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8	UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX		
9		DOGUETT NO 1110 00 2012 0001	
10	IN THE MATTER OF:	DOCKET NO. UIC-09-2013-0001	
11	Pine View Estates Subdivision, Nevada		
12	PTP Inc., a Nevada corporation,	PROPOSED	
	Leon Mark Kizer, an individual, and the Pine View Estates Homeowners	ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER FOR COMPLIANCE	
13	Association, a Nevada corporation		
14			
15	Respondents.		
16	Proceedings under Section 1423(c) of the Safe		
17	Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(c)		
18			
19	I. AUTHORITY		
20	The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issues this Compliance Order		
21	pursuant to section 1423(c) of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act (Act), 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(c),		
22	which authorizes EPA to issue an administrative order against any person who violates the Act		
23	or any requirement of an applicable UIC program. Based on the findings below, and pursuant to		
24	EPA's authority under section 1423(c) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(c), and 40 C.F.R. §		
25	144.12(c), EPA issues this ORDER.		
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II. FINDINGS

A. THE RESPONDENTS

- 1. Respondent Leon Mark Kizer (Kizer) is an individual and is therefore a "person" within the meaning of section 1401(12) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(12), and 40 C.F.R. § 144.3.
- 2. Respondent PTP Incorporated (PTP) is an active domestic corporation, registered in the State of Nevada on May 9, 1997 (corporate entity no. C10014-1997), and is therefore a "person" within the meaning of section 1401(12) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(12), and 40 C.F.R. § 144.3.
- 3. Respondent Pine View Estates Homeowners Association (HOA) is an active domestic non-profit corporation, registered in the State of Nevada as a corporation on December 18, 1998 (corporate entity number C29599-1998), and is therefore a "person" within the meaning of section 1401(12) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f(12), and 40 C.F.R. § 144.3.

B. FEDERAL STATUTORY AND REGULATORY BACKGROUND

- 4. Part C of the SDWA, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300h-300h-8, requires EPA to regulate underground injection of fluid through wells to assure that underground sources of drinking water (USDW) are not endangered.
- 5. Section 1422(e) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300h-1(e), requires EPA to regulate the UIC Program on Indian Lands, which include Indian allotment land, if there is otherwise no EPA approved UIC Program. EPA Region IX directly implements the UIC Program on Indian Lands in Nevada. *See* 40 C.F.R. subpart DD, § 147.1451.
- 6. 40 C.F.R. § 144.3 defines a USDW to mean an aquifer that contains less than 10,000 parts per million (ppm) total dissolved solids (TDS), and which contains sufficient water to supply a public water system.
- 7. 40 C.F.R. § 144.12(a) provides that no owner or operator shall construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs, if the presence of that

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contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR Part 142 or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons.

- 8. 40 C.F.R. part 142, § 142.2, defines national primary drinking water regulation to mean any primary drinking water regulation contained in 40 C.F.R. part 141. The drinking water regulations at 40 C.F.R. part 141 provide that the presence of nitrate in drinking water above 10 mg/l is a violation of the maximum contaminant level (MCL) for nitrate at 40 C.F.R. §141.62(b). Any fecal coliform-positive repeat sample, or any total coliform-positive repeat sample following a fecal coliform-positive routine sample, constitutes a violation of the MCL for total coliform at 40 C.F.R. § 141.63(b).
- 9. 40 C.F.R. § 144.31 provides that all UIC injection activities must be authorized by rule or by permit.
- 10. 40 C.F.R. § 144.37 allows for the administrative continuance of UIC permits where the permittee makes a timely and complete application for renewal and EPA does not act to renew the permit through no fault of the permittee.
- 11. 40 C.F.R. § 144.38 provides, *inter alia*, that a UIC permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made, to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Act. *Id.* A notice of transfer must be provided to EPA at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer date. *Id.* The notice must include, *inter alia*, a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them. *Id.* The notice must also demonstrate that the new permittee meets UIC Program financial responsibility requirements. *Id.*
- 12. 40 C.F.R. part 144, subpart E, includes conditions applicable to all UIC permits. 40 C.F.R. subpart E, § 144.51(a), provides that any permit or regulatory noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Act, and is grounds for an enforcement action.

