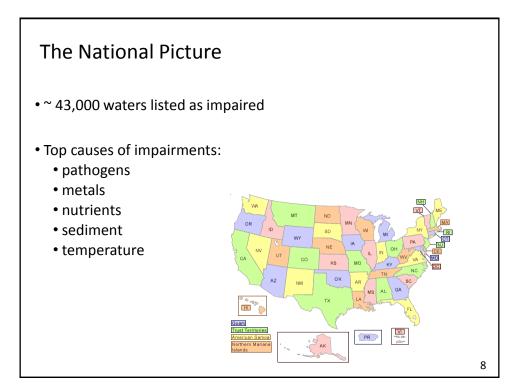
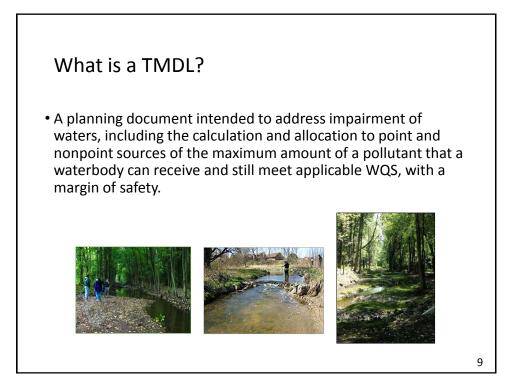
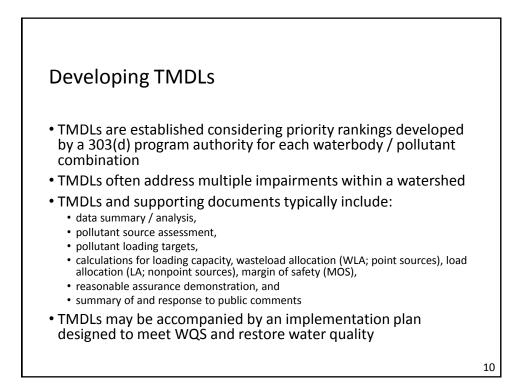


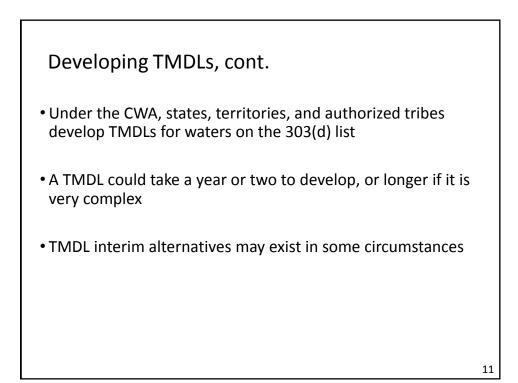
Developing a 303(d) List of Impaired and Threatened Waters

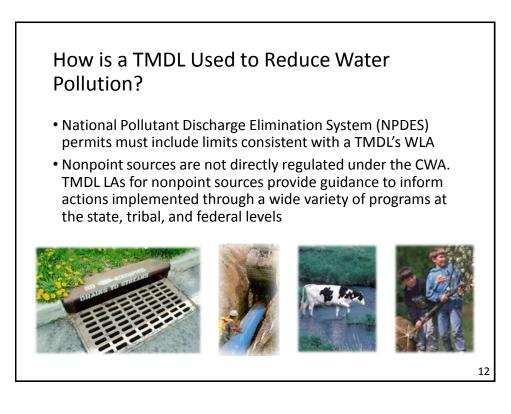
- Assemble and evaluate all readily available water quality data and information
- Develop assessment methodology
 - Water quality data and information and applicable water quality standards (WQS) used to make listing decisions
- Identify waters that do not meet WQS (impaired) or are not likely to meet WQS (threatened)
- Establish priority ranking of all listed waters
- Identify specific waters targeted for TMDL development (in next 2 years)
- Request and respond to public comments
- Submit final impaired and threatened waters list to EPA for review and action (2 year cycle)

