

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 6 1445 ROSS AVENUE, SUITE 1200 DALLAS TX 75202-2733

Ms. Michelle Fiedler Senior Environmental Specialist New Mexico Gas Company 7120 Wyoming Blvd., N.E. Suite 20 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109

NOV 2 1 2015

Dear Ms. Fiedler:

In accordance with the Clean Air Act (CAA), as amended (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.), the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency has reviewed your application for a Synthetic Minor New Source Review (MNSR) Permit. The EPA proposed a draft permit for public comment regarding the above application on September 28, 2016. We did not receive any public comments during the comment period that ended on October 27, 2016.

After consideration of the pertinent Federal statutes and regulations and additional material relevant to the application contained in our Administrative Record, the EPA hereby issues the enclosed Synthetic MNSR Permit for the Redonda Compressor Station. The final permit, technical support document and other key documents relevant to the final permit are also available online at: <u>https://www.epa.gov/caa-permitting/caa-permitting-epas-south-central-region</u>.

In accordance with 40 CFR § 49.159(c), this Permit becomes effective immediately upon issuance. If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact Mr. Jeff Robinson, Chief, Air Permits Section at (214) 665-6435.

Sincerely Mark Hansen

Associate Director for Air, Multimedia Division

Enclosures:

## FEDERAL SYNTHETIC MINOR NEW SOURCE REVIEW PERMIT ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF 40 CFR § 49.158

#### PERMITTING AUTHORITY

PERMITEE:

PERMIT NUMBER: FACILITY:

FACILITY LOCATION:

United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6

New Mexico Gas Company P. O. Box 97500 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87199-7500

R6NSR-NM- 003 Redonda Compressor Station SIC 4922, NACIS 486210

Highway 6, Pueblo of Laguna Reservation, Valencia County, New Mexico Latitude 34<sup>0</sup> 53'32.74''N and Longitude 107<sup>0</sup>06'23.82''W

Pursuant to the provisions of the Clean Air Act (CAA), Subchapter I, Part A (42 U.S.C. Section 7410(a)(2)(c)), and the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Title 49, Sections 49.151-161, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6 is issuing a Synthetic Minor New Source Permit for an existing operating source to the New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC). This permit places enforceable restrictions on the potential to emit of the source so that the provisions and requirements for major sources in 40 CFR § 52.21 and § 71.2 will not apply to the source.

This authorization relates to an existing source consisting of two natural gas-fired compressors, one gasfired emergency generator and four storage tanks. NMGC's Redonda compressor station is authorized to operate as a synthetic minor source in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this permit. Failure to comply with any term or conditions set forth in this permit may result in enforcement action pursuant to Section 113 of the CAA. The permit does not relieve NMGC of the responsibility to comply with any other applicable provisions of the CAA or other federal and tribal requirements.

No comments were received during the public comment period and therefore in accordance with 40 CFR § 49.159(a)(3) the permit is effective immediately upon issuance.

Mark Han

Associate Director, Air Branch Multimedia Planning and Permitting Division

21-16

Date

## I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Redonda compressor station (Redonda) is located on the Pueblo of Laguna tribal land in New Mexico. New Mexico Gas Company (NMGC) compresses natural gas from pipeline producers by operating two gas-fired compressors only when the need for additional compression and flow is required to provide service to the natural gas retail market. In addition to the two compressors, Redonda also has an emergency generator and ancillary tanks. The facility serves 19 tribes in New Mexico. The compressors operate on a remote unmanned station.

NMGC is applying for a synthetic minor source permit under 40 CFR § 49.158 for the purposes of both the Title V (Part 71) and Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) permitting programs to seek federally enforceable conditions limiting the facility's potential to emit NOx and CO emissions with the use of MIRATECH catalytic controls on one of the compressor engines. The operations at Redonda also include some tanks that store used oil from the compressors, liquids removed from the natural gas and some odorizing compounds used in the delivery of natural gas.

## II. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 1 lists the equipment at the Redonda facility that is subject to 40 CFR § 49.158

Equipment Type	Equipment Identification Number (EPN)	Construction Date/Serial Number(SN)	Capacity	Control Equipment	
Natural gas fired Waukesha 7042 GL, 4SLB engine.	Unit 1	SN: 335791; Installed 1991	1478 BHP 10.3 MMBtu/hr	None	
Natural gas fired Waukesha, L7044 - GSI naturally aspirated, 4SRB engine utilizing MIRATECH catalytic control MCS-3618C	Unit 2	SN: C-13018/2 Installed 2001	1680 BHP 12.3 MMBtu/hr	Catalytic control for NOx & CO	
Baldor/GM certified emergency generator; 4SRB engine.	Unit 3	SN: 3903035 Installed 2013	50.8BHP 0.4MMbtu/hr	None	
Pipeline Liquids tank	TK4	Vertical fixed roof tank	2000 gallons	None	
143 bbl Ambitrol & Lube oil tank	ТК3	3 compartmentalized fixed roof tank.	6000 gallons; 3000/2000/1000	None	
Wastewater tank	TK2	Partially buried, steel double walled tank	2940 gallons	None	
Used oil tank	TK1	Partially buried, steel double walled tank.	2940 gallons	None	

#### Table 1

## **III. REGULATORY APPLICABILITY**

- 1. The applicant is limited through this synthetic minor permit under 40 CFR § 49.158 for the use of a catalyst at all times during the operation of the Unit 2 compressor engine. The NOx and CO emissions shall be below 100 tons per year each on a 12-month rolling average for operation of both compressor engines (Units 1 & 2).
- 2. If the compressor engines are reconstructed or replaced, a PSD analysis will need to be performed. 40 CFR 52.21(r)(4).
- 3. The Baldor emergency generator (Unit 3) is subject to 40 CFR § 60.4230(a), (40 CFR § 60-Subpart JJJJ) regulation and operates only during emergencies to power the remote terminal units for instrumentation (flow, pressure and speed of the compressors) as well as for general lighting, phone equipment, and for maintenance and "readiness" tests.
- 4. The source is not major source for HAP emissions (calculated HAP is < 6 tpy), and is therefore an area source for applicability of MACT rules.
- As an area source of HAP, the compressor engines (Units 1 & 2) are subject to emission standards, monitoring, testing, recordkeeping and reporting rules in 40 CFR § 63.6585 (40 CFR § 63 - Subpart ZZZZ). These specifications are in Section V of the permit. The engines meet the definition of "remote stationary source" in 40 CFR § 63.6675.
- 6. The issuance of this permit does not provide relief for any federal applicable regulations that the facility may have been subject to including 40 CFR § 52, 40 CFR § 60, 40 CFR § 63 or 40 CFR § 71, prior to issuance of this permit.

