: YES Signal Word: WARNING

Respiratory Protection IND: YES

Health Hazard: Slight Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: Moderate Reactivity Hazard: None

Hazard And Precautions: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, CLASS II. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, OPEN FLAME. DO NOT MIX OR STORE WITH STRONG OXIDIZERS. ACUTE: CONTACT MAY IRRITATE EYES OR SKIN. BREATHING HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS MAY RESU LT IN MILD DEPRESSION, DIZZINESS, HEADACHE, RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, CONVULSIONS, OR LOSS OF CONSCIOUSNESS. CHRONIC: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility for the suitability of this information to their particular situation regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or other government situation.

```
LANCASTER PAINT -- VM-14 VMP NAPTHA UN 1256, 483-1714 -- 9150-00N053511
MSDS Safety Information
FSC: 9150
MSDS Date: 10/18/1993
MSDS Num: BVVPK
LIIN: 00N053511
Tech Review: 10/05/1994
Product ID: VM-14 VMP NAPTHA UN 1256, 483-1714
Responsible Party
Cage: LANCA
Name: LANCASTER PAINT
Box: 325
City: PAULINE SC 29374 US
Info Phone Number: 803-775-6351
Emergency Phone Number: 803-775-6351
Review Ind: N
Contractor Summary
*************************
Cage: LANCA
Name: LANCASTER PAINT
Box: 325
City: PAULINE SC 29374 US
Phone: 803-775-6351
Ingredients
Cas: 64742-89-8
Name: VM & P NAPHTHA; (ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON). VP:12 @ 20C.
OSHA PEL: 400 PPM (MFR)
ACGIH TLV: 400 PPM (MFR)
Ozone Depleting Chemical: N
_______
Name: VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPONENT (CALCULATED): 6.15 LB/GAL (LESS WATER &
  NPRS); 738 G/L (LESS WATER).
OSHA PEL: N/K (FP N)
ACGIH TLV: N/K (FP N)
Name: SUPDAT: CNTNRS FOR DISP. PVNT CONTAM OF SEWERS, STREAMS & GROUNDWATER
  W/SPILLED MATL/USED ABSORB.
Name: RESP PROT: RESTRICTED VENT AREAS NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD CHEM CARTRIDGE
  RESP MAY BE REQD. UNDER CERTAIN CNDTNS, SUCH AS (ING 5)
 _____
Name: ING 4:SPRAYING, MECH PREFILTER MAY ALSO BE REQD. IN CONFINED AREAS,
  USE NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD AIR SUPPLIED RESP. IF (ING 6)
 .....
Name: ING 5:TLV'S LISTED ARE EXCEEDED USE PROPERLY FITTED NIOSH/MSHA
  APPRVD RESP W/APPROP PROT FACTOR. REFER TO OSHA (ING 7)
 _____
Name: ING 6:29 CFR 1910.134 "RESP PROT" & "RESP PROT MANUAL & GUIDELINE,
  AMERCIAN INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE ASSOC."
 _____
 Name: VENT: MAY BE LISTED. REFER TO INDUS VENT - MANUAL FOR REC PRACTICE -
 Health Hazards Data
 LD50 LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
```

Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: YES

Skin: NO Ingestion: NO

Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO

IARC: NO OSHA: NO

Effects of Exposure: ACUTE:INGEST:CAN CAUSE GI IRRIT, NAUS & VOMIT. ASPIR OF MATL INTO LUNGS MAY CAUSE CHEM PNEUM WHICH CAN BE FATAL. INHAL:MAY CAUSE NOSE/THROAT IRRIT. HIGH CONCS MAY CAUSE ACUTE CNS DEPRESS CHARACT BY HD CHS, DIZZ, NAUS & CONFUSN. EYE:MAY CAUSE IRRIT. SKIN:MAY CAUSE DEFAT & IRRIT. CHRONIC:RPTS HAVE ASSOC (EFTS OF OVEREXP)

Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: NOT RELEVANT

Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: HLTH HAZ:PRLNG & RPTD OCCUP OVEREXP TO SOLVS W/PERM BRAIN & NERV SYS DMG. INTENTIONAL MISUSE BY DELIB CONCENTRATING & INHALING CONTENTS MAY BE HARMFUL/FATAL.

Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: NONE CURRENTLY KNOWN.

First Aid: SKIN:FLUSH W/COPIOUS AMTS OF WATER. CALL MD (FP N). INGEST: DO NOT INDUCE VOMIT. CALL POIS CTL CTR, HOSPITAL EMER ROOM/MD IMMED. INHAL: REMOVE TO FRESH AIR IMMED. IF BRTHG HAS STOPPED, GIVE ARTF RESP. K EEP WARM & QUIET. GET MED ATTN IMMED. EYE: FLUSH LG AMTS OF WATER, LIFTING UPPER & LOWER LIDS OCCAS. CONTINUE FOR AT LST 15 MINS. GET MED ATTN. NOTES TO MD: ANY TREATMENT THAT MIGHT BE REQD FOR (SUPDAT)

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: KEEP SPECTATORS AWAY. ELIM ALL IGNIT SOURCES (FLAMES, HOT SURFS & SOURCES OF ELEC, STATIC/FRICTIONAL SPKS). DIKE & CONTAIN SPILL W/INERT MATL (E.G. SAND, EARTH). TRANSFER LIQS TO COVERED METAL CNTNRS FOR RECOVERY/DISP, OR REMOVE W/INERT (SUPP DATA)

Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSE I/A/W FEDERAL, STATE & LOCAL REGULATIONS. THIS PROD, IF DISCARDED DIRECTLY WOULD BE CLASSIFIED AS HAZ WASTE BASED ON ITS IGNITABILITY CHARACT, I.E. HAS FLASH POINT OF 140F(60C) OR LESS. PROPER RCRA CLASSIFICATION WOULD BE D001.

Handling And Storage Precautions: DO NOT STORE >115F(46C). STORE LG QTYS IN COMPLIANCE W/OSHA 29CFR1910.106. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. CLOSE CNTNR AFTER EACH USE.

