Marin Sanitary Service & Central Marin Sanitation Agency



Central Marin
Commercial
Food-to-Energy
(F2E)
Program

EPA Sustainable Materials Management Webinar

March 12, 2015

Presentation Outline

- Central Marin's Commercial Food-to-Energy (F2E) Initiative
 - What is F2E?
 - Public-Private Partnership CMSA and Marin Sanitary Service
- Marin Sanitary Service F2E Program
 - About MSS
 - Transfer Station Improvements
 - MSS outreach, training, services, and collection statistics
- CMSA F2E Program
 - About CMSA
 - Treatment plant F2E/FOG facility
 - Anaerobic digestion and energy production
- Program Metrics, Benefits, and Reasons for Success
- Questions



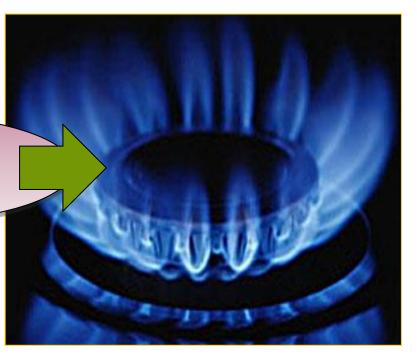
Commercial Food Waste to Energy





Central Marin Food Waste





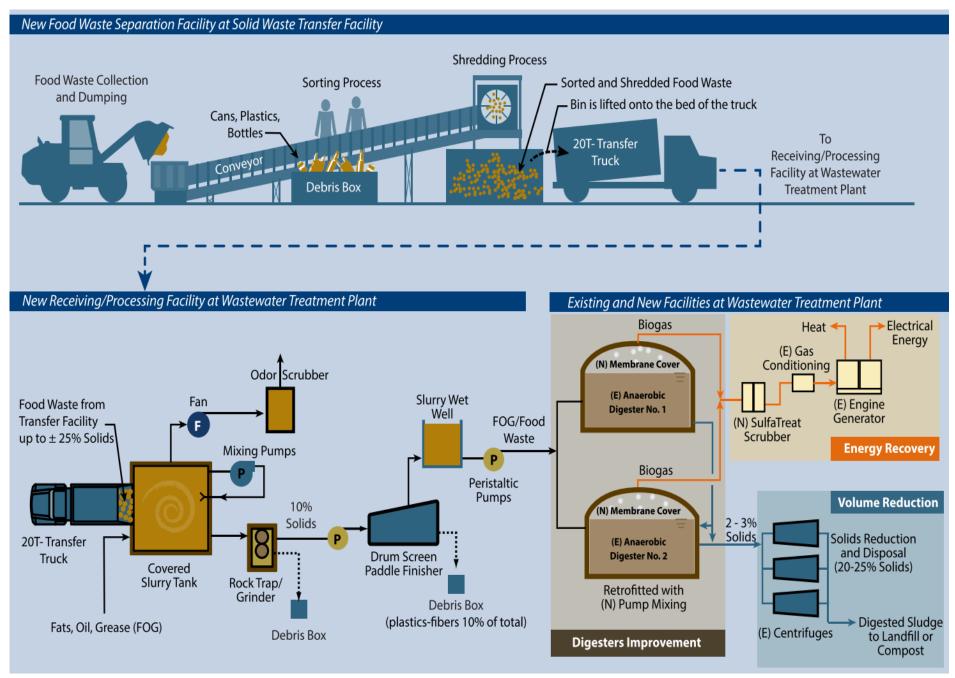
Biogas (methane)

What is Food to Energy?





F2E Processing @ MSS and CMSA



Why Go After Food Waste?



- Food is the second largest source of waste in California
 - ~16% percent of the Commercial waste stream
 - ~25% of the Residential waste stream
- A 2014 Waste Characterization study found ~29 % of residential solid waste sent to Landfill by MSS, is food waste. For commercial customers it was ~39%.

