BEFORE THE ADMINISTRATOR UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

In the Matter of the Proposed Title V
Operating Permit to

Hitco Carbon Composites, Inc., located in
Gardena, California

Proposed by the South Coast Air Quality
Management District

PETITION REQUESTING THAT THE ADMINISTRATOR OBJECT TO ISSUANCE OF THE TITLE V OPERATING PERMIT FOR HITCO CARBON COMPOSITES, INC.

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Clean Air Act (the "Act" or "CAA") § 505(b)(2), 42 U.S.C. § 7661d(b)(2), and 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(d), Our Children's Earth Foundation ("OCE") ("Petitioner") hereby petitions the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("U.S. EPA" or "EPA") to object to issuance of the Title V Operating Permit for Hitco Carbon Composites, Inc. ("Hitco"), Facility ID # 800066 ("Title V permit").

EPA's 45-day review period of Hitco's proposed permit commenced on November 13, 2002, the date Hitco's proposed permit was received by the EPA. Accordingly, EPA's 45-day review period closes no earlier than on February 27, 2003. Thus, this petition is filed within sixty days following the expiration of U.S. EPA's 45-day review period, as required by Section 505(b)(2) of the Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7661d(b)(2). The Administrator must grant or deny this petition within sixty days after it is filed. *See Id.* In compliance with Section 505(b)(2) of the

Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7661d(b)(2), this petition is based on objections to Hitco's draft Title V permit that were raised during the public comment period provided by the Act. Petitioner's comments on the draft Title V permit are attached as Exhibit A for reference¹.

PETITIONER

Petitioner OCE is an organization dedicated to protecting the public, especially children, from the health impacts of pollution and other environmental hazards, and to improve environmental quality for the public benefit. OCE has members who live, work, recreate and breathe air in the Los Angeles Air Basin and OCE is active in issues concerning air quality in the Los Angeles Air Basin and throughout the State of California.

APPLICANT—HITCO

Hitco is applying for an initial Title V permit for an existing facility that manufactures composite materials used in aircraft parts. This facility is operating two boilers, four internal combustion engines (ICEs), five spray booths, 28 tanks, 20 furnaces, one degreaser, one scrubber, one condenser, seven oxidizers, five ovens and other supporting equipment.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

A. The Clean Air Act's State Implementation Plan Program

The CAA directs the EPA to prescribe national ambient air quality standards ("NAAQS") at a level sufficient to protect the public health and welfare. 42 U.S.C. §§ 7409 (a) and (b). Each state, or region of a state, is then required to adopt rules that will be effective in reaching the NAAQS standards set by EPA. 42 U.S.C. § 7409(a)(1). After developing its air quality rules, the state submits the rules to EPA for approval or rejection. Collectively, the full set of state air quality rules approved by EPA is called the state implementation plan, or "SIP." If a SIP, or a

¹ On December 13, 2002, the South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD" or "District") responded to OCE's comments. The District's December 13, 2002 response is attached as Exhibit B for reference.

В.

rule that is part of the SIP, is approved by the EPA, its requirements become federal law and are fully enforceable by EPA and citizens in federal court.

Two of the pollutants for which there are NAAQS are nitrogen dioxide ("NO₂") and ozone. NO₂ is a dangerous pollutant that can cause people to have difficulty breathing by constricting lower respiratory passages; it may weaken one's immune system, causing increased susceptibility to pulmonary and other forms of infections. While children and asthmatics are the primary sensitive populations, individuals suffering from bronchitis, emphysema, and other chronic pulmonary diseases are also predisposed to sensitivity to NO₂ exposure.

Other Nitrogen-Oxygen compounds, known as NOx also contribute to the formation of ground level ozone, which adversely affects the health of residents in the area. NOx also contributes to haze and reduces visibility. The Los Angeles area does not meet the NAAQS for either NO₂ or ozone. In fact, the area has the nation's worst ozone air pollution problem, and ozone pollution in the area has been demonstrated to impair human respiratory function.