Other Precautions: EMTPY CNTNRS MUST NOT BE WASHED & RE-USED FOR ANY PURPOSE. CNTNRS SHOULD BE GROUNDED & BONDED TO RECEIVING CNTNR. DO NOT WELD, BRAZE/CUT ON EMPTY CNTNR. NEVER USE PRESSURE TO EMPTY. DRUM IS NOT A PRES SURE VESSEL.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Text: 45.0F,7.2C

Extinguishing Media: USE NFPA CLASS B FIRE EXTINGS (CARBON DIOXIDE, ALL PURPOSE DRY CHEM/ALCOHOL FOAM) DESIGNED TO EXTING FLAMM LIQ (SUPDAT)

Fire Fighting Procedures: USE NIOSH/MSHA APPRVD SCBA & FULL PROT EQUIP (FP N). WATER MAY BE INEFT, BUT MAY BE USED TO COOL EXPOS CNTNRS TO PVNT PRESS BUILD-UP & POSS AUTO-IGNIT/ (SUPDAT)

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: DURING EMERGENCY CNDTNS, OVEREXP TO DECOMP PRODS MAY CAUSE HLTH HAZ. SYMPTOMS MAY NOT BE IMMEDIATELY APPARENT, OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION. WARNING: FLAMMABLE.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: PROPER SELECTION OF RESP PROT DEPENDS UPON MANY FACTORS INCL DURATION LEVEL OF EXPOS & CNDTNS OF USE. IN GEN, EXPOS TO ORGANIC CHEMS SUCH AS THOSE CNTND IN THIS PROD MAY NOT REQ USE OF RESP PROT IF US ED IN WELL VENTILATED AREAS. IN (ING 4)

Ventilation: PROVIDE LOC EXHST VENT IN SUFFICIENT VOL & PATTERN SO AS TO MAINTAIN EXPOS BELOW NUISANCE DUST LMIS & PELS WHICH (ING 8) Protective Gloves: SOLVENT IMPERMEABLE GLOVES.

```
Eye Protection: ANSI APPROVED CHEM WORKERS GOGGS (FP N).
Other Protective Equipment: NOT LIKELY TO BE NEEDED.
Work Hygienic Practices: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
Supplemental Safety and Health: EXTING MEDIA: FIRES. POLYMER FOAM IS PREF
 FOR LG FIRES. FIRE FIGHT PROC: EXPLO WHEN EXPOS TO EXTREME HEAT. IF WATER
 IS USED, FOG NOZZ ARE PREF. FIRST AID PROC: OVEREXP SHOULD BE DIRECTED AT
 CONTROL OF SY MPS & CLINICAL CNDTNS. SPILL PROC: ABSORB. USE ONLY
 NON-SPARKING TOOLS. PLACE ABSORB DIKING MATLS IN COVERED METAL (ING 3)
 Physical/Chemical Properties
B.P. Text: >240F,>116C
Vapor Pres: SEE ING
Vapor Density: HVR/AIR
Spec Gravity: 0.8
Evaporation Rate & Reference: SLOWER THAN DIETHYL ETHER
Appearance and Odor: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.
Percent Volatiles by Volume: 100
Reactivity Data
Stability Indicator: YES
Stability Condition To Avoid: AVOID EXCESSIVE HEAT (>115F(46C)) & SOURCES
 OF IGNITION.
Materials To Avoid: STRONG ACIDS OR ALKALINE MATERIALS.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: BURNING, INCLUDING WHEN HEATED BY
 WELDING/CUTTING, WILL PRODUCE SMOKE, CARBON MONOXIDE & CARBON DIOXIDE.
Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO
Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: NOT RELEVANT
Toxicological Information
Ecological Information
MSDS Transport Information
Regulatory Information
______
Other Information
Transportation Information
Responsible Party Cage: LANCA
Trans ID NO: 42605
Product ID: VM-14 VMP NAPTHA UN 1256, 483-1714
MSDS Prepared Date: 10/18/1993
Review Date: 10/04/1994
Article W/O MSDS: N
Multiple KIT Number: 0
Unit Of Issue: NK
Container QTY: NK
Detail DOT Information
DOT Proper Shipping Name: SEE ADDITIONAL DATA FIELD IN FOR FURTHER
  INFORMATION
```

Detail IMO Information

IMO Proper Shipping Name: SEE ADDITIONAL DATA FIELD IN FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Detail IATA Information

IATA Proper Shipping Name: SEE ADDITIONAL DATA FIELD IN FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

Detail AFI Information

AFI Proper Shipping Name: SEE ADDITIONAL DATA FIELD IN FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

HAZCOM Label

Product ID: VM-14 VMP NAPTHA UN 1256, 483-1714

Cage: LANCA

Company Name: LANCASTER PAINT

PO Box: 325 City: PAULINE SC Zipcode: 29374 US

Health Emergency Phone: 803-775-6351 Date Of Label Review: 10/05/1994

Label Date: 10/05/1994 Chronic Hazard IND: Y Eye Protection IND: YES Skin Protection IND: YES

Signal Word: DANGER

Respiratory Protection IND: YES

Health Hazard: Moderate Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: Severe Reactivity Hazard: None

Hazard And Precautions: EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. ACUTE: INGEST: CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA & VOMITING. ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO LUNGS MAY CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL. INHAL: MAY CAUSE NOSE OR THROAT IRRITATION. HIGH CONCENTRATIONSMAY CAUSE ACUTE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION CHARACTERIZED BY HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA & CONFUSION. EYE: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION. SKIN: MAY CAUSE DEFATTING & IRRITATION. CHRONIC: REPORTS HAVE ASSOCIATED PROLONGED & REPEATED OVEREXPOSURETO SOLVENTS W/PERMANENT BRAIN & NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE.

.

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of
Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly
or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any
application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the
Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any
instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all
liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not
a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should
seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility
for the suitability of this information to their particular situation
regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or
other government situation.

BROOKTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP -- BEC 369 NICKEL SULFAMATE -- 6850-01-292-9738 _________ MSDS Safety Information ______ FSC: 6850 NIIN: 01-292-9738 MSDS Date: 11/20/1998 MSDS Num: CJLNQ Tech Review: 09/05/1999 Product ID: BEC 369 NICKEL SULFAMATE MFN: 03 Responsible Party Cage: 21468 Name: BROOKTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP Address: 28231 AVE CROCKER City: VALENCIA CA 91355 US Info Phone Number: 805-294-1195 Emergency Phone Number: 800-451-8346 Resp. Party Other MSDS No.: 369-02 Proprietary Ind: Y Contractor Summary Cage: 21468 Name: BROOKTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP Address: 28231 AVE CROCKER City: VALENCIA CA 91355 US Phone: 805-294-1195 Cage: 0PHG7 Name: UNITED PROCUREMENT Address: 3655 RUFFIN RD SUITE 230 City: SAN DIEGO CA 92123 US Phone: 619-467-9880 Contract Number: SP0450-99-M-ND66 _______ Item Description Information Item Manager: S9G Item Name: PLATING SOLUTION, AERONIKL 250 Specification Number: NONE Type/Grade/Class: NONE Unit of Issue: GL UI Container Qty: 0 Type of Container: PLASTIC BOTTL Ingredients Name: *** PROPRIETARY *** _______ _______ Health Hazards Data LD50 LC50 Mixture: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: NO Skin: YES Ingestion: NO Effects of Exposure: EYES-SEVERE IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND SENSITIVE TISSUE. SKIN-MINOR IRRITATION OF SKIN. BREATHING-COUGHING, IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES. INGESTED-IRRIGATION OF DIGESTIVE TRACT, NAUSEA, VOMI TING. Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: EYES-SEVERE IRRITATION. SKIN-MINOR

