#### DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

### RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

### **Current Human Exposures Under Control**

Facility Name: Lehighton Electronics, Inc.

Facility Address: Rt 443 and Seneca Road, Lehighton, PA 18235

Facility EPA ID #: PAD 00 239 9186

1.	Has <b>all</b> available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil, groundwater, surface water/sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been <b>considered</b> in this EI determination?					
	If no - re-evaluate existing data, or					
		if data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code				

### **BACKGROUND**

#### **Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)**

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

#### Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

#### **Relationship of EI to Final Remedies**

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

### **Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations**

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

Page 2

2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be "**contaminated**" above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs RUs or AOCs)?

Corrective Action	(HOIII S	W WIUS,	, KUS OF	AUCS)?	
Groundwater Air (indoors) <sup>2</sup> Surface Soil (e.g. Surface Water Sediment Subsurf. Soil (e.g. Air (outdoors)	, <2 ft) ., >2 ft) If no (for appropri	Yes _X_    r all medate "leve	NoXXXXXXXX	?	Rationale / Key Contaminants  TCE from spills / 30-50 ppb in groundwater
c S	'contam letermir supporti	inated" ination the	medium, at the me mentation	citing ap dium con n.	Ifter identifying key contaminants in each propriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the uld pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing to #6 and enter "IN" status code.
Rationale and Ref	erence(s ces: - Le	s) ehightor	ı RFI Rej	oort, date	ed 1/93
- - -	- PA	ADEP Wehighton	ork Shar Electron	re Report nics - Rev	d Trip Report and Data Package, CDM, dated 3/12/93 t - Lehighton Electronics, dated 8/6/99 view of Contaminated Soil, assessment dated 8/18/99 Bank records for PAH compounds
- On-site groundw					om past releases from an above-ground materials
					28 ppb and 50 ppb, down from the historical high
concentration of 10	60 ppb.	The dri	nking wa	ter MCL	for TCE is 5 ppb.
-Two off-site grou	ndwate	r sample	es contain	ed levels	s of three metals that exceed Region 3 residential tap
water screening le	vels. Th	iese met	als were	not found	d in on-site groundwater. Lehighton does not appear
to be the source of	the met	als cont	aminatio	n. The c	ontaminated area is not used for water supply and it is
not suitable for de	velopme	ent due t	to marshy	condition condition	ons.
-Four on-site soil s	samples	contain	ed levels	of PAH	compounds that exceed Region 3 residential soil
screening levels. (	Only sar	nples in	or adjace	ent to the	parking/driveway area showed detectable levels of
PAH compounds.	The fac	ility, an	electrop	lating op	eration, reports no use or generation of PAH
					onsistent with vehicle emission and road dust levels
					cords. Vehicle traffic is the likely cause of the
contamination, the	erefore,	the cont	aminatio	n is not s	subject to Corrective Action.

### Footnotes:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

Page 3

3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

### Potential **<u>Human Receptors</u>** (Under Current Conditions)

Groundwater	no	no	<u>no</u>	<u>no</u>	<u>1</u>
Air (indoors)					
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)					 
Surface Water					 
Sediment					 
Soil (subsurface e.g., >2 ft)					
Air (outdoors)					

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated") as identified in #2 above.
- 2. enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "Contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("\_\_\_\_"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.

X	If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in-place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <a href="Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet">Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</a> to analyze major pathways).
	If yes (pathways are complete for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	If unknown (for any "Contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

Rationale and Reference(s): Contaminated groundwater is used only as industrial process water, not for drinking water or domestic use. Industrial process areas are vented.

Reference: Lehighton RFI Report, dated 1/93

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

4.	Can the <b>exposures</b> from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " <b>significant</b> " (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?					
		If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
		If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant."				
		If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code				
	Rationale and Re	eference(s):				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

Page 5

3.	Can the signific	cant <b>exposures</b> (identified in #4) be shown to be within <b>acceptable</b> filmits?
		If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
		If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")- continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
		If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code
	Rationale and R	eference(s):

Page 6

6.	* *	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Current Human Exposures Under Control El event cod					
	(CA725), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination						
	below (and attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility):						
	Lehighton RFI I	Report, dated 1/93	2				
		YE - Yes, "Current Human Exposures Under review of the information contained in this EI	Determination, "Current Human				
		Exposures" are expected to be "Under Control facility, EPA ID # PAD 00 239 9186, located	l at Rt 443 and Seneca Road, Lehighton,				
		PA, under current and reasonably expected conversely evaluated when the Agency/State becomes away					
		NO - "Current Human Exposures" are NOT '	'Under Control."				
		IN - More information is needed to make a	determination.				
	Completed by	(signature)	Date <u>08-19-99</u>				
	(Print)	Maureen Essenthier					
		(title) Remedial Project Manager	<u> </u>				
	Supervisor	(signature)	Date <u>08-24-99</u>				
		(print) Paul Gotthold					
		(title) PA Operations Branch Chief	-				
		(EPA Region or State) EPA, Region 3	-				
	Locations where	e References may be found:					
		RCRA file - Lehighton Electronics, Inc.					
		PAD 002 300 186					
		EPA Region 3					
		-					
	Contact telephor	ne and e-mail numbers:					
	(name)	Maureen Essenthier					
	(phone	#) 215-814-3416					

FINAL NOTE: THE HUMAN EXPOSURES EI IS A QUALITATIVE SCREENING OF EXPOSURES AND THE DETERMINATIONS WITHIN THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED AS THE SOLE BASIS FOR RESTRICTING THE SCOPE OF MORE DETAILED (E.G., SITE-SPECIFIC) ASSESSMENTS OF RISK.

(e-mail) <u>essenthier.maureen@epa.gov</u>