Advancing Climate Protection, Operational Safety and Energy Security via Methane Emissions Management

Scott C. Bartos U.S. Environmental Protection Agency GMI Oil & Gas Sector Workshop Khobar, Saudi Arabia April 27, 2015





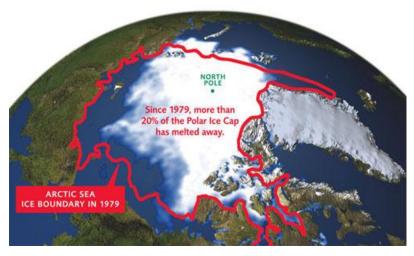






Scientific Evidence Compels Immediate Action*

"the science now shows with 95 percent certainty that human activity is the dominant cause of observed warming since the mid-20th century ... warming in the climate system is unequivocal, with many of the observed changes unprecedented over decades to millennia: warming of the atmosphere and the ocean, diminishing snow and ice, rising sea levels and increasing concentrations of greenhouse gases."



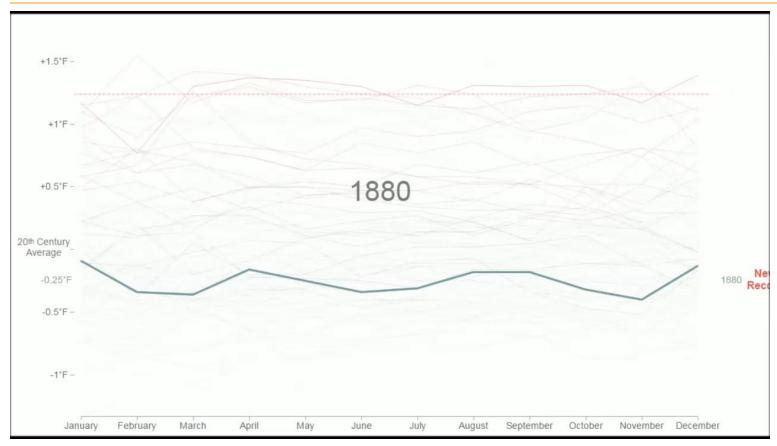
*IPCC AR5 Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis







Global Average Temperature Rise Over the Last Century



Source - http://www.bloomberg.com/graphics/2014-hottest-year-on-record/







GHG Emissions Disrupting the Climate

 Continued emissions of greenhouse gases will cause further warming and changes in all components of the climate system. Limiting climate change will require substantial and sustained reductions of greenhouse gas emissions.









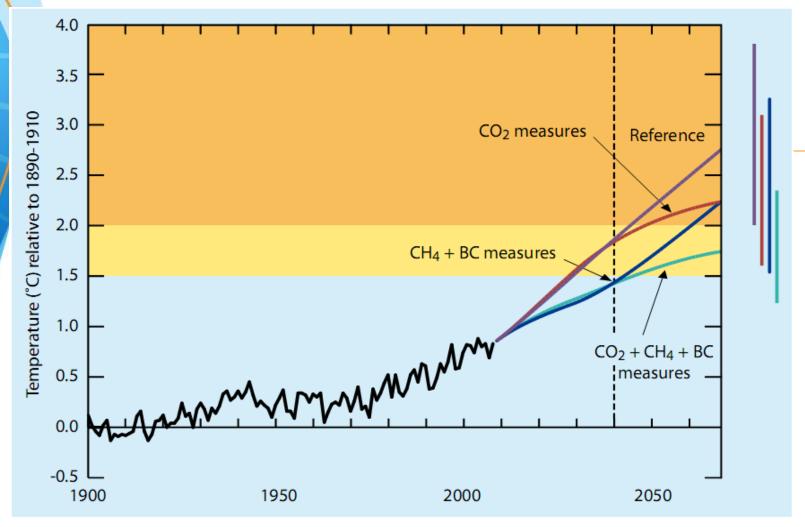


Figure 3. Observed deviation of temperature to 2009 and projections under various scenarios. Immediate implementation of the identified BC and CH_4 measures, together with measures to reduce CO_2 emissions, would greatly improve the chances of keeping Earth's temperature increase to less than 2°C relative to pre-industrial levels. The bulk of the benefits of CH_4 and BC measure are realized by 2040 (dashed line).







Methane Projects Deliver Significant Co-Benefits

New Sources of Clean Energy

Emission capture makes methane available for local energy generation

Air Quality Improvement

- Decrease in background ground-level ozone a 20% reduction in global methane emissions could avoid large Northern Hemisphere mortality (140,000 – 400,000 lives in 2030)
- Reduction of local emissions of VOCs and HAPs from landfills, agriculture, and oil and gas systems
- Odor reductions in the landfill and agriculture sectors

Water Quality Benefits

 Local water quality improvements due to improved management of agricultural wastes and leachate in landfills

Industrial Safety

 Methane is explosive - improved worker safety in the coal mining and oil & gas sectors







Global Methane Initiative (GMI)

Mission:

GMI is a voluntary, multilateral partnership that aims to reduce methane emissions and to advance the abatement, recovery and use as a clean energy source

- Began in 2004 (as Methane to Markets)
- Targets Five Sector-Specific Areas for Methane Reduction
 - Agriculture, Coal Mines, Landfills, Municipal Wastewater, and Oil & Gas Systems
- Complements UNFCCC

Impact:

Participants cover nearly 70% of total global methane emissions

 Since 2004, GMI has helped facilitate projects that have now reduced 151 MMTCO2e of methane







GMI Global Participation

Membership:

GMI is a partnership of Country Partners and the Project Network committed to cost-effect methane emission reduction opportunities.