IRRITATION. BREATHING-COUGHING, IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES. INGESTED-IRRITATION OF DIGESTIVE TRACT, NAUSEA, VOMITING. Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. First Aid: SKIN-THOROUGHLY WASH EXPOSED AREA WITH SOAP & WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHES, LAUNDER BEFORE REUSE. EYES-FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCAISSIONALLY. INGESTED-IMME DIATELY DRINK LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER OR FLUIDS TO DILUTE. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. INHALED-REMOVE TO FRESH ATR. Handling and Disposal Spill Release Procedures: USE ABSORBENT AND SWEEP UP FOR DISPOSAL OR RECOVERY. LARGE SPILL: VACUUM SOLUTION OR USE ABSORBENT AND SWEEP UP MATERIAL. PLACE THIS MATERIAL IN A CONTAINER FOR DISPOSAL. Neutralizing Agent: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSE OF IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS. Handling And Storage Precautions: NO SPECIAL HANDLING REQUIRED. STORE UNDER A CONTROLLED TEMPERATURE RANGE OF; 40-120 DEGEES F. Other Precautions: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Fire and Explosion Hazard Information Flash Point Text: NON-FLAMMABLE Extinguishing Media: ALL TYPES. Fire Fighting Procedures: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: THIS SOLUTION IS NOT A FIRE OR EXPLOSIVE HAZARD. HOWEVER, HAZARDOUS EMISSIONS ARE POSSIBLE IN A FIRE SITUATION. Control Measures Respiratory Protection: IF NEEDED USE A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED RESPIRATOR FOR RESPIRATOR FOR INORGANIC MISTS. Ventilation: MECHANICAL GENERAL AND /OR LOCAL IS SUFFICIENT. Protective Gloves: ACID/CHEMICAL RESISTANT RUBBER. Eye Protection: CHEMICAL SPLASH GOGGLES ARE BEST. Other Protective Equipment: CHEMICAL RESISTANT APRON. Work Hygienic Practices: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Supplemental Safety and Health: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER, Physical/Chemical Properties HCC: N1 Spec Gravity: >1.0 Solubility in Water: 100% Appearance and Odor: DARK GREEN IN COLOR WITH NO DISTINGUISHING ODOR. Percent Volatiles by Volume: 0 Reactivity Data Stability Indicator: YES Materials To Avoid: NONE KNOWN Hazardous Decomposition Products: NONE Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. Toxicological Information _____ Toxicological Information: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Ecological Information

Ecological: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

MSDS Transport Information

Transport Information: NOT REGULATED.

Regulatory Information

Sara Title III Information: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A TOXIC CHEMICAL (OR CHEMICALS) SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 313 OF TITLE III OF THE SUPER FUND.

Federal Regulatory Information: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER. State Regulatory Information: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Other Information

Other Information: NONE SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER.

Transportation Information

Responsible Party Cage: 21468

Trans ID NO: 147957

Product ID: BEC 369 NICKEL SULFAMATE

MSDS Prepared Date: 11/20/1998

Review Date: 09/05/1999

MFN: 3

Article W/O MSDS: N

Net Unit Weight: 8.33 LB/GL Limited Quantity IND: N Multiple KIT Number: 0

Review IND: N Unit Of Issue: GL Container QTY: 0

Type Of Container: PLASTIC BOTTL

Detail DOT Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail IMO Information

IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail IATA Information

IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail AFI Information

AFI Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

HAZCOM Label

Product ID: BEC 369 NICKEL SULFAMATE

Cage: 21468

Company Name: BROOKTRONICS ENGINEERING CORP

Street: 28231 AVE CROCKER

City: VALENCIA CA Zipcode: 91355 US

Health Emergency Phone: 800-451-8346 Date Of Label Review: 09/05/1999

Year Procured: 1999 Signal Word: CAUTION Health Hazard: Slight Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: None Reactivity Hazard: None

Hazard And Precautions: EYES-SEVERE IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES AND SENSITIVE TISSUE. SKIN-MINOR IRRITATION OF SKIN. BREATHING-COUGHING, IRRITATION OF MUCOUS MEMBRANES. INGESTED-IRRIGATION OF DIGESTIVE TRACT, NAUSEA, VOMI TING. FIRST AID:-SKIN-THOROUGHLY WASH EXPOSED AREA WITH SOAP & WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHES, LAUNDER BEFORE REUSE. EYES-FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCAISSIONAL LY. INGESTED-IMMEDIATELY DRINK LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER OR FLUIDS TO DILUTE. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. INHALED-REMOVE TO FRESH AIR.

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of
Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly
or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any
application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the
Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any
instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all
liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not
a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should
seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility
for the suitability of this information to their particular situation
regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or
other government situation.



Search

Techron Quality Gas

Gasoline Technical & Safety Information

Gasoline Q&A

Diesel Fuels

Proformix

Motor Oils

Home Contact Us Site Index Print Pa

Fuels / Motor Oil Home • Fuels / Motor Oil Customer Services Business Center Learning Center About Chevror

Fuels/Motor Oil

Chevron quality products are designed to keep your vehicle running efficiently. Techron® Quality Gas, diesel fuels, automotive transmission fluids and our range of motor oils have been developed to meet your motoring needs.

Techron® Quality Gas — Only Chevron gasolines contain Techron®. Read about the *Techron*® *Advantage*.

Gasoline Technical & Safety Information

- Technical bulletins fuel economy, storage & other technical information
- Safety bulletins safe fueling and gasoline handling
- · Q&A on octane & additives
- Motor Gasolines Technical Review
- Aviation Fuels Technical Review

Diesel Fuels

- · Diesel Fuels Technical Review
- · Diesel Division site for suppliers

ProformixTM — A low-emission diesel alternative.

Motor Oils/Transmission Fluid — Engine protection for your car or truck.

- · Choosing the Right Motor Oil
- Chevron Supreme
- Delo® 400 Heavy Duty
- · Automotive Transmission Fluid

Related Sites

Product Information Go to ChevronTexaco's corporate site to read at

- Other Fuels and Lubricants
- Q&A on Brands & Products
- Why Gasoline Price Rise and Fall

Chevron Canada

Chevron Canada Limiter sells retail and commerc fuels in British Columbia

Aviation Products

The Global Aviation Wel site has information on aviation fuels and lubrical

Material Safety Data Sheets

Look up technical and si information for many Chevron products in the MSDS database.

© 2002-2005 Chevron U.S.A. Inc. All rights reserved. Privacy & Terms of Use

Braycote[®] Micronic[®] 803 Vacuum Grease

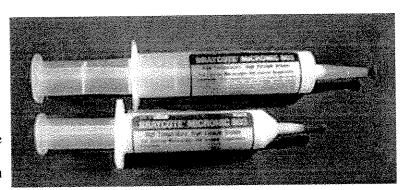


Select this product for applications on "o" rings in electron microscopes



Braycote Micronic® 803 Grease

The Braycote Micronic 803 high performance vacuum grease has been reformulated and is available once again from SPI, this is the high quality lubricant of choice for users desiring the ultimate cleanliness in their vacuum systems, such as those using LaB₆ filaments.



SPI is now adding the entire range of Braycote greases to the SPI product line, so if you have vacuum questions, let SPI help you with the right vacuum grease solution. Be sure you are familiar with the broader range of these unique fluorocarbon based grease products for vacuum applications.

Braycote Micronic 803 features excellent room temperature outgassing characteristics and high temperature stability (-63°C to +260°C) and is also acceptable for use in <u>clean rooms</u>. Coefficient of friction is 0.06 as measured by ASTM Method D2266. With a perfluorinated polyether grease, such as Braycote Micronic 803, "O"-rings need not be lubricated as frequently. The product is packaged in easy-to-use syringes.

Lower cost alternative:

Braycote 1632 is also available as a more economical alternative to 803 but it has not been final filtered to remove all particulates larger than 1 μ m, therefore we would not recommend its use in clean rooms. Also, we would recommend Braycote Micronic 803 for electron microscope applications as well. The recommended temperature range of use for Braycote 1632 is -40°C to +232°C.

Applications in space:

We are often times asked about the suitability of Braycote Micronic 803 for use in space. Actually, from a historical perspective, the product was originally developed under contract from NASA for that specific application. In 1978, NASA (GSFC 9491) did make some measurements on Braycote Micronic 803 with the following results: TML 0.24%, CVCM 0.13%, and WVR 0.00%.

For the uninitiated, these terms have the following meanings:

Total Mass Loss (TML):

The mass loss of the sample, determined from the weights before and after the 398° K exposure, expressed as a percentage. Generally speaking, NASA considers "low outgassing" materials to have TML's of ≤ 1.0 %.

Collected Volatile Condensable Material (CVCM)

The difference between the weight of a clean collector and of the collector having condensed materials will provide the mass of condensables. NASA considers low offgassing materials to have CVCM values of ≤ 0.10 %.

Some other characteristics:

Evaporation Weight Loss, %: 2.4 (22 hours at 204°C/399°F)

Base Oil Vapor Pressure (torr)

20°C

 $<1 \times 10^{-10}$

100°C

 $1x10^{-7}$

NGLI Grade: 2

Removal of unwanted grease from grease applied surfaces:

The composition of this product is a mixture of small PTFE particles (which won't dissolve in anything) and a perfluorinated polyether liquid. We have found that Castrol Fluoroclean™ X100 or Castrol Fluoroclean HE is an effective solvent for the liquid component of the formulated composition and aids in the removal of the grease from places where it is no longer needed or wanted.



Braycote Micronic 803 Vacuum Grease

| Size | SPI# | Each | |
|-----------------|----------|----------|---------------------------|
| 10 g | 05042-AB | \$ 47.03 | |
| 25 g | 05043-CF | 86.63 | H arrie |
| 56 g (2 oz.) | 05045-FA | 117.40 | # Congra |
| (1 pound) 453 g | 05046-XQ | 484.02 | VIII-Y (A PROPERTY PARTY) |

Storage conditions: Room temperature Non-hazardous from stand point of shipping







ON-LINE To Ask a Question or Make a Comment



ON-LINE To Place an Order or Request a Quote



Return to:

Vacuum Pumps Fluids and Greases Table of Contents

- SPI Supplies Catalog Table of Contents
- SPI Supplies Home Page

Monday July 11, 2005 © Copyright 1996 - 2005. By Structure Probe, Inc. Contacting SPI Supplies and Structure Probe, Inc. All rights reserved. All trademarks and trade names are the property of their respective owners. Privacy Policy

Worldwide Distributors, Representatives, and Agents



PATH SILICONE, INC -- TBF 9-10 POLYDIMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE -- 9150-01-313-9025 ______ MSDS Safety Information FSC: 9150 NIIN: 01-313-9025 MSDS Date: 01/01/2000 MSDS Num: CKXPK Tech Review: 05/24/2001 Product ID: TBF 9-10 POLYDIMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE Responsible Party Cage: U0150 Name: PATH SILICONE, INC Address: WALLACE ST, EXT. Box: 430 City: ELMWOOD PARK, NJ 07407 US Info Phone Number: 201-796-0833 Emergency Phone Number: 201-796-0833/800-998-4252 Review Ind: N _______________________________ Contractor Summary Cage: U0150 Name: PATH SILICONE, INC Address: WALLACE ST, EXT. Box: 430 City: ELMWOOD PARK, NJ 07407 US Phone: 201-796-0833 Cage: 0T5T6 Name: SALATHE OIL CO. INC. (504-366-4542) Box: UNKNOW City: UNKNOWN NK 00000 Country: NK Contract Number: SP0450-01-M-LG75 Cage: 0PGK2 Name: SDB CONSULTANTS LTD Address: 401 WHITNEY AVE SUITE 120 City: GRETNA LA 70056 US Phone: 504-366-9105 Contract Number: SP0450-01-M-C815 Item Description Information Item Manager: S9G Item Name: DAMPING FLUID Specification Number: VV-D-1078B Type/Grade/Class: NONE Unit of Issue: GL UI Container Qty: 0 Type of Container: CAN Ingredients Cas: 63148-62-9 RTECS #: JT6484500 Name: POLYDIMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE Percent by Wt: 100. Ozone Depleting Chemical: N Health Hazards Data LD50 LC50 Mixture: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER

Route Of Entry Inds - Inhalation: NO

Skin: NO

Ingestion: NO

Carcinogenicity Inds - NTP: NO

IARC: NO OSHA: NO

Effects of Exposure: INGESTION-LOW ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY. SKIN
CONTACT-NONIRRITATING TO RABBIT SKIN. INHALATION-THIS IS A VISCOUS FLUID
THAT DOES NOT EASILY FORM A MIST OR VAPOR, AND, THEREFORE, INHALATION
HAZARDS ARE MINIM AL. EYE CONTACT-MAY CAUSE MILD EYE IRRITATION.
SUBCHRONIC (TARGET ORGAN) EFFECTS: NONE KNOWN. CHRONIC EFFECTS: THIS
PRODUCT OR ONE IF ITS INGREDIENTS PRESENT 0.1% OR MORE IN NOT LISTED AS
A CARCINOGEN OR SUSPECT CARCINOGEN BY NTP, IARC, OR OSHA.

Explanation Of Carcinogenicity: THIS PRODUCT OR ONE IF ITS INGREDIENTS PRESENT 0.1% OR MORE IN NOT LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR SUSPECT CARCINOGEN BY NTP, IARC, OR OSHA.

Signs And Symptions Of Overexposure: NGESTION-LOW ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY.
SKIN CONTACT-NON-IRRITATING TO RABBIT SKIN. INHALATION-THIS IS A VISCOUS
FLUID THAT DOES NOT EASILY FORM A MIST OR VAPOR, AND, THEREFORE,
INHALATION HAZARDS ARE MINIM AL. EYE CONTACT-MAY CAUSE MILD EYE
IRRITATION.

Medical Cond Aggravated By Exposure: NONE KNOWN.

