Analytical method for aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, and aldicarb sulfoxide in water

Reports: ECM: MRID 49515901. Bianca, C. 2014. Method Validation of Aldicarb,

Aldicarb Sulfone, and Aldicarb Sulfoxide in Three Water Types: Surface Water; Ground Water; and Drinking Water: Final Report. Project Number:

AU/2014/03. Unpublished study prepared by JRF America. 193p.

ILV: MRID 49515902. Rutt, D.; Budgeon, A. 2014. Independent Laboratory

Validation of JRF America Analytical Method AU-269R0 "Analytical Method for Analysis of Aldicarb, Aldicarb Sulfone, and Aldicarb Sulfoxide in Three Water Types: Surface Water, Ground Water, and Drinking Water: Final Report. Project Number: AU/2014/09. Unpublished study prepared by

JRF America. 169p.

Document No.: MRIDs 49515901 & 49515902

Guideline: 850.6100

Statements: The method validations were conducted in compliance with FIFRA GLP or

UK GLP standards. Signed and dated No Data Confidentiality Claims, GLP Compliance, Quality Assurance, Certification of Authenticity, and Report

Signature: Edminlanning

Approval statements were provided for the ECM and ILV reports.

Classification: This analytical method is classified as acceptable. It was independently

validated upon the first attempt.

PC Code: 098301

Primary

Reviewer: Edmund Wong

Environmental Chemist **Date:** Jan. 13 2015

Secondary Gregory Orrick **Signature:**

Reviewer: Environmental Scientist **Date:** Jan. 13, 2015

Executive Summary

This analytical method, AU-269R0, is designed for the quantitative determination of aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, and aldicarb sulfoxide in three water types: surface water, ground water, and drinking water using LC-MS/MS (see Table 1). The method is quantitative for the analytes at the stated LOQ of $0.1~\mu g/L$. The ILV was performed in the same laboratory facility that the method was developed; however, the study director, analysts, instruments, and chemicals were distinct from those of the initial validation. The independent laboratory was successful at validating the method. Although several ECM LOD and LOQ recoveries for Aldicarb Sulfone and Aldicarb Sulfoxide were either at baseline noise level or 2x the value, all mean recoveries were within the acceptable range of 70-110% and RSD \leq 20% for LOQ and 10xLOQ in the primary and confirmatory analyses. The method is repeatable and reproducible.

Table 1. Analytical Method Summary

Analyte(s) by Pesticide	MR Environmental Chemistry	Independent	EPA Review	Matrix	Method Date	Registrant	Analysis	Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)
	Method	Validation						(LOQ)
Aldicarb, Aldicarb Sulfone, & Aldicarb Sulfoxide	49515901	49515902	-	Water	10/15/14	AgLogic LLC	LC- MS/MS	0.1 μg/L

I. Principle of the Method

Fortified surface, ground or drinking water samples (10 mL) were vortexed, centrifuged and then analysed by LC-MS/MS in positive ion mode. The method quantifies residues of aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, and aldicarb sulfoxide in water at the stated LOQ of 0.1 μ g/L, 10xLOQ of 1.0 μ g/L, and LOD of 0.05 μ g/L. Each analyte were determined in surface, ground, and drinking water with primary and confirmatory analyses.

The ILV was performed in the same laboratory facility that the method was developed. To ensure impartiality and independence, the study director, analysts, instruments, chemicals, analytical standards, *etc.* were "distinct and operated separately and without collusion for the validation portion." The study director and analysts had no prior experience using the method. One attempt per matrix was performed during the course of the ILV.

II. Recovery Findings

<u>Initial Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Surface, Ground, and Drinking Water</u>

Primary analysis mean recoveries and relative standard deviations (RSD) were within guideline requirements (aldicarb mean 102-105%, RSD \leq 20%; aldicarb sulfone mean 101-109%, RSD \leq 20%; aldicarb sulfoxide mean 103-107%, RSD \leq 20%) for LOQ and 10xLOQ samples. Meanwhile, confirmatory mean recoveries of LOQ and 10xLOQ were 102-105% for aldicarb, 97-107% for aldicarb sulfone, and 102-106% for aldicarb sulfoxide. RSD of all analytes in confirmatory analysis were \leq 20%.

