

#### **Advanced Technologies at Toyota**

#### Clean Air Act Advisory Committee

September 18, 2008

Tom Stricker Toyota Motor North America







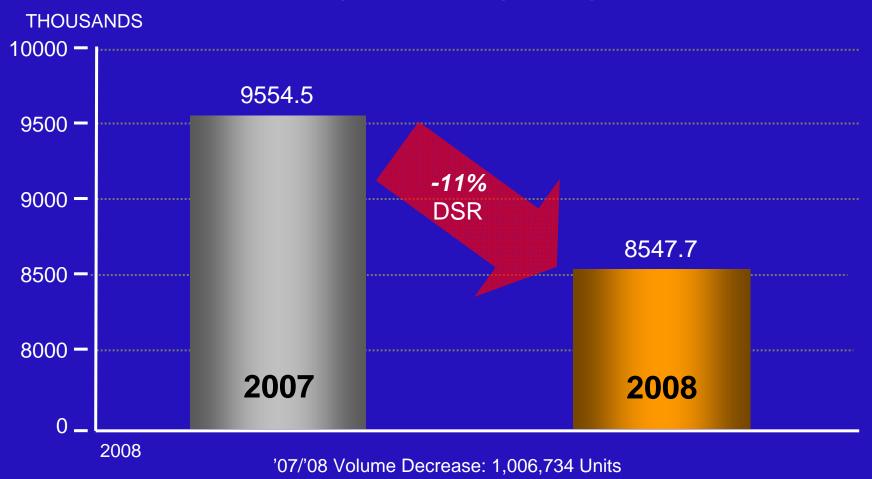


# Topics

- Market Overview and Factors
- Deploying New Technology
- Hybrid
- Plug-In Hybrid
- Fuel Cell
- Conclusions



## US Industry January-July Sales



Source: July Industry Report, (combined sales, include Hawaii)









## New Vehicle Segment Shifts

July CYTD Sales versus Year Ago			% DSR Chg
Industry		-11%	
Total Lt Truck	-19.5%		
Total Psgr Car		-2.2%	
Entry			33.7%
Subcompact			5.1%
Standard Mid		-1.7%	
Small SUV		-4%	
Van	-17.7%		
Small PU	-17.9%		
Mid SUV	-24.6%		
FSPU	-25.3%		
Premium Mid	-27.2%		
Large SUV	-30.7%		
Sports Coupe	-25.7%		
Near Luxury		-7.6%	