### IV. GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1. This permit and any required attachments shall be retained and made available for inspection upon request at the site.
- 2. The Permittee shall abide by all representations, statements of intent and agreements contained in the application submitted by the Permittee. The EPA shall be notified ten (10) days in advance of any significant deviation from the permit application as well as any plans, specifications or supporting data furnished.
- 3. The Permittee, shall comply with all conditions of this permit, including emission limitations that apply to the affected emissions units at the permitted source. Noncompliance with any permit term or condition is a violation of the permit and may constitute a violation of the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action and for a permit termination or revocation.
- 4. The permitted source must not cause or contribute to a National Ambient Air Quality Standard (NAAQS) violation or in an attainment area, must not cause or contribute to a Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) increment violation as in 40 CFR § 49.155(a)(7).

- 5. Issuance of this permit does not relieve the Permittee, the owner, and/or the operator of the responsibility to comply fully with all other applicable Federal and Tribal rules, regulations, and orders now or hereafter in effect.
- 6. It is not a defense, for the Permittee, in an enforcement action, to claim that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- 7. For proposed modifications, as defined at 40 CFR § 49.152(d), that would increase an emissions unit's allowable emissions of a regulated NSR pollutant above its existing permitted annual allowable emissions limit, the Permittee shall first obtain a permit modification pursuant to 40 CFR § 49.154 and 49.155 approving the emission increase. For a proposed modification that is not otherwise subject to review under major NSR or MNSR such proposed increase in the annual allowable emissions limit shall be approved through an administrative permit revision as provided at 40 CFR § 49.159(f)(1)(v).
- 8. At such time that a new or modified source at the permitted facility or modification of the permitted facility becomes a major stationary source or major modification solely by virtue of a relaxation in any legally and practically enforceable limitation which was established after August 7, 1980, on the capacity of the permitted facility otherwise to emit a pollutant, such as a restriction on hours of operation, then the requirements of 40 CFR § 52.21 shall apply to the source or modification as though construction had not yet commenced on the source or modification.
- 9. Revise, Reopen, Revoke and Reissue, or Terminate for Cause: The permit may be revised, reopened, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause pursuant to 40 CFR § 49.155(a)(7)(iv). The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit revision, revocation and re-issuance or termination, or of a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition. The EPA may reopen a permit for a cause on its own initiative, e.g., if the permit contains a material mistake or the facility fails to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
- 10. *Severability clause:* The provisions of this permit are severable, and in the event of any challenge to any portion of this permit, or if any portion is held invalid, the remaining permit conditions shall remain valid and in force.
- 11. *Property Rights:* The permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege.
- 12. *Information Requests:* The Permittee shall furnish to the EPA, within a reasonable time, any information that the EPA may request in writing to determine whether cause exists for revising, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit. For any such information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee shall also submit a claim of confidentiality in accordance with Part 2, Subpart B of Title 40 CFR.
- 13. *Inspection and Entry:* The EPA or its authorized representatives may inspect the permitted facility during normal business hours for the purpose of ascertaining compliance with all

conditions of this permit. Upon presentation of proper credentials, the Permittee shall allow the EPA or its authorized representative to:

- a. Enter upon the premises where a source is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept as in the conditions of the permit;
- c. Inspect, during normal business hours or while the source is in operation, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit;
- **d.** Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, substances or parameters for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or other applicable requirements; and
- e. Record any inspection by use of written, electronic, magnetic and photographic media.
- 14. *Permit Effective Date:* This permit is effective immediately upon issuance unless comments resulted in a change in the draft permit, in which case the permit is effective 30 days after issuance. The Permittee may notify the EPA, in writing, that this permit or a term or condition of it is rejected. Such notice should be made within thirty days of receipt of the permit and should include the reason or reasons for rejection.
- 15. *Permit Transfers:* Permit transfers shall be made in accordance with 40 CFR § 49.159(f). The Air Program Associate Director shall be notified in writing at the address shown below if the company is sold or changes its name.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6 Air Permitting, Multimedia Planning and Permitting Division Tribal Air Permitting, 6 MM-AP 1445 Ross Ave, Dallas TX 75202 <u>R6AirPermits@epa.gov</u>

### V. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

#### 1. The standards and emission limits in Table 2 are enforceable:

#### Table 2

Equipment Description	(EPN) <sup>1</sup>	Standard and Emission Limits	<sup>3</sup> Emissions in tpy (for all EPN)
Natural gas fired Waukesha 7042 GL, 4SLB engine.	Unit 1	<ol> <li>Work practice standards for maintenance and operation of the engines.</li> <li>Only pipeline quality natural gas will be used in the compressors.</li> <li>Annual natural gas fuel rate not to exceed 100.6 MMSCF on a 12-month rolling average.</li> <li>Emission limit for NOx is 6.23 lb/hr and CO is 9.11 lb/hr</li> </ol>	$NO_{x} = 27.31$ $SO_{2} = 0.72$ CO = 39.89 $PM_{2.5} = 0.45$ VOC = 13.69 HAP = 5.47
Natural gas fired Waukesha L7044 - GSI naturally aspirated, 4SRB engine utilizing MIRATECH catalytic control MCS-363618	Unit 2	<ol> <li>Work practice standards for maintenance and operation of the engines.</li> <li>Catalyst will be used in the engine</li> <li>Only pipeline quality natural gas will be used in the compressors</li> <li>Annual natural gas fuel rate not to exceed 122.0 MMSCF on a 12-month rolling average.</li> <li>Emission limit for NOx is 7.09 lb/hr and CO is 10.73 lb/hr</li> </ol>	$NO_{x} = 32.09$ $SO_{2} = 0.87$ CO = 47.67 $PM_{2.5} = 1.59$ VOC = 7.70 HAP = 1.52
Baldor/GM emergency generator/4SRB engine	Unit 3	<ol> <li>Use of pipeline natural gas for 500 hours/year.</li> <li>Annual fuel flow rate of 3.77 MMSCF on a 12- month rolling average.</li> <li>No visible emissions.</li> <li>Work practice standard for maintenance of the engine.</li> </ol>	$NO_{x} = 0.14$ $SO_{2} = <0.01$ CO = 0.59 $PM_{2.5} < 0.001$ VOC < 0.001
Used oil tank	TK-1	Maintain integrity of tank by annual inspections and ensure no leaks while filling or removing liquids from the tank	VOC <0.001
Wastewater tank <sup>2</sup>	TK-2	Maintain integrity of tank by annual inspections of the exterior and all vents to ensure no leaks and no visible emissions.	VOC < 0.001
Lube oil and Ambritol tank <sup>2</sup>	TK-3	Maintain integrity of tank by annual inspections of the exterior and all vents to ensure no leaks and no visible emissions.	VOC < 0.001
Pipeline Liquids Tank <sup>2</sup>	TK-4	Maintain integrity of tank by annual inspections of the exterior and all vents to ensure no leaks and no visible emissions.	$VOC \le 0.51$
Total		Practically enforceable limits based on a 12- month rolling average.	NOx = 59.54 CO = 88.15

1. Emission Point Number

2. These are insignificant emission units that do not require monitoring for individual tank operations.

3. Emission in tpy are provided for informational purposes unless specified as practically enforceable limits.

2. The exhaust temperature of Unit 2 engine shall be maintained at 750° F and no more than 1,250°F at the inlet to the catalytic control system (MIRATECH) at all times the engine operates except during periods of startup which shall not exceed 30 minutes for each startup event.