Table 2. Initial Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Surface Water

Analyte	Fortification	Number	Recovery	Mean	Standard	Relative Standard	
Analyte	Level (units)	of Tests	Range (%)	Recovery (%)	Deviation (%)	Deviation (%)	
			Primary Tra	ansition (m/z 2	$208 \rightarrow 88.6)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	93.4-110	102	5.9	5.7	
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	101-108	104	2.6	2.5	
Aidicaru		Cor	nfirmatory [Fransition (m/z	$z 208 \rightarrow 115.7)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	94-110	102	7.1	7.0	
	1 μg/L	5	101-107	102.6	2.5	2.4	
	Primary Transition (m/z $240 \rightarrow 75.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	81.5-115	103	11.3	11	
Aldicarb Sulfone	1 μg/L	5	104-118	108.8	5.4	5.0	
Aldicard Sunone	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 240 → 86)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	89.6-116	105	9.0	8.6	
	1 μg/L	5	104-109	106.6	1.8	1.7	
	Primary Transition (m/z 207 → 88.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	91.7-117	104	9.2	8.9	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	1 μg/L	5	105-110	107	2.0	1.9	
Addicard Surroxide		Co	nfirmatory	Transition (m/	$z 207 \rightarrow 68.5)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	85-117	102	10.7	10.5	
	1 μg/L	5	104-110	106.2	2.3	2.1	

Table 3. Initial Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Ground Water

Table 3. Illiai valida	Fortification			Mean	Standard	Relative Standard	
Analyte					Deviation (%)		
	, ,			ansition (m/z 2		. ,	
	0.1 μg/L	7	102-109	105	2.5	2.4	
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	103-105	104	0.8	0.8	
Aldicarb		Cor	nfirmatory [Transition (m/z	$2208 \rightarrow 115.7)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	101-110	104	3.2	3.1	
	1 μg/L	5	101-105	103	1.5	1.4	
	Primary Transition (m/z $240 \rightarrow 75.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	101-112	107	3.4	3.2	
Aldicarb Sulfone	1 μg/L	5	104-110	107	2.6	2.4	
Aldicard Surfolle	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 240 → 86)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	87.9-107	98	7.9	8.0	
	1 μg/L	5	105-108	106	1.1	1.1	
		,	Primary Tra	ansition (m/z 2	$07 \rightarrow 88.5)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	101-110	105	3.3	3.2	
A 1 41 1 - C 1 C 1 4 -	1 μg/L	5	101-106	103	2.3	2.2	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 207 → 68.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	90.4-109	102	7.0	6.9	
	1 μg/L	5	100-109	104	3.7	3.6	

Table 4. Initial Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Drinking Water

Analyte	Fortification	Number	Recovery	Mean	Standard	Relative Standard	
Analyte	Level (units)	of Tests	Range (%)	Recovery (%)	Deviation (%)	Deviation (%)	
			Primary Tr	ansition (m/z 2	$08 \rightarrow 88.6)$		
	$0.1 \mu g/L$	7	101-108	104	2.6	2.5	
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	101-109	105	2.9	2.8	
Aidicard		Cor	nfirmatory '	Fransition (m/z	$2208 \rightarrow 115.7)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	102-109	105	2.4	2.2	
	1 μg/L	5	100-106	103	2.6	2.5	
	Primary Transition (m/z $240 \rightarrow 75.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	93-112	101	6.0	6.0	
Aldicarb Sulfone	1 μg/L	5	98.6-108	102	3.5	3.4	
Aldicard Surfolic	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 240 → 86)						
	$0.1 \mu g/L$	7	85.3-108	97	7.9	8.2	
	1 μg/L	5	102-109	106	2.9	2.7	
	Primary Transition (m/z 207 → 88.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	7	97.8-112	106	4.4	4.2	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	1 μg/L	5	101-107	104	2.3	2.2	
Aldicard Surroxide		Co	nfirmatory	Transition (m/	$z 207 \rightarrow 68.5)$		
	0.1 μg/L	7	97.8-113	106	5.4	5.1	
	1 μg/L	5	102-110	106	3.3	3.1	

<u>Independent Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Surface, Ground, and Drinking Water</u>

Primary analysis mean recoveries and relative standard deviations (RSD) were within guideline requirements (aldicarb mean 100-106%, RSD \leq 20%; aldicarb sulfone mean 93.4-106%, RSD \leq 20%; aldicarb sulfoxide mean 93.5-106%, RSD \leq 20%) for LOQ and 10xLOQ samples. Meanwhile, confirmatory mean recoveries of LOQ and 10xLOQ were 100-106% for aldicarb, 89.4-107% for aldicarb sulfone, and 91-101% for aldicarb sulfoxide. RSD of all analytes in confirmatory analysis were \leq 20%.

