Test Material: Halauxifen-methyl

MRID: 48557787

Title:

Title:

Method validation study for the determination of residues of XDE-729

and its metabolites in surface water, ground water and drinking water by

liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry, amended report.

MRID: 48557788

XDE-729 methyl ester - independent laboratory validation of analytical

method 110718 for the determination of XDE-729 methyl ester and its

metabolites residues in water.

EPA PC Code: 117501

OCSPP Guideline: 850.6100

For Cambridge Environmental

Primary Reviewer: Lynne Binari

Signature: Zymme Dinai

Date: 4/5/13

Signature: Katalun P. Jerguson Secondary Reviewer: Kathleen Ferguson

Date: 4/5/13

Signature: **QC/QA Manager:** Joan Gaidos

Date: 4/5/13

Analytical method for halauxifen-methyl, X11393729, X11406790 and X11449757 in water

Reports: ECM: EPA MRID No. 48557787. Rodrigues Jr., A. and Q. Li. 2012. Method

validation study for the determination of residues of XDE-729 and its metabolites in surface water, ground water and drinking water by liquid chromatography with tandem mass spectrometry, amended report. Study No.: 110718. Report prepared by Dow AgroSciences Ind., Ltda., São Paula, Brazil, sponsored and submitted by Dow AgroSciences LLC, Indianapolis, Indiana (p. 3; Appendix B, p. 122); 135 pages. Final report issued December

23, 2011. Amended report issued August 30, 2012.

ILV: EPA MRID No. 48557788. Gemrot, F. 2012. XDE-729 methyl ester - independent laboratory validation of analytical method 110718 for the determination of XDE-729 methyl ester and its metabolites residues in water. EAS Study No.: S11-04023. Dow Study Reference No.: 110827. Report prepared by Eurofins AgroScience Services Chem, Vergèze, France, sponsored and submitted by Dow AgroSciences LLC, Indianapolis, Indiana; 160 pages. Final report issued March 28, 2012.

Document No.: MRIDs 48557787 & 485577788

Guideline: 850.6100

Statements: ECM: The study was conducted in accordance with USEPA FIFRA GLP

standards, 40 CFR, Part 160 (p. 3). Signed and dated Data Confidentiality, GLP and Quality Assurance statements were provided (pp. 2-4). A statement of the authenticity of the study report is included in the Quality Assurance

statement (p. 4).

ILV: The study was conducted in accordance with OECD Good Laboratory Practice (GLP) standards (p. 3). Signed and dated Data Confidentiality, GLP and Quality Assurance statements were provided (pp. 2-4). A statement of the authenticity of the study report is included in the Quality Assurance

statement (p. 4).

Classification: This analytical method is classified as **UPGRADABLE** based on

submission of additional data. The method calibration curves are

inconsistent (see review comment 4) or are not provided. In addition, the independent laboratory recoveries could not be verified as supporting data

were not provided (see review comment 6).

PC Code: 117501

Reviewer: Rochelle F. H. Bohaty, Chemist **Signature:**

U.S. EPA **Date:** January 5, 2016

All page citations refer to MRID 48557787 (ECM) unless otherwise noted.

Executive Summary

This analytical method, Dow Study No.: 110718, is designed for the quantitative determination of halauxifen-methyl and its products X11393729, X11406790 and X11449757 in water using LC/MS/MS. The method is quantitative for halauxifen-methyl, X11393729, X11406790 and X11449757 at the proposed LOQ of 0.05 μ g/L. No major issues were discovered by the independent laboratory.