- 3. The Permittee shall install, operate, and maintain temperature-sensing devices (i.e. thermocouple or resistance temperature detectors) before the MIRATECH on Unit 2 to continuously monitor the exhaust temperature at the inlet of the catalyst bed. Each temperaturesensing device shall be calibrated and operated by the Permittee according to manufacturer specifications or equivalent specifications developed by the Permittee or vendor.
- 4. The Permittee shall follow, for each engine and any respective catalytic control system, the manufacturer's recommended maintenance schedule and procedures, or equivalent maintenance schedule and procedures developed by the Permittee or vendor, to ensure optimum performance of each engine and its respective catalytic control system.
- 5. Unit 3 shall operate less than 100 hours per year on a 12-month rolling average for readiness tests and maintenance, and must meet the 40 CFR § 60.4243(d)(2) requirements. Readiness testing of the generator should only be conducted between the afternoon hours of 1:00 pm to 3:00pm to ensure that the NAAQS for NO<sub>2</sub> and ozone is not in jeopardy with potential other emission sources.
- 6. The Permittee shall follow the respective control system for all engines that include the temperature range, air/fuel ratio, other specific operating range requirements, and procedures to ensure good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions, not to exceed the emission limits in Table 2.
- 7. Only pipeline natural gas fuel can be used in all the engines (Units 1-3).
- Unit 1, a 4SLB engine shall comply with 40 CFR § 63.6603(a) Table 2d.8; § 63.6605(a)-(b); § 63.6625 (e), (h), (j); and § 63.6640(a) and (b).
- 12. Unit 2, a 4SRB engine shall comply with 40 CFR § 63.6603(a) Table 2d.11; § 63.6605(a)-(b); § 63.6625 (e), (h), (j); and § 63.6640(a) and (b).

## VI. COMPLIANCE TESTS

- 1. An initial performance test for Unit 1 and Unit 2 shall be conducted within 90 days of receipt of permit.
- 2. The test results of the initial and periodic compliance tests shall be submitted to EPA within 60 days of completion of the tests.
- 3. The Permittee shall send a test plan to the EPA Region 6 Compliance Assurance and Enforcement Division at the address noted below at least 30 days in advance of all planned tests. The test plan should consist of:
  - a. Purpose of the test; (initial, annual, catalyst replacement etc.)
  - b. The proposed date, time and consultant that will be performing the test.
  - c. Engines and catalytic control systems to be tested;
  - d. Expected engine operating rate(s) during the test;

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- e. Sampling and analysis procedures (sampling locations, test methods, laboratory identification);
- f. Quality assurance plan (calibration procedures and frequency, sample recovery and field documentation, chain of custody procedures); and
- g. Data processing and reporting (description of data handling and quality control procedures, report content
- 4. Initial Performance Testing Requirements:
  - a. Tests shall be conducted on each engine for measuring CO, and NOx and to demonstrate compliance with each emission limitation in this permit.
  - b. Tests will be conducted by EPA Reference Method 19 for NOx and CO, (40 CFR Part 60, Appendix A), and with the requirements of Subpart A, General Provisions, 60.8(f).
  - c. The Permittee may submit to the EPA a written request for approval of an alternate test method, but shall only use that alternate test method after obtaining approval from the EPA. Alternative test methods may be requested by NMGC within 10 days of the tests.
  - d. Tests will be conducted at 50%, 75% and 95% or greater of full load. The test will also include the exhaust volume flow rate in dry standard cubic feet (dscf) and the NOx, and CO emission rate in pounds per hour (lbs/hr)
  - e. Each test shall consist of at least three 1-hour or longer valid test runs. Emission results shall be reported as the arithmetic average of all valid test runs and shall be in terms of the emission limits in this permit
  - f. The temperature of the inlet to the catalyst bed for Unit 2 will also be demonstrated at the specific rates noted in VI.3.d. to determine compliance with the CO and NOx emission limits in Table 2.
  - g. The pressure drop across the catalyst bed and the inlet temperature to the catalyst bed shall be measured and recorded at least once per test during all performance tests
  - h. The accuracy of the portable NOx and CO analyzers that will be used later for the annual testing of the catalyst shall be compared to the EPA tests methods used for NOx and CO as indicated in IV.3.b. of this section.
  - i. During each test run, data shall be collected on all parameters necessary to document how emissions were measured and calculated (such as test run length, minimum sample volume, volumetric flow rate, moisture and oxygen corrections, etc.)
- 5. Periodic Compliance Tests
  - a. The test plan (as above) with appropriate test methods will be submitted to EPA Region 6 Compliance Assurance and Enforcement Division at the address noted below, 30 days in advance of the test to include the proposed date, time and consultant name that will be performing the test.
  - b. Subsequent performance tests for CO and NO<sub>x</sub> emissions shall be conducted within 12 months of most recent performance test for Unit 2 using portable analyzers that have been approved by EPA.
  - c. Annual performance tests for Unit 2 shall be conducted using the properly calibrated portable NOx and CO analyzers at a minimum of 90% of the maximum achievable load available on the test day, the exhaust volume flow rate in dscf and NOx and CO emission

rates in lbs/hr, noting the temperature of the engine at the inlet of the MIRATECH catalytic controls.

- d. Performance tests for Unit 1 and Unit 2 shall be conducted whenever an overhaul of the engines is completed within 90 calendar days of operation.
- e. Performance tests shall be conducted within 90 calendar days of replacement of the catalyst on Unit 2.
- f. All performance tests shall be performed at a maximum operating rate (90% to 110% of the maximum achievable load available on the day of the test). The Permittee may submit to the EPA a written request for approval of an alternate load level for testing, but shall only test at that alternate load level after obtaining written approval from the EPA.
- 6. If the results of a complete and valid performance test of the emissions from any permitted engine demonstrate noncompliance with the emission limits in this permit, the engine shall be shut down as soon as safely possible, and appropriate corrective action shall be taken (e.g., repairs, catalyst cleaning, catalyst replacement). The Permittee shall notify the EPA in writing within 24 hours of this shut down. The engine must be retested within 7 days of being restarted and the emissions must meet the applicable limits in this permit. If the retest shows that the emissions continue to exceed the limits in this permit, the engine shall again be shut down as soon as safely possible, and the engine may not operate, except for purposes of startup and testing, until the Permittee demonstrates through testing that the emissions do not exceed the emission limits in this permit.
- 7. Periodic compliance tests for Unit 1 will be conducted at the request of EPA or its authorized agents, but at a minimum periodic compliance tests shall be conducted at least every 5 years unless such testing has occurred pursuant to condition VI.5.d. above resetting the 5-year periodic performance testing timeframe.