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13. 40 C.F.R. § 144.82(a) provides that the owner or operator of any Class V well cannot allow the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of the primary drinking water standards under 40 C.F.R. part 141, other health based standards, or may otherwise adversely affect the health of persons. This prohibition applies to Class V well construction, operation, maintenance, conversion, plugging, closure, or any other Class V well injection activity.

14. 40 C.F.R. § 144.12(c) provides that for Class V wells, if any time EPA learns that a Class V well may cause a violation of primary drinking water regulations under 40 C.F.R. part 142, EPA shall: (1) Require the injector to obtain an individual permit; (2) order the injector to take such actions (including, where required, closure of the injection well) as may be necessary to prevent the violation; or (3) take enforcement action.

C. <u>GENERAL ALLEGATIONS</u>

15. The United States Government holds approximately 300 parcels of Indian allotment lands in Douglas County, Nevada, in trust for hundreds of individual Indian landowners. These trust lands are administered by the U.S. Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) and are collectively known as the "Pine Nut Allotments."

16. Respondent Kizer is an individual Indian landowner of an approximately 63-acre parcel of Pine Nut Allotment trust land (Property), known as Public Domain Allotment CC-234, and located approximately five miles southeast of Gardnerville, Douglas County, Nevada, adjacent to U.S. Highway 395.

17. On October 8, 1997, Respondent Kizer entered into a lease agreement (Lease) with Respondent PTP Inc., a land developer, for the purpose of constructing a 240-home residential subdivision on the Property currently known as "Pine View Estates."

¹ The subdivision is also sometimes referred to as "Pineview Estates." EPA chooses to refer to the subdivision as "Pine View Estates," which is consistent with its reference in the Lease, as recorded in BIA's Division of Land Titles and Records.

18. On October 8, 1997, BIA's Western Nevada Agency approved the Lease pursuant to its federal Indian trust responsibilities over the Pine Nut Allotments.

19. On March 16, 1999, BIA made a Finding of No Significant Impact in its Environmental Assessment of the Pine View Estates development, performed pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act, 42 U.S.C. 4331 *et seq.*, in which BIA found that "[p]ublic health issues including ... quality of ground water and an adequate sewer system have been addressed."

- 20. In 1999, Respondent PTP completed installation of a drinking water system at Pine View Estates. The Pine View Estates drinking water system's source of drinking water is groundwater.
- 21. On April 6, 2004, Respondent PTP applied for a UIC permit from EPA to authorize injection of wastewater effluent generated at Pine View Estates to two drainfields classified as Class V injection wells, referred as "Disposal Fields A and B."
- 22. On September 7, 2004, EPA Region IX issued Class V UIC Permit No. NV504000001 (UIC Permit) to Respondents Kizer and PTP which authorized injection activity associated with Disposal Fields A and B, which are further identified by EPA in the UIC Permit as UIC Well Nos. NV-WAS-5W32-001 and 0002, respectively.
- 23. The UIC Permit, Part II.C.2, required the installation of four groundwater monitoring wells at each of Disposal Fields A and B.
- 24. The UIC Permit, Part II.F.3.a, provides that monthly groundwater samples from the monitoring wells at Disposal Fields A and B must be analyzed for, among other constituents, fecal coliform, nitrates, and coliphage.
- 25. The UIC Permit, Part II.D.2.a.iii, provides that detection of nitrates or coliphage from groundwater monitoring well sampling at Disposal Fields A and B performed pursuant to Part II.F.3 of the UIC Permit constitutes an "upset condition" and a failure to comply with the UIC Permit.