Table 1. Analytical Method Summary

	MRID						Limit of
Analyte(s) by Pesticide	Environmental Chemistry Method	Independent Laboratory Validation	Matrix	Method Date (dd/mm/yyyy)	Registrant	Analysis	Quantitation (LOQ)
Halauxifen- methyl X11393729 X11406790 X11449757	48557787	48557788	Water	30/08/2012	Dow AgroSciences LLC	LC/MS/MS	0.05 μg/L

I. Principle of the Method

Water (10 mL) is acidified with 10% formic acid (1.0 mL), then loaded onto a reverse-phase solid-phase extraction (SPE) cartridge (Strata X, 3 mL/60 mg), preconditioned with methanol, followed by 0.1% formic acid (p. 24). The loaded sample is rinsed with 0.1% formic acid, dried under vacuum, and then residues are eluted with methanol. Extract is fortified with a mixed stable-isotope internal standard solution (M+6 halauxifen-methyl, X11393729, X11406790 and X1144757), concentrated under nitrogen (*ca.* 7 psi, Turbo Vap, 40°C), brought to volume (1.0 mL) with water:acetonitrile:formic acid (90:10:0.1, v:v;v), vortexed and sonicated to mix (pp. 22-23, 25).

Samples were analysed for halauxifen-methyl, X11393729, X11406790 and X11449757 by HPLC (Zorbax SB-C8, 4.6×75 mm, $3.5 \mu m$ column) using a mobile phase gradient of (A) 0.1% formic acid in methanol and (B) aqueous 0.1% formic acid [A:B at 0.00 min. 10:90 (v:v), 7.0-9.0 min. 100:0, 9.1-12.0 min. 10:90] with MS/MS-ESI⁺ detection and Multiple Reaction Monitoring (MRM; pp. 19-21). Two MRM parent-daughter ions were monitored (quantitative, confirmatory) per analyte. The LOD of 0.015 $\mu g/L$ and LOQ of 0.05 $\mu g/L$ were used in the ECM and ILV.

II. Recovery Findings

ECM (MRID 48557787): Mean recoveries and relative standard deviations (RSD) were within guideline requirements (mean 70-120%; RSD \leq 20%), except for X11406790 0.05 µg/L fortification in groundwater (RSD 22%; Tables 1-12, pp. 35-46). Confirmatory ion analyte/internal standard peak area ratios were compared to mean peak area ratios of the calibration standards, according to the method of Bethem, R.A., *et al.*, *J. Am. Soc. Mass Spectrom.* 2003, 14: 523-541 (pp. 27-28, 34). All fortified sample ratios were within the specified range of \pm 20% of the calibration standard mean peak area ratios (Tables 13-17, pp. 47-56).

ILV (MRID 48557788): Mean recoveries and RSDs were within guideline requirements (Tables 1-3, pp. 30-32). Quantitative ion and confirmatory ion recovery results were comparable. The method was validated with the first trial (p. 25).

Table 2. Initial Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Water

Analyte	Fortification	Number	Recovery	Mean	Standard	Relative Standard	
·	Level (µg/L)	of Tests	<u> </u>		Deviation (%)	Deviation (%)	
	Groundwater (Well)						
Halauxifen-methyl	0.05 (LOQ)	6	72-109	92	15	16	
	0.5	6	86-111	95	9	10	
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	6	78-117	100	17	17	
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	6	90-105	98	6	6	
X11406790	0.05 (LOQ)	5	75-119	102	22	22	
A11400790	0.5	6	87-98	96	4	5	
X11449757	0.05 (LOQ)	6	78-119	103	15	15	
A11449737	0.5	6	90-116	109	10	9	
			Sur	face (River) Wat	er		
Halannifan madhal	0.05 (LOQ)	6	72-105	86	15	17	
Halauxifen-methyl	0.5	6	100-115	108	6	5	
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	5	76-115	98	18	18	
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	6	97-116	107	6	6	
V11407700	0.05 (LOQ)	5	81-120	104	20	19	
X11406790	0.5	6	94-109	103	6	6	
V11440757	0.05 (LOQ)	5	78-119	96	18	19	
X11449757	0.5	6	101-118	106	6	6	
	Drinking (Tap) Water						
II.1. 'C.,	0.05 (LOQ)	5	74-78	76	1	2	
Halauxifen-methyl	0.5	5	104-110	108	3	2	
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	5	92-119	107	10	9	
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	6	95-114	106	7	6	
V11406700	0.05 (LOQ)	5	70-82	78	5	6	
X11406790	0.5	6	102-116	108	5	5	
V11440757	0.05 (LOQ)	6	71-88	79	7	8	
X11449757	0.5	6	98-115	103	6	6	

Data were obtained from Tables 1-12, pp. 70-71 in MRID 48557787.