Table 5. Independent Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Surface Water

Tubic 5: Inacpendent	t valuation viction Recoveries for Analytes in Surface water						
Analyte	Fortification Level (units)			Mean Recovery (%)	Standard Deviation (%)	Relative Standard Deviation (%)	
			Primary Tra	ansition (m/z 2	$208 \rightarrow 88.6)$		
	0.1 μg/L	5	85.2-110	101	10.5	10.3	
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	92.6-107	102	5.8	5.7	
Aidicard		Cor	nfirmatory [Transition (m/z	$z 208 \rightarrow 115.7)$		
	0.1 μg/L	5	78.4-110	100	12.5	12.5	
	1 μg/L	5	86.8-113	103	10.2	9.9	
	Primary Transition (m/z 240 → 75.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	72.5-104	93.4	12.5	13.4	
Aldicamb Culfons	1 μg/L	5	89.7-103	95.9	5.0	5.2	
Aldicarb Sulfone	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 240 → 86)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	82.6-95.9	89.4	5.3	5.9	
	1 μg/L	5	88.2-104	93.7	6.2	6.7	
	Primary Transition (m/z 207 → 88.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	92.8-103	96.7	4.1	4.2	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	1 μg/L	5	86.2-97.9	93.5	4.5	4.9	
	Confirmatory Transition (m/z $207 \rightarrow 68.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	88.6-101	96.9	5.5	5.7	
	1 μg/L	5	87.1-109	101	8.6	8.5	

Table 6. Independent Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Ground Water

	Fortification	Fortification Number Recovery Mean Standard Relative Stan						
Analyte					Deviation (%)			
			Primary Tr	ansition (m/z 2	$08 \rightarrow 88.6)$			
	0.1 μg/L	5	89.1-110	101	8.0	7.9		
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	89.7-112	100	8.9	8.9		
Aldicard		Confirmatory Transition (m/z 208 → 115.7)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	97.7-110	103	6.2	6.0		
	1 μg/L	5	96.1-113	106	6.3	5.9		
	Primary Transition (m/z $240 \rightarrow 75.5$)							
	0.1 μg/L	5	99.4-110	105	4.3	4.1		
Aldicarb Sulfone	1 μg/L	5	89-104	98.1	6.2	6.3		
		C	onfirmatory	Transition (m	\sqrt{z} 240 \rightarrow 86)			
	0.1 μg/L	5	103-110	107	3.1	2.9		
	1 μg/L	5	98.4-109	105	3.9	3.7		

	Primary Transition (m/z 207 → 88.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	93.9-107	98.3	5.2	5.3	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	1 μg/L	5	93.2-109	100	5.8	5.8	
Aldicard Sulfoxide	Confirmatory Transition (m/z $207 \rightarrow 68.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	72.9-107	92.6	13.4	14.5	
	1 μg/L	5	77.3-110	91.9	12.2	13.3	

Table 7. Independent Validation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Drinking Water

rabic 7. mucpenuciii	valuation Method Recoveries for Analytes in Diffiking water						
Analyte	Fortification Level (units)		•		Standard Deviation (%)	Relative Standard Deviation (%)	
	,			ansition (m/z 2		,	
	0.1 μg/L	5	98-110	106	5.2	4.9	
Aldicarb	1 μg/L	5	90.7-110	102	7.6	7.4	
Aldicard		Cor	nfirmatory '	Transition (m/z	$2208 \rightarrow 115.7)$		
	0.1 μg/L	5	92.6-110	106	8.4	8.0	
	1 μg/L	5	9.31-107	100	5.8	5.8	
	Primary Transition (m/z $240 \rightarrow 75.5$)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	100-109	106	6.7	6.3	
Aldicarb Sulfone	1 μg/L	5	95.4-110	103	6.9	6.7	
Aldicard Surrolle	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 240 → 86)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	97.6-108	104	3.9	3.8	
	1 μg/L	5	99.4-110	100	6.7	6.7	
	Primary Transition (m/z 207 → 88.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	95.1-111	106	6.7	6.3	
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	1 μg/L	5	96.2-103	102	5.0	4.9	
	Confirmatory Transition (m/z 207 → 68.5)						
	0.1 μg/L	5	83-103	91	7.5	8.2	
	1 μg/L	5	88.2-113	98.9	11.1	11.2	

