Cryptosporidium Occurrence

Variations and MS Recovery

USEPA LT2 Review Presentation

Jerry Ongerth November 15, 2012

OVERVIEW

- Focus... Individual Site Data...and
 ...Concentration vs Numbers
- Methods 1622/23 → Data
 - LT2 First Round
 - Australian Water Utility Data
 - Australian PhD Thesis
- Analysis--Statistics & Experience
- Conclusions...Recommendations

BACKGROUND

(Quoting from LT2)

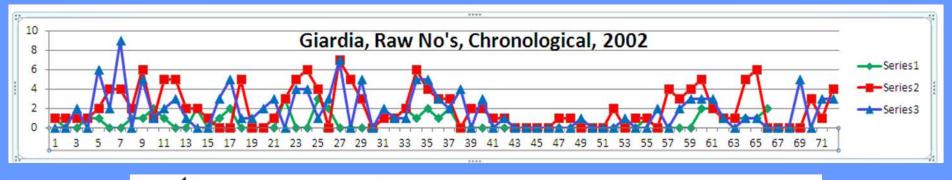
- "...Purpose...to reduce disease from Cryptosporidium ...
- ...By...adding Cryptosporidium... control to higher risk systems..."

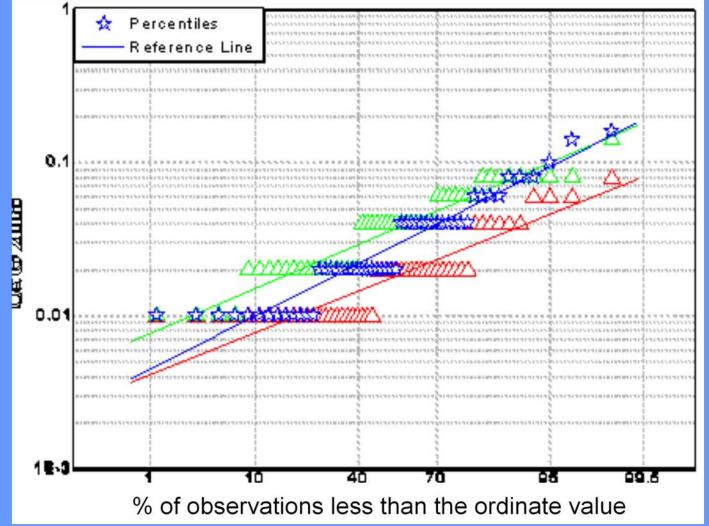
NO LONGER QUOTING

- Risk...proportional to concentration... what people are exposed to
- Concentration...requires measuring recovery (Matrix Spike)

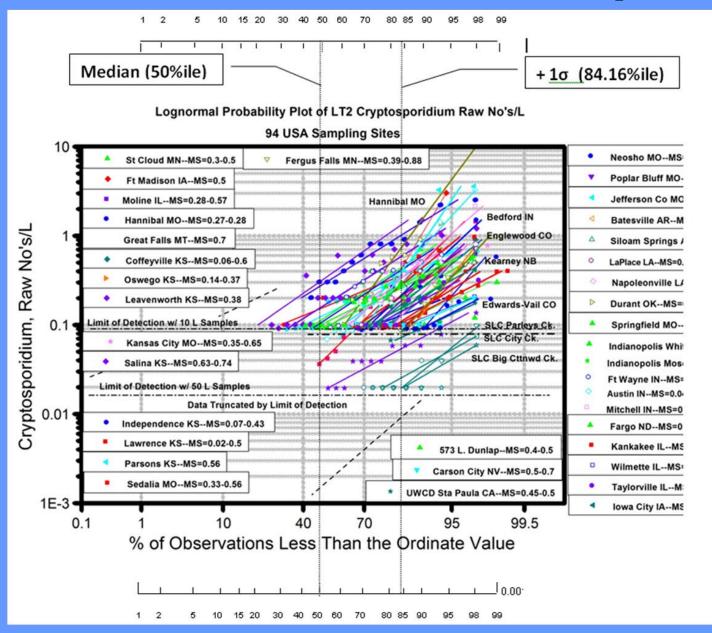
Presentation of LT2 Data

- Use log-probability plots
 - Rank order data...highest to lowest
 - Number 1 to n+1
 - Plotting position is n_i ÷ (n+1)...=> % less than