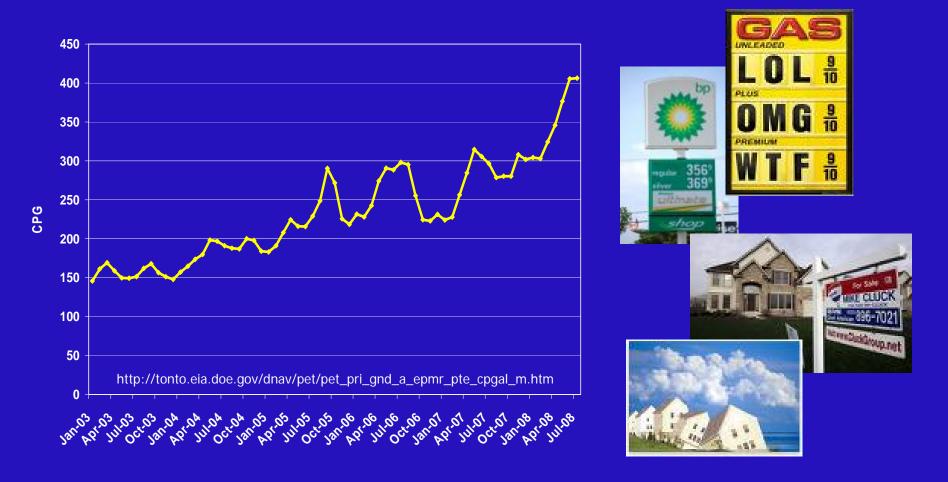






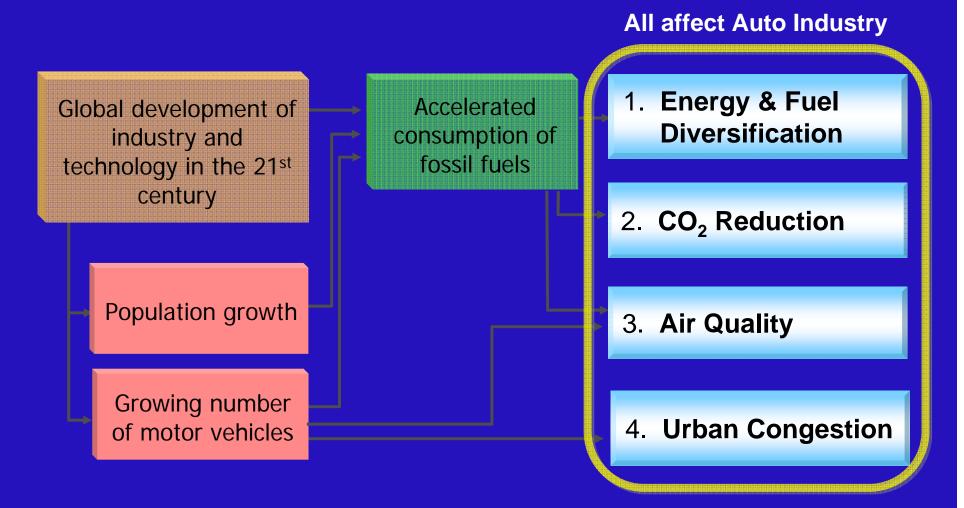


#### **Short-Term Factors**





### Longer-Term Issues Driving Change in Business







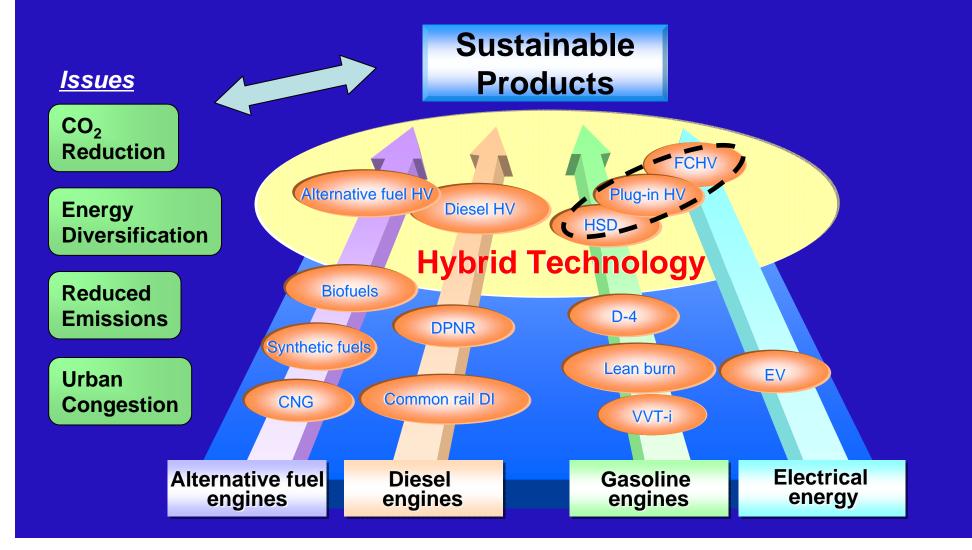
## The Automobile Challenge

- 1. Balance reduction of environmental impact with meeting <u>consumer wants</u>
  - It doesn't matter how "green" a product is if no one will buy it
- 2. Mass market appeal
  - Must sell millions to make real impact
- 3. Life Cycle Assessment
  - Must look beyond "tailpipe" for true environmental impact