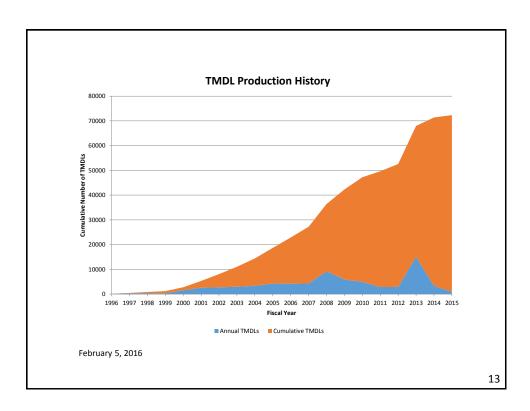






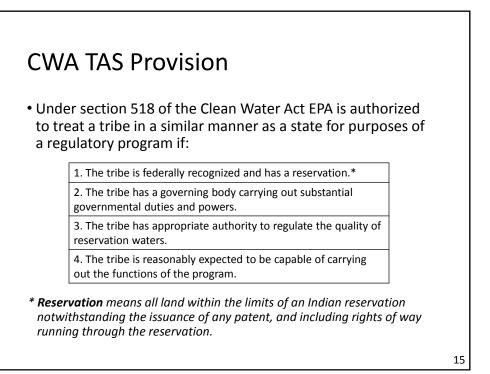


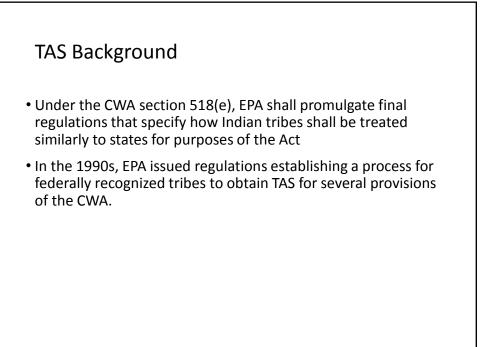




Number of Tribes with 1	TAS under the CWA
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Program	Number of Tribes with TAS
Pollution Control Program Grants (§106)	271
Nonpoint Source Grants and Planning (§319)	186
Water Quality Standards (§303(c)) and §401 Certification Authority	50 (42 of these TAS tribes have approved WQS)
Listing and TMDLs (§303(d)) Authority	0
NPDES (§402) Authority	0
Dredge or Fill Permit (§404) Authority	0
Data as of February 2016	

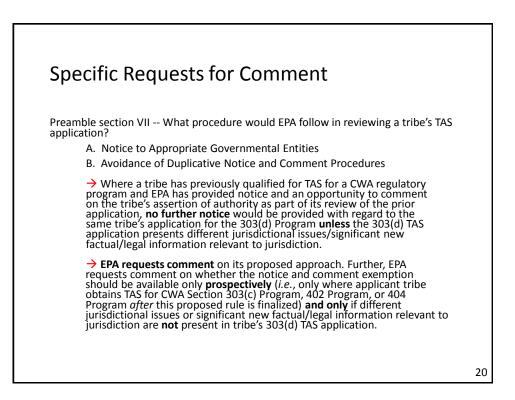


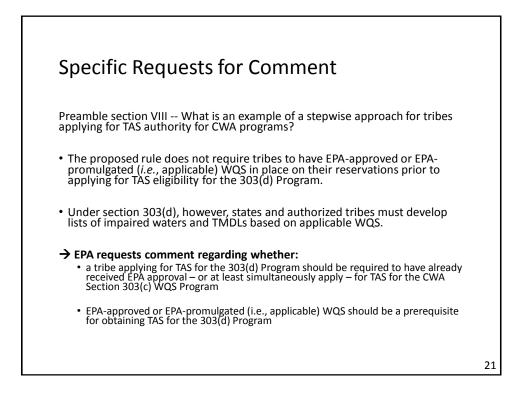


EPA's Proposal On January 19, 2016, EPA published a proposed rule to establish a process for tribes to apply to EPA for authority to establish lists of impaired waters and establish TMDLs pursuant to section 303(d) of the CWA. See 81 FR 2791. The proposal is comparable to similar regulations that EPA issued in the 1990s for the CWA Section 303(c) WQS and CWA Section 402 and 404 Permitting Programs, and includes features designed to minimize paperwork and unnecessary reviews.

EPA's Proposal		
Category	Examples of potentially affected or interested entities	
Tribes	Federally recognized tribes with reservations that are interested in applying for TAS for CWA Section 303(d) Impaired Water Listing and TMDL Program, and other interested tribes.	
States	States adjacent to reservations of potential applicant tribes.	
Industry dischargers	Industrial and other commercial entities discharging pollutants to waters within or adjacent to reservations of potential applicant tribes.	
Municipal dischargers	Publicly owned treatment works or other facilities discharging pollutants to waters within or adjacent to reservations of potential applicant tribes.	

EPA's Proposal Highlights: • The statutory and regulatory history of TAS under the CWA. Reasons a tribe might be interested in seeking TAS for the 303(d) Program. Program responsibilities tribes would have upon obtaining TAS for the 303(d) Program. Proposed regulatory procedures for a tribe to seek TAS for the 303(d) Program. Special circumstances that may exist regarding qualification for TAS for the 303(d) Program. · Regulatory procedure EPA would follow in reviewing a tribe's TAS application. An example of a stepwise approach for tribes applying for TAS for CWA programs. Availability of EPA financial and technical support to tribes that choose to develop and implement a 303(d) program. The preamble to the proposed rule requests comments on all aspects of the proposal, and also specifically requests comments on some issues.





Proposed rule published	
 Tribal consultation and coordination process begins 	January 19,
 Outreach to intergovernmental associations begins 	2016
EPA outreach to public, tribes, states	
 60-day public comment period ends Tribal consultation and coordination process ends Outreach to intergovernmental associations ends 	March 21, 2016
EPA reviews, analyzes comments and iss	ues
If finalized:	Mid-to-late
Final rule published	2016