The RECLAIM Program Approved by EPA into the SIP

The South Coast Air Quality Management District ("SCAQMD") is the public agency responsible for the adoption of the SIP for the greater Los Angeles area. In an attempt to control the emission of NOx and sulfur oxides from "stationary sources," such as power plants, SCAQMD adopted a set of regulations called the Regional Clean Air Incentive Market ("RECLAIM"). Some regulations in the RECLAIM program have been approved by the EPA into the California SIP as Regulation XX, Rules 2000 – 2015. *See*, 61 Fed. Reg. 57775 (Nov. 8. 1996), 40 C.F.R. § 52.220(c)(232)(i)(A)(1); 63 Fed. Reg. 32621 (June 15, 1998), 40 C.F.R. § 52.220(c)(240)(i)(A)(2), (3), and (4); and 65 Fed. Reg. 13694 (March 14, 2000), 40 C.F.R. § 52.220(c)(268) and (271).

RECLAIM is a "cap and trade" air pollution control program. Simply put, the program puts a ceiling on the total amount of NOx emissions that may be emitted by all of the program's participants in a given year. The cap is represented by credits, called RECLAIM Trading Credits ("RTCs"). Each federally-approved RTC is worth one pound of NOx pollution, and each RECLAIM participant is given an annual allocation of RTCs. The RTCs are only valid for one year. The sum of all these allocations equals the total NOx cap. Each pound of NOx that a participant emits must be covered by an RTC created in compliance with the SIP.

Under Rule 2004(d)(1)¹ of the SIP-approved RECLAIM program, at the end of each quarter, RECLAIM participants must hold sufficient RTCs to cover the amount of NOx emitted by the participant up to that point in the year to assure quarterly compliance. In addition, under SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(4)² at the end of each compliance year, RECLAIM participants must hold sufficient RTCs to cover the amount of NOx emitted by the participant up to last quarter of the year to assure annual compliance.

A RECLAIM facility is in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) if, at the end of the Reconciliation Period of any quarter, it is not holding sufficient RTCs to cover its emissions to date through the

Emissions from a RECLAIM facility from the beginning of a compliance year through the end of any quarter shall not exceed the annual emissions Allocation in effect at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for such quarter. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2), any such emissions in excess of the Allocation shall constitute a single, separate violation of this rule for each day of the compliance year (365 days).

The 60 calendar days following the last day of each compliance year shall be the reconciliation period for the last quarter. On or before the last day of such reconciliation period, the Facility Permit holder shall calculate the facility's total emissions for the last quarter, acquire and have credited to the facility, pursuant to Rule 2007 and Rule 2020, any RTCs necessary to reconcile the Allocations to the emissions, and submit an Annual Permit Emissions Program (APEP) report, as prescribed by the Executive Officer, for the purpose of compliance reporting, permit review, and determination of fees. As part of the APEP report, the Facility Permit holder shall accurately report the information specified in Rule 2015 subparagraph (b)(1)(C), (b)(1)(D), and (b)(1)(H) for the District's annual audit.

SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1) of RECLAIM provides that:

² Rule SIP-approved 2004(d)(4) of RECLAIM provides that:

 end of that quarter. For example, if a facility is in arrears by 25,000 lbs. of NOx during the third quarter, that facility is in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) and would be even if it had obtained sufficient credits in the fourth quarter to the end year in a surplus. On the other hand, a RECLAIM facility is in violation of Rule 2004(d)(4) if, at the end of the Reconciliation Period for the last quarter, it is not holding sufficient RTCs to cover its emissions for the last quarter.

When a facility violates Rule 2004(d)(1) or (d)(4), SIP-approved Rule 2010 of RECLAIM requires that each violation be addressed, whether it is a quarterly and/or an annual violation. In particular, Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) provides that:

Upon determining that a Facility Permit holder has violated Rule 2004(d), the Executive Officer will reduce the facility's annual emissions Allocation for the subsequent compliance year by the total amount the Allocation was exceeded.