#### ΤΟΥΟΤΑ

### Toyota's Multi-Path Approach



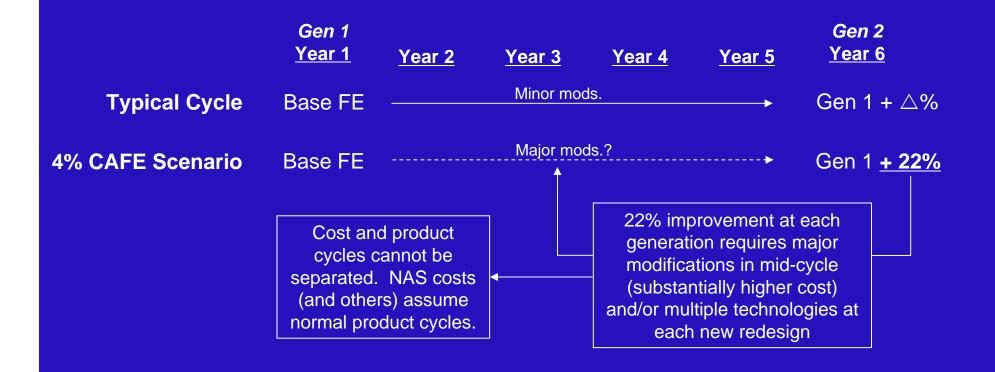






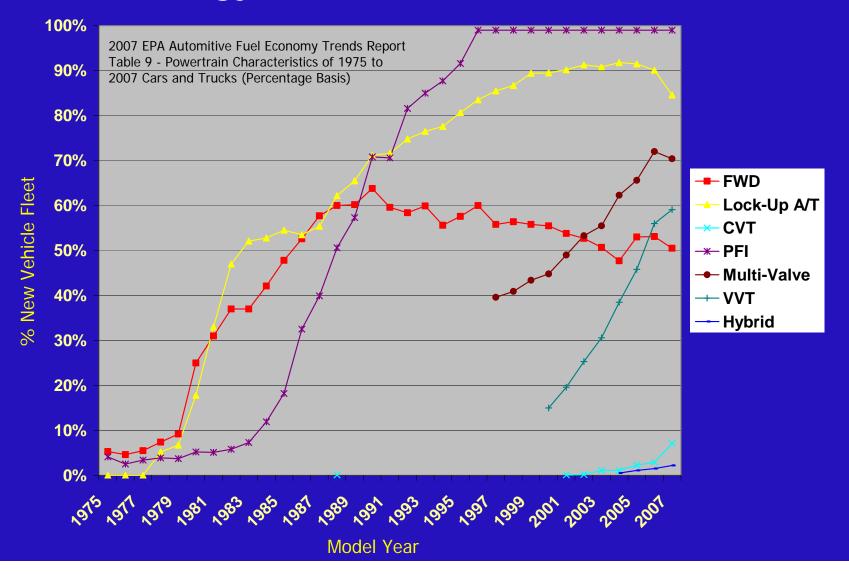


### Product Cycles Are A Reality





## Technology Takes Time to Penetrate









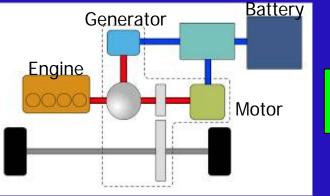


## Toyota Hybrid Development



#### 80 Hybrid Designs

- Fuel Economy
- Emissions
- Technical Feasibility



Hybrid Synergy Drive



#### **1998 Prius**



### Toyota's Line of Hybrids in America

#### **TOYOTA MODELS**



**Prius** *Midsize 5 Door* 

#### LEXUS MODELS



RX400h Luxury SUV



Combined US sales averaging over 23,000 / month in 2008



GS450h Premium Sport Sedan

Camry Hybrid Midsize 5 Door



Highlander Hybrid Midsize SUV

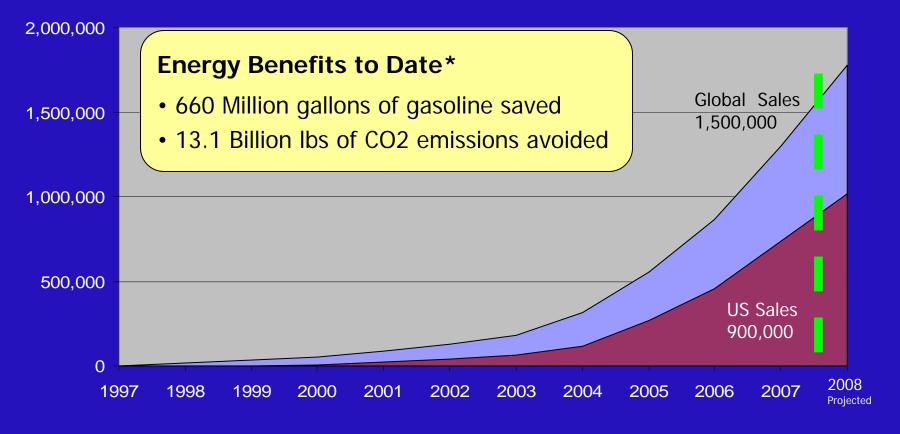


LS600h Flagship



### A Million & Half Hybrids Sold & Growing

#### Cumalative Hybrid Sales thru July 2008





## Hybrid as a Foundation

- Toyota's Hybrid Synergy Drive is the powertrain foundation for next generation technologies
  - Flexibility
  - Reduced development time & cost
  - Lower cost higher volume potential





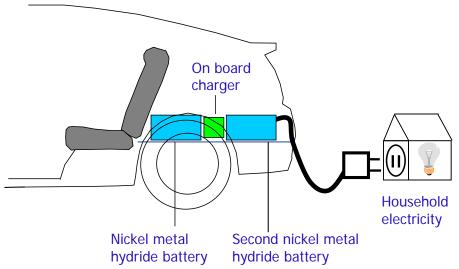






#### Toyota's Current PHEV Prototype





#### **VEHICLE BENEFITS**

- Fuel diversification (energy security)