LT2--94 Site US-wide Composite



Summary

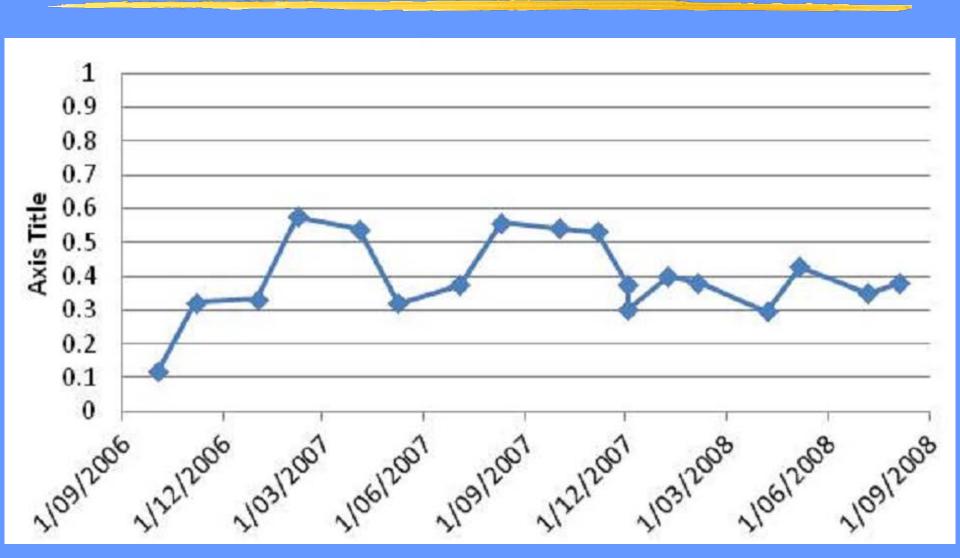
- Average Occurrence, No/L and variability (coef. of var.) define site conditions
- LT2 data cover range of Crypto occurrence& variability likely on USA surface sources
- 36 0.002/L < Median Raw Crypto/L < 0.5/L
- 2. < Coef. of Var. < 15.
- Occurrence & variability => Risk and differ:
 - With sample site location
 - With sample time at the same location

...CONCENTRATION???

- The best method (1623) cannot recover all oocysts...ca. 20-50%
- **XIII** Numbers / L ≠ Concentration

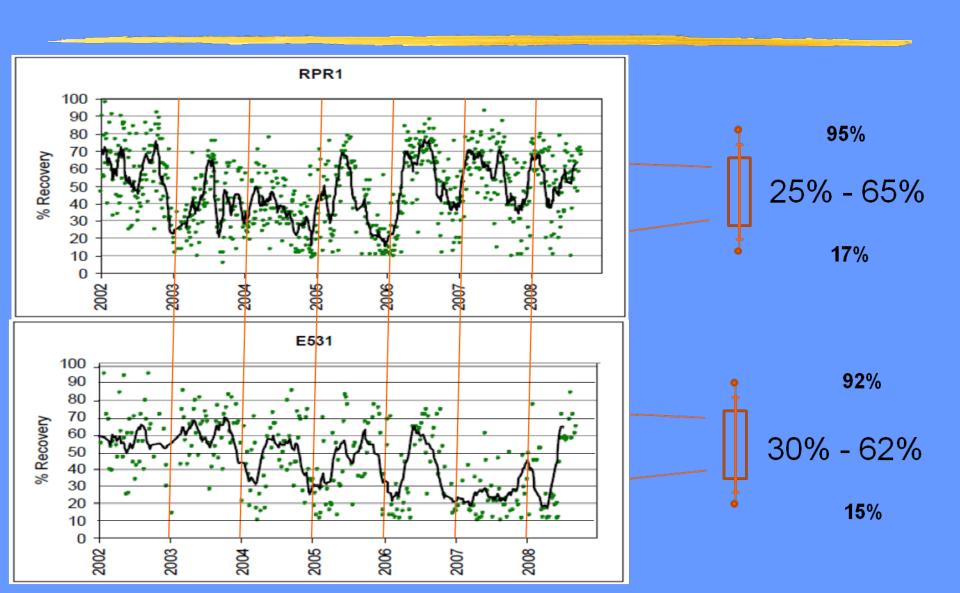
 $\frac{\text{CONCENTRATION}}{\text{CONCENTRATION}} = \frac{ORGANISMSFOUND}{VOLUME \times RECOVERYFR.}$

LT2 MS Data--Louisville, KY 18 MS Fraction Values



Single Site Variations

V. Whiffen, SCA Presentation--WQRA Cryptosporidium Workshop, Melbourne, 8/12/09



MS Reproducibility???