Finally, SIP-approved Rule 2004(k) of RECLAIM provides that failure to comply with Rule 2004(d) constitutes a separate violation for each day until such requirement is satisfied.

C. Title V Permit Requirements-

Clean Air Act § 502(b), 42 U.S.C. § 7661a(b), required EPA to promulgate regulations establishing an operating permit program for stationary sources of air pollution. These regulations, found at 40 C.F.R. Part 70, governed the establishment of federal operating permit programs.

Pursuant to these regulations, SCAQMD created a Title V operating permit program to which EPA gave interim approval on March 31, 1997. 62 Fed. Reg. 8878. Each Title V permit issued pursuant to this program must contain "enforceable emission limitations and standards" necessary to assure compliance with applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act, including requirements imposed by State Implementation Plans. 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a).

GROUNDS FOR OBJECTIONS

Petitioner requests that the Administrator object to the Title V permit for Hitco because the facility's permit does not require it to comply with SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1) of RECLAIM. See CAA § 505(b)(1), 42 U.S.C § 7661d(b)³ and 40 C.F.R. § 70.6(a)(1)⁴. If the U.S. EPA Administrator determines that this permit does not comply with applicable requirements or the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 70, she must object to issuance of the permit. See, 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1) ("The [U.S. EPA] is required to object to the issuance of any permit determined by the Administrator not to be in compliance with applicable requirements or requirements of this part") (emphasis added).

1. The Administrator Must Object to the Proposed Permit Because it Does Not Include All "Applicable Requirements" in Violation of California's SIP and 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a)

A proposed permit violates an applicable requirement if the applicable requirement is improperly left out of the permit or if the applicable requirement is incorrectly described or applied in the permit. 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a). "Applicable requirements" are substantive requirements that are designed to achieve or maintain air quality standards under the Clean Air Act ("CAA"). 40 C.F.R. § 70.2. Applicable requirements include SIP requirements as well as air quality requirements mandated by federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a).

?

+

5

6

7

8

()

]()

1 1

10

13

14

5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1

25

26

28

If any permit contains provisions that are determined by the Administrator as not in compliance with applicable requirements of this chapter, including the requirements of an applicable implementation plan, the Administrator shall, in accordance with this subsection, object to its issuance.

40 C.F.R. § 70.6(a)(1) provides that:

- (a) Standard permit requirements. Each permit issued under this part shall include the following elements:
 - (1) Emission limitations and standards, including those operational requirements and limitations that assure compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance.

^{\$ 505(}b)(1) of the CAA provides that:

RECLAIM facilities are required by the SIP-approved RECLAIM Rules to comply not only on an annual basis, (*See*, Rule 2004(d)(4)), but also on a quarterly basis, pursuant to Rule 2004(d)(1). The proposed permit violates California's SIP because it leaves out the requirement that Hitco, a RECLAIM facility, comply on a quarterly basis pursuant to SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1) of RECLAIM. To illustrate, Section B of Hitco's proposed permit states:

]()

1-1

<u>]</u>()

The annual allocation of NOx RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs) for this facility is calculated pursuant to Rule 2002. Total NOx emissions shall not exceed such annual allocations unless the operator obtains RTCs corresponding to the facility's increased emissions in compliance with Rules 2005 and 2007.

Accordingly, Section B of Hitco's permit fails to require quarterly compliance because it only mandates annual compliance.

As stated above, each Title V permit issued pursuant to the SCAQMD's Part 70 program must contain "enforceable emission limitations and standards" necessary to assure compliance with applicable requirements of the Clean Air Act, including requirements imposed by a SIP. CAA § 504(a), 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a). Consequently, because Hitco's permit does not include SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1), an "applicable requirement," SCAQMD's proposed permit for Hitco violates California's SIP and 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a). Accordingly, because Hitco's permit fails to include SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1), an "applicable requirement," the Administrator is required to object to SCAQMD's proposed permit. CAA § 505(b)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7661d(b)(1) (See, Supra FN 3); 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1) ("The [U.S. EPA] Administrator will object to the issuance of any proposed permit determined by the Administrator not to be in compliance with applicable requirements or requirements of this part.")