- Potential greenhouse gas reduction
- Reduced fuel cost

#### **PROTOTYPE OBJECTIVES**

- Study consumer behavior (US)
- Study public charging (Europe)
- Demonstrate system, not battery capability

#### **CHALLENGES**

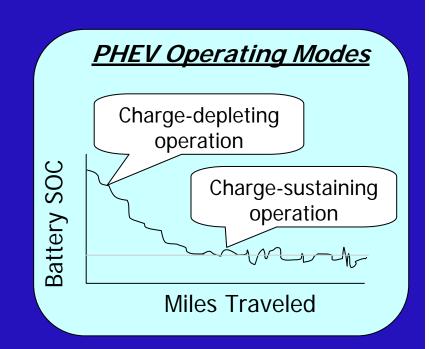
- Battery cost & life key for commercial introduction
- Packaging
- Need for cleaner electricity



## **Toyota PHEV Performance Specifications**

ΤΟΥΟΤΑ

- EV Performance (Charge-depleting)
  - Top speed in EV mode 62 mph
  - Max EV power ~ 40 kW
  - EV range ~ 7 miles
- Battery (2 x NiMH)
  - 2 x 6.5 Ah (13Ah / 2.6kW-hr)
  - 202 V
- Charging Time
  - 1-1.5 hr on 220V
  - 3-4 hr on 120V



Max system power 100kW (20kw more than Prius)



### 2010 – The Next Step

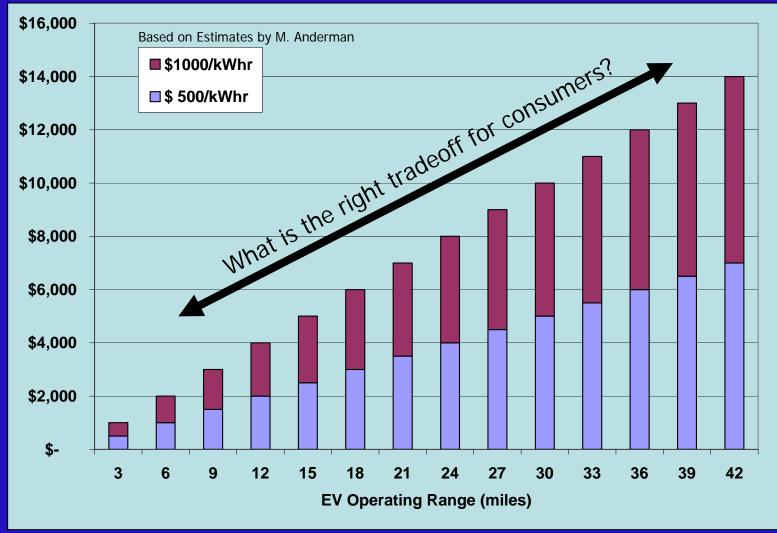
- Toyota has announced our next generation PHEV:
  - Significant numbers beginning in 2010 model year
  - Global program
  - Commercial fleets
  - Li-Ion batteries
    - Manufactured by Panasonic EV (Joint venture with Toyota)
  - Results to help determine suitability for consumer market
- Re-evaluate suitability of battery electric vehicles for consumer market