Table 3. Independent Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Water

able 3. Independer				es for Analy	tes in Water	
Analyte	Fortification			Mean	Standard	Relative Standard
Analyte	Level (µg/L)	of Tests	Range (%)	Recovery (%)	Deviation (%)	Deviation (%)
				Groundwater		
Halauxifen-methyl	0.05 (LOQ)	5	95-105	99	4	4
narauxiien-memyi	0.5	5	104-106	105	1	1
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	5	94-97	96	1	1
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	5	85-95	90	4	4
X11406790	0.05 (LOQ)	5	92-98	94	3	3
A11400/90	0.5	5	95-98	97	2	2
X11449757	0.05 (LOQ)	5	92-111	98	7	7
A11449/3/	0.5	5	87-93	90	3	3
			Su	rface (River) Wa	ater	
Halauxifen-methyl	0.05 (LOQ)	5	93-97	95	2	2
Halauxiien-methyl	0.5	5	100-107	103	3	3
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	5	94-98	96	1	2
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	5	100-106	103	2	2
X11406790	0.05 (LOQ)	5	93-103	98	4	4
A11400/90	0.5	5	103-114	109	5	4
V11440757	0.05 (LOQ)	5	90-99	96	4	4
X11449757	0.5	5	97-106	102	4	4
			Dr	inking (Tap) Wa	ater	
Halamaifan madhad	0.05 (LOQ)	5	95-101	98	2	2
Halauxifen-methyl	0.5	5	99-107	103	4	3
X11393729	0.05 (LOQ)	5	93-95	94	1	1
(XDE-729 acid)	0.5	5	85-94	91	4	4
V11406700	0.05 (LOQ)	5	93-100	97	3	3
X11406790	0.5	5	90-94	92	2	2
V11440757	0.05 (LOQ)	5	91-98	94	3	3
X11449757	0.5	5	88-99	95	5	5

Data (quantitative ion results) were obtained from Tables 1-3, pp. 30-32 in MRID 48557788. Standard deviations not provided in ILV report were calculated by reviewer (DER Attachment 2).

III. Method Characteristics

The LOD and LOQ were proposed at $0.015 \,\mu\text{g/L}$ and $0.05 \,\mu\text{g/L}$, respectively, for each analyte in the ECM (Appendix B, p. 124).

A set of eighteen samples and a reagent blank required ca. 1 ½ calendar days; ca. four person hours for laboratory work, followed by 5 hours of LC/MS/MS run time, and ca. 3 hours of data evaluation and transcription (p. 26 in MRID 48557788).

Table 4. Method Characteristics¹

	Halauxifen-methyl	X11393729	X11406790	X11449757
Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)	0.05 μg/L	$0.05~\mu g/L$	0.05 μg/L	0.05 μg/L
Limit of Detection (LOD)	$0.015~\mu g/L$	0.015 μg/L	0.015 μg/L	0.015 μg/L
Linearity (calibration curve r ² and concentration range)	$r^2 = $ 0.9931-0.9934 2 (0.15-20 µg/L)	$r^2 = 0.9983 - 0.9990$ $(0.15 - 20 \mu\text{g/L})$	$r^2 = 0.9979 - 0.9984$ $(0.15 - 20 \ \mu\text{g/L})$	$r^2 = 0.9973 - 0.9979$ $(0.01 - 6.0 \mu\text{g/L})$
Repeatable	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Reproducible	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Specific	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
~ F				

Data were obtained from p. 25; Tables 1-3, pp. 30-32; Figures 1-8, pp. 33-40 of MRID 48557788.