## VII. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. Monitor the air to fuel ratio that controls the catalyst efficiency for engine Unit 2 within 30 minutes of startup and at shutdown.
- Monitor the fuel combusted to the compressor engines including the Baldor emergency engine (Unit 3) whenever used, and note the duration on the engines' operations that include startup and shutdown.
- 3. Unit 1 and Unit 2 shall meet the monitoring requirements in 40 CFR § 63.6625(j); § 63.6640(a), Table 6.9. Maintenance records of these units must be kept.
- 4. Monitor and document the duration in minutes, start and ending times, and date when readiness tests are done for the Baldor emergency engine (Unit 3) as in Section V.5. of this permit.

## VIII. RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

1. Maintain records of the pipeline natural gas flow rate to the engines on a monthly basis.

- 2. Record the hours of operation for each compressor engine and generator engine on a monthly basis.
- 3. Records shall be kept of all calibration and maintenance conducted for each engine, catalytic control system, and temperature-sensing device. Unit 1 and Unit 2 shall comply with 40 CFR § 63.6603(f); § 63.6625(j); § 63.6655(a), (d), and (e); and § 6660(a)-(e).
- 4. Records shall be kept of all catalyst replacements, engine rebuilds and engine replacements. This will include the date and time of the catalyst replacement or engine rebuilds and engine replacements; the company performing the engine rebuilds/engine replacements and the operating conditions immediately prior to shutdown of the unit for catalyst replacement and/or engine rebuild/replacements. This needs to be reported as in Section IX.2.
- 5. Record all emergency events that utilize Unit 3 for power generation including duration for each event by recording the date with the beginning and ending time of the event.
- 6. Maintain records for Unit 3 as required in 40 CFR § 60.4245(a)(1-3)
- 7. Emissions from the engines shall be calculated using the manufacturers' specific factors for the compressor engines and the emergency generator as in the attached Appendix.
- 8. Units 1-3 emissions shall be calculated in tons (except for the emergency events of Unit 3), and recorded at the end of each month beginning with the first calendar month that permitted operations commence. Prior to 12 full months of data, the Permittee shall within seven (7) calendar days of the end of each month, add the emissions for that month to the calculated emissions for all previous months since production commenced and record the total. Thereafter, the Permittee shall, within 7 calendar days of the end of each month, add the emissions for that month to the calculated emissions for the preceding 11 months and record a new 12-month rolling total emissions in tons per year from all controlled and uncontrolled emission sources at the facility shall be included in the monthly calculations including, but not limited to the compressor and generator engines, and tanks.
- 9. All records shall be retained for a minimum of 5 years from the time such record was created and shall be available on site.

## IX. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Reports should be sent electronically to EPA Compliance Assurance and Enforcement Division at: R6TribalNSRCompliance@epa.gov, and a copy to R6AirPermits@epa.gov

- 1. The Permittee shall promptly submit to EPA a written report of any deviations of emission or operational limits and a description of any corrective actions or preventative measures taken. A "prompt" deviation report is one that is emailed to <u>R6TribalNSRCompliance@epa.gov</u>
  - a. Thirty (30) days from the discovery of a deviation that would cause the Permittee to exceed the facility-wide emission limits if left un-corrected for more than five (5) days after discovering the deviation; and

- b. Twelve (12) months from the discovery of a deviation of recordkeeping or other permit conditions that do not affect the permittee's ability to meet the facility-wide emission limits.
- 2. Unit 1 and Unit 2 shall comply with the reporting requirements in 40 CFR § 63.6640(b). Any major overhaul of the compressor engines and/or catalyst replacement shall be promptly reported to EPA.
- 3. An annual report documenting the twelve (12) month annual emissions for each previous calendar year no later than April 1<sup>st</sup> is to be submitted to EPA to the electronic addresses as indicated above. For the first calendar year the Permittee shall submit the cumulative facility wide limits. The report shall also document that no operational restriction (as noted in Table 2) has been exceeded.
- 4. Annual emissions for Units 1-3 are to be calculated using the equation:

 $E = EF^* Hr^* K$  Where:

E = pollutant emissions in tons/year

EF = emission factor from the manufacturer's data specifications (lbs/hr)

Hr = No of hours of operation/year

K = 1 ton/2000 lbs for conversion from pounds per year to tons per year

- 5. The Permittee shall submit records of emergency events utilizing the emergency generator. These events should include the date, time period, and emissions for each event, and be submitted with the annual report.
- 6. The Permittee shall submit any record or report required by this permit upon EPA request.

# Table of Acronyms

4SLB	4 Stroke Lean Burn
4SRB	4 Stroke Rich Burn
bhp	Brake Horse Power
Btu/hr	British Thermal Units per Hour
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CH <sub>4</sub>	Methane
CO	Carbon Monoxide
dscf	Dry Standard Cubic Foot
FIP	Federal Implementation Plan
FR	Federal Register
GHG	Greenhouse Gas
HHV	High Heating Value
НАР	Hazardous Air Pollutants
hr	Hour
kW	Kilowatt
lb	Pound(s)
lb/yr	Pounds Per Year
MMBtu/hr	Million British Thermal Units per Hour
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
NOx	Nitrogen Oxides
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
PTE	Potential to Emit
SCF	Standard Cubic Feet
tpy	Tons Per Year
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
%	Percent

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## APPENDIX

## MANUFACTURER'S ENGINE SPECIFICATIONS AND EMISSION FACTORS

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### L7042 Unit 1

POWER RATINGS: L7042GL VHP SERIES GAS ENGINES

				Brake Hors	sepower (k	Wb Outpu	0,
filódél	EC: Water Infet Temp. °F (°C) (Tcra)	C.R.	800 rpm	900 rpm	1000 rpm	1100 rpm	1200 rpm .
High Speed Turbo	85" (29")	10.5:1	928 (692)	1160 (865)	1269 (961)	1418 (1057)	1547 (1154)
High Speed Turbo	130" (54")	. 10.5.1	886 (661)	1108 (826)	1232 (919)	1355 (1010)	(1478)(102)
Low Speed Turbo <sup>1</sup>	85" (29")	10.5:1	1031 (769)	1160 (865)	1289 (961)		1
Low Speed Turbo <sup>2</sup>	130" (54")	10.5:1	985 (735)	1108 (826)	1232 (919)	384-26	· · · · · · · ·

'High speed turbocharger match - 1001-1200 rpm

\*Low speed lurbocharger match - 700-1000 rpm

Rafing Standard; All models: Ratings are based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with mechanical efficiency of 90% and auxiliary water temperature Tota (dause 10.1) as specified above finited to a 10° F (± 5° C). Ratings are also valid for SAE J1349, BS5514, OIM6271 and AP178-11C standard atmospheric conditions.
 ISO Standard Pawei/Continuous Power Rating: The highest load and speed which can be appried 24 hours a day, seven days a week, 385 days per year except for normal maintenance. It is pemissible to operate the engine at up to 10% overload, or maximum load indicated by the intermittent rating, whichever is lower, for two hours in each 24 hour period.