#### ΤΟΥΟΤΑ



### External Expert Cost Estimate per kWhr

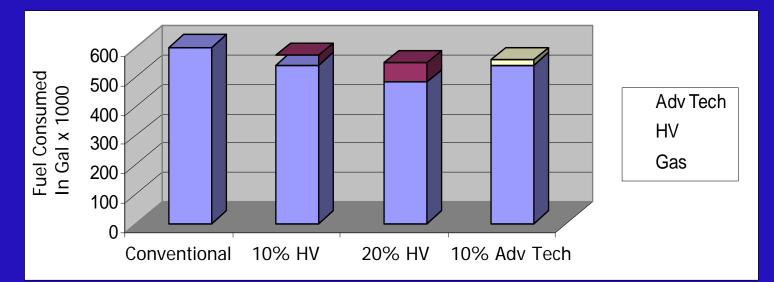








		Vehicle Number				
		Baseline	10% HV	20% HV	10% Adv Tech	
Conventional gas	(25 mpg)	1000	900	800	900	
HV	(45 mpg)		100	200		
Adv Tech	(90 mpg)				100	
Gallons Saved		N/A	26,667	53,333	43,333	



Assumes all vehicles travel 15,000 mi/yr

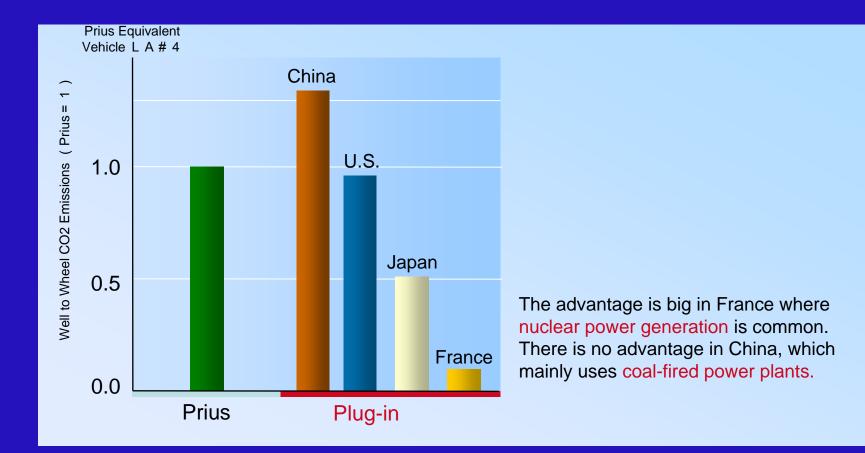








### **Clean Power is Essential**







### Toyota's Current Fuel Cell Prototype





#### **VEHICLE BENEFITS**

- Zero tailpipe emissions
- Potential non-petroleum, diversified fuel sources
- Low / zero carbon fuel

#### **PROTOTYPE OBJECTIVES**

- Public education on hydrogen
- Demonstrate technology
- Identify infrastructure issues