First Aid: INGESTION-IF SWALLOWED & VICTIM IS FULLY CONSCIOUS, INDUCE VOMITING IMMEDIATELY BY GIVING TWO GLASSES OF WATER & STICKING FINGER DOWN THROAT. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. EYES-WIPE OFFF EXCESS WITH A CLEAN GAUZE PAD OR COTTON & THEN FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR 15 MIN. USING AN EYEWASH FOUNTAIN. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS. INHALATION-ALTHOUGH IT WOULD BE DI FFICULT TO INHALE THIS PRODUCT, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IT SHOULD OCCUR. SKIN-WIPE OFF EXCESS WITH A CLEAN CLOTH AND THEN WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS.

Handling and Disposal

Spill Release Procedures: WEAR APPROPIATE PROTECTIVE GEAR. ABSORB ONTO VERMICULITE. SWEEP UP INTO APPROPIATE CONTAINER. WASH SPILL AREA AFTER MATERIAL PICK-UP IS COMPLETE WITH AN APPROPIATE SOLVENT LIKE PAINT THINNER.

Neutralizing Agent: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Waste Disposal Methods: DISPOSAL SHOULD BE MADE WITH FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS.

Handling And Storage Precautions: STORE AT ROOM TEMPERATURE IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINERS. AVOID DIRECT OR PROLONGED CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLU AFTER HANDLING. DO NOT RUB EYES WITH SOILED HANDS. DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE IN WORK AREA.

Other Precautions: NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: ALL TREATMENT SHOULD BE BASED ON OBSERVED SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF DISTRESS IN THE PATIENT. CONSIDERATIONS SHOULD BE GIVEN TO THE POSSIBILITY THAT OVEREXPOSURE TO MATERIALS OTHER THAN THIS PRODUCT MAY HAVE OCCURRED. TREAT SYMPTOMATICALLY. NO SPECIFIC INFORMATION FOUND.

Fire and Explosion Hazard Information

Flash Point Method: TCC Flash Point: =155.C, 311.F Autoignition Temp Text: UNK

Extinguishing Media: DRY CHEMICAL, FOAM AND CO2.

Fire Fighting Procedures: WEAR A NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS AND FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING. COOL CONTAINERS EXPOSED TO FIRE WITH WATER.

Unusual Fire/Explosion Hazard: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Control Measures

Respiratory Protection: NO SPECIAL RESPIRATORY PROTECTION REQUIRED FOR PRODUCT AS SOLD.

Ventilation: PROVIDE ADEQUATE VENTILATION. USE LOCAL EXHAUST AS NEEDED. Protective Gloves: GLOVES.

Eye Protection: SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS.

Other Protective Equipment: WORK CLOTHING. NO OTHER KNOWN. ENGINEERING CONTROLS: MAINTAIN A SINK AND EYEWASH FOUNTAIN IN THE WORK AREA.

Work Hygienic Practices: AVOID DIRECT OR PROLONGED CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING. DO NOT RUB EYES WITH SOILED HANDS. DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN THE WORK AREA.

Supplemental Safety and Health: STORE AT ROOM TEMPERATURE IN TIGHTLY CLOSED CONTAINERS.

Physical/Chemical Properties

HCC: V5

B.P. Text: NA

Melt/Freeze Pt: =-65.C, -85.F Vapor Pres: 0.01@392F (20C) (MMHG)

Vapor Density: NA

Spec Gravity: (WATER=1)0.930@25C

Viscosity: 10 CENTISTOKES

Evaporation Rate & Reference: NA Solubility in Water: (20C) INSOLUBLE

Appearance and Odor: CLEAR. ODORLESS LIQUID

Percent Volatiles by Volume: NA

Reactivity Data

Stability Indicator: YES

Stability Condition To Avoid: AVOID HEAT AND OPEN FLAME.

Materials To Avoid: STRONG ACIDS, BASES AND OXIDIZING MATERIALS.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: ON COMBUSTION, SILICA AND OXIDES OF

CARBON ARE EMITTED.

Hazardous Polymerization Indicator: NO

Conditions To Avoid Polymerization: WILL NOT OCCUR.

Toxicological Information

Toxicological Information: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Ecological Information

Ecological: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

MSDS Transport Information

Transport Information: DOT SHIPPING NAME: NA. DOT HAZARD CLASS: NA. DOT LABEL(S): NA. UN/NA NUMBER: NA. PLACARDS: NONE. IATA: NA. IMO IMDG-CODE:

NA. EUROPEAN CLASS: RID (OCTI): NA, ADR (ECE): NA, RARA (IATA): NA.

Regulatory Information

Sara Title III Information: NOT LISTED.

Federal Regulatory Information: TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: PRODUCT IS TSCA CERTIFIED. US EPA

CERCLA: NOT LISTED.

State Regulatory Information: NO DATA PROVIDED BY MANUFACTURER.

Other Information

Other Information: HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS: NPCA-: FLAMMA

Other Information: HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS: NPCA-: FLAMMABILITY-0, REACTIVITY-0, HEALTH-0. NFPA: FLAMMABILITY-0, REACTIVITY-0, HEALTH-0. ABBREVIATIONS (USED ON MANUFACTURER'S MSDS): NA= NOT APPLICABLE. NE=NONE ESTABLI SHED. ND = NOT DETERMINED. NEGL = NEGLIGIBLE. NF = NONE FOUND. UNK = UNKNOWN. SKN = SKIN. TS = TRADE SECRET. R = RECOMMENDED. MST = MIST. NT = NOT TESTED. STEL = SHORT TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT.

Transportation Information

~------

Responsible Party Cage: U0150

Trans ID NO: 155787

Product ID: TBF 9-10 POLYDIMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE

MSDS Prepared Date: 01/01/2000

Review Date: 01/11/2001 Article W/O MSDS: N Net Unit Weight: 7.7 LBS Limited Quantity IND: N Multiple KIT Number: 0

Review IND: N Unit Of Issue: GL Container QTY: 0

Type Of Container: CAN

Additional Data: NOT REGULATED FOR SHIPPING PER MSDS.

Detail DOT Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail IMO Information

IMO Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED FOR THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail IATA Information

IATA Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

Detail AFI Information

AFI Proper Shipping Name: NOT REGULATED BY THIS MODE OF TRANSPORTATION

HAZCOM Label

Product ID: TBF 9-10 POLYDIMETHYLPOLYSILOXANE

Cage: U0150

Company Name: PATH SILICONE, INC

Street: WALLACE ST, EXT.

PO Box: 430

City: ELMWOOD PARK, NJ

Zipcode: 07407 US

Health Emergency Phone: 201-796-0833/800-998-4252

Date Of Label Review: 05/24/2001

Year Procured: 2001 Chronic Hazard IND: N Eye Protection IND: YES Skin Protection IND: YES Signal Word: CAUTION

Respiratory Protection IND: NO

Health Hazard: None Contact Hazard: Slight Fire Hazard: Slight Reactivity Hazard: None Hazard And Precautions: COMBUSTIBLE! TARGET ORGANS: NONE KNOWN. HEALTH HAZARDS: INGESTION-LOW ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY. SKIN CONTACT-NON-IRRITATING. INHALATION-INHALATION HAZARDS ARE MINIMAL.

Disclaimer (provided with this information by the compiling agencies):
This information is formulated for use by elements of the Department of Defense. The United States of America in no manner whatsoever expressly or implied warrants, states, or intends said information to have any application, use or viability by or to any person or persons outside the Department of Defense nor any person or persons contracting with any instrumentality of the United States of America and disclaims all liability for such use. Any person utilizing this instruction who is not a military or civilian employee of the United States of America should seek competent professional advice to verify and assume responsibility for the suitability of this information to their particular situation regardless of similarity to a corresponding Department of Defense or other government situation.

Material Safety Data Sheet Stoddard solvent

ACC# 13692

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Stoddard solvent

Catalog Numbers: S457-200, S457-200LC, S457-4

Synonyms: Mineral Spirits; Varsol; Sovasol.

Company Identification:

Fisher Scientific 1 Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

| CAS# | Chemical Name | Percent | EINECS/ELINCS |
|------------|------------------|---------|---------------|
| 64742-88-7 | Stoddard solvent | 100 | 265-191-7 |

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: clear, colorless liquid.

Danger! Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes eye and skin irritation. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Causes digestive and respiratory tract irritation. May cause central nervous system depression. May cause liver damage.

Target Organs: Central nervous system, liver.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Causes eye irritation. May cause chemical conjunctivitis and corneal damage.

Skin: Exposure may cause irritation characterized by redness, dryness, and inflammation. May cause irritation and dermatitis. May cause cyanosis of the extremities.

Ingestion: Aspiration hazard. May cause gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Causes gastrointestinal irritation with nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression, characterized by excitement, followed by headache, dizziness, drowsiness, and nausea. Advanced stages may cause collapse, unconsciousness, coma and possible death due to respiratory failure. Harmful or fatal if swallowed Ingestion of large amounts may cause CNS depression.

Inhalation: Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system effects characterized by nausea, headache, dizziness, unconsciousness and coma. High vapor concentrations may cause drowsiness. Aspiration may lead to pulmonary edema. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. May cause burning sensation in the chest.

Chronic: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis. Effects may be delayed.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

Skin: Get medical aid. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

Inhalation: Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If breathing has ceased apply artificial respiration using oxygen and a suitable mechanical device such as a bag and a mask.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Will burn if involved in a fire. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Vapor may cause flash fire. Water may be ineffective. Material is lighter than water and a fire may be spread by the use of water. Containers may explode in the heat of a fire. Flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas.

Extinguishing Media: For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. For large fires, use water spray, fog, or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. This material is lighter than water and insoluble in water. The fire could easily be spread by the use of water in an area where the water cannot be contained. Do NOT use straight streams of water.

Flash Point: 100-140F

Autoignition Temperature: 445-500F

Explosion Limits, Lower:0.9

Upper: 6

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 2; Flammability: 2; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Remove all sources of ignition. Use a spark-proof tool. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation. Prevent build up of vapors to explosive concentration.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep away from sources of ignition. Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate general or local explosion-proof ventilation to keep airborne levels to acceptable levels.

Exposure Limits

| Chemical Name | ACGIH | NIOSH | OSHA - Final PELs |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Stoddard solvent | none listed | none listed | none listed |

OSHA Vacated PELs: Stoddard solvent: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: clear, colorless

Odor: kerosine-like **pH:** Not available.

Vapor Pressure: 2 mm Hg @20 C

Vapor Density: 4.0

Evaporation Rate:0.1 (butyl acetate=1)

Viscosity: 0.91-0.95cp@25C Boiling Point: 300-400F

Freezing/Melting Point:Not available.

Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water.

Specific Gravity/Density:0.770-0.806
Molecular Formula:Not available.
Molecular Weight:Not available.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable at room temperature in closed containers under normal storage and handling conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, excess heat.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon

dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 64742-88-7: WJ8930000

LD50/LC50: Not available.

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 64742-88-7: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: Epidemiological studies involving petroleum refinery workers indicate persons with routine exposure to petroleum or one of its constituents may be at an increased risk to the development of benign neoplasms, digestive tract cancer, and skin cancer.

Teratogenicity: No information found.

Reproductive Effects: No information found.

Mutagenicity: No information found. **Neurotoxicity:** No information found.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

| | US DOT | Canada TDG |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Shipping Name: | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. | No information available. |
| Hazard Class: | 3 | |
| UN Number: | UN1993 | |
| Packing Group: | III | |

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 64742-88-7 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants. This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors. This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 64742-88-7 is not present on state lists from CA, PA, MN, MA, FL, or NJ.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

ΧI

Risk Phrases:

R 10 Flammable.

R 36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

Safety Phrases:

S 16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 64742-88-7: No information available.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 64742-88-7 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product has a WHMIS classification of B3, D2B.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 3/19/1999 **Revision #6 Date:** 10/05/2004

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

Material Safety Data Sheet Corn Oil

ACC# 05465

Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

MSDS Name: Corn Oil

Catalog Numbers: S79980, S79981, S79981-1, S93205, S799811

Synonyms: Stripped corn oil Company Identification:
Fisher Scientific

1 Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

For information, call: 201-796-7100 Emergency Number: 201-796-7100

For CHEMTREC assistance, call: 800-424-9300

For International CHEMTREC assistance, call: 703-527-3887

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

| CAS# | Chemical Name | Percent | EINECS/ELINCS | |
|-----------|---------------|---------|---------------|--|
| 8001-30-7 | Corn oil | 100 | 232-281-2 | |

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Appearance: gold liquid.

Caution! May cause irritation. This is expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Target Organs: None.

Potential Health Effects

Eye: Contact may cause transient irritation.

Skin: May cause skin irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. **Inhalation:** May cause respiratory tract irritation. Low hazard for usual industrial handling.

Chronic: No information found.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation develops, get medi cal aid.

Skin: Flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical aid if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. Get medical aid if cough or

other symptoms appear.

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically and supportively.

Antidote: None reported.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

General Information: As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear.

Extinguishing Media: Do NOT use water directly on fire. For small fires, use water spray, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or chemical foam. Water or foam may cause frothing. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers.

Flash Point: 238 deg C (460.40 deg F)

Autoignition Temperature: 740 deg C (1,364.00 deg F)

Explosion Limits, Lower: Not available.

Upper: Not available.

NFPA Rating: (estimated) Health: 0; Flammability: 1; Instability: 0

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

General Information: Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8. **Spills/Leaks:** Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Remove all sources of ignition.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid ingestion and inhalation.

Storage: Keep away from heat and flame. Store in a cool, dry place. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels.

Exposure Limits

| Chemical Name | ACGIH | NIOSH | OSHA - Final PELs |
|---------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|
| Corn oil | none listed | none listed | none listed |

OSHA Vacated PELs: Corn oil: No OSHA Vacated PELs are listed for this chemical.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.

Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Respirators: Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State: Liquid Appearance: gold Odor: characteristic odor ph: Not available.

Vapor Pressure: Negligible.
Vapor Density: Not available.
Evaporation Rate: Not available.

Viscosity: Not available.

Boiling Point: Not available.

Freezing/Melting Point:14 deg F

Decomposition Temperature:Not available.