All natural gas engine ratings are based on a fuel of 900 Blu/h? (35.3 MJ/nm²) SLHV value, with a St Waukesha Knock Index<sup>4</sup> For conditions or fuels other than standard, the Waukesha Engine Sales Engineering Department.

#### PERFORMANCE: L7042GL VHP SERIES GAS ENGINES

	English	130° FICW	85° F ICW	Métric;	54° C ICV	29° C ICW
Low NO, Sectors	RPM Power (Bhp) BSFC (Bhu/bhp-hr) NOx (grams/bhp-hr) CO (grams/bhp-hr) NMHC (grams/bhp-hr)	1200 1000 1478 1232 / 7155 6815 0.30 0.30 2.75 2.65 1.00 1.00	1200 1000 1547 1289 7180 6840 0.70 0.70 2.65 2.55 1.10 1.10	RPM Power (WM BSFC [kJ/ NOx (g/nm CO (g/nm) NMHC (g/	1200         100           /b)         1103         919           /kW-hc)         10124         954           /r <sup>3</sup> )         0.37         0.37           )         1.14         1.11           /n <sup>m</sup> )         0.41         0.41	0 1200 1000 1154 962 3 10160 9676 7 0.29 0.29 0 1.10 1.05 0.45 0.45
<ul> <li>Los Fuel</li> <li>Corsumption</li> <li>Settings</li> </ul>	BSFC (Blurbhp-hr) NOx (grems/bhp-hr) CO (grems/bhp-hr) NMHC (grems/bhp-hr)	6910 6615 1.50 1.60 3.00 2.75 0.70 1.00	6935 6640 1.30 1.40 2.90 2.55 0.80 1.10	BSFC (k// NOX (g/nm CQ (g/nm CQ (g/nm NMHC (g/	kW-hr) 9778 936 n²) 0.62 0.61 ) 1.24 1.14 nm²) 0.29 0.4	0 8813 9396 0.54 0.58 1.20 1.10 1 0.33 0.45

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NOTES:

1) Performance railings are based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with mechanical efficiency of 90% and Tora limited to  $\pm$  10° F

- 2] Fuel consumptions based on ISO 3046/1-1995 with a +5% tolerance for commercial quality natural gas having a 900 Blutiti saturated low heat value.
- 3) Data based on standard conditions of 77\* F (25\* C) ambient lemperature, 29 53 pt.or Inches Hg (100kPa) barometric pressure, 30% relative humidity (0.3 inches Hg / (2324 nm)) 1 kPa water vapor pressure).
- 4) Date will very due to variations in site conditions. For conditions and/or feels other than standard, consult the Waukesha Engine Sales Engineering Department.



#### DRESSER Waukesha

WAUKESHA ENGINE

DRESSER, INC. 1000 West St. Paul Averve Wakesha, W 53188-1999 Phone: (262) 547-3311 Fax: (262) 549-2795 waukeshaangine.dresser.com Bulletin 7006 0102

WAUKESHA ENGINE DRESSER INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS, B.V. Farmsumerweg 43, Posibus 330 9500 AH Appingedam, The Netherlands Phone: (31) 596-652222 Fax: (31) 596-628111 Consult your local Waukesha Distributor for system application assistance. The manufacturer reserves the right to change or modify without notice, the dealon or equipment specifications as there is all forth without incurring any obligation either with respect to equipment previously sold or in the process of construction accept where otherwise specifically guaranteed by the manufacturer.

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### R6NSR-NM-003

### L7042 Unit 1

# ENVIRONMENTAL 9

)		1	AT-GL	EMISSIO	NLEV	ELST				
MODEL CARBURETOR	CARBURETOR	GRAMS/BHP-HR				% OBSERVED DRY		MASS	VOLUME	EXCESS
	NOx (1)	co	NMHC (4)	THC	co	02	AFR (2)	AFR (2)	RATIO	
AT25GL	Standard	1.0	2.25	1.0	8.0	0.06	98	28 0:1	16.8:1	1.74
AT0701	Standard	1.5	1,7	0.5	50	0.06	9.8	28.0:1	16.8:1	1.74
Alerge	Ultra Loan	1.25	1.5	0.4	3.5	0.05	11.2	32.0:1	19.2.1	2.00

\* The AT-GL emission levels are based on 900 - 1000 rpm operation. For information at all other speeds contact Waukesha's Sates Engineering Department.

Mana	CARBURETOR		GRAM	S/BHP-HR	e	% OBSER	AVED DAY	MASS	VOLUME	EXCESS
MODEL	SETTING	NOX	co	NMHC (4)	тнс	co	01	AFR (2)	AFR (2)	OTAR
	Lowest Manifold (Best Power)	8.5	320	0.35	23	1.15	0 30	15.5:1	9.3:1	0 97
	Equal NOx & CO	1 12.0	12.0	0.35	2.3	0 45	0.30	15.9:1	9.6.1	0.99
G, GSI	Catalytic Conv. Input (3-way <sup>OI</sup> )	13.0	9.0	0 30	2.0	0.38	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
Stand	Standard (Best Economy)	22.0	1.5	0.25	1.5	0.02	1.35	17.0:1	10.2:1	1.06
e	Equal NOx & CO	14.0	14.0	0.25	1.1	0.45	0.30	15.85:1	9.5:1	0.99
F3524GSI	Catalytic Conv. Input (3-way <sup>(3)</sup> )	15.0	13.0	0.20	1.0	0.38	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
Livingoi	Standard (Best Economy)	23.0	20	0.20	0.8	0.02	1.35	17.0:1	10.2:1	1.06
	Equal NOx & CO	13.5	13.5	0.45	3.0	0.45	0.30	15.85:1	9.5:1	0.99
1.5794GSI	Cetalytic Conv. Input (3-way <sup>ra</sup> )	14.5	\$1.0	0.45	2.9	0.38	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
	Standard (Best Economy)	22.0	3.0	0.35	2.4	0.02	1.35	17.0:1	10.2:1	1.06
GL	Standard	(1.5	2.65	1.0	5.5	0.06	9.6	28.0;1	16.8:1	1.74
L5774LT	Standard	2.6	2.0	0.60	4.0	0.04	8.0	24.7:1	14.8:1	1.54
L5794LT	Standard	2.8	2.0	0.60	4.0	0.04	7.8	24.5:1	14.7:1	1.52

#### **VHP EMISSION LEVELS**

\* L5774LT and L5794LT emission levels are based on 1000 - 1200 rpm operation. For information at all other speeds contact Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department.