#### **CHALLENGES**

- Fuel cell system cost
- Fuel cell stack life
- Lack of infrastructure



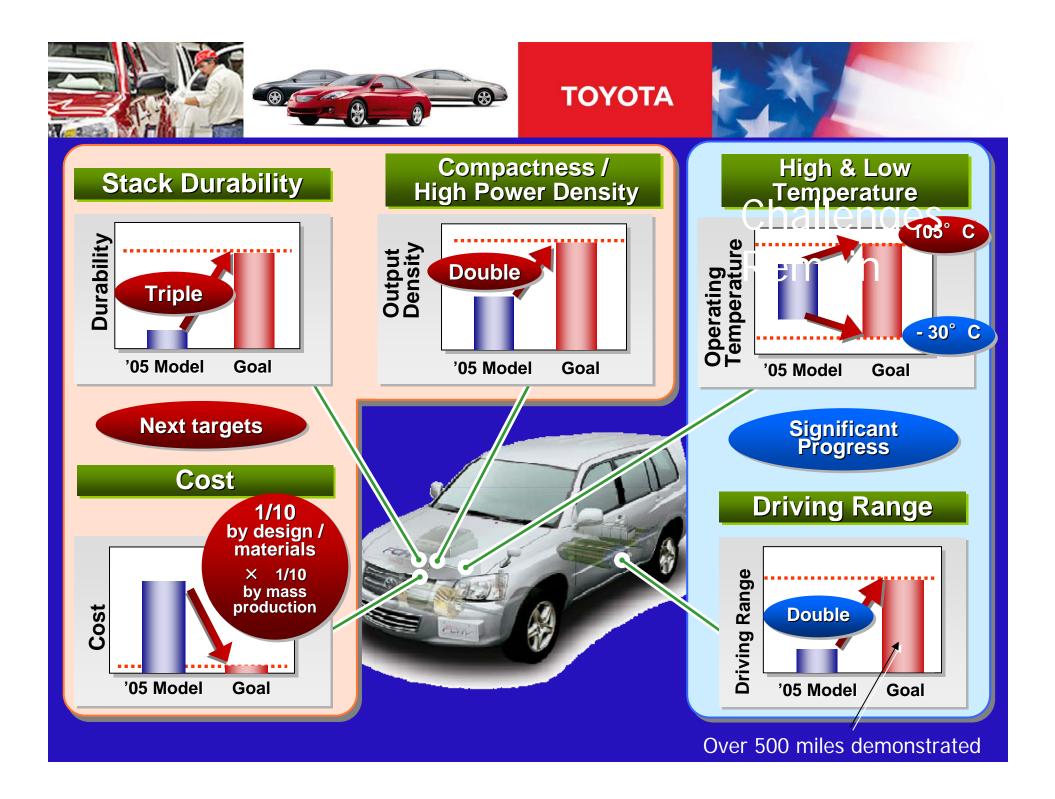


#### ΤΟΥΟΤΑ



## Key System Components

#### Power control unit (PCU) Controls precisely the distribution of electric power of the fuel cell and secondary battery. Secondary battery Stores the regenerative electric power and assists output of the fuel cell at acceleration. **Toyota FC Stack** High-pressure hydrogen tank Unit (fuel cell) that generates electric power Stores the hydrogen supplied to the Toyota FC Stack. from the hydrogen and oxygen in the air. Motor Generates the driving force of the vehicle.











### Conclusions

- Toyota recognizes we must adapt to multiple energy and environmental issues and regulations
- Deploying technology takes time
- Hybrid is the foundation for future vehicle technologies at Toyota PHEVs & FCs are evolutions
- PHEVs & FCs show environmental & energy security promise, but only if produced in large volumes
- Durability, cost and infrastructure challenges remain for PHEVs and FCs
- Without "green" fuels, the environmental benefit (GHG reduction) of these technologies will be modest at best









