Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum Agency

Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks.

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Na	atural Gas Pneumatic Device Ventin	ıg	
	Actual and estimated counts of high bleed devices		Concentration of CO ₂
□ □ □ 2. Na	Actual and estimated counts of low bleed devices Actual and estimated counts of intermittent bleed devices Atural Gas Driven Pneumatic Pump	□ Venting	Concentration of CH ₄
	Count of natural gas driven pneumatic pumps		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas		
3. W	ell Venting for Liquids Unloading		

If Using Calculation Methodology 1:

For M	Iethodology 1, record these parameters once	in two	years.
	Count of wells vented to the atmosphere for liquids unloading		Count of plunger lifts.
	Cumulative amount of time of venting from all wells of same tubing diameter and producing horizon/formation combination during the year (hours)		Average flow rate of measured well venting for the recorded time of one representative well venting to the atmosphere under actual conditions for each unique tubing diameter and producing horizon/formation combination during the year (cubic feet per hour of venting)
	Average casing diameter (inches)		Actual temperature (°F)
	Actual pressure (psia)		Cumulative number of unloadings vented to the atmosphere
If Usi	ng Calculation Methodology 2:		
	Count of wells vented to the atmosphere for liquids unloading		Count of plunger lifts.
	Number of vents per year		Casing diameter (inches)
	Well depth to first producing horizon (feet)		Shut-in pressure (psia)
	Time that the well was left open to the atmosphere during unloading (hours)		Average sales flow rate of gas well (cubic feet per hour)
	Actual pressure (psia) Cumulative number of unloadings vented to the atmosphere		Actual temperature (°F)
<u>If Usi</u>	ng Calculation Methodology 3:		
	Count of wells vented to the atmosphere for liquids unloading		Count of plunger lifts
	Number of vents per year		Tubing diameter (inches)
	Tubing depth to plunger bumper (feet)		Sales-line pressure (psia)
	Time that well was left open to the atmosphere during unloading (hours)		Average sales flow rate of the measured well venting (cubic feet per hour)

	Actual pressure (psia) Cumulative number of unloadings vented to the atmosphere		Actual temperature (°F)
4. Ga	s Well Venting During Completions wi	thout	Hydraulic Fracturing
	Average daily gas production rate of all wells completed during the reporting year (cubic feet/hour)		Total count of completions in calendar year
	Cumulative amount of time of all well completions venting (hours)		Actual temperature (°F)
	Actual pressure (psia)		Vent and flared emissions separately (cubic feet)
	Total number of days of gas venting to the atmosphere during backflow for completion		
5. Ga	s Well Venting During Workovers with	out H	lydraulic Fracturing
	Actual pressure (psia)		Actual temperature (°F)
	Total count of workovers in calendar year Total number of days of gas venting to the atmosphere during backflow for workover		Vent and flared emissions separately (cubic feet)
6. Ga	s Well Venting During Well Completio	ns wit	h Hydraulic Fracturing
For M	Iethodologies 1 & 2, record these parameter	ers onc	e in two years.
	Cumulative amount of time of all well completion venting in a field during the year (hours)		Average flow rate of the measured well completion venting under actual conditions converted to standard conditions (cubic feet per hour)
	Number of completions employing reduced emissions completions and engineering estimate based on best available data of the amount of gas recovered to sales		Total count of completions in Calendar Year

	Actual pressure (psia)		Actual temperature (°F)
	Vent and flared emissions separately		Volume of CO ₂ or N ₂ injected gas at
	at standard conditions (cubic feet)		standard conditions that was injected into
			the reservoir during an energized fracture
_	Valence of material and at a dead and	_	job (cubic feet)
	Volume of natural gas at standard conditions that was recovered into a	Ш	Total number of days of gas venting to the atmosphere during backflow for completion
	sales pipeline (cubic feet)		aunosphere during backflow for completion
	sales pipeline (cubic rect)		
If Us	ing Calculation Methodology 1:		
	Average flow rate of venting to		
	atmosphere or routing to flare by		
	recording flow meter (cubic feet per		
	hour)		
If Us	ing Calculation Methodology 2:		
	Average flow rate under		Actual pressure (psia)
	subsonic/sonic flow conditions (cubic		* *
	feet per hour)		
	Cross sectional area of self-to (m^2)		Unatura and tamen another (V)
	Cross sectional area of orifice (m ²)		Upstream temperature (K)
	Upstream pressure (psia)		Downstream pressure (psia)
7. G	as Well Venting During Well Workove	rs wit	h Hydraulic Fracturing
			<u> </u>
For I	Methodologies 1 & 2, record these parameter	ters on	ace in two years.
П	Cumulative amount of time of all well	П	Average flow rate of the measured well
_	workover venting in a field during the	_	workover venting under actual conditions
	year (hours)		converted to standard conditions (cubic feet
_		_	per hour)
	Number of workovers employing		Total count of workovers in calendar year
	reduced emissions completions and engineering estimate based on best		
	available data of the amount of gas		
	recovered to sales		
	Actual pressure (psia)		Actual temperature (°F)
	Vent and flared emissions separately		Volume of CO ₂ or N ₂ injected gas at
	at standard conditions (cubic feet)		standard conditions that was injected into
			the reservoir during an energized fracture

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	Volume of natural gas at standard conditions that was recovered into a sales pipeline (cubic feet)	Total number of days of gas venting to the atmosphere during backflow for workovers
If Usi	ng Calculation Methodology 1:	
	Average flow rate of venting to atmosphere or routing to flare by recording flow meter (cubic feet per hour)	
<u>If Usi</u>	ng Calculation Methodology 2:	
	Average flow rate under subsonic/sonic flow conditions (cubic feet per hour)	Actual pressure (psia)
	Cross sectional area of orifice (m2)	Upstream temperature (K)
	Upstream pressure (psia)	Downstream pressure (psia)
8. Fla	are Stack Emissions	
	Continuous flow monitor on flare (Y/N)	Continuous gas analyzer on the gas to the flare (Y/N)
	Volume of gas sent to flare annually (cubic feet)	Percent of gas sent to un-lit flare
	Flare combustion efficiency (98% if manufacturer data not available)	Mole fraction of CO ₂ in gas to the flare
	Mole fraction of gas hydrocarbon constituents (such as methane, ethane, propane, butane, and pentanes-plus) Actual Process Pressure (psia)	Actual Process Temperature (°F)
9. Sto	orage Tanks Emissions	
	Storage tank receiving separator oil have a vapor recovery system (Y/N)	Count of wellhead separators that dump valve factor is applied to, if well head gas- liquid separator liquid dump valve is not functioning properly during the calendar year

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	Total time well head gas-liquid separator liquid dump valve is not closing properly in the calendar year (hours)	Percent of gas sent to un-lit flare
<u>If Usi</u>	ng Calculation Methodology 1:	
	Range of concentrations of flash gas, for CH_4 and CO_2	Sales oil or stabilized oil production rate (barrels per day)
	Average separator temperature (°F)	Ambient air temperature (°F)
	Average separator pressure (psig)	Ambient air pressure (psig)
	Average sales oil or stabilized oil API gravity (°)	Separator oil composition and Reid vapor pressure
	Number of wellhead separators sending oil to atmospheric tanks	Count of hydrocarbon tanks at well pads
	Best estimate of count of stock tanks not at well pads receiving oil	Total volume of oil from all wellhead separators sent to tank(s) annually (barrels)
	Count of tanks with emissions control measures, either vapor recovery system or flaring, for tanks at well pads	Best estimate of count of stock tanks assumed to have emissions control measures not at well pads, receiving oil
<u>If Usi</u>	ng Calculation Methodology 2:	
	Number of wellhead separators sending oil to atmospheric tanks	Separator temperature (°F)
	Separator pressure (psig)	Sales oil or stabilized oil API gravity (°)
	Count of hydrocarbon tanks at well pads	Total volume of oil from all wellhead separators sent to tank(s) annually (barrels)
	Best estimate of count of stock tanks not at well pads receiving oil	Count of tanks with emissions control measures, either vapor recovery system or flaring, for tanks at well pads
	Best estimate of count of stock tanks assumed to have emissions control measures not at well pads, receiving	Range of concentrations of flash gas, for CH_4 and CO_2