Public-Private Partnership









Central Marin Sanitation Agency

Public Private Partnership

Key Elements

- Concept development (2008)
- Methane Capture Feasibility Study project by CMSA, San Rafael, and MSS (2008/2009)
- Presentations to cities, towns, and Board of Supervisors (2009 and 2012)
- Food Waste Processing and Disposal Agreement executed in 2013
- Public tours at MSS and CMSA
- Presentations to environmental groups and press
- Delivery of FOG and food waste began in late 2013/early 2014



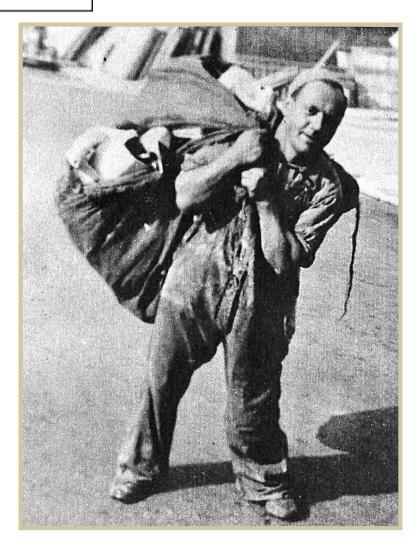


Public-Private Partnership





- Marin Sanitary Service (MSS) a private company
 - Provides curbside solid waste collection, recycling, and organics services to Marin County since 1948.
 - Serves nine jurisdictions within the County of Marin
 - Serves ~30,000 residential and 3,000 commercial/multifamily dwellings.
 - Process approximately 250,000 tons of solid waste, organics, and recyclables annually



First Line in Quality Control

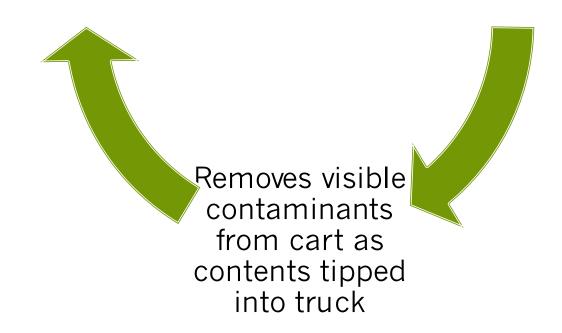
- Customer Enrollment: pre-consumer food waste
- Staff Training & Monitoring
- Tools for Success
 - Labeling & Signage
 - Kitchen Layout
 - Internal and External collection containers





Second Line in Quality Control: Contamination Removal Protoco

Removes contaminants after tipping on floor Removes visible contaminants from cart prior to dumping





MSS Tipping Floor



MSS Processing Equipment



Loading materials onto the conveyor



Hopper, Belts, and Magnet



Program Details

Customer Enrollment

- Pre-consumer commercial food waste would be collected and then transferred to the MSS Transfer Station for processing to remove contamination and then transported to CMSA.
- Eventually include post-consumer food waste

Roll-out plan

- Recruit up to 250 commercial food waste producers
 - Continue adding more participants incrementally (3-yr plan)

Program outreach

- Kitchen staff training
- Frequent monitoring



F2E Collection Statistics

Customers	95
Collection Days	6
Avg. Route HRS	4.1
Avg. Cart Weight	132 lbs.
Avg. Daily Weight	4.3 tons









Central Marin Sanitation Agency - CMSA

- Regional Wastewater Agency in San Rafael, Marin County
- Serves about 120,000 people and San Quentin State Prison
- Joint Powers Agency (JPA) with four satellite collection agencies
- Wide range of influent flows: 7MGD (ADWF) to 116 MGD (PWWF)
- Contract services:
 - Collection system O&M for San Quentin Village
 - Pump station O&M for SQ prison and Corte Madera
 - P2 for six local agencies



