Robert Ukeiley rukeiley@igc.org

## VIA CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

October 8, 2014

Gina McCarthy Administrator United States Environmental Protection Agency Ariel Rios Building 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, D.C. 20460

## Re: Clean Air Act Notice of intent to sue pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7604(b)(2) for failure to take final action on 2008 ozone NAAQS infrastructure state implementation plan submittals for Kansas and North Dakota

Dear Administrator McCarthy:

Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 7604(b)(2) and 40 C.F.R. Part 54, Sierra Club is notifying you that they intend to file suit against you for "a failure of the Administrator [of the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA")] to perform an[] act or duty under this chapter which is not discretionary with the Administrator" within the meaning of the Clean Air Act. 42 U.S.C. § 7604(a)(2). Specifically, EPA is required to take final action on 2008 ozone NAAQS infrastructure state implementation plan submittals identified below within 12 months after each was deemed administratively complete. 42 U.S.C. § 7410(k)(2) and (3). As explained below in detail, EPA has violated this mandatory duty.

Public health and welfare protection from the harmful impacts of ground-level ozone, often referred to as smog, will be closer to the protection envisioned by Congress once EPA remedies these violation of its mandatory duty. Ozone has numerous harmful effects on human respiratory systems which include inducing asthma attacks in asthmatics and aggravating chronic lung diseases like emphysema and bronchitis. EPA, Smog—Who Does it Hurt?, 2-3 (available at <u>http://www.epa.gov/air/ozonepollution/pdfs/smog.pdf</u>). Long-term exposure to ozone may result in the permanent scarring of lung tissue. EPA, Ozone and Your Health, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (available at <u>http://www.epa.gov/air/ozonepollution/pdfs/health.pdf</u>).

Administrator Gina McCarthy October 8, 2014 Page 2

Ozone can be particularly harmful to adolescents as exposure to ozone can also lead to "chronic, adverse effects on lung development in children from the age of 10 to 18 years...." *See* Gauderman, W. James, et al., *The Effect of Air Pollution on Lung Development from 10 to 18 Years of Age*, N. Engl. J. Med. 351:11, at 1057 (Sept. 9, 2004). However, the greatest harm "may occur later in life, since reduced lung function is a strong risk factor for complications and death during adulthood." *Id.* at 1063. Moreover, ozone's detrimental effects are not limited to human health. Ozone also interferes with the ability of vegetation to properly function, damaging commercial crops and natural ecosystems alike. *See* 62 Fed. Reg. 38855, 38875 (July 18, 1997). Thus, it is imperative that EPA remedy its failure to perform its mandatory duty in order to strengthen protection of the public's health and welfare against ozone.

On March 27, 2008, EPA promulgated an 8-hour national ambient air quality standard ("NAAQS") for ozone. 73 Fed. Reg. 16,436 (March 27, 2008). The Clean Air Act requires states to submit state implementation plans that provide for the "implementation, maintenance, and enforcement" of a new or revised NAAQS within three years of the standard's promulgation. 42 U.S.C. § 7410(a)(1). These are known as "infrastructure" state implementation plans. States were required to submit these 2008 ozone NAAQS infrastructure SIPs by no later than March 27, 2011.

Under the Clean Air Act, if a state submits a SIP submittal and six months after that submittal, EPA has not made a completeness finding and has not found the submittal to be incomplete, the submittal is deemed administratively complete by operation of law. 42 U.S.C. § 7410(k)(1)(B). *Id.* EPA must take final action on an administratively complete submittal by approving in full, disapproving in full, or approving in part and disapproving in part within 12 months of the completeness finding. 42 U.S.C. §§ 7410(k)(2) and (3).

## FAILURE TO TAKE FINAL ACTION

EPA has failed to take final action on Kansas's infrastructure state implementation plan submittal for the 2008 ozone 8-hour NAAQS. By no later than September 19, 2013, either EPA or operation of law deemed Kansas's state implementation plan submittal that included the infrastructure requirements under 42 U.S.C. § 7410(a)(2)(A) - (C), (D)(i)(II) – (H), (J)-(M) administratively complete. *See* EPA, Status of State SIP Infrastructure Requirements— Kansas (available at

http://www.epa.gov/air/urbanair/sipstatus/reports/ks\_infrabypoll.html#x110\_a\_2\_ozone\_200 8\_ (last viewed October 7, 2014). Under the Clean Air Act, EPA is required to take final action on this submittal by approving in full, disapproving in full, or approving in part and disapproving in part by no later than September 19, 2014. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 7410(k)(2) and (3). EPA has failed to do so in violation of its mandatory duty.

EPA has failed to take final action on North Dakota's infrastructure state implementation plan submittal for the 2008 ozone 8-hour NAAQS. On September 8, 2013, either EPA or operation of law deemed North Dakota's state implementation plan submittal that included the infrastructure requirements under 42 U.S.C. § 7410(a)(2)(A) - (H), (J)-(M) administratively

Administrator Gina McCarthy October 8, 2014 Page 3

complete. See EPA, Status of State SIP Infrastructure Requirements—North Dakota (available at

http://www.epa.gov/air/urbanair/sipstatus/reports/nd\_infrabypoll.html#x110\_a\_2\_ozone\_200 8\_ (last viewed October 7, 2014). Under the Clean Air Act, EPA is required to take final action on this submittal by approving in full, disapproving in full, or approving in part and disapproving in part by no later than September 8, 2014. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 7410(k)(2) and (3). EPA has failed to do so in violation of its mandatory duty.

As required by 40 C.F.R. § 54.3, the persons providing this notice are:

Sierra Club 85 Second St., 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor San Francisco, CA 94105 Phone: (415) 977-5500

While EPA regulations require this information, please direct all correspondences and communications regarding this matter to the undersigned counsel.

Sierra Club and their counsel would prefer to resolve this matter without the need for litigation. Therefore, we look forward to EPA contacting undersigned counsel to resolve this matter. If we do not hear from EPA in 60 days, however, we will have to assume that you are not interested in settling this matter and file or amend a complaint.

Sincerely,

Rat uj

Robert Ukeiley Counsel for Sierra Club