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	Total volume of oil production annually (barrels)		separators Best estimate of fraction of production sent to tanks with assumed control measures: either vapor recovery system or flaring of tank vapors
	Count of hydrocarbon tanks on well pads		
10. R	eciprocating Compressor Rod Packin	g Vent	ing
	Count of compressors		Actual Process Temperature (°F)
	Actual Process Pressure (psia)		
11. W	Vell Testing Venting and Flaring		
	Average gas –to-oil ratio (GOR) of the hydrocarbon production from each well tested (cubic feet of gas per barrel of oil)		Flow rate for the well being tested (barrels of oil per day)
	Duration of the well test (number of days during the year)		Number of wells tested per basin in calendar year
	Actual Process Pressure (psia)		Actual Process Temperature (°F)
	Venting gas emissions		
12. A	ssociated Gas Venting and Flaring		
	GOR of the hydrocarbon production from each well whose associated natural gas is vented or flared (cubic feet of gas per barrel of oil)		Volume of oil produced in the calendar year during which associated gas was vented or flared (barrels)
	Number of wells venting or flaring associated natural gas in calendar year		Actual Process Temperature (°F)
	Actual Process Pressure (psia)		Flaring gas emissions

13. Dehydrator Vents

For gl	ycol dehydrator with a throughput gr	<u>eater</u>	than or equal to 0.4 million cubic feet per
	Feed natural gas flow rate (million standard cubic feet per		Feed natural gas water content
	day) Outlet natural gas water content		Absorbent circulation pump type (natural gas pneumatic/air pneumatic/ electric)
	Absorbent circulation rate		Absorbent type (TEG/DEG/EG)
	Use of stripping natural gas (Y/N)		Use of flash tank separator (Y/N)
	Total time of operation (hours)		Wet natural gas temperature (°F)
	Wet natural gas composition		Wet natural gas pressure (psig)
	Concentration of CH ₄ in natural gas		Concentration of CO ₂ in natural gas
	Vent gas controls used		Vent and flared emissions separately (cubic feet)
	ycol dehydrator with a throughput les	ss tha	n to 0.4 million standard cubic feet per
<u>year:</u>			
	Count of glycol dehydrators		Vent gas controls used
	Vent emissions (cubic feet)		
For al	osorbent desiccant dehydrators:		
	Count of desiccant dehydrators		Vent gas controls used
	Time between refilling (days)		Pressure of the gas (psia)
	Height of the dehydrator vessel (ft)		Inside diameter of the vessel (ft)
	Percent of packed vessel volume that is gas		

14. EOR Injection Pump Blowdown

	Total volume of blowdown equipment chambers between	Number of blowdowns per calendar year
	isolation valves (cubic feet) Density of critical phase EOR injection gas (kg/ft³)	Mass fraction of GHG in critical phase injection gas
	Pump capacity (barrels per day)	
15. Ac	id Gas Removal (AGR) Vents	
If using	g Calculation Methodology 1:	
	Total throughput into the AGR unit and/or total throughput out of the AGR unit (cubic feet per year)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in the vent from the AGR unit
	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility	
If usin	g Calculation Methodology 2:	
	Total throughput out of the AGR unit at actual conditions (cubic feet)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in vent gas from the AGR unit
	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility	
<u>If usin</u>	ng Calculation Methodology 3:	
	Total throughput through the AGR unit at actual conditions (cubic feet)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in natural gas into the AGR unit
	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in natural gas out of the AGR unit	Actual pressure (psia)
	Actual Temperature (°F)	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility
<u>If usin</u>	g Calculation Methodology 4:	
	Natural gas feed temperature	Natural gas feed pressure

	Natural gas flow rate		Acid gas content of feed natural gas
	Unit operating hours, excluding downtime for maintenance or standby		Acid gas content of outlet natural gas
	Solvent pressure		Exit temperature of natural gas
	Solvent circulation rate		Solvent temperature
	Solvent weight		
16. E	OR Hydrocarbon Liquids Dissolve	d CO ₂	
	Volume of crude oil produced annually (barrels)		Amount of CO ₂ retained in hydrocarbon liquids at STP conditions (metric tons per barrel)
17. C	entrifugal Compressor Wet Seal Do	egassing	Venting
	Total number of centrifugal compressors		
18. V	alves		
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Report CH ₄ emissions from all valves
	valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		(standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
19. C	connectors		
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural
	natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all		gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors
	connectors (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		(standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
20. C	pen Ended Lines		
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural
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	natural gas	gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic	Report CH ₄ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)
	feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
21. P	ressure Relief Valves	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
22. P	rumps	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pumps (standard cubic feet)	gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all pumps (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
23. F	langes	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all flanges (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all flanges (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
24. Iı	nstruments	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural
	natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all instruments (standard cubic feet)	gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all instruments (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
25. L	oading Arms	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural
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_ _	natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all loading arms (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)	_ _	gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all loading arms (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking			
26. St	ruffing Boxes					
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all stuffing boxes (standard cubic feet)	_ _	Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all stuffing boxes (standard cubic feet)			
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking			
27. C	ompressor Seals					
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all compressor seals (standard cubic		Concentration of CO_2 in produced natural gas Report CH_4 emissions from all compressor seals (standard cubic feet)			
	feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking			
28. D	ump Lever Arms					
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all dump lever arms (standard cubic		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all dump lever arms (standard cubic feet)			
	feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking			
29. B	29. Breather Caps					
	Concentration of CH ₄ in produced natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced natural gas Report CH ₄ emissions from all breather			
	breather caps (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		caps (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking			

30. Stationary or Portable Fuel Combustion Emissions

Cumulative number of external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity equal to or less than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit	Cumulative number of external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit
Cumulative emissions from external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit (cubic feet)	Cumulative volume of fuel combusted in external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by fuel type (cubic feet)
Cumulative number of all internal combustion units, by type of units	Cumulative emissions from internal combustion units, by type of unit (cubic feet)
Cumulative mass/volume of fuel combusted in internal combustion units, by fuel type	Concentration of gas hydrocarbon constituents (such as methane, ethane, propane, butane and pentanes plus)

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Natural Gas Processing



Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks.

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Reciprocating Compressor Rod Packing Venting

Record emissions at each reciprocating compressor in as-found mode. Each mode must be monitored at least once in any three consecutive calendar years.

Reci	Reciprocating Compressor Emissions in Operating Mode:				
	Rod packing venting from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		
	Total time the compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)		
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas				
Reci	Reciprocating Compressors Emissions in Standby Pressurized Mode:				
	Blowdown vent emissions from		Total time the reciprocating compressor is		

	reciprocating compressor in standby pressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		in standby, pressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors in Shutdown	, Depres	surized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from reciprocating compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for re	ciproca	ting compressors in each mode.
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in standby, pressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)		Total number of compressors measured in operating mode
	Total number of compressors measured in standby, pressurized mode		Total number of compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for rod packing vent emission in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in standby pressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)
Re	_	rocating	g compressor in all modes and total sions.
	Concentration of CH ₄ in		Concentration of CO ₂ in produced/feed

	produced/feed natural gas for reciprocating compressor in onshore natural gas processing facilities		natural gas for reciprocating compressor in onshore natural gas processing facilities
	natural gas processing facilities		
	Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby, pressurized mode in reporting year		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)
	(hours) Total annual compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet)		Total time the compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)
<u>2. Ce</u>	entrifugal Compressor Wet Seal Deg	assing V	enting
		_	mpressor in as-found mode. Each ny three consecutive calendar years.
Cent	rifugal Compressor Emissions in Op	perating	Mode:
	Wet seal oil degassing vents emissions from centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Number of wet seals connected to the degassing vent
	Type of meters used for making measurements		Fraction of operating time wet seal degassing vent gas is sent to vapor recovery or fuel gas
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
Cent	rifugal Compressors in Not-operatii	ıg, Depre	essurized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from centrifugal compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		

Record emission factors for centrifugal compressors in each mode. П Total annual emissions from all П Total annual emissions from all centrifugal compressor in operating centrifugal compressor in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet) mode (cubic feet) Total number of centrifugal Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized compressors measured in operating mode mode Emission factor for wet seal Emission factor for blowdown vent п degassing vent in operating mode emissions in operating mode (cubic feet (cubic feet per hour) per hour) Emission factor for isolation valve П in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour) Record emissions from each centrifugal compressor in all modes and total annual emissions. Concentration of CH₄ in Concentration of CO₂ in produced/feed natural gas for centrifugal compressor in produced/feed natural gas for centrifugal compressor in onshore onshore natural gas processing facilities natural gas processing facilities Total time the centrifugal Total annual centrifugal compressor compressor is in shutdown, emission from all modes of operation depressurized mode in reporting (standard cubic feet) year (hours) Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours) 3. Blowdown Vents Number of repetitive blowdowns Total volume of blowdown equipment for each equipment type of a chambers (including pipelines, unique volume compressors and vessels) between isolation valves (cubic feet) Actual pressure in the blowdown Actual temperature in the blowdown equipment chamber equipment chamber (psia)

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	(°F) Emissions per equipment type (cubic feet)		
4. De l	hydrator Vents		
	lycol dehydrator with a throughput g	<u>greate</u>	r than or equal to 0.4 million cubic feet per
<u>day:</u> □	(million standard cubic feet per		Feed natural gas water content
	day) Outlet natural gas water content		Absorbent circulation pump type (natural gas pneumatic/air pneumatic/ electric)
	Absorbent circulation rate		Absorbent type (TEG/DEG/EG)
	Use of stripping natural gas (Y/N)		Use of flash tank separator (Y/N)
	Total time of operation (hours)		Wet natural gas temperature (°F)
	Wet natural gas composition		Wet natural gas pressure (psig)
	Concentration of CH ₄ in natural gas		Concentration of CO ₂ in natural gas
For g year:	lycol dehydrator with a throughput l	ess th	an to 0.4 million standard cubic feet per
	Count of glycol dehydrators		Vent gas controls used
For a	bsorbent desiccant dehydrators:		
	Count of desiccant dehydrators		Vent gas controls used
	Time between refilling (days)		Pressure of the gas (psia)
	Height of the dehydrator vessel (ft)		Inside diameter of the vessel (ft)

	Percent of packed vessel volume that is gas	
5. Acid	Gas Removal (AGR) Vent Stacks	
If using	g Calculation Methodology 1:	
	Total throughput into the AGR unit and/or total throughput out of the AGR unit (cubic feet per year)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in the vent from the AGR unit
	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility (cubic feet)	
If using	g Calculation Methodology 2:	
	Total throughput flowing out of the AGR unit at actual conditions (cubic feet)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in vent gas from the AGR unit
	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility (cubic feet)	
If using	g Calculation Methodology 3:	
	Total throughput through the AGR unit at actual conditions (cubic feet)	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in natural gas into the AGR unit
	Volume fraction of CO ₂ content in natural gas out of the AGR unit	Actual pressure (psia)
	Actual Temperature (°F)	Emissions recovered and transferred outside the facility (cubic feet)
If using	g Calculation Methodology 4:	
	Natural gas feed temperature	Natural gas feed pressure
	Natural gas flow rate	Acid gas content of feed natural gas
	Unit operating hours, excluding downtime for maintenance or standby	Acid gas content of outlet natural gas

	Solvent pressure		Exit temperature of natural gas
	Solvent circulation rate		Solvent temperature
	Solvent weight		
6. Fla	are Stack Emissions		
	Continuous flow monitor on flare (Y/N)		Continuous gas analyzer on the gas to the flare (Y/N)
	Volume of gas sent to flare annually (cubic feet)		Percent of gas sent to un-lit flare
	Flare combustion efficiency (98% if manufacturer data not available)		Mole fraction of CO ₂ in gas to the flare
	Mole fraction of gas hydrocarbon constituents (such as methane, ethan	е,	Actual Process Temperature (°F)
	propane, butane, and pentanes-plus) Actual Process Pressure (psia)		
7. Va	lves		
	Concentration of CH ₄ in feed natural gas		Concentration of CO ₂ in feed natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Report CH ₄ emissions from all valves
	valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		(standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
8. Co	nnectors		
	Concentration of CH ₄ in feed natural gas		Concentration of CO ₂ in feed natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors
	Connectors (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		(standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking

9. Op	pen Ended Lines	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in feed	Concentration of CO ₂ in feed natural gas
	natural gas Report CO ₂ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic	Report CH ₄ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)
	feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
10. P	ressure Relief Valves	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in feed natural gas	Concentration of CO ₂ in feed natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
11. N	1 eters	
	Concentration of CH ₄ in feed natural gas	Concentration of CO ₂ in feed natural gas
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Natural Gas Transmission



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What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks (see Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production).

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Reciprocating Compressor Rod Packing Venting

Record emissions at each reciprocating compressor in as-found mode. Each mode must be monitored at least once in any three consecutive calendar years.

Reciprocating Compressor Emissions in Operating Mode:

	Rod packing venting from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors Emissions in	Standby	Pressurized Mode:
	Blowdown vent emissions from		Total time the reciprocating compressor is

	reciprocating compressor in standby pressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		in standby, pressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors in Shutdown	ı, Depres	surized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from reciprocating compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for re	eciproca	ting compressors in each mode.
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in standby, pressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)		Total number of compressors measured in operating mode
	Total number of compressors measured in standby, pressurized mode		Total number of compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for rod packing vent emission in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in standby pressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)
Re	_	rocatin ual emis	g compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual compressor emission from all modes of operation		Total time the compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)

	(standard cubic feet)		
	Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby,		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in
	pressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		reporting year (hours)
	(nours)		
2 0	entrifugal Compressor Wet Seal Deg	necina V	Venting
<u> 2. C</u>	enti nugai Compressor wet Sear Deg	assing	venting
		_	ompressor in as-found mode. Each any three consecutive calendar years.
Cen	trifugal Compressor Emissions in Op	perating	Mode:
	Wet seal oil degassing vents emissions from centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Number of wet seals connected to the degassing vent
	Type of meters used for making measurements		Fraction of operating time wet seal degassing vent gas is sent to vapor recovery or fuel gas
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
Cen	trifugal Compressors in Not-operation	ng, Depi	ressurized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from centrifugal compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for o	centrifu	igal compressors in each mode.
	Total annual emissions from all centrifugal compressor in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual emissions from all centrifugal compressor in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)

	Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in operating mode		Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized
			mode
	Emission factor for wet seal degassing vent in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		
R		trifugal ual emis	compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual centrifugal compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		
3. Tı	ransmission Storage Tanks		
	Scrubber dump valve emissions (cubic feet)		
4. Bl	lowdown Vents		
	Number of repetitive blowdowns for each equipment type of a unique volume		Total volume of blowdown equipment chambers (including pipelines, compressors and vessels) between isolation valves (cubic feet)
	Actual temperature in the blowdown equipment chamber (°F)		Actual pressure in the blowdown equipment chamber (psia)
	Emissions per equipment type (cubic feet)		

5. IN	aturai Gas Pheumauc Device venun	g	
	Actual and estimated counts of high bleed devices Actual and estimated counts of low b devices	oleed	Actual and estimated counts of intermittent bleed devices
6. C	onnectors		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
7. Va	alves		
□ □ 8. Pr	Report CO ₂ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
9. M	eters		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
10. (Open Ended Lines		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Report CH ₄ emissions from all open ended

open ended lines (standard cubic	lines (standard cubic feet)
feet)	
Operating time of leaking	Total number of components found leaking
component (hours)	

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for Underground Natural Gas Storage



Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks (see Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production).

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Reciprocating Compressor Rod Packing Venting

Record emissions at each reciprocating compressor in as-found mode. Each mode must be monitored at least once in any three consecutive calendar years.

Reciprocating Compressor Emissions in Operating Mode:				
	Rod packing venting from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)	
	Total time the compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)	
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas			
Reci	Reciprocating Compressors Emissions in Standby Pressurized Mode:			
	Blowdown vent emissions from		Total time the reciprocating compressor is	

	reciprocating compressor in standby pressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		in standby, pressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors in Shutdown	, Depres	surized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from reciprocating compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for re	ciproca	ting compressors in each mode.
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in standby, pressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)		Total number of compressors measured in operating mode
	Total number of compressors measured in standby, pressurized mode		Total number of compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for rod packing vent emission in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in standby pressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)
Re		rocating	g compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual compressor emission		Total time the compressor is in operating

	from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet)		mode in reporting year (hours)
	Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby, pressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)
<u>2. C</u>	Centrifugal Compressor Wet Seal De	gassing \	Venting
		_	ompressor in as-found mode. Each any three consecutive calendar years.
Cen	trifugal Compressor Emissions in O	perating	g Mode:
	Wet seal oil degassing vents emissions from centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Number of wet seals connected to the degassing vent
	Type of meters used for making measurements		Fraction of operating time wet seal degassing vent gas is sent to vapor recovery or fuel gas
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
Cen	trifugal Compressors in Not-operati	ing, Dep	ressurized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from centrifugal compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		

Record emission factors for centrifugal compressors in each mode.

	Total annual emissions from all centrifugal compressor in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual emissions from all centrifugal compressor in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in operating mode		Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for wet seal degassing vent in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		
R		trifugal ual emis	compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual centrifugal compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet) Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)
3. Na	atural Gas Pneumatic Device Ventin	g	
	Actual and estimated counts of high bleed devices Actual and estimated counts of low bleed devices		Actual and estimated counts of intermittent bleed devices
4. C	onnectors		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
5. Va	alves		

	Report CO ₂ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
6. Pr	ressure Relief Valves	
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
7. M	eters	
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all meters (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking
8. O _]	pen Ended Lines	
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)	Report CH ₄ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)	Total number of components found leaking

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for Natural Gas Distribution



Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks (see Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production).

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

I. A	bove Ground Meters and Regulator	's at Cus	tody Transfer City Gate Stations
	Number of custody transfer gate stations		Total number of meter runs at all above grade M&R city gate stations at custody transfer
A. C	Connectors		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet)
B. B	lock Valves		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all block valves (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all block valves (standard cubic feet)
C. C	Control Valves		

	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all control valves (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all control valves (standard cubic feet)
D. Pı	ressure Relief Valves		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all pressure relief valves (standard cubic feet)
E. O	rifice Meters		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all orifice meters (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all orifice meters (standard cubic feet)
F. Re	egulators		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all regulators (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all regulators (standard cubic feet)
G. O	pen Ended Lines		
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all open ended lines (standard cubic feet)
2. Al	oove Ground Meters and Regulators	s at Non-c	custody Transfer City Gate Stations
	Number of non-custody transfer gate stations		Number of meter runs at non custody transfer city gate stations.
	Custody transfer gate station meter run leak factor		Total time the component was fond leaking and operational (hours)

3. Below Ground Meters and Regulators and Vault Equipment Leaks

	Number of stations with inlet pressure greater than 300 psig		Number of stations with inlet pressure between 100 and 300 psig.
	Number of stations with inlet pressure less than 300 psig		Total time the component was found leaking and operational (hours)
4. Pi	peline Main Equipment Leaks		
	Number of miles of mains		Total time the component was found leaking and operational (hours)
5. Se	rvice Line Equipment Leaks		
	Number of services		Total time the component was found leaking and operational (hours)
6. St	ationary Fuel Combustion Emission	S	
	Cumulative number of external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity equal to or less than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit		Cumulative number of external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit
	Cumulative emissions from external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by type of unit (cubic feet)		Cumulative volume of fuel combusted in external fuel combustion units with a rated heat capacity larger than 5 MMBtu/hr, by fuel type (cubic feet)
	Cumulative number of all internal combustion units, by type of units		Cumulative emissions from internal combustion units, by type of unit (cubic feet)
	Cumulative mass/volume of fuel combusted in internal combustion units, by fuel type		Concentration of gas hydrocarbon constituents (such as methane, ethane, propane, butane and pentanes plus)

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for LNG Storage



Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks (see Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production).

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Reciprocating Compressor Rod Packing Venting

Record emissions at each reciprocating compressor in as-found mode. Each mode must be monitored at least once in any three consecutive calendar years.

Reci	Reciprocating Compressor Emissions in Operating Mode:			
	Rod packing venting from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)	
	Total time the compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)	
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas			
Reciprocating Compressors Emissions in Standby Pressurized Mode:				
	Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in standby pressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby, pressurized mode (hours)	

Reci	procating Compressors in Shutdown	i, Depres	surized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from reciprocating compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for re	ciproca	ting compressors in each mode.
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in standby, pressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)		Total number of compressors measured in operating mode
	Total number of compressors measured in standby, pressurized mode		Total number of compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for rod packing vent emission in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in standby pressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)
Re		rocating	g compressor in all modes and total sions.
	Total annual compressor emission from all modes of operation		Total time the compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)

Mole fraction of GHG in the vent

gas

	(standard cubic feet)		
	Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby,		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in
	pressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		reporting year (hours)
2. C	entrifugal Compressor Wet Seal Deg	gassing	Venting
		_	compressor in as-found mode. Each any three consecutive calendar years.
Cen	trifugal Compressor Emissions in O	peratin	g Mode:
	Wet seal oil degassing vents emissions from centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Number of wet seals connected to the degassing vent
	Type of meters used for making measurements		Fraction of operating time wet seal degassing vent gas is sent to vapor recovery or fuel gas
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
Cen	trifugal Compressors in Not-operati	ng, Dep	pressurized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from centrifugal compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for o	entrif	fugal compressors in each mode.
	Total annual emissions from all		Total annual emissions from all

	centrifugal compressor in operating mode (cubic feet)		centrifugal compressor in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in operating mode		Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for wet seal degassing vent in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		
Re		trifugal ıal emis	compressor in all modes and total sions.
	Total annual centrifugal compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		
3. Va	alves		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all valves (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
4. Pu	imp Seals		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pump seals (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all pump seals (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
5. Co	onnectors		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking		Total number of components found leaking

component (hours)

U. V	o. vapor Recovery Compressors			
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all vapor recovery compressors		Report CH ₄ emissions from all vapor recovery compressors (standard cubic feet)	
	(standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking	
<u>7. O</u>	ther Equipment			
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all other equipment (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all other equipment (standard cubic feet)	
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking	

Petroleum and Natural Gas Systems Monitoring Checklist for LNG Import and Export



Final Rule: Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse Gases (40 CFR Part 98)

What must be monitored?