- Partner Countries
 - 42 Partner Countries and the European Commission
 - Saudi Arabia joined GMI in 2014









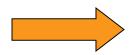




Farms and Landfills—Providing Renewable Energy



Animal Waste to Cooking Fuel in Vietnam







Landfill Gas to an Infrared Heater in Ukraine











Oil, Natural Gas and Coal Mining— Environment and Energy Solutions





Reducing Leaks and Losses from Natural Gas and Oil Operations— More Energy to Markets and less VOCs and HAPs





Capturing Methane from Gassy Mines—Clean Energy and Mine Safety

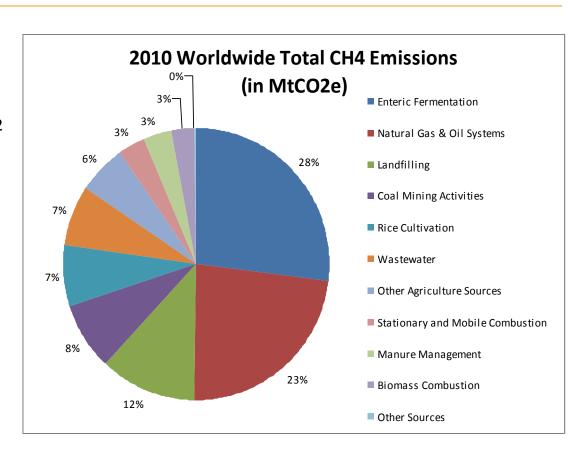






Oil and Gas Sector Provides Important Mitigation Opportunity

- 84 times more potent than CO₂ over 20-years
- IEA: upstream methane emissions one of 4 key energy sector GHG reduction opportunities

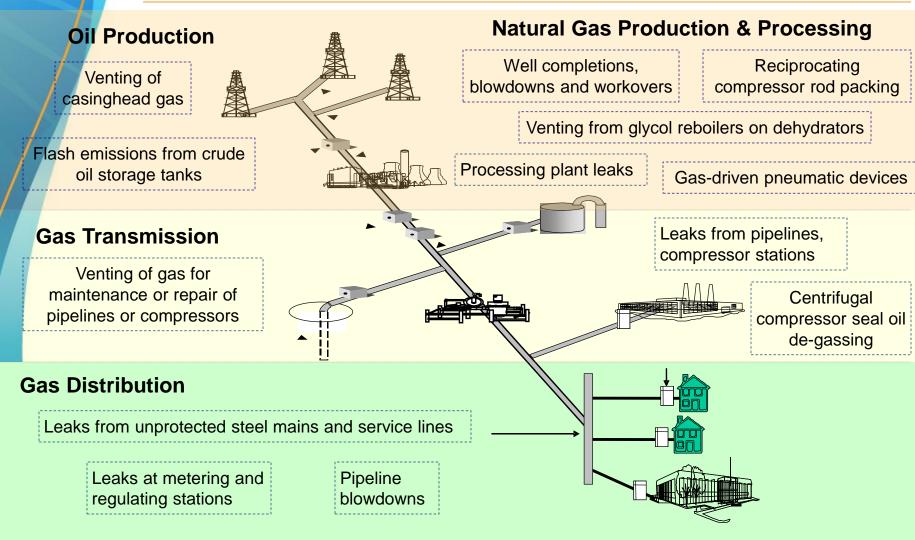






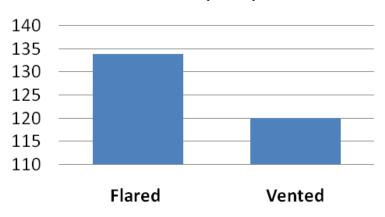


Sources of Methane Emissions from Oil and Gas Operations

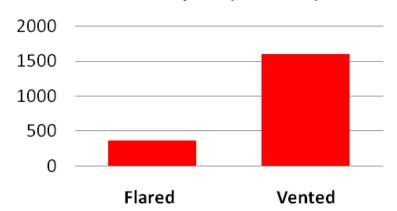


Vented vs. Flared Gas – Climate Impacts

2010 Global Flared-Vented Gas Volume (Bcm)



2010 Global Flared-Vented Gas Climate Impact (MtCO2e)









Awareness is Critical

- Economic, Safety, and Environmental Challenges
- Over 110 billion m³ of natural gas lost annually by global oil & gas industry equates to:
 - U.S. \$12 to \$27 billion lost revenues
 - Over 3.5% of worldwide net dry gas consumption
- 23% of global anthropogenic methane emissions from oil & natural gas operations
- Emissions can also include VOC and HAPs



Source - http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/tools/videos.html







Methane Emissions May Go Unnoticed - Tank Venting



Source - http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/tools/videos.html







GMI Oil and Gas Sector Partners















































Celebrating 2 Years OF GLOBAL ACTION AGAINST SLCPs

- Voluntary international effort bringing together countries, companies, and others to work together to substantially and cost-effectively reduce methane, black carbon, and HFCs
 - Action-oriented, ambitious, and high political interest
 - 10 initiatives; Science Advisory Panel; UNEP Secretariat
- CCAC Oil and Gas Methane Partnership
 - Establish systematic approach to reducing methane emissions from 9 core sources
 - 7 Charter Partner Companies launched at UN Climate Summit, September 2014







Building Capabilities, Confidence and Trust

Enormous economic opportunity to reduce methane losses from oil & gas operations

- Increases energy security
- Improves air quality and industrial safety
- Contributes to climate protection
- Success not only <u>possible</u> but also <u>good business!</u>
 - US\$12 to \$20 Billion in potential new revenue
- Delayed action increases costs to society
- Efficient information sharing reduces mitigation costs
- Collaboration expands technical knowledge, builds confidence and fosters trust necessary for effective global climate change response







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www.globalmethane.org

http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/international/index.html

http://www.epa.gov/gasstar/tools/recommended.html