Solubility: Insoluble in water.

Specific Gravity/Density: 0.914-0.921

Molecular Formula:Mixture
Molecular Weight:Not available.

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable.

Conditions to Avoid: Ignition sources, excess heat, strong oxidants.

Incompatibilities with Other Materials: Avoid direct exposure to heat, sparks, open flame, lighted

tobacco product and strong oxidants.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: Has not been reported.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:

CAS# 8001-30-7: GM4800000

LD50/LC50: CAS# 8001-30-7:

Oral, rat: LD50 = >100 mL/kg;

Carcinogenicity:

CAS# 8001-30-7: Not listed by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.

Epidemiology: No data available. **Teratogenicity:** No data available.

Reproductive Effects: No data available.

Mutagenicity: No data available. **Neurotoxicity:** No data available.

Other Studies:

Section 12 - Ecological Information

No information available.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

| | US DOT | Canada TDG | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Shipping Name: | Not regulated as a hazardous material | No information available. | | |
| Hazard Class: | | | | |
| UN Number: | | | | |
| Packing Group: | | | | |

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US FEDERAL

TSCA

CAS# 8001-30-7 is listed on the TSCA inventory.

Health & Safety Reporting List

None of the chemicals are on the Health & Safety Reporting List.

Chemical Test Rules

None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.

Section 12b

None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.

TSCA Significant New Use Rule

None of the chemicals in this material have a SNUR under TSCA.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances and corresponding RQs

None of the chemicals in this material have an RQ.

SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.

Section 313 No chemicals are reportable under Section 313.

Clean Air Act:

This material does not contain any hazardous air pollutants.

This material does not contain any Class 1 Ozone depletors.

This material does not contain any Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act:

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Hazardous Substances under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA.

None of the chemicals in this product are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

OSHA:

None of the chemicals in this product are considered highly hazardous by OSHA.

STATE

CAS# 8001-30-7 can be found on the following state right to know lists: Pennsylvania.

California Prop 65

California No Significant Risk Level: None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

European/International Regulations European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols:

Not available.

Risk Phrases:

Safety Phrases:

WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

CAS# 8001-30-7: No information available.

Canada - DSL/NDSL

CAS# 8001-30-7 is listed on Canada's DSL List.

Canada - WHMIS

This product does not have a WHMIS classification.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Section 16 - Additional Information

MSDS Creation Date: 9/02/1997 Revision #3 Date: 3/18/2003

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall Fisher be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if Fisher has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION & EMERGENCY INFORMATION

Product Name: Lacquer Wash

Chemical Name: N/A

Chemical Family: DOT Shipping Name - Paint Related Material UN 1263

Product Description: N/A

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER

(520) 796 - 1040

SECTION 2 HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT INFORMATION

SOLVENT % TLV (units) 100 100 - 1000 PPM

HAZARDOUS MIXTURES OF OTHER LIQUIDS, SOLIDS, GASSES

Methyl Ethyl Ketone 200 PPM Toluene 25 100 PPM Isopropanol 400 PPM 10 **Butyl Acetate** 05 200 PPM Acetone 750 PPM 20 Xylene 100 PPM 10

 Xylene
 10
 100 PPM

 Butanol
 03
 100 PPM

 Butyl Cellosolve
 03
 50 PPM

 Methanol
 03
 200 PPM

 VM&P Naptha
 10
 1000 PPM

SECTION 3 PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT (°F) SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂0=1)

100 - 200 °F

VAPOR PRESSURE (mm hg) PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME (%)

0 10

SOLUBILITY IN WATER VAPOR DENSITY (air=1)

22% Heavier

EVAPORATION RATE (ether = 1)

Slower

APPEARANCE AND ODOR

.80

TLV (units)

SECTION 4 FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT: 22°F METHOD: T.O.C. FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL 2.0 UEL 14.0

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam; Carbon Dioxide

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Water may be unsuitable as extinguishing agent but helpful in keeping adjacent containers cool. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes. Flash back may occur along vapor trail.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Danger extremely flammable. Keep work areas clear of hot metal surfaces and other sources of ignition.

SECTION 5 HEALTH INFORMATION & PROTECTION

NATURE OF HAZARD

EYE CONTACT:

Product may be an eye irritant

SKIN CONTACT:

Prolonged or repeated skin contact may result in dermatitis.

INHALATION:

Product is a respiratory tract irritant. Potential kidney and liver damage. Brain cell damage may result from long term inhalation of toluene.

Central nervous system depression may occur at high concentration.

FIRST AID

EYE CONTACT:

If product comes in contact with eyes - gently flush with copious quantities of water. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT:

If product comes into contact with skin, remove contaminated clothing and wash with soap and large quantities of water. Seek medical attention if irritation from contact persists.

INHALATION:

If breathing difficulties, dizziness or light headedness occur when working in areas of high vapor concentration, victim should seek fresh air. If breathing stops, apply artificial respiration and seek immediate medical attention.

INGESTION:

If product is swallowed, contact physician immediately. Physician should contact local poison control center for specific guidance.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYE:

Safety glasses, goggles and/or face shield are recommended.

SKIN:

Protective gloves of material impermeable to the specific materials in the mixture. Impermeable clothing is advised when working with this material. Eye wash and safety showers should be available in the work area.

INHALATION:

For exposures above the recommended TLV, an organic vapor respirator or gas mask should be used. For high concentrations, air supplied equipment should be used.

VENTILATION:

General mechanical ventilation may be sufficient to keep concentrations of vapor below recommended TLV. If required, forced local exhaust ventilation should be provided. Respiratory protection should be used if ventilation does not reduce vapor concentration below recommended TLV.

SECTION 6 REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

Stable.

INCOMPATIBILITY:

Strong oxidizing agents; strong acids or bases; selected amines; organometallic contaminants.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Thermal decomposition may produce carbon monoxide/carbon dioxide.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

SECTION 7 SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Stay upwind and away from spill unless wearing proper protective equipment. Stop and/or contain discharge. Keep all sources of ignition away. Use non sparking tools for cleanup. Keep out of sewers, drains or waterways. Contact fire, health and pollution control agencies. Cover with inert material to reduce fumes.

WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose of in accordance with local, county, state and federal regulations.

SECTION 8 STORAGE AND HANDLING

Keep containers cool, dry and away from sources of ignition. Use and store material with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use.

SECTION 9 NOTES

All information, recommendations and suggestions appearing herein are based upon data obtained from the most currently recognized technical sources; however, Romic Chemical Corporation (Romic) makes no warranty, representation or guarantee as to the accuracy, sufficiency or completeness of the material set forth herein. It is the users responsibility to determine the safety, toxicity and suitability of his own use, handling and disposal of the product. Since actual use by others is beyond our control, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made by Romic as to the effects of such use, the results to be obtained or the safety and toxicity of the product referred to herein. The data in this MSDS relates only to the specific material designated and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

DATE PREPARED: 12/9/2003

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Rev. 03B For Coating, Resins, and Related Materials NPCA 1-84 Manufacturer's Name Emergency Telephone No.