III. Method Characteristics

The LOD was considered to be a concentration equivalent to 50% of the stated LOQ (0.1 μ g/L), which is 0.05 μ g/L for aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, and aldicarb sulfoxide. In some cases, the LOD was lowered to 24% of the LOQ (0.024 μ g/L) dependent upon the sensitivity, linear range, and conditions of the LC/MS/MS system. The stated LOQ was determined as the lowest fortification concentration with adequate accuracy (mean recoveries within 70-120%) and precision (RSDs \leq 20%).

The LOD and LOQ values were >10x the baseline noise in the control samples for aldicarb in surface, ground, and drinking water. However, the LOD was <1x the baseline noise in drinking water samples for aldicarb sulfone. The LOQ was about 2x baseline noise for surface, ground and drinking water for aldicarb sulfone. For aldicarb sulfoxide, the LOD was 2x the baseline noise in drinking water samples, while the LOQ was >4x baseline noise for surface, ground, and drinking water.

The method was reproducible for all analytes in surface, ground, and drinking water at the stated LOQ of $0.1~\mu g/L$.

Table 4	. Method	Characteristics

	Aldicarb	Aldicarb Sulfone	Aldicarb Sulfoxide
Limit of Quantitation (LOQ)	0.1 μg/L	0.1 μg/L	0.1 μg/L
Limit of Detection (LOD)	0.05 μg/L	$0.05~\mu g/L$	0.05 μg/L
Linearity (calibration curve r ² and concentration range)	$r^2 = 0.995$ (0.05 – 1.0 µg/L)	$r^2 = 0.995$ $(0.05 - 1.0 \mu\text{g/L})$	$r^2 = 0.995$ (0.05 - 1.0 \mu g/L)
Repeatable	Yes (RSD <20%)	Yes (RSD <20%)	Yes (RSD <20%)
Reproducible	Yes	Yes	Yes
Specific	Yes	Yes	Yes

IV. Method Deficiencies and Reviewer's Comments

In the ECM, for aldicarb sulfone, the LOD was at the baseline noise level in drinking water samples, while the LOQ was about 2x baseline noise for surface, ground and drinking water. For aldicarb sulfoxide, the LOD was calculated as 2x the baseline noise in drinking water samples. However, mean recoveries for all analytes (aldicarb, aldicarb sulfone, and aldicarb sulfoxide) were within the acceptable range of 70-120% and RSD ≤20% in surface, ground, and drinking water.

No other major deficiencies with the method were found.

Aldicarb (PC 098301) MRID 49515901, 49515902

Attachment 1: Chemical Names and Structures

Table 1. Aldicarb, Aldicarb Sulfone, and Aldicarb Sulfoxide. A

Code Name/ Synonym	Chemical Name	Chemical Structure
Aldicarb	IUPAC: 2-methyl-2(methylthio)propionaldehyde O-(methylcarbamoyl)oxime CAS No.: 116-06-3 Formula: C ₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₂ S MW: 190.26 g/mol SMILES: C(C)(C)(C=NOC(=O)NC)SC	H_3C O
Aldicarb Sulfone	IUPAC: [(E)-(2-methyl-2-methylsulfonylpropylidene)amino] N-methylcarbamate CAS No.: 1646-88-4 Formula: C ₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₄ S MW: 222.26 g/mol SMILES: CC(C)(/C=N/OC(=O)NC)S(=O)(=O)C	H ₃ C N CH ₃ O CH ₃ O CH ₃
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	IUPAC: (E)-(2-methanesulfinyl-2-methylpropylidene)amino N-methylcarbamate CAS No.: 1646-87-3 Formula: C ₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₃ S MW: 206.263 g/mol SMILES: CNC(=O)O\N=C\C(C)(C)S(C)=O	H_3C

A MW means "molecular weight".