F2E/FOG Facility



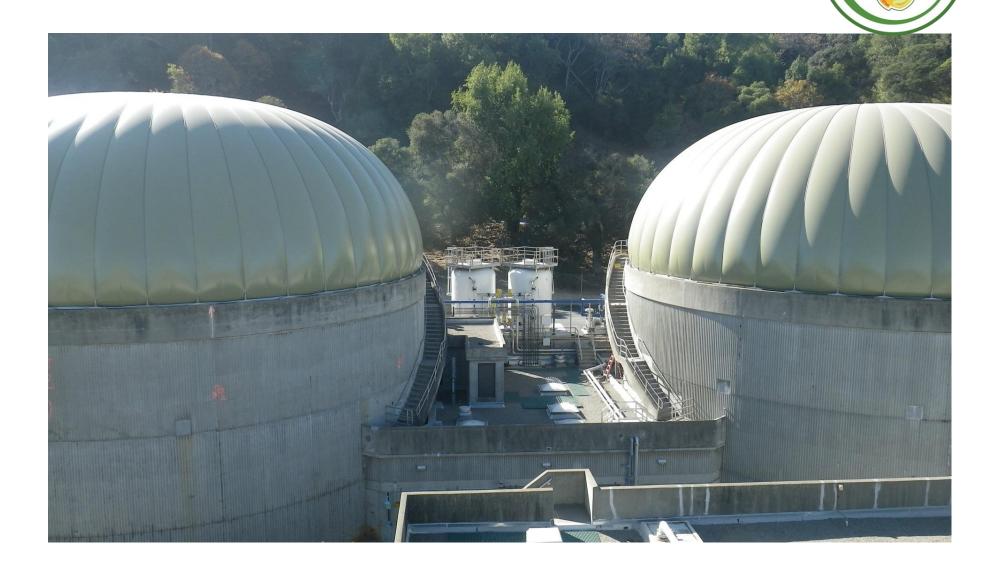


Drum Screen Paddle Finisher





Digestion - Anaerobic Digesters



Biogas Purification – Step 1



Biogas Purification – Step 2





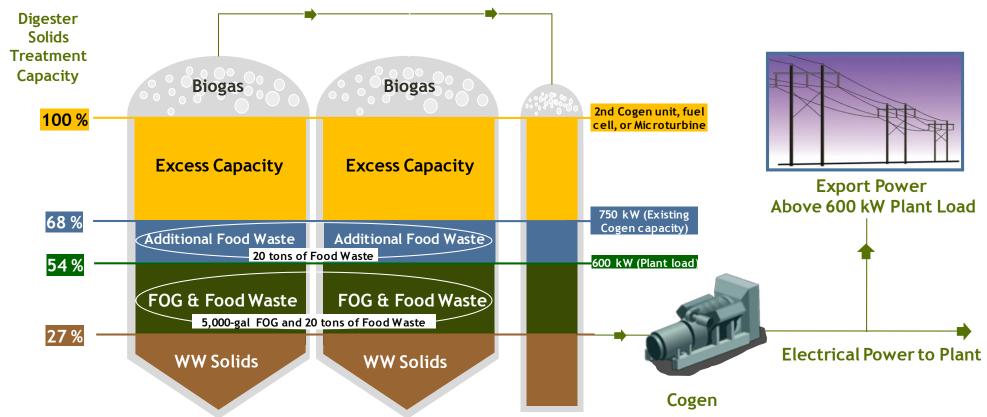
750 kW (1000 hp) Engine Generator





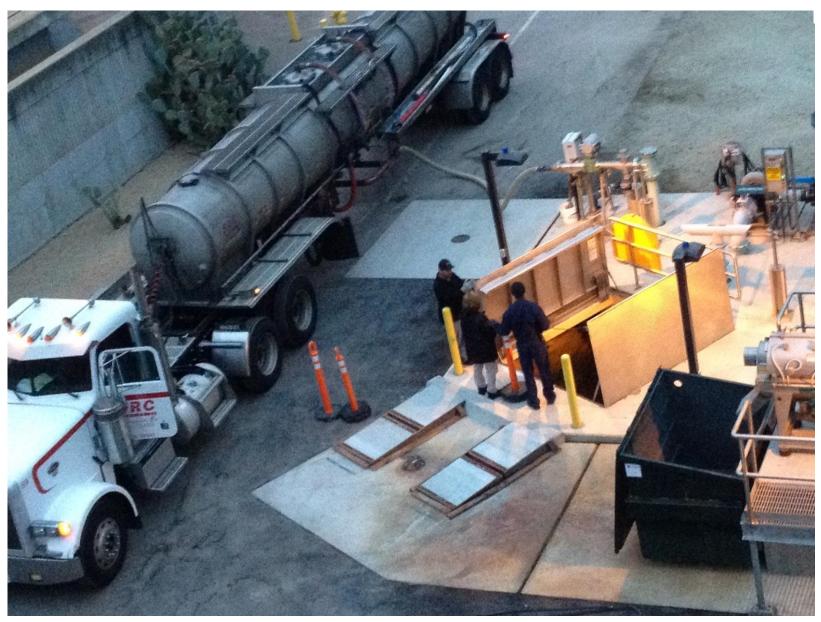
CMSA Capacity for FOG and Food Waste





First FOG Load – November 2013





First Food Waste Load – January 2014





Permitting and Operation

- MSS regulated by CalRecycle, and CMSA is regulated by both the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Board and Cal Recycle.
- CalRecycle's Local Enforcement Agency (LEA) approved a Limited Volume Transfer Operation permit for CMSA, and a Solids Waste Transfer Station Permit amendment for MSS.
- CMSA Notified SFRWB that the facility is operational
 - NPDES permit Standard Operation Procedure (SOP) developed
- LEA is performing quarterly inspections at CMSA until CalRecycle regulations change to exempt POTWs that receive organics for codigestion.
- Digester health has remained stable and has not been affected by the new organic loading
- Minimal operational issues with new facilities and equipment