1 As verified by the ILV.

IV. Method Deficiencies and Reviewer's Comments

- 1. It should be noted that the protocol provide in Appendix B was not executed as described; however, the environmental chemistry method that was actually used verified by the independent laboratory validation.
- 2. ECM performance data for X11406790 at the LOQ in ground water were not within guideline criteria (RSD 22%); however, all ILV performance data for X11406790 in groundwater, surface water and drinking water matrices met guideline criteria. *Therefore, this does not impact the classification of the study*.
- 3. ECM calibration curves for X11406790 and X1149757 could not be reconstructed because complete data were not provided. The data provided in Figures 3-4 (pp. 61-62) are the same peak area counts provided in Figure 1 (p. 59) for halauxifen-methyl. X11406970 and X1149757 calibration chromatograms were only provided for the 0.15, 0.5 and 5.0 ng/mL standards (Figures 7-8, pp. 65-66; Figures 11-12, pp. 69-70; Figures 15-16, pp. 73-74). Additional data are needed to confirm the results of this study.
- 4. For the ILV, linearity correlation coefficients (r^2) of the halauxifen-methyl calibration curves were 0.9934 and 0.9931 for the quantitative and confirmatory ions, respectively (Figures 1-2, pp. 33-34). Linearity is satisfactory when $r^2 \ge 0.995$; however, the difference is minor and thus does not impact the study classification.
- 5. ILV recoveries could not be verified because sufficient supporting data were not provided, *i.e.* peak area counts, measured concentrations. The provided calibration curves could not be correlated with the chromatograms to confirm any recovery results (DER Attachment 2: ILV chromatogram verification). *Additional data are needed to confirm the results of this study*.
- 6. Reagent blank samples were included in the ILV analyses, but the chromatograms were not provided for review (p. 13; Tables 1-3, pp. 30-32).
- 7. In the ECM, stability of halauxifen-methyl, XDE-729 acid (X11393729), X11406790 and X11449757 (0.05 and 0.50 μ g/L) in extracts from the three water matrices was investigated after 6 days of refrigerator (temperature not specified) storage (p. 28). All recoveries were within 70-120% (Table 19. p. 58). Mean (n = 6) recoveries after 0 and 6 days of storage were 88% and 102%, respectively, for halauxifen-methyl, 108% and 100%, respectively, for X11393729, 88% and 103%, respectively, for X11406790, and 93% and 105%, respectively, for X11449757 (DER Attachment 2).

V. References

 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. 2012. Ecological Effects Test Guidelines, OCSPP 850.6100: Environmental Chemistry Methods and Associated Independent Laboratory Validation. Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, Washington, D.C. EPA 712-C-

² Satisfactory linearity is when $r^2 \ge 0.995$.

001.

DER ATTACHMENT 1. Halauxifen-methyl and Its Transformation Products.

Code Name/ Synonym	Chemical Name	Chemical Structure
Halauxifen-methyl (XDE-729 methyl, X11393728, XR-279 methyl, XDE-729 ME)	IUPAC: Methyl 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methovyphonyl)pyridine-2-carbovylate	N H 2 CI C
X11393729 (X'729, XDE-729 acid)	IUPAC: 4-Amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxylic acid CAS: 2-Pyridinecarboxylic acid, 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)- CAS No.: 943832-60-8 Formula: C ₁₃ H ₉ Cl ₂ FN ₂ O ₃ MW: 331.13 g/mol SMILES: COc1c(ccc(c1F)c2cc(c(c(n2)C(=O)O)Cl)N)Cl	N H 2 CI O H
X11449757 (X'757, Des-methyl-XR-729, Des-methyl XDE-729, X757)	IUPAC: 4-Amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-hydroxyphenyl)picolinic acid CAS: 4-Amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-hydroxyphenyl)-pyridine-2-carboxylic acid Formula: C ₁₂ H ₇ Cl ₂ FN ₂ O ₃ MW: 317.11 g/mol SMILES: c1cc(c(c(c1c2cc(c(c(n2)C(=O)O)Cl)N)F)O)Cl	N H 2 CI O H

Code Name/ Synonym	Chemical Name	Chemical Structure
X11406790 (X'790, X790)	CAS: Methyl 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-hydroxyphenyl)pyridine-2-carboxylate Formula: C ₁₃ H ₉ Cl ₂ FN ₂ O ₃ MW: 331.13 g/mol SMILES: COC(=O)c1c(c(cc(n1)c2ccc(c(c2F)O)Cl)N)Cl	N H 2 CI O C H 3

MW means "molecular weight".