BENJAMIN MOORE & CO.

800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

51 CHESTNUT RIDGE RD

MONTVALE, NJ 07645

Date Prepared Last Rev Date Information Telephone No. 01-19-01 09-05-00 201-573-9600

For the most up-to-date MSDS information

please visit our website www.benjaminmoore.com/msds/go.html

SECTION I - PRODUCT ID

** HMIS CODE **

PRODUCT*: 024, n024

HEALTH: 2*

CLASS: SOLVENT THINNED PAINT

FLAMMABILITY: 2

NAME: BM FRESH START ALL PURPOSE ALKYD PRIMER

REACTIVITY: 0

COLOR; ALL

PERSONAL PROT:

** SARA TITLE 312 **

ACUTE: Y CHRONIC: Y FIRE: Y PRESSURE: N REACTIVITY: N For a complete description of HMIS and an explanation of the PERSONAL PROT: code, see Section XX.

*NOTE: In the PRODUCT code a little n can be any capital letter of the alphabet except P or Q.

SECTION II HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

| | RA MAX % | CAS # | TLV | | | | _ | |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------|---------|-----|------------------------------|--|
| | Ethyl Benzene | | | | | | | |
| Y N | . 1 | 000100-41-4 | 100 ppm | 100 ppm | 125 ppm | N/E | 10 @ 20C | |
| Magnes | ium Alumi: | num Silicate | *** *** *** *** *** *** *** | | | | THE SEC AND SEC USE USE SEC. | |
| Y N | 1.1 | 012174-11-7 | 10 mg/M3 | N/E | N/E | N/E | N/A | |
| Silica, Crystalline | | | | | | | | |
| | | 014808-60-7 | | _ | | | | |
| Titanium Dioxide | | | | | | | | |
| A N | 10.5 | 013463-67-7 | 10 mg/M3 | 10 mg/M3 | N/E | N/E | N/A | |
| Calcium Carbonate | | | | | | | | |
| Y N | 44.8 | 000471-34-1 | 10 mg/M3 | 5 mg/M3 | N/E | N/E | N/A | |
| Stoddard Solvent | | | | | | | | |

************** This product contains one or more reported carcinogens or suspected carcinogens which are noted NTP, IARC, or OSHA-Z in the other limits recommended column.

Y N 24.0 008052-41-3 100 ppm 100 ppm N/E N/E 2.0 @ 20

Note: This product contains pigments which may become a dust nuisance when removed by abrasive blasting, sanding, or grinding.

This product may contain small amounts of materials known to the State of California to cause cancer and reproductive harm.

Page 2 MSDS#: 024, n024

SECTION III PHYSICAL DATA

BOIL RANGE: 315.0 to 395.0 WT/GL: 11.5 to 11.8 %VOL/VOL: 44.1 to 44.5 VAPOR DENSITY: HEAVIER THAN AIR EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN ETHER ______

SECTION IV FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA ______

D.O.T. FLAMMABILITY CLASS.: COMBUSTIBLE FLASH POINT: 104 F PMCC

LEL %: 1.0

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM CO2 DRY CHEMICAL WATER FOG UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Toxic gases may form when product burns.

Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Cool exposed containers with water. Use self-contained breathing apparatus. Do not use water stream on burning liquid. Use self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION V HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - ACUTE:

Inhalation - Harmful if inhaled. May affect the brain or nervous system causing dizziness, headache or nausea.

Contact - Causes eye irritation.

Contact - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Absorption - Hazardous ingredients contained in this product have the capacity to be absorbed through the skin in sufficient quantities to cause systemic toxicity. See Safe Handling and Use Information (Section VIII). Inquestion - Irritation of the digestive tract and nervous system depression (drowsiness, dizziness, loss of coordination and fatigue). Aspiration Hazard - This material can enter lungs during swallowing or vomiting and cause lung inflammation and damage.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC:

Contains: Crystalline Silica which has been determined to be carcinogenic to humans (1) by IARC when in respirable form. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of inhalation exposure to dust from sanding the dried paint or spray mist.

NOTICE: Reports have associated permanent brain and nervous system damage with repeated, prolonged overexposure to solvents among persons engaged in the painting trade. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

IARC has classified Ethyl Benzene as possibly carcinogenic for humans (2B). MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE:

None expected when used in accordance with Safe Handling and Use Information (Section VIII).

Inhalation statement: Sanding dust inhalation may cause lung damage. PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: DERMAL INHALATION INGESTION

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES :

Inhalation - Remove from hazard area, maintain breathing, call physician. Skin Contact - Remove with soap and water.

Eye Contact - Flush immediately with large amounts of water. Call physician Ingestion - Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute.

DO NOT induce vomiting. Call physician.

SECTION VI REACTIVITY DATA

MSDS #: 024, n024 Page 3

STABILITY: STABLE HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Burning may produce carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Elevated temperatures and build up of vapors INCOMPATABILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID): None reasonably foreseeable.

SECTION VII SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors. Use non-sparking tools to return materials to container. Absorb residue with Fullers earth. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Conventional procedures in compliance with local, state and federal regulations. Do not incinerate sealed containers.

SECTION VIII SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Wear a properly fitted vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH for use with paints during application or sanding and until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. In confined spaces or in situations where continuous spray operations are typical, or if proper respirator fit is not possible, wear a positive-pressure, supplied air respirator approved by NIOSH.

VENTILATION:

Adequate to maintain working atmosphere below T.L.V. and L.E.L.

(See Sect. II for ingredient data and concentrations). Mechanical exhaust may be required in confined areas.

Discharge exhaust only in area away from ignition sources.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Solvent impermeable gloves are required.

EYE PROTECTION : Splash goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Clothing adequate to protect skin.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Remove and wash clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, smoking or using the washroom.

SECTION IX SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Combustible - Keep away from heat and flame

OTHER PRECAUTIONS :

Use only with adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged contact with skin and breathing of vapor spray mist or sanding dust.

Close container after each use. Keep out of reach of children. Do not take internally.

SECTION XX

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System)(R) NPCA HMIS is a recognized workplace Hazard Communications System as required by OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200). Information on establishing a compliant hazardous communication program using HMIS is available from:

American Labelmark Co., Inc., Labelmaster Division 5724 N. Pulaski Rd., Chicago, IL 60646

1-800-621-5808

The ratings assigned by Benjamin Moore & Co. are only suggested ratings; the contractor/employer has ultimate responsibility for HMIS rating where

MSDS #: 024, n024 Page 4

this system is used.

PERSONAL PROTECTION: This code is left blank on Benjamin Moore & Co. MSDS's as it depends on application technique and the workplace ventilation. Please read Sections II through IX of this MSDS before deciding on appropriate protective equipment and beginning work. There are codes available for this section which can be obtained from Labelmaster. Note: There are no SARA reportable materials in this product.

DISCLAIMER

The information contained herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. This information is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must make independent determination of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees. Any use of this data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

NOTICE: Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes which contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For additional information, contact the USEPA/Lead Information Hotline at 1-800-LEAD-FYI.