# VERT Standards and Procedures for Retrofit to reduce Diesel Engine Emissions

Transport and Clean Air December 11-12, 2013 Moscow, Russia



### Agenda

- History of VERT
- VERT testing of diesel particulate filters
- Durability testing and check of field capability
- Recommended procedure for a retrofit program
- Examples of global successful retrofit programs
- Summary

#### What stands VERT for?

- VERT = Verification of Emission Reduction Technologies
- VERT=
  - Diesel particle filter testing procedure
  - Certification of exhaust after treatment systems
  - Quality control system
- VERT is a Trade Mark for Particle Filters of Best Available Technology
- VERT is a global acting non-profit Association of filter manufacturers, engine builders and associates based in Switzerland

# History of VERT

Soot particles a double risk because of:

- Very small < 100 nm</li>
- High surface > 100 m<sup>2</sup>/g
- Transporting toxics persistent in organism
- Carcinogenic
- Black color | global warming effect
  - Long life toxic aerosol (weeks to month)
  - Defined by WHO 1988 as probably carcinogenic
  - Since 2012 as evidenced carcinogenic (class 1 like asbestos)



### History of VERT

#### The roots are the NEAT New Transalpine Railways Program:

- One of the biggest tunneling project in Europe
- Maximum admissible workplace concentration of 100 µg/m<sup>3</sup> diesel soot due to the carcinogenic
- Diesel particulate filter obligation to reach this value
- With finalizing the planning 1993 start of VERT





### History of VERT

Improvement of air quality in Swiss tunneling

#### SUVA:Tunnel-Luftqualität 1998-2004



SUVA = Swiss Safty and Health Organization

### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### Concept of VERT-Filter Testing

- In-depth testing of exhaust gas filter structures for nanoscale filtration (Physical Properties)
- In-depth testing chemical phenomena in exhaust gas filter structures
- Testing a complete DPF system
- Type approval of one filter per filter family
- Endurance testing on typical vehicle application
- Testