DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750) Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

| Facility | Name: | Merck-West Point |
|----------|---------------------|---|
| Facility | Address: | 770 Sumneytown Pike, West Point, PA 19486 |
| Facility | EPA ID#: | PAD 00 238 7926 |
| 1. | media, subject to F | relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to the groundwater RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units f Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination? |
| | X | If yes - check here and continue with #2 below. |
| | | If no - re-evaluate existing data, or |
| | | If data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status code. |
| | | |

BACKGROUND

<u>Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)</u>

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

<u>Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI</u>

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

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| | lgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from, the facility? |
|-----------------|---|
| X | If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation. |
| | If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated." |
| | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. |
| Rationale and R | deference(s): This information comes from reports submitted by Merck to EPA under ugh quarterly reports. The groundwater is contaminated with VOCs such as chloroform, |

Footnotes:

¹"Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

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| 3. | Has the migration of contaminated groundwater stabilized (such that contaminated groundwater is expected to |
|----|---|
| | remain within "existing area of contaminated groundwater" as defined by the monitoring locations designated at the |
| | time of this determination)? |

| X | If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundwater |
|---|---|
| | sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is |
| | expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of the "existing area of |
| | groundwater contamination" ²). |
| | If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated |
| | locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²) - skip to #8 and enter "NO |
| | status code, after providing an explanation. |
| | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. |

Rationale and Reference(s): Under the first Consent Order with EPA (January 1989), Merck was required to provide local residents with clean water. To date, Merck has connected 58 local residents to a public water supply system (North Wales Water Authority). For the residents who chose to remain on well water, Merck tests their wells quarterly. To date, all the private wells have met the Federal drinking water standards.

Under the present Consent Order (September, 1994) which implements the Final Remedy, Merck operates a Facility-wide pump and treat system. There are 11 pumping wells with activated carbon systems. These wells prevent off-site migration of the groundwater as well as providing potable and process water for the Facility.

² "existing area of contaminated groundwater" is an area (with horizontal and vertical dimensions) that has been verifiably demonstrated to contain all relevant groundwater contamination for this determination, and is defined by designated (monitoring) locations proximate to the outer perimeter of "contamination" that can and will be sampled/tested in the future to physically verify that all "contaminated" groundwater remains within this area, and that the further migration of "contaminated" groundwater is not occurring. Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

| 4. | Does contaminate | groundwater discharge into surface water bodies: |
|----|--------------------|---|
| | | If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies. |
| | X | If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing an explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies. |
| | | If unknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code. |
| | Rationale and Refe | rence(s): |

| 5. | concentration ³ of e "level," and there a | f "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be "insignificant" (i.e., the maximum each contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their appropriate groundwater are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of discharging contaminants, or environmental inficantly increase the potential for unacceptable impacts to surface water, sediments, or econocentrations)? |
|----|--|---|
| | | If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration ³ of <u>key</u> contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) provide a statement of professional judgement/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system. |
| | | If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of each contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations greater than 100 times their appropriate groundwater "levels," the estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identify if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing. |
| | | If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8. |
| | Rationale and Refe | rrence(s): |

³ As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

| Can the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water be shown to be " currently acceptable " (i.e., recause impacts to surface water, sediments or eco-systems that should not be allowed to continue until a final remedy decision can be made and implemented ⁴)? |
|--|
| If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating these conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's surface water, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; OR 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, ⁵ appropriate to the potential for impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is (in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of receiving surface water, sediment and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interim-assessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropriate surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological Risk Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deem appropriate for making the EI determination. |
| If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be "currently acceptable") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems. |
| If unknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code. |
| Rationale and Reference(s): |
| |

⁴ Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

⁵ The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

| 7. | collected in the fut | nonitoring / measurement data (and surface water/sediment/ecological data, as necessary) be ure to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (or vertical, as ions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?" |
|----|----------------------|---|
| | _X | If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations which will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary) beyond the "existing area of groundwater contamination." |
| | | If no - enter "NO" status code in #8. |
| | | If unknown - enter "IN" status code in #8. |
| | Rationale and Re | ference(s): Groundwater monitoring continues under the Final Remedy. |

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| X | VE Vac | "Migration of Contaminated Co | Surveyed and Lindon Control? has been venifie |
|-------------------------|---|--|---|
| Λ | | _ | Froundwater Under Control" has been verified ained in this EI determination, it has been |
| | | | ninated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at |
| | | • | AD 00 238 7926, located at 770 Sumneytown |
| | | | y, this determination indicates that the |
| | - | _ | is under control, and that monitoring will be coundwater remains within the "existing area |
| | | _ | ation will be re-evaluated when the Agency |
| | | are of significant changes at the | — · |
| | NO Una | | |
| | | centable migration of confamin | nated groundwater is observed or expected |
| | NO - Unac | eceptable migration of contamin | nated groundwater is observed or expected. |
| | | information is needed to make | |
| Completed by | | | |
| Completed by | IN - More (signature) (print) | information is needed to make Renee Gelblat | Date 08-08-95 |
| Completed by | IN - More (signature) | information is needed to make | Date 08-08-95 |
| Completed by Supervisor | IN - More (signature) (print) | information is needed to make Renee Gelblat | Date 08-08-95 |
| | IN - More (signature) (print) (title) | information is needed to make Renee Gelblat | Date 08-08-95 |
| | IN - More (signature) (print) (title) (signature) | information is needed to make Renee Gelblat Remedial Project Manager | Date 08-08-95 Date 08-08-95 |
| Completed by Supervisor | (signature) (print) (title) (signature) (print) (title) | information is needed to make Renee Gelblat Remedial Project Manager Paul Gotthold | Date 08-08-95 Date 08-08-95 |
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