NOTE: The above tables Indicate emission levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warranty period and are attainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup> (35.38 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> [25, V(0; 101.325)]) SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index<sup>TM</sup> of 91 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Emissions are based on standard engine timing at 91 WKI<sup>TM</sup> with an absolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. Refer to engine specific WKI<sup>TM</sup> Power & Timing curves for standard timing. Unless otherwise noted these emission levels can be achieved across the continuous duty speed range and from 75% to 110% of the ISO Standard Power (continuous duty) rating. *Contact your local Waukesha representative or Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratings, fuels, and site conditions.* 

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DRESSER	GAS ENGINE	EN: 125515	Ref.
Waukesha	EXHAUST EMISSION LEVELS	DATE: 4/01	8483-4

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#### R6NSR-NM-003

## L 7042 Unit 1

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# ENVIRONMENTAL

#### FORMALDEHYDE EMISSION LEVELS

The following table provides formaldehyde (CH<sub>2</sub>O) levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warranty period and are attainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/tt<sup>3</sup> (35.36 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> [25, V(0; 101.325)]) SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index<sup>TM</sup> of 91 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Values are based on standard engine timing at 91 WKI<sup>TM</sup> with an absolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. Refer to engine specific WKI<sup>TM</sup> Power & Timing curves for standard timing. Unless otherwise noted, these emission levels can be achieved across the continuous duty speed range at the load levels tabulated. <u>Contect your local Waukesha representative or Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratings, fuels, and alte <u>conditions</u>.</u>

	CARR	CH10 GRAMS/ BHP-HR		% OB5	RYED			EXCESS AIR BATIO
MODEL	SETTING	PERCEN	PERCENT LOAD			MASS AFR <sup>2</sup>	VOLUME AFR <sup>2</sup>	
		100% ;	75%	1 00	02			RAIIO
AT25GL	Lean Burn	0.18	0.20	0.06	98	28.0:1	16.8:1	1.74
170301	Lean Burn	0.18	0.20	1 0.06	9.8	28.0.1	16.8:1	1.74
Alzige	Ultra Lean	0.18	0.20	0.05	112	32.0 1	19.2:1	2.00
VHP G, GSI	Rich Burn	0.05	0.05	0.02 - 1.15	0.30 - 1.35	15.5:1 - 17.0.1	9.3:1 - 10.2:1	0.97 - 1.06
VHP Series 4 GSI	Alch Burn	0.05	0.05	0.02 - 0.45	0.30 - 1.35	15.85:1 - 17.0.1	9.5:1 - 10.2:1	0.99 - 1.06
L5774LT L5794LT	Lean Bum	0.22	0.25	0.04	7.8 - 8.0	24.5:1 - 24.7:1	14.7:1 - 14.8:1	1.52 - 1.54
VHP GL	Lean Burn	(0.29)	0.34	0.06	9.8	28.0:1	16.8:1	1.74
VGF G, GSID	Rich Burn	0.05	0.05	0.20 - 1.1	0.18-2.4	15.5:1 - 18.0:1	9.3:1 - 10.8:1	0.97 - 1.12
VGF GL, GLD, GLD/2	Lean Bum	0.19	0.22	0.03 - 0.04	7.8 - 9.0	21.5:1 - 25.4:1	13.9:1 - 15.2:1	1.53 - 1.65
VSG G, GSI, GSID	Alch Bum	0.05	0.05	0.02 - 1.15	0.29 - 2.10	15.5:1 - 17.7:1	9.3:1 - 10.6:1	0.97 - 1.10
F1197G	Rich Burn	0.05	0.05	0.04 - 1.35	0.30 - 1.35	15.5:1 - 17.0:1	9.3:1 - 10.2:1	0.97 - 1.05
F817G	Rich Burn	0.05	0.05	0.04 - 1.30	0.30 - 1.35	15.5 :1 - 17.0:1	9.3:1 - 10.2:1	0.97 - 1.06

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÷	DRIESSER Waukesha	GAS ENGINE EXHAUST EMISSION LEVELS	EN: 125515 DATE: 4/01	Ref. <u>S</u> 8483-4

#### R6NSR-NM-003

#### L7044 GSI- Unit 2

GE Energy Gas Engines

Environmental

#### **Gas Engine Exhaust Emission Levels**

Waukesha's approach to exhaust emission levels is to after various stages of emission control technology. This approach ollows the customer to select the exhaust emission level required for a porticular installation,

The following tables indicate emission levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warronty period and are attainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup> [35,38 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> [25, V[0; 101,325]]] SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index\* of 91 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Emissions are based on standard engine timing at 91 WKI\* with an absolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. Refer to engine specific WKI Power & Timing curves for standard timing. Unless otherwise noted, these emission levels can be achieved across the continuous duty speed range and from 75% to 110% of the ISO Standard Power (continuous duty) roting. <u>Contact the local Waukesha<sup>4</sup> gas enable representative or Waukesha<sup>4</sup> Sales Enableering Department for</u> <u>emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratinas, fuels, and site conditions</u>.

The tobulated emission levels for GL models are achieved at the standard engine settings. Trade off adjustments can be made to reduce emissions or fuel consumption, but not both. <u>Contact the local Waukesha gas engine representative or</u> <u>Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for more Information</u>.

As an aid in evaluating emission requirements, tables of <u>approximate</u> unit conversion factors for exhaust emission levels are included.

Both G and GSI engines that are manually adjusted have the potential to achieve the same emission values as engines equipped with an air/fuel ratio control device. The exhaust emissions, however, must be monitored and the engine adjusted to compensate for changes in ambient conditions and the heating value of the fuel gas. Particularly with catalytic exhaust after treatment, a Waukesha CEC AFM (Custom Engine Control\* Air/Fuel Module) is recommended to achieve optimum emissions control.

Waukesha emission control systems are designed for long life and consistent engine emission levels as listed in the following tables. It must be recognized, however, that engine condition and the quality of engine maintenance have a direct bearing on emission control. <u>A control system cannot compensate for engine or maintenance deficiencies.</u>

Some acceptable instruments for site engine adjustment of emissions are portable analyzers with two percent (2%) accuracy, for example:

- Horiba Mexa-201GE CO NDIR Analyzer with 0.5% and 2% ranges
- Teledyne Model 320A Oxygen Anolyzer
- ECOM Model AC+
- Testo 335 Combustion Analyzer with overall outo-dilution\*\*.

\*\* Contact local Waukesha Distributor for specific part and ordering Information, Reference Waukesha Form M398D, lotest revision,

NOTE: Provision to lower the exhaust sample dew point to 40° F or less is required.

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Gas Engine Exhaust And Emission Levels

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#### R6NSR-NM-003

## L7044-GSI Unit 2

#### GE Energy Gas Engines

#### Environmental

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#### **APG\* Series Emission Levels**

MODEL	NOx	ENGINE SPEED		GRAM	S/BHP-HR	% OBSERVED DRY	EXCESS	
	SETTING	(RPM)	NOxIII	со	NMHC N	THC	Oz*	RATIO
16V150LTO / APG1000	T.A. Luft NOx	1000	1.0	1.4	0.2	2.4	9.6	1.7
	1/2 T.A. Luft NOx	1500	0,5	1.6	0,2	2.4	9,2	1.7
	1.0 gm NOx		1.0	1.5	0,4	2,2	9.5	1.68
	0,6 gm NOx	1800	0.6	1.60	0.42	2.59	9.5	1.68

\* % Oz is given as a reference number only. APG Series engines are set to a specific NOx value.