If emissions are going to flares, need data elements under the source flare stacks (see Monitoring Checklist for Onshore Petroleum and Natural Gas Production).

Record these parameters on an annual basis, unless specified otherwise.

1. Reciprocating Compressor Rod Packing Venting

Record emissions at each reciprocating compressor in as-found mode. Each mode must be monitored at least once in any three consecutive calendar years.

Reciprocating Compressor Emissions in Operating Mode:

	Rod packing venting from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors Emissions in	Standby	Pressurized Mode:
	Blowdown vent emissions from reciprocating compressor in standby pressurized mode (standard cubic		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby, pressurized mode (hours)

Petroleum and Natural Gas Monitoring Checklist LNG Import and Export Page 1 of 5

	feet)		
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
Reci	procating Compressors in Shutdown	, Depres	surized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from reciprocating compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for re	ciproca	ting compressors in each mode.
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in operating mode (cubic feet)		Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in standby, pressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total annual reciprocating compressor emissions in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)		Total number of compressors measured in operating mode
	Total number of compressors measured in standby, pressurized mode		Total number of compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for rod packing vent emission in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in standby pressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)
Re	-	rocating	g compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic feet)		Total time the compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)

	Total time the reciprocating compressor is in standby, pressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		Total time the reciprocating compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)
	entrifugal Compressor Wet Seal Deg	_	-
		_	ompressor in as-found mode. Each any three consecutive calendar years.
Cen	trifugal Compressor Emissions in Op	perating	Mode:
	Wet seal oil degassing vents emissions from centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)		Blowdown vent emissions centrifugal compressor in operational mode (standard cubic feet per hour)
	Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode (hours)		Number of wet seals connected to the degassing vent
	Type of meters used for making measurements		Fraction of operating time wet seal degassing vent gas is sent to vapor recovery or fuel gas
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		Annual throughput (million standard cubic feet per day)
Cen	trifugal Compressors in Not-operation	ng, Depi	ressurized Mode:
	Unit isolation valve emissions from centrifugal compressor in shutdown depressurized mode (standard cubic feet)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode (hours)
	Mole fraction of GHG in the vent gas		
	Record emission factors for o	entrifu	igal compressors in each mode.
	Total annual emissions from all		Total annual emissions from all
Petro	leum and Natural Gas Monitoring Checklist		

	centrifugal compressor in operating mode (cubic feet)		centrifugal compressor in shut down, depressurized mode (cubic feet)
	Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in operating mode		Total number of centrifugal compressors measured in shutdown, depressurized mode
	Emission factor for wet seal degassing vent in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)		Emission factor for blowdown vent emissions in operating mode (cubic feet per hour)
	Emission factor for isolation valve in shutdown, depressurized mode (cubic feet per hour)		
R		trifugal 1al emis	compressor in all modes and total ssions.
	Total annual centrifugal compressor emission from all modes of operation (standard cubic fact)		Total time the centrifugal compressor is in operating mode in reporting year (hours)
	operation (standard cubic feet) Total time the centrifugal compressor is in shutdown, depressurized mode in reporting year (hours)		
3. Bl	owdown Vents		
	Number of repetitive blowdowns for each equipment type of a unique volume		Total volume of blowdown equipment chambers (including pipelines, compressors and vessels) between isolation valves (cubic feet)
	Actual temperature in the blowdown equipment chamber (°F)		Actual pressure in the blowdown equipment chamber (psia)
	Emissions per equipment type (cubic feet)		
4. Va	alves		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all		Report CH ₄ emissions from all other valves
	valves (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking		(standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking

component (hours)

5. Pt	ımp Seais		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all pump seals (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all pump seals (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
6. C	onnectors		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all connectors (standard cubic feet) Operating time of leaking component (hours)	_ _	Report CH ₄ emissions from all other connectors (standard cubic feet) Total number of components found leaking
7. Va	apor Recovery Compressors		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all vapor recovery compressors (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all vapor recovery compressors (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking
8. O	ther Equipment		
	Report CO ₂ emissions from all other equipment (standard cubic feet)		Report CH ₄ emissions from all other equipment (standard cubic feet)
	Operating time of leaking component (hours)		Total number of components found leaking