2. The Administrator Must Object to the Proposed Permit Because it Does Not Assure Compliance with "the Requirements of [40 C.F.R. Part 70]"

()

_+

40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1) provides, "[t]he [U.S. EPA] is required to object to the issuance of any permit determined by the Administrator not to be in compliance with *applicable* requirements or requirements of this part") (emphasis added). By "requirements of this part," 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1) is referring to the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 70. 40 C.F.R. § 70.6(a)(1) further mandates that a Title V permit "assure compliance with all applicable requirements." As discussed above, Hitco's permit lacks a SIP-approved requirement, in particular, Rule 2004(d)(1), which requires that at the end of each quarter, RECLAIM participants hold sufficient RTCs to cover the amount of NOx emitted by the participant up to that point in the year. If a RECLAIM facility violates Rule 2004(d)(1), Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) requires that each violation be addressed by "reduc[ing] [the quarterly violation from] the facility's annual emissions Allocation for the subsequent compliance year by the total amount the Allocation was exceeded."

Because Rule 2004(d)(1), an "applicable requirement," is completely left out of Hitco's proposed permit, the facility's Title V permit cannot "assure compliance with all applicable requirements" of the RECLAIM program. 40 C.F.R. § 70.6(a)(1) (*See*, Supra, FN 4). For example, if Hitco is in arrears by 25,000 lbs. of NOx during the third quarter, (thus violating Rule 2004(d)(1)), but obtains sufficient credits in the fourth quarter to end the year in a surplus (thus in compliance with Rule 2004(d)(4))—under Hitco's current proposed permit, the facility would end the year in compliance, notwithstanding the facility's quarterly violation of Rule 2004(d)(1)—since Section B of the proposed permit only requires annual compliance (or compliance with Rule 2004(d)(4)).

On the other hand, however, using the same example above, if the proposed permit included Rule 2004(d)(1), which it does not, Hitco would be in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) by

25,000 lbs. during the third quarter even though it obtained sufficient credits in the fourth quarter and ended the year in surplus. Consequently, assuming Rule 2004(d)(1) was properly included in the facility's permit, Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) would then require that the third quarter violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) be addressed by reducing the facility's annual emissions allocation for the subsequent compliance year by the total amount the Allocation was exceeded. Accordingly, the SCAQMD would be required to reduce Hitco's annual emissions allocation, pursuant to Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) by 25,000 lbs. for the subsequent compliance year.

For that reason, Hitco's permit as written is not in compliance with the requirements of Part 70 because it leaves out SIP-approved Rule 2004(d)(1), an "applicable requirement." 42 U.S.C. 7661c(a). In addition, the facility's permit cannot "assure compliance with all applicable requirements," since the permit will leave potential quarterly violations unanswered, as illustrated above. 40 C.F.R. § 70.6(a)(1) (*See*, Supra, FN 4). Accordingly, the Administrator is mandated to object to Hitco's proposed Title V permit. CAA § 505(b)(1), 42 U.S.C. § 7661d(b)(1) (*See*, Supra, FN 3); 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1) ("The [U.S. EPA] Administrator will object to the issuance of any proposed permit determined by the Administrator not to be in compliance with applicable requirements or requirements of this part.").

CONCLUSION

In light of the significant violations of California's SIP, 42 U.S.C. § 7661c(a), and 40 C.F.R. Part 70, as identified in this petition, the Administrator must object to the proposed Title V permit for Hitco as required by CAA § 505(b)(1) and 40 C.F.R. § 70.8(c)(1).

