

Acceptable Identity Source Documents*



Individuals appearing for enrollment are required to provide two forms of identity source documents in their <u>original</u> form. The primary identity source document must be an unexpired, federal or state government issued photo ID per federal requirements and is limited to the **Primary Documents** listed in the box below. Note that Foreign Nationals must have at least one of the documents listed in the **Foreign Nationals** section of the **Primary Documents** box. The second identity source document may be any of the documents within the **Secondary Documents** box, including the list of **Primary Documents**.

The identity source documents must be bound to the individual and must not be expired or canceled. If the two identity source documents bear different names, evidence of a formal name change must be provided. Also, any document bearing language indicating it may not be used for identity verification will be rejected.

Primary Documents (in their original form)

- Driver's license or an ID card issued by a state or possession of the United States provided it contains a photograph
- U.S. Passport or a U.S. Passport Card

U.S. Military dependent's ID card

U.S. Military ID card

PIV Card

Foreign Nationals must present one of these documents (in their original form):

- Permanent Resident Card or Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551)
- Employment Authorization Document that contains a photograph (Form I-766)
- Foreign Passport with Forms I-551, I-94, or I-94A
 - o Foreign passport containing a temporary I-551 stamp or temporary I-551 printed notation on a machine-readable immigrant visa
 - In the case of a nonimmigrant alien authorized to work for a specific employer incident to status, a foreign passport with Form I-94 or Form I-94A bearing the same name as the passport and containing an endorsement of the alien's nonimmigrant status, as long as the period of endorsement has not yet expired and the proposed employment is not in conflict with any restrictions or limitations identified on the form.
 - Passport from Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) or the Republic of the Marshall Islands (RMI) with Form I-94 or I-94A indicating nonimmigrant admissions under the Compact of Free Association Between the United States and the FSM or RMI

Secondary Documents (in their original form)

- Any Primary Document listed above, provided it was not already used as the Primary Document
- Certificate of U.S. Citizenship (Form N-560 or N-561)
- Certificate of Naturalization (Form N-550 or N-570)
- Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571)
- Employment Authorization Card (Form I-688A)
- Identification Card for Use of Resident Citizen in the United States (Form I-179)
- ID card issued by a federal or local government agency or entity, provided it contains a photograph
- Employment authorization document issued by Department of Homeland Security (DHS)
- Employment Authorization Document issued by DHS with photograph (Form I-688B)
- Certification of Birth Abroad or Certification of Report of Birth issued by the Department of State (Form FS-545 or Form DS-1350)
- U.S. Social Security Card issued by the Social Security Administration, providing it does not state that it cannot be used for identification purposes
- Original or certified copy of a birth certificate issued by a state, county, municipal authority, possession, or outlying possession of the United States bearing an official seal

*Proof of identity for federal and nonfederal employees must meet requirements set by a Federal Information Processing Standards Publication (FIPS) for Personal Identity Verification (PIV). This standard publication, FIPS 201-2, applies to all federal agencies.

- Voter's registration card
 - U.S. Coast Guard Merchant Mariner Card
 - U.S. Citizen ID Card (Form I-197)
 - Re-entry Permit (Form I-327)
 - Temporary Resident Card (Form I-688)
 - Driver's license issued by a Canadian government entity
 - Native American tribal document