#### Thank You!



### **Questions?**





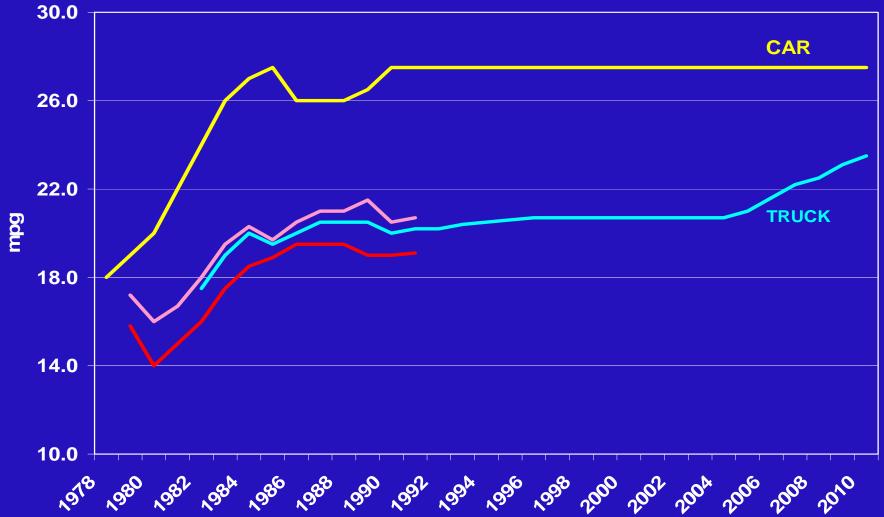




## Corporate Average Fuel Economy (CAFE)



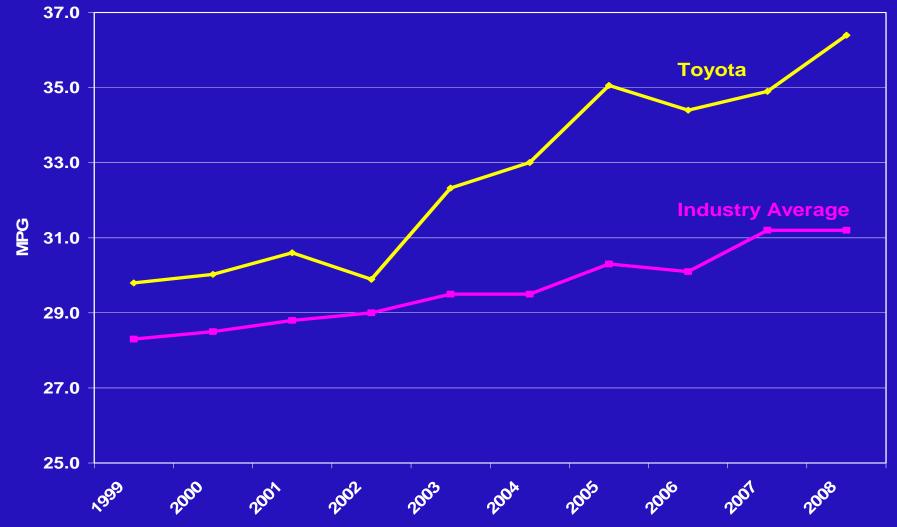
#### Historical CAFE Standards







#### Car CAFE Performance



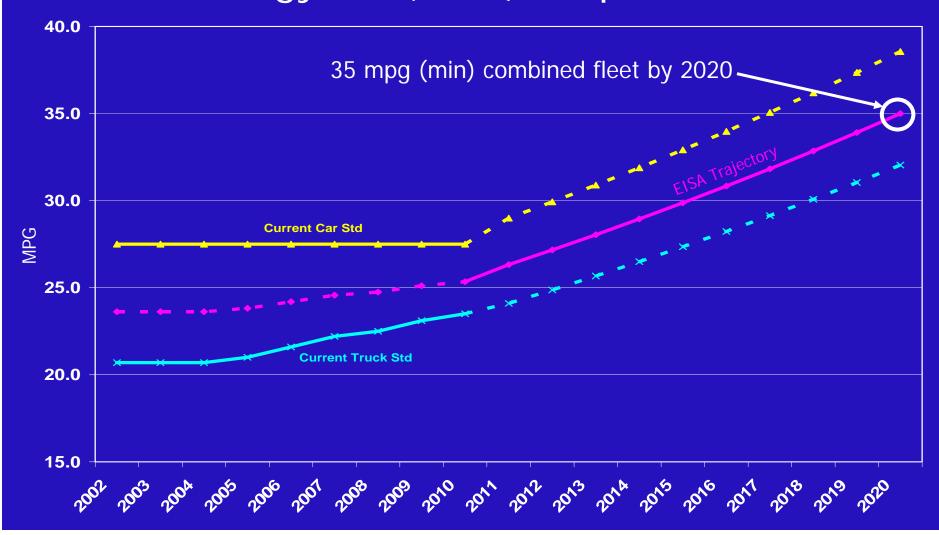


#### Truck CAFE Performance





# Energy Bill (EISA) Requirement



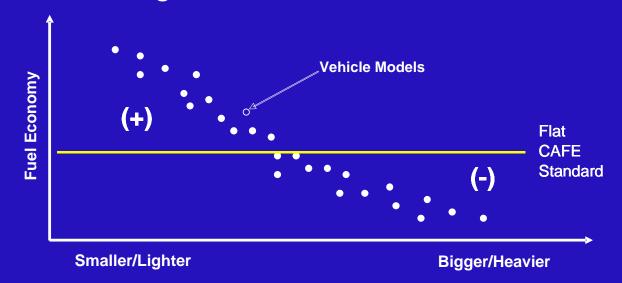




#### ΤΟΥΟΤΑ



Old CAFE System



#### Old CAFE System

-Smaller vehicles provided a benefit -Concern about small vehicle safety -Concern about manufacturers with greater number of larger vehicles