Dated: January 13, 2003

Respectfully submitted,

cc:

Michael A. Costa
Our Children's Earth Foundation
915 Cole St, Suite 248
San Francisco, CA 94117
(415) 934-0220

Attorney for Petitioner Our Children's Earth Foundation

Wayne Nastri, Administrator U.S. EPA, Region 9
Jack Broadbent, Director, Air Management Division, U.S. EPA, Region 9
Nahid Zoueshtiagh, Air Permits Office, U.S. EPA, Region 9
Barry R. Wallerstein, Executive Officer, South Coast Air Quality Management District

ATTACHMENT A

December 12, 2002

By E-Mail: byeh@aqmd.gov; zoueshtiagh.nahid@epa.gov

Mr. Brian Yeh Air Quality Analysis and Compliance Supervisor P.O. Box 4830 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0830

Re: <u>Comments re: SCAQMD's Notice of Intent to Issue Hitco Carbon Composites Inc.</u> Permit

Dear Mr. Yeh,

On behalf of members that live and breathe the air in the South Coast air basin, Our Children's Earth (OCE) submits these comments in response to the South Coast AQMD's (SCAQMD's or District's) Notice of Intent to Issue a Title V Permit for the Hitco Carbon Composites Inc. facility (Hitco). OCE is an organization dedicated to protecting the public, especially children, from the health impacts of pollution and other environmental hazards and to improve environmental quality for the public benefit. OCE appreciates the opportunity that the SCAQMD has provided to submit comments.

Background

Section B of Hitco's proposed Title V permit states that:

The annual allocation of NOx RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs) for this facility is calculated pursuant to Rule 2002. Total NOx emission shall not exceed such annual allocations unless the operator obtains RTCs corresponding to the facility's increased emissions in compliance with Rules 2005 and 2007.

OCE believes that RECLAIM facilities are required by RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) to comply on a quarterly basis rather than on an annual basis (*See*, Section B, above). RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) has been approved by the EPA into the California State Implementation Plan (SIP). Accordingly, for the reasons discussed in more detail below, OCE believes that Section B of Hitco's proposed permit does not comply with section 505(b)(1)¹ of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1).²

¹ Section 505(b)(1) of the CAA states:

Each Time a Facility Violates Rule 2004(d), the Amount of the Excess Must Be Determined on a Quarterly Basis and then Deducted From the Subsequent Year's Allocation.

OCE believes that the success of the RECLAIM program hinges on the enforcement of the program's monitoring, reporting and compliance rules. In particular, because pollution occurs on a daily basis, it is crucial that emissions be reduced on a short term (quarterly), as opposed to a long term (annual) basis. To these ends, the existing federally enforceable RECLAIM program requires that facilities monitor, report and comply with the program on a quarterly basis. Thus, Section B of Hitco's proposed permit which requires compliance on an annual basis violates the CAA's section 505(b)(1) and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1). To illustrate, Rule 2004(d)(1) provides that:

Emissions from a RECLAIM facility from the beginning of a compliance year through the end of any quarter shall not exceed the annual emissions Allocation in effect at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for such quarter. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2), any such emissions in excess of the Allocation shall constitute a single, separate violation of this rule for each day of the compliance year (365 days).

The term Allocation means "the number of RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs)...a RECLAIM facility holds for a specific compliance year, as referenced in the Facility Permit."

[Continues onto next page]

If any permit contains provisions that are determined by the Administrator as not in compliance with applicable requirements of this chapter, including the requirements of an applicable implementation plan, the Administrator shall, in accordance with this subsection, object to its issuance.

² 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1) states:

- (a) *Standard permit requirements*. Each permit issued under this part shall include the following elements:
- (1) Emission limitations and standards, including those operational requirements and limitations that assure compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance.

OCE interprets this provision to mean that a RECLAIM facility will be in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) if, at the end of the Reconciliation Period of any quarter, it is not holding sufficient RTCs to cover its emissions to date through the end of that quarter. For example, if a facility is in arrears by 25,000 lbs. of NOx during the third quarter, that facility is in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) and would be even if it had obtained sufficient credits in the fourth quarter to end the year in a surplus.

For example, Rule 2010 which applies to non-power producing facilities, requires that each violation be addressed—on a quarterly basis. In particular, Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) provides that:

Upon determining that a Facility Permit holder has violated Rule 2004(d), the Executive Officer will reduce the facility's annual emissions Allocation for the subsequent compliance year by the total amount the Allocation was exceeded.