Matrix Spiked by Method 1623

Nine sites--3 each on 3 streams

Sites 1-5 miles apart

SE Coastal New South Wales, Australia

MS Reproducibility

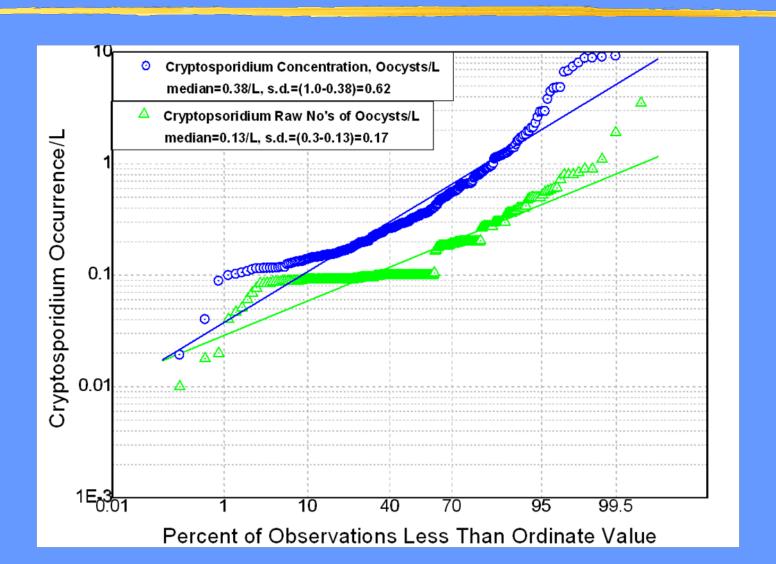
	Countage			Ciondia		
	Cryptosporidium				Giardia	
MS x3	Avg	Std		Avg	Std	
Rep's	%	Dev	C.V.	%	Dev	C.V.
1	9.2	1	0.11	65.9	11.7	0.18
2	3.3	1.3	0.39	60.8	11.6	0.19
3	5.4	1.5	0.28	47.1	6.8	0.14
4	17.4	2	0.11	51	3.2	0.06
5	32	6.1	0.19	46.6	0.5	0.01
6	7.1	0.7	0.10	70.9	8.3	0.12
7	14	7.7	0.55	8.2	2.9	0.35
8	20.5	4.9	0.24	50.2	17.5	0.35
9	13.4	4.4	0.33	55.3	7.2	0.13
Avg.	13.6		0.26	50.7		0.17
Std Dev	9.2			18.9		

Numbers vs Concentration

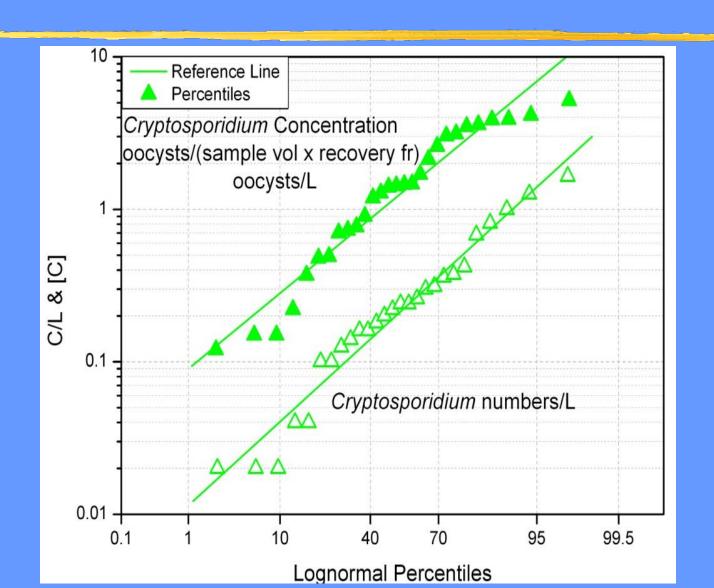
LT2 Data:

- 5234 Samples w/ non-zero findings
- 1577 of the 5234 are MS recoveries
- 379 of MS +'s on dates w/ non-zero field's ...called "pairs"
- Majority of field data: 0.1/L & 0.2/L (0.1 to 2.0)
- MS range: <0.1 to >0.9, Avg=0.68

LT2 MS-Data Pairs



NSW Streams--No's vs Conc.



What Do LT2 Data Show?

- LT2 Site by site data define the range of Cryptosporidium occurrence in the US
- Cryptosporidium risk depends on both Magnitude and Variability of occurrence
- Recovery of Cryptosporidium by 1623---
 - Varies with time at the same site
 - Differs between sites...even on same stream
 - Numbers & MS recovery vary independently
- Recovery measurements are reproducible