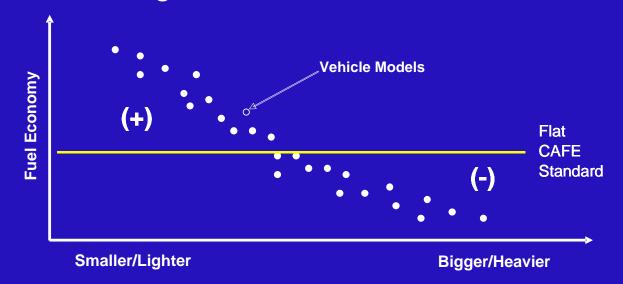




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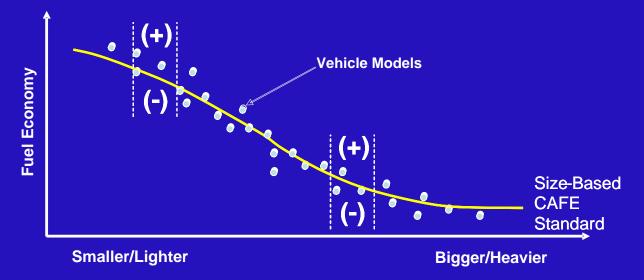
- -Target based on size of vehicle
- -Head-to-head fuel economy within each class is more important
- -Particular challenge for light trucks
- -Technology needed on all size classes







New CAFE System (2011 model year)



#### Old CAFE System

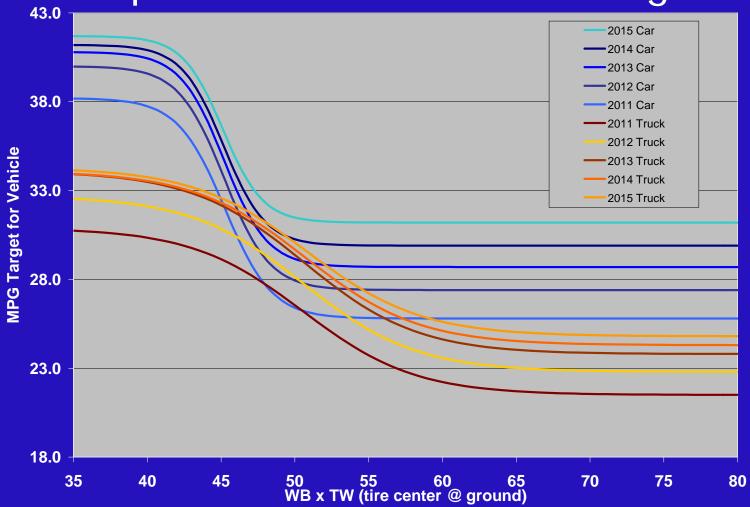
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## Proposed Size-Based CAFE Targets





# Energy Bill (EISA) and NHTSA Proposal





## Flex Fuel Vehicle Credit