OCE interprets this rule to mean that each time a facility violates Rule 2004(d), the amount of the excess must be determined and then deducted from the subsequent year's allocation. Accordingly, in the case above where the facility violated during the third quarter by 25,000 lbs. of NOx, the third quarter violation must be independently addressed, notwithstanding the fact that the facility might end the compliance year with a surplus.

Conclusion

For the reasons above, OCE respectfully requests that the District reconsider issuing a Title V permit to the Hitco facility until the District requires the facility to comply with the RECLAIM program on a quarterly basis, as required by RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) and section 505(b)(1) of the CAA, and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Mike Costa Staff Attorney Our Children's Earth Foundation 915 Cole St., Suite 248 San Francisco, CA 94117 415.934.0220, fax: 650.745.2894 email: mike@ocefoundation.org

EXHIBIT



From:

Brian Yeh [SMTP:byeh@aqmd.gov]

To:

Mike Costa; zoueshtiagh.nahid@epa.gov

Cc:

sproul@sbcglobal.net; georgehays@mindspring.com

Subject:

RE: Hitco Proposed Title V Permit

Sent:

12/13/2002 4:41 PM

Importance:

Normal

Mike,

Thank you for your comments on the proposed Title V permit for Hitco Carbon Composites Inc (ID 800066). We agree with your analyses on the quarterly compliance requirements for emission allocations under AQMD Rule 2004(d)(1). All RECLAIM Facility Permit holders are required to comply with the emission allocation requirements both on a quarterly and annual basis pursuant to AQMD Rule 2004. Rule 2004(b) further specifies the procedures that each RECLAIM Facility Permit holder shall follow to certify the facility's total emissions at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for each quarter and each compliance year. Section K of the proposed Title V permit specifically states that Hitco is subject to AQMD Rule 2004. If the facility's emissions exceed the emission allocation in effect at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for any quarter or any compliance year, such exceedance shall constitute a violation of this rule and AQMD will take necessary enforcement actions against the facility.

The purpose of Section B of the proposed Title V permit is to provide the RECLAIM Facility Permit holder with a quick reference of the RTC that was initially allocated for their facility and the RTC holding at the time when Section B is issued. The initial allocations always remain the same while the current allocation holding is based on the date of permit issuance. However, this section does not imply that the RECLAIM Facility Permit holder is required to comply with the allocation requirements only at the end of each compliance year. As previously stated, all RECLAIM Facility Permit holders are required to comply with the emission allocation requirements both on a quarterly and annual basis pursuant to AQMD Rule 2004.

I hope that the above response addresses your concerns. Please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information.

Brian Yeh **SCAQMD**

Tel: (909) 396-2584 Fax: (909) 396-3350 E-mail: byeh@aqmd.gov ----Original Message-

From: Mike Costa [mailto:mike@ocefoundation.org]

Sent: Thursday, December 12, 2002 3:44 PM To: Brian Yeh; 'zoueshtiagh.nahid@epa.gov'

Cc: 'sproul@sbcglobal.net'; 'georgehays@mindspring.com'

Subject:

Brian,

Attached you'll find Our Children's Earth Foundation's (OCE's) comments

the Hitco facility's proposed Title V permit. Thanks for accepting

comments today. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact

at the number below. In addition, if you have any trouble opening the attached comments, please let me know.

Thanks.

Mike Costa Staff Attorney Our Children's Earth Foundation 915 Cole St., Suite 248 San Francisco, CA 94117

email: mike@ocefoundation.org



Brian Yeh

byeh@aqmd.gov>
12/13/2002 04:41 PM To: Mike Costa <mike@ocefoundation.org>, Nahid Zoueshtiagh/R9/USEPA/US@EPA