<u>NOTE:</u> The above table indicates emission levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warranty period and are ottainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup> [35,38 M.J/m<sup>3</sup> [25, V(0; 101,325]]] SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index of 94 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Emissions are based on standard engine timing at 94 WKI with an absolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. Unless otherwise noted these emission levels can be achieved from 75% to 100% of the ISO Standard Power (continuous duty) rating. <u>Contact the local Waukesha gas engine representative or Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratings, fuels, and site conditions.</u>

MODEL	NOx	ENGINE SPEED	LT TEMP		GRAM	s/BHP-HR	BHP-HR         % OBSERVE DRY           NMHC #         THC         oz*           0.9         5.9         11.8           0.8         5.1         13.5	% OBSERVED DRY	EXCESS
HOULE	SETTING	(RPM)	*C(*F)	NOx **	со	NMHC W	THC	Ó2*	RATIO
		1200	45 (113)	1.0	1.7	0.9	5.9	11.8	2,1
	TA 100 MO.	1200	55 (131)	1.0	1.6	MS/8HP-HR % NMHC % THC 0 0.9 5.9 0 0.8 5.1 0 0.9 5.8 0 0.9 6.1 0 1.5 9.9 0 1.6 10.4 0 1.2 8.2 0	11,5	2.0	
	LA COR NOX	1008	45 (113)	1.0	1.7	0.9	HR         % 095ERVED DRY           4C W         THC         02*           9         5.9         11.8           8         5.1         11.5           9         5.8         11.7           9         6.1         11.2           .5         9.9         12.7           .6         10.4         12.0           .2         8.2         11.6           .2         8.1         11.7	2.1	
12V220GL / APG2000 &		1500	55 (131)	1,0	1.8	0.9	6,1	11,2	2.0
18V220GL/APG3000		1200	45 (113)	0.5	3.0	1.5	9.9	12.7	2.2
	1071	1200	55 (131)	0,5	3.1	1.6	10.4	12.0	2.1
	1/2 DA LUILNOX	1500	45 (113)	0.5	2.4	1.2	8.2	11.6	2.0
		1500	55 (131)	0.5	25	1.2	8,1	11.7	2.1

\* % O2 Is given as a reference number only. APG Series engines are set to a specific NOx value.

NOTE: The above table indicates emission levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warranty period and are attainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup> (35.38 M./m<sup>3</sup> [25, VI0; 101.325]]) SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index of 91 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Emissions are based on standard engine timing at 91 WKI with an obsolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. These emission levels can be achieved at 100% of the ISO Standard Power (continuous duty) rating. <u>Contact the local Waukesha gas engine representative or Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratings, fuels, and site conditions.</u>

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#### L7044-GSI- Unit 2

#### GE Energy Gas Engines

#### Environmental

#### **VHP\*** Emission Levels

MODEL	CARBURETOR		GRAM	AMS/BHP-HR % OBSERVED M D NMHC <sup>10</sup> THC CO O2 0 035 23 115 030 15	MASS	MASS VOLUME				
	SELLING	NOx	co	NMHC 10	THC	00	02	AP-Red	APR	RATIO
	Lowest Monifold (Best Power)	8.5	32.0	0.35	2,3	1.15	0.30	15.5:1	9,3:1	0.97
	Equal NOx & CO	12.0	12.0	0.35	2.3	0.45	0.30	15.9:1	9.6:1	0.99
G, GSI	Cotalytic Conv. Input (3-way)	. 13.0	9,0	0.30	2.0	0.38	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
	Standard (Dest Economy)	22.0	1.5	0.25	1.5	0.02	1.35	17.0.1	10.2:1	1.06
F3514GSI	Equal NOx & CO	14.0	14.0	0.25	1.1	0.45	0.30	15,85:1	9.5:1	0.99
F3524GSI 1707403156	Goldyus Conv.	· (m)	13.0	0.20	1.0	0.38	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
	Equel NOx & CO	13.5	13.5	0,45	3.0	0.45	0.30	15.85:1	9.5:1	0.99
L5794GSI	Catalytic Conv. Input (3-way)	14.5	11.0	0.45	2.9	0.36	0.30	15.95:1	9.6:1	0.99
GL .	Stondord	1.5	2.65	1.0	5.5	0.06	9.8	28.0:1	16,8:1	1.74
L5774LT*	Standard	2.6	2.0	0.60	4.0	0.04	8.0	24.7:1	14,8:1	1.54
L5794LT4	Stondard	2,6	2.0	0.60	4.0	0.04	7.8	24.5:1	14.7:1	1.52

#L5774LT and L5794LT emission levels are based on 1000 – 1200 rpm operation. For information at all other speeds contact Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department.

Mond	CARBURETOR		GRAMS	s/внр-нr		% OBSE	NVED DRY	MASS	VOLUME AFR <sup>14</sup> 16.8:1 16.8:1 19.2:1	EXCESS AIR RATIO
MODEL	SETTING	NOztu	co	NMHCIN	THC	co	02	AFR 01		
AT25GL	28:1	1.0	2,25	1.0	8.0	0.06	9.8	28.0:1	16.8:1	1.74
AT27GL	28:1	1.5	1.7	0,50	5.0	0.05	9.8	28.0:1	16.8:1	1,74
275GL/AT27GL	32:1	2.0	1.5	0.40	3.5	0.05	11.2	. 32.0:1	19.2:1	2.00
275GL+	34:1 .	0.5	1.6	0.6	6.0	0.04	11.6	34:1	20.4	2,12

#### 275GL+/275GL/AT-GL Emission Levels #

<sup>‡</sup> These AT-GL emission levels are based on 900 - 1000 rpm operation. For information at all other speeds contact Waukesho's Sales Engineering Department.

<u>NOTE:</u> The above table indicates emission levels that are valid for new engines for the duration of the standard warranty period and are attainable by an engine in good operating condition running on commercial quality natural gas of 900 BTU/ft<sup>3</sup> (35.38 MJ/m<sup>3</sup> (25, Vio; 101.325))) SLHV, Waukesha Knock Index of 91 or higher, 93% methane content by volume, and at ISO standard conditions. Emissions are based on standard engine timing at 91 WKI with an absolute humidity of 42 grains/lb. Refer to engine specific WKI Power & Timing curves for standard timing. Unless otherwise noted these emission levels can be achieved across the continuous duty speed range and from 75% to 110% of the ISO Standard Power (continuous duty) rating. <u>Contact the local Waukesha gas engine representative or Waukesha's Sales Engineering Department for emission values which can be obtained on a case-by-case basis for specific ratings, fuels, and site conditions.</u>

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Gas Engine Exhaust And Emission Levels

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EN: 152868

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#### R6NSR-NM-003

## L 7044- GSI Unit 2

# W MIRACECH

Emissions Control Equipment Specification Summary Ref: New Mexico (Duplicate of KC-930)