- 26. The UIC Permit, Part II.D.2.b, provides that in the event of an upset condition resulting from the detection of nitrates or coliphage at the groundwater monitoring wells at Disposal Fields A and B, the Permittees shall immediately cease all injection activities at the failing injection wells until compliance is achieved.
- 27. The UIC Permit, Part III.B.1, provides that the UIC Permit is not transferable to any person except after notice is provided to EPA and the Permittees comply with the UIC permit transfer requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 144.38.
- 28. Respondent PTP used the groundwater monitoring wells to conduct monitoring at Disposal Fields A and B until on or about September 1, 2009. After September 1, 2009, Respondent HOA assumed the UIC Permit's monitoring responsibilities, as well as operation and maintenance of Disposal Fields A and B.
- 29. On or about April 29, 2009, Respondent PTP submitted a complete application to EPA to renew the UIC Permit.
- 30. On September 9, 2009, the UIC Permit expired without EPA acting on the April 29, 2009 UIC Permit renewal application.
- 31. On or about September 1, 2009, the HOA informally assumed the UIC Permit's operation, maintenance, and monitoring responsibilities. Neither UIC Permit holder (i.e., PTP or Kizer) has ever filed a notice of transfer to EPA which effectively transfers the UIC Permit to the HOA as required by the UIC Permit, Part III.B.1. None of the Respondents have complied with the UIC permit transfer requirements of 40 C.F.R. § 144.38.
- 32. On January 5, 2011, EPA Region IX issued a Notice of Violation (2011 NOV) to Respondents Kizer, PTP and the HOA putting them on notice that the analytical results of groundwater well monitoring at Disposal Field A between January 19, 2010 and September 20, 2010 indicated the movement of fluid containing nitrate above its MCL, and fecal coliform, into the USDW underlying Disposal Field A.

D. FINDINGS OF VIOLATIONS

1. <u>Violation of Prohibition of Movement of Fluid to USDW</u>

- 33. The analytical results of the HOA's groundwater well monitoring at Disposal Field A between January 19, 2010, and December 31, 2012, indicated levels of nitrate above its 10 mg/l MCL at 40 C.F.R. § 141.62(b) in every sample result reported to EPA. *See* Exhibit A (graph showing nitrate MCL exceedences from January 2010 through December 2012).
- 34. The analytical results of the HOA's groundwater well monitoring at Disposal Field A between January 1, 2010 and December 31, 2012 indicated the presence of fecal coliform on multiple occasions. *See* Exhibit B (chart indicating instances of the presence of fecal coliform.)
- 35. Based on the results of the HOA's groundwater well monitoring at Disposal Field A conducted in 2010, 2011, and 2012, Respondents have operated and maintained Disposal Field A in a manner that has allowed the movement of wastewater effluent containing levels of nitrate above its MCL and/or containing the presence of fecal coliform into a USDW, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 144.12(a), and 40 C.F.R. § 144.82(a)(1).

2. Failure to Comply with UIC Permit Requirements

- 36. Respondent PTP submitted a timely and complete application to renew the UIC Permit on April 29, 2009. Although EPA did not act to renew the UIC Permit prior to its expiration on September 1, 2009, the UIC Permit was administratively continued pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 144.37, and remains fully effective and enforceable.
- 37. The detection of nitrates in groundwater samples collected from the Disposal Field A groundwater monitoring wells between January 19, 2010 and December 31, 2012, constitutes an "upset condition" under Part II.F.3 of the UIC Permit. *See* Attachment A.
- 38. Respondents PTP and Kizer failed to immediately cease injection activity at Disposal Field A in response to the "upset condition," as required by Part II.D.2.b of the UIC Permit.

39. The failure by Respondents PTP and Kizer to comply with Part II.D.2.b of the UIC Permit constitutes a violation of the Act pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 144.51(a).

III. ORDER FOR COMPLIANCE

- 40. Based on the Findings set forth above, and pursuant to EPA's authority under section 1423(c) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(c), and 40 C.F.R. § 144.12(c), the designated Regional Official for EPA Region IX hereby ORDERS:
 - 41. <u>Compliance Activities</u>. Respondents shall perform the following compliance activities to bring Disposal Field A into compliance with the Act's UIC Program requirements at 40 C.F.R. Part 144:
 - a. Submit Compliance Plan. Within 30 days of this ORDER's effective date,
 Respondents shall submit to EPA, for its review and approval, a compliance plan
 and schedule (Compliance Plan) that describes in detail the steps Respondents
 will take to modify or replace UIC Injection Well No. NV-WAS-5W32-001
 (Disposal Field A) so that it complies with the Act and its UIC Program
 regulations. The Compliance Plan shall describe any interim disposal methods
 that Respondents will implement until the permanent modification or replacement
 of Disposal Field A is achieved.
 - b. Cease Operation of UIC Injection Well No. NV-WAS-5W32-001 (Disposal Field A). Within 60 days of EPA's approval of the Compliance Plan, Respondents shall cease all injection activity at Disposal Field A and implement all interim and/or permanent disposal methods described in the EPA-approved Compliance Plan.
 - c. Monitor Pine View Estates Drinking Water for Nitrate-Nitrogen and Total Fecal Coliform. Within 30 days of EPA's approval of the Compliance Plan, Respondents shall initiate weekly drinking water monitoring for nitrate-nitrogen and fecal coliform collected from the Pine View Estates distribution system/water