cc: sproul@sbcglobal.net, georgehays@mindspring.com

Resp. +

Subject: RE: Hitco Proposed Title V Permit

Mike,

Thank you for your comments on the proposed Title V permit for Hitco Carbon Composites Inc (ID 800066). We agree with your analyses on the quarterly compliance requirements for emission allocations under AQMD Rule 2004(d)(1). All RECLAIM Facility Permit holders are required to comply with the emission allocation requirements both on a quarterly and annual basis pursuant to AQMD Rule 2004. Rule 2004(b) further specifies the procedures that each RECLAIM Facility Permit holder shall follow to certify the facility's total emissions at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for each quarter and each compliance year. Section K of the proposed Title V permit specifically states that Hitco is subject to AQMD Rule 2004. If the facility's emissions exceed the emission allocation in effect at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for any quarter or any compliance year, such exceedance shall constitute a violation of this rule and AQMD will take necessary enforcement actions against the facility.

The purpose of Section B of the proposed Title V permit is to provide the RECLAIM Facility Permit holder with a quick reference of the RTC that was initially allocated for their facility and the RTC holding at the time when Section B is issued. The initial allocations always remain the same while the current allocation holding is based on the date of permit issuance. However, this section does not imply that the RECLAIM Facility Permit holder is required to comply with the allocation requirements only at the end of each compliance year. As previously stated, all RECLAIM Facility Permit holders are required to comply with the emission allocation requirements both on a quarterly and annual basis pursuant to AQMD Rule 2004.

I hope that the above response addresses your concerns. Please let me know if you have any questions or need additional information.

Brian Yeh

Tel: (909) 396-2584 Fax: (909) 396-3350

E-mail:

byeh@aqmd.gov

----Original Message----

From: Mike Costa [mailto:mike@ocefoundation.org]

Sent: Thursday, December 12, 2002 3:44 PM To: Brian Yeh; 'zoueshtiagh.nahid@epa.gov'

Cc: 'sproul@sbcglobal.net '; 'georgehays@mindspring.com '

Subject:

Brian,

Attached you'll find Our Children's Earth Foundation's (OCE's) comments re:

the Hitco facility's proposed Title V permit. Thanks for accepting OCE's

comments today. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact

me

at the number below. In addition, if you have any trouble opening the attached comments, please let me know.

Thanks.

Mike Costa Staff Attorney Our Children's Earth Foundation 915 Cole St., Suite 248 San Francisco, CA 94117 email: mike@ocefoundation.org



December 12, 2002

By E-Mail: byeh@aqmd.gov; zoueshtiagh.nahid@epa.gov

Mr. Brian Yeh Air Quality Analysis and Compliance Supervisor P.O. Box 4830 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0830

Re: Comments re: SCAQMD's Notice of Intent to Issue Hitco Carbon Composites Inc.

<u>Permit</u>

Dear Mr. Yeh,

On behalf of members that live and breathe the air in the South Coast air basin, Our Children's Earth (OCE) submits these comments in response to the South Coast AQMD's (SCAQMD's or District's) Notice of Intent to Issue a Title V Permit for the Hitco Carbon Composites Inc. facility (Hitco). OCE is an organization dedicated to protecting the public, especially children, from the health impacts of pollution and other environmental hazards and to improve environmental quality for the public benefit. OCE appreciates the opportunity that the SCAQMD has provided to submit comments.

Background

Section B of Hitco's proposed Title V permit states that:

The annual allocation of NOx RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs) for this facility is calculated pursuant to Rule 2002. Total NOx emission shall not exceed such annual allocations unless the operator obtains RTCs corresponding to the facility's increased emissions in compliance with Rules 2005 and 2007.

OCE believes that RECLAIM facilities are required by RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) to comply on a quarterly basis rather than on an annual basis (*See*, Section B, above). RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) has been approved by the EPA into the California State Implementation Plan (SIP). Accordingly, for the reasons discussed in more detail below, OCE believes that Section B of Hitco's proposed permit does not comply with section 505(b)(1)¹ of the Clean Air Act (CAA) and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1).²

¹ Section 505(b)(1) of the CAA states:

Each Time a Facility Violates Rule 2004(d), the Amount of the Excess Must Be Determined on a Quarterly Basis and then Deducted From the Subsequent Year's Allocation.

OCE believes that the success of the RECLAIM program hinges on the enforcement of the program's monitoring, reporting and compliance rules. In particular, because pollution occurs on a daily basis, it is crucial that emissions be reduced on a short term (quarterly), as opposed to a long term (annual) basis. To these ends, the existing federally enforceable RECLAIM program requires that facilities monitor, report and comply with the program on a quarterly basis. Thus, Section B of Hitco's proposed permit which requires compliance on an annual basis violates the CAA's section 505(b)(1) and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1). To illustrate, Rule 2004(d)(1) provides that:

Emissions from a RECLAIM facility from the beginning of a compliance year through the end of any quarter shall not exceed the annual emissions Allocation in effect at the end of the applicable reconciliation period for such quarter. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2), any such emissions in excess of the Allocation shall constitute a single, separate violation of this rule for each day of the compliance year (365 days).

The term Allocation means "the number of RECLAIM Trading Credits (RTCs)...a RECLAIM facility holds for a specific compliance year, as referenced in the Facility Permit."

OCE interprets this provision to mean that a RECLAIM facility will be in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) if, at the end of the Reconciliation Period of any quarter, it is not holding sufficient

If any permit contains provisions that are determined by the Administrator as not in compliance with applicable requirements of this chapter, including the requirements of an applicable implementation plan, the Administrator shall, in accordance with this subsection, object to its issuance.

² 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1) states:

- (a) Standard permit requirements. Each permit issued under this part shall include the following elements:
- (1) Emission limitations and standards, including those operational requirements and limitations that assure compliance with all applicable requirements at the time of permit issuance.

RTCs to cover its emissions to date through the end of that quarter. For example, if a facility is in arrears by 25,000 lbs. of NOx during the third quarter, that facility is in violation of Rule 2004(d)(1) and would be even if it had obtained sufficient credits in the fourth quarter to end the year in a surplus.

For example, Rule 2010 which applies to non-power producing facilities, requires that each violation be addressed—on a quarterly basis. In particular, Rule 2010(b)(1)(A) provides that:

Upon determining that a Facility Permit holder has violated Rule 2004(d), the Executive Officer will reduce the facility's annual emissions Allocation for the subsequent compliance year by the total amount the Allocation was exceeded.

OCE interprets this rule to mean that each time a facility violates Rule 2004(d), the amount of the excess must be determined and then deducted from the subsequent year's allocation. Accordingly, in the case above where the facility violated during the third quarter by 25,000 lbs. of NOx, the third quarter violation must be independently addressed, notwithstanding the fact that the facility might end the compliance year with a surplus.

Conclusion

For the reasons above, OCE respectfully requests that the District reconsider issuing a Title V permit to the Hitco facility until the District requires the facility to comply with the RECLAIM program on a quarterly basis, as required by RECLAIM Rule 2004(d)(1) and section 505(b)(1) of the CAA, and 40 CFR Part 70, section 70.6(a)(1).

Sincerely,

Mike Costa Staff Attorney Our Children's Earth Foundation 915 Cole St., Suite 248 San Francisco, CA 94117 415.934.0220, fax: 650.745.2894 email: mike@ocefoundation.org



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION IX

75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

May 1, 2003

VIA POUCH

Gregory Foote, OGC USEPA - Mail Code 2344A Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

Robert Dresdner, OECA USEPA - Mail Code 2242A Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Ave, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460

Kirt Cox, OAQPS USEPA - Mail Code C304-04 Research Triangle Park, NC 27711

RE: Hitco and San Tan Petition Information

Dear Greg, Robert and Kirt:

Please find enclosed petitions to object for the Hitco and San Tan Title V permits. These are the petitions that I described to you in an email dated April 25, 2003. On the Hitco petition, I have included all relevant comments and permit information. On the San Tan petition, since David Kim of our office is handling the matter and he is still gathering those documents, please coordinate directly with him.

Thank you.

Sincerely yours,

Ivan Lieben

Assistant Regional Counsel

Attachments