#### APPLICATION

# of Engines: Engine Operation: Fuel: Lubrication Oil:

Engine Data: Engine: Power Output: Design Exhaust Temp: Design Exhaust Flow Rate:

Catalytic Converter System Data: Catalytic Converter Model: Inlet / Outlet Pipe Size; Overall Length: Diameter: Converter Pressure Loss:

Sound Attenuation

Catalyst Section Internals: Shell / Body Construction: Inter / Outlet Connection: Instrumentation Ports: Oxygen Sensor Ports: Temperature Limits: Natural gas 0.6 w1% sulfated ash or less

Woukeshi 7044GSI 1630HP@ 1200rpm 1152P) - 20 deg F 11140 Whr

Gas Compression

MCS-363618-14-C1 14" 36" 109" 3.69" WC (Housing + Catalyst: Flange to Flange) 25-30 dBA

CS Standurd 125# ANSI Bolt Pottern Flanges -- FF 1 inlet / 1 outlet (1/2" NPT) 1 outlet (18 mm) 750-1250° F (inlet)/1,350° F (outlet)

#### EMISSION REQUIREMENTS

304 SS

Exhaust Gases Ox O MHC OC (nmnehe) ormaklehyde	Engine Outputs (gm/bhp-hr)	Reduction (%)	Converter Output (gm/bhp-hr)	Area Limits (gm/bhp-hr)
NO <sub>1</sub>	12.8	88.3	(1.50)	1.50
co	14.0	86.1	(1.95)	1.95
NMHC	0.25	84.0	0.04	0.04
VOC (nmnehc)	0.15	0.0	0.15	1.00
Formaldehyde	0.05	0.0	0.05	0.05
Oxygen	< 0.3 %	-	A NEW Y	100

MIRATECH guarantees the performance of the converter, as stated above, if the engine output emissions and exhaust temperature at the catalyst are maintained as stated above using an air fuel ratio controller and the engine is operated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended guidelines for maintenance and operations.

#### By: David Douthitt

Date: 10-16-02

10-16:2002

 Configurator Submittal Package - Quote Number: 156436982-10 - Custom Generator

# **Baldor GM2.0 Emergency Engine**



POWER SOLUTIONS, INC. 855 Wheat Lane -- Wood Dale, 1L 60181 630.350.9400 (M) -- 630.350.9900 (F) www.psiengines.com -- info@osiengines.com

Englae	Speed	Freq	Fuel	Duty Cycle	Flynheel	power2,1	Fan	loss	General	0110	59	Electrica	I Rating*	Certification Spec	THC+NOX	co	bsfo <sup>s</sup>	Cutatys
	RPM	Hz			HP	kW/	HP	k₩	Efficiency	HP	KW.	HP	KW.		(g/KW-hr)	(g/xW-hr)	(g/kW-hr)	
1.5L	1800	60	LP	Emergency	27.6	20.5	2	1.5	87%	3.6	2.7	22.0	16.4	40 CFR Part 60 / 90	82	39.16	256.2	No
1.6L	1800	60	NG	Emergency	25.0	18.8	2	1.5	87%	3.3	24	19.B	14.7	40 CFR Part 60/90	8.89	33.7	243.8	Na
1.6L	3600	60	LP	Emergency	56.5	42.1	3	22	87%	7.3	6.5	48.1	34.4	40 CFR Part 60/90	9.14	44.84	256.1	Na
1.6L	3600	60	NG	Emergency	52.5	39.1	3	22	87%	8.8	5.1	42.3	31.8	40 CFR Part 60 / 00	6.6	37.44	250.8	No
301	1800	60	P	Emergency	51.5	38.4	3	22	87%	8.7	6.0	41.8	312	40 CFR Pat 60/90	9.93	32.66	235.0	Na
SOL	1800	60	NG	Emergancy	50.8	37.9	3	22	87%	8.6	4.9	412	30.7	40 CFR Part 60/90	7.22	28.47	255.9	Na
4.3L	1800	60	P	Emergency	71.4	<b>53 2</b>	4.5	3.4	90%	7.1	6.3	59.8	44.6	40 CFR Part 60/90	8.17	32.02	234.1	No
4.3L	1800	60	NG	Emergency	66.5	49.6	4.6	3.4	90%	6.7	5.0	65.4	41.3	40 CFR Part 60/90	7.03	21.96	225.7	No
5.0L	1800	60	UP	Emergency	88.3	65.8	4.5	3.4	90%	8.8	6.8	74.9	55.9	40 CFR Part 60/90	8.68	39.68	248.2	Na
5.01	1800	60	NG	Emergency	83.4	52.2	4.5	3.4	90%	8.3	82	70.6	52.6	40 CFR Part 60/90	7.72	31.57	235.6	No
57L	1800	60	LP	Emargency	113.2	84.4	4,5	3.4	90%	11.3	8.4	97.3	726	40 CFR Part 60 / 90	9.66	29.61	232.1	No
5.7L	1800	60	NG	Emergency	104.7	78.1	4.5	3.4	80%	10.6	7.8	89.7	66.9	40 CFR Part 60 / 90	7,72	26.73	228.4	No
8.11	1800	60	LP	Emergency	164.4	122.6	8.5	8.3	92%	13.2	9,8	142.B	108.5	40 CFR Part 60 & 1048	0.1	0.69	224.0	Yes
8.91	1800	60	NG	Emergency	155.2	115.7	8.5	6.3	92%	12.4	9.3	134.2	100.1	40 CFR Part 80 & 1048	0.17	0.23	222.8	Yes
8.1LT	1800	60	LP	Emergency	178.5	133.4	11.5	86	92%	14.3	10.7	153.1	114.2	40 CFR Part 60 & 1048	0.343	0.175		Yes
a.tLT	1800	60	NG	Emargency	202.0	150.6	11.5	88	92%	16.2	12.1	174.3	130.0	40 CFR Part 60 & 1048	D.166	0.417	the start	Yes
LIL CAC	1800	60	LP	Emergency	199.0	148,4	14	10.4	92%	15.9	11.9	169.1	125.1	40 CFR Part 60 & 1048	0.343	0.175	243.8	Yes
B.1L CAC	1800	60	NG	Emergancy	238.0	177.6	14	10.4	92%	19.0	142	205.0	152.8	40 CFR Part 60 & 1048	0,156	0.417	221.6	Yes

Standby and overload ratings based on ISO3046. Continuous ratings based on ISO 8528. <sup>2</sup> All ratings are gross flywheet horsepower corrected to 77°F et an altitude of 325/set with no cooling fen or alternator bases using heating value for NG of 1015 BTU/SCF. <sup>3</sup> Production tolerances in engines and installed components can account for power variations of +/- 5%. Altitude, temperature and excessive exhaust and intake restrictions should be applied to Prover calculations, Electrical ratings are an estimated based on assumed fan and generator losses and may vary depending on actual equipment lasses, <sup>8</sup> Bisto is based on 100% gross flywhed power rating and does not include fan er generator losses.

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