- tank. Samples shall be collected by a certified professional, and analyses of the water samples shall be conducted by a State of Nevada certified laboratory.
- d. Report Analytical Results of Drinking Water Monitoring. Respondents shall report the analytical results of the weekly drinking water monitoring for nitrate-nitrogen and fecal coliform to EPA within 24 hours of completion of the analytical testing for these constituents. These results shall be sent electronically, by the certified professional conducting the analyses, to Mr. Aaron Setran at EPA Region 9's Enforcement Division (setran.aaron@epa.gov).
- e. <u>Submit Final Engineering Report</u>. Within <u>60 days</u> of EPA's approval of the Compliance Plan, Respondents shall provide a copy of an Engineering Report to EPA that summarizes the actions taken to implement the EPA-approved Compliance Plan at Disposal Field A. At a minimum, the Engineering Report shall describe and document the as-built designs and engineering of the modified/new wastewater treatment system that replaces Disposal Field A.
- f. Respondents shall operate and maintain any new or modified Pine View Estates wastewater treatment system in compliance with the Act's UIC Program.
- g. Respondents shall submit all documents required by this ORDER to:

Aaron Setran Enforcement Division (ENF-3-3) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, California 94105

h. All reports submitted to EPA Region IX pursuant to this ORDER shall be signed by a duly authorized representative of Respondents, and shall include the following statement:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared by direct supervision or in accordance with a system designed to assure

that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, I certify that the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations." [signature].

42. General Provisions

- a. The provisions of this ORDER shall apply to and be binding upon Respondents, their officers, directors, agents, successors, and assigns. Notice of this ORDER shall be given to any successors in interest prior to transfer of Respondents' wastewater treatment system at Pine View Estates. Action or inaction of any persons, firms, contractors, employees, agents, or corporations acting under, through, or for Respondents shall not excuse any failure of Respondents to fully perform their obligations under this ORDER.
- b. This ORDER does not constitute a waiver, suspension, or modification of the requirements of any federal, state, or local statute, regulation, or condition of any permit issued thereunder, including the requirements of the Act and accompanying regulations at 40 C.F.R. Part 141 or 144. Issuance of this ORDER is not an election by EPA to forgo any civil or any criminal action otherwise authorized under the Act.
- c. Notwithstanding compliance with the terms of this ORDER, EPA is not precluded from taking any action authorized by law including, but not limited to, the issuance of additional administrative orders, and/or the initiation of judicial actions, against Respondents. EPA expressly reserves the right to enforce this ORDER through appropriate proceedings.

1	d. Violations of the terms of the ORDER after its effective date or the date of final	
2	judgment in the event of an appeal under section 1423(c)(6) of the Act, 42 U.S.C.	
3	§ 300h-2(c)(6), may subject the Respondents to a civil action in a United States	
4	district court with penalties up to \$37,500 per day of violation as authorized in	
5	section 1423(b) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(b) and/or section 1423(c)(7) of the	
6	Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-2(c)(7).	
7	43. <u>Public Notice</u> . Pursuant to section 1423(c)(3)(B) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-	
8	2(c)(3)(B), EPA has provided public notice of, and reasonable opportunity to comment on, this	
9	ORDER.	
10	44. Effective Date. Pursuant to section 1423(c)(3)(D) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-	
11	2(c)(3)(D), this ORDER will become effective 30 days following its issuance, unless an appeal	
12	to a United States District Court is taken pursuant to section 1423(c)(6) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. §	
13	300h-2(c)(6).	
14	Issued this day of, 2013	
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17	FPA Region 9	
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