CONCLUSIONS

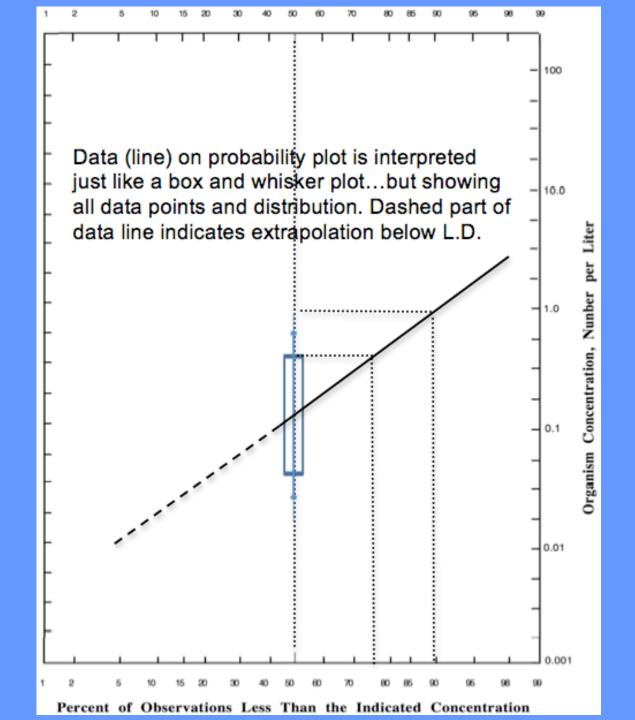
- Matrix spikes--an essential measure of conditions...not quality control
- Variations w/ time & location require consistent MS recovery measurement

RECOMMEMDATIONS

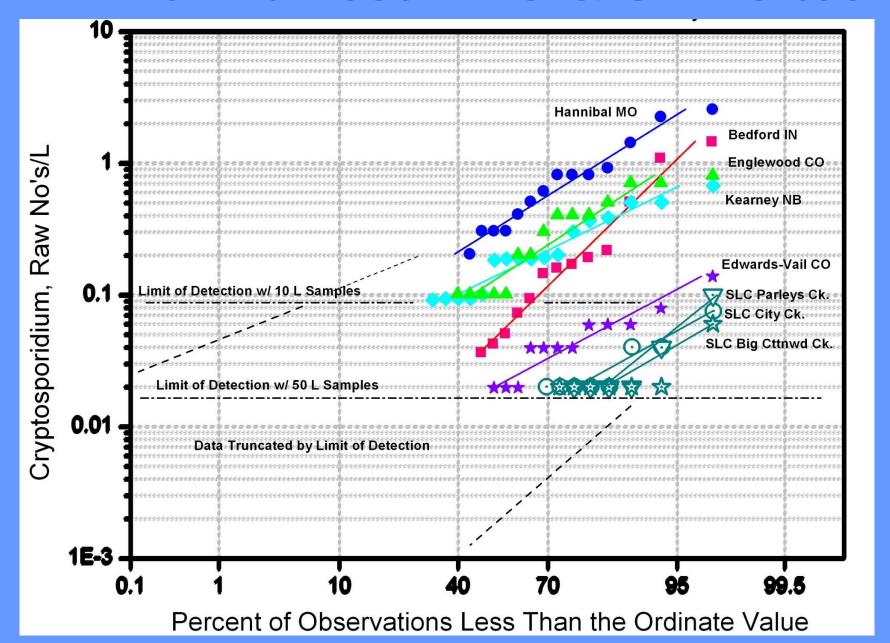
- MS measurement by "color-seeding" ...Practical w/o major cost increase
- Use larger sample volumes & MSs to give representative Crypto data by site

QUESTIONS???





LT2--5 Midwest + CO & SLC Sites

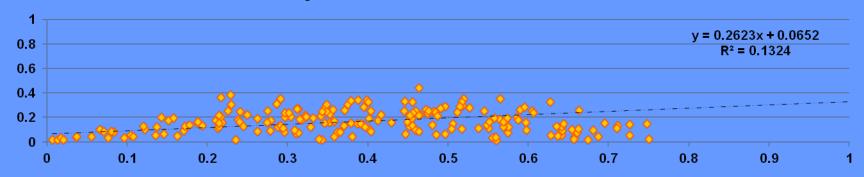


LT2 Matrix Spike Data

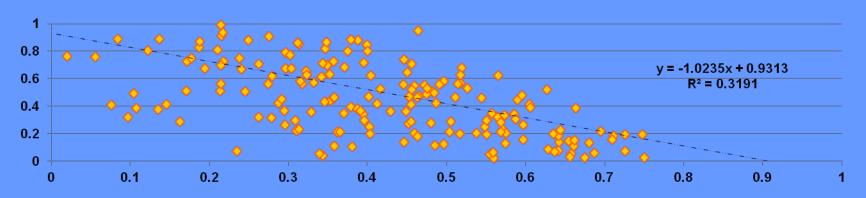
- 1831 Sampling Sites
- 3370 Matrix Spike Samples
 - >Avg=0.397 (sd=0.223, cv=56.2%)
- 201 Sites w/ 3 or more MS's
 - >162x3's; 30x4's; 4x5's; 1x6,7,&8; 2x9's
 - >Avg=0.396 (sd=0.20, cv=49.2%)

LT2 Matrix Spike Multiples

LT2 MS Multiples--SDs of Means vs Means, n=201



LT2 MS Multiple--cv's of Means vs Means, n=201



LT2 MS-Data Pairs