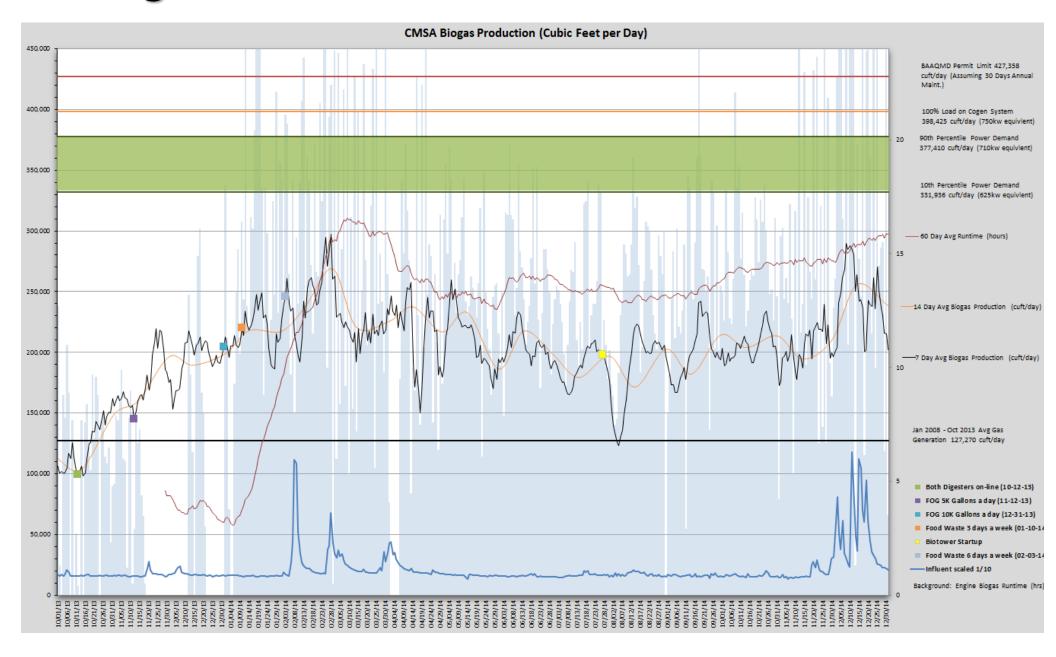


FOG and Food Waste Program Metrics



- Amounts Received
 - FOG: up to 15,000 gallons per day, 6 days a week
 - Food waste: average 4.2 tons/day, up to 6 days a week
- Biogas generation increase from 127,000 ft³ (5-yr average) to over 225,000 ft³/per day average.
- Volatile Solids Ave: 91% for FOG; 91% for food waste
- Digester Hydraulic Residence Time Ave: 35 days +/-
- Cogenerator runtime on biogas increased from approximately from 7-9 hours/day up to 16 hours/day.
- Program Expenses:
 - CMSA facility cost: \$2 million (\$1.9 for construction)
 - MSS equipment cost: \$530,000
 - MSS operating costs: \$315,000 (collection, processing, disposal, outreach)

Biogas Gas Production - Oct 2013 to Dec 2014



Benefits of F2E Program



- A local renewable energy project
- Increases CMSA's energy self sufficiency
- Utilization of existing CMSA asset capacity
- Potential for CMSA to export energy (future)
- Reduces greenhouse gas emissions about 2,000 metric tons per year (Cap and Trade value?)
- Reduces landfilling of food waste; reject material is composted
- Helps achieve local agency and County of Marin zero-waste goals

Why a Success?



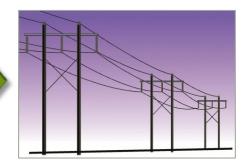
- CMSA and MSS Board support
- Marin Sanitary Service partnership
- Support from Board of Supervisors, central Marin town and city councils, and regulators
- Digester and cogenerator unused capacity
- Unanticipated Revenue Bond proceeds
- EBMUD facility and process used as a model
- CMSA & MSS staff contributions during facility design, testing, and start-up, daily facility operation and maintenance, and on-going program administration.

FUTURE OF F2E





POTENTIAL EXCESS ENERGY AND METHANE



Send electricity back to the grid.

Pipeline injection for other local uses.



Fuel vehicles



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