United States Air Force Warfare Center

Testing - Tactics - Training



Nellis AFB Solar Power System

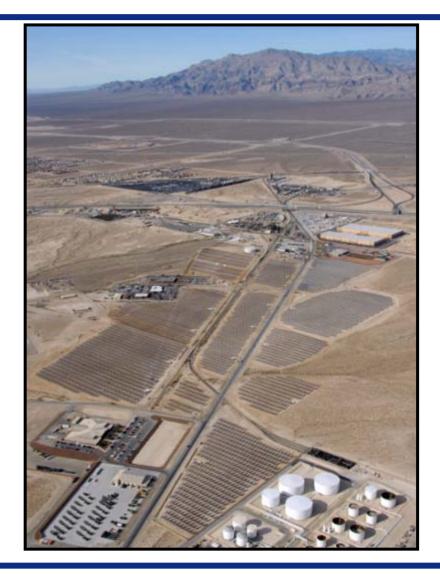
Ms Michelle R. Price Base Energy Manager 10 December 2008

This Briefing is: UNCLASSIFIED



AGENDA

- Nellis Background
- Project Overview
- Acquisition Factors
 - Nellis/AF Factors
 - Nevada/Photovoltaic Market Factors
 - Other Renewable Factors
- Acquisition / Construction Process
- Lessons Learned





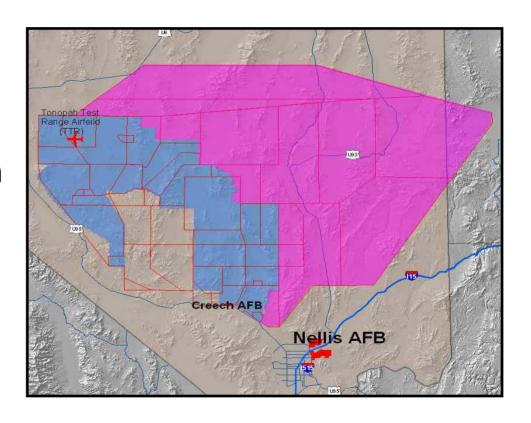
NELLIS BACKGROUND



Nellis AFB Information

Base Details

- Over 12,000 people
- Millions of acres of NV
- ~9M Square feet facility
- Nellis Energy Program Includes
 - Nellis AFB
 - Creech AFB
 - Facilities of Test & Training Range





SOLAR POWER SYSTEM OVERVIEW





Project Overview

- Largest PV array in America
 - 14.2 MW (DC) peak output
 - 25-30% of annual electricity
 - Costs over \$100M to construct
- 140 acre site
 - Includes capped landfill ~ 33 Acres
- 20 year land lease
- Power purchase agreement
 - Indefinite term no escalation
- Developer (Solar Star NAFB)
 - Performs all design/build
 - Sells all power to Nellis
 - Sells all REC's to Nevada Power
 - Performs all O&M
- Saves AF over \$1M a year





ACQUISITION FACTORS



Nellis / AF Factors

Significant electrical need

- 140M Kwh/ 27MW Peak Demand
- \$11M Annual Cost
- No funds for utility scale power

Established energy goals

- EO 13423 Strengthening Federal Environmental, Energy, & Transportation Management
- Energy Policy Act 2005 7.5% by 2013
- DoD goal 25% by 2025

Compatible land

- 140 acres / 33 acres of landfill
- Adjacent to base electrical circuits for transmission





NV / Photovoltaic Market Factors

NV's Strong Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS)

- 15% of all electricity must be renewable by 2013
 - Ratcheted every two years
- Solar Set-aside
 - 5% of renewable electricity must be solar energy
 - PV REC value is 2.4 credits for every kwh
 - Additional 0.05 credits for customer maintained generation
 - Additional credits available for efficiency measures

Good market price for REC's

- REC price must be negotiated increases risk for developer
- Overall effect was strong market for Energy Credits
 - Led to unsolicited interest
 - REC prices were vital to project viability -as much as 35-45% of value of project



Other Renewable Factors

- NV Energy's tariffs affect project
 - Net metering not available to AF limits system size
 - Standby tariff may add an additional financial burden
 - Wheeling tariff for remote lands adds significant cost
- NV Energy's interconnection standard
- Transmission line availability
- Local laws (ex: property taxes)
- BLM public withdrawn land concerns
- Tax incentives available
 - Tax incentives, depreciation, & rebates
 - Incentives also crucial to determining project viability as much as 55-65% of value of project



ACQUISITION / CONSTRUCTION PROCESS



Project Objectives

- All power produced will be used by Nellis AFB
 - Effect of net metering
- Power output directly connected to base grid
 - Effects of wheeling tariff & transmission line availability
- Developer:
 - Designs, finances, builds, and operates the PV array
 - Sells PV power to Nellis at proposed price
- Nellis AFB:
 - Sign indefinite term utility purchase contract with developer
 - May cancel with one year notification
 - Provide land for PV array via a ground lease (Property owned by AF)
- Best option for acquisition:
 - REPP (Renewable Energy Purchase Process)
 - Land lease combined with a renewable power purchase agreement



Acquisition Timeline

- March 7 '06 Acquisition team formed
- April 18 '06 Nellis issues RFP
- June 16 '06 Proposals received
- June 23 '06 Source selection begins
- July 19 '06 Source selection decision
- July 27 '06 Project awarded to Powerlight
- November 20 '06 Approval to issue lease
- December 6 '06 Land appraisal completed
- December 14 '06 Lease signed (with preliminary land survey)
- January 9 '07 99 ABW/CV signs EBS
- *March 23 '07* 99 ABW/CC signs Powerlight interconnect agreement
- April 16 '07 99 ABW/CC signs NVP interconnect agreement
- April 20 '07 Legal survey completed
- April 23 '07 Groundbreaking



Partners

- Energy Purchase & Site Host (Lessor)
 - Nellis Air Force Base
- Utility (Renewable Requirement)
 - Nevada Power (NV Energy)
- Design & Development (Contractor)
 - Powerlight (Sun Power Corp)
- System Owner & Operator (Lessee/Financing)
 - MMA Renewable Ventures (Munie Mae)





Construction Timeline

- April 23 '07 Groundbreaking
- June '07 Construction begins
- Oct '07 1st 5 MW Online
- Nov '07 2nd 5 MW Online
- Dec 1 '07 Final 4.2 MW Online
- Dec 17 '07 Dedication ceremony







Testing - Tactics - Training



Completed Construction



Testing - Tactics - Training



LESSONS LEARNED



Summary of Lessons Learned

- If...a state has a robust market for Energy Credits, tax incentives, and/or rebates to make the project financially viable
- Then...private industry will actively pursue projects in the state
- So...the AF can bring to the table some compatible land, a power requirement, aggressive goals, and energy expertise

AND

■ A REPP like the Nellis model can be used at other DoD installations to purchase the use of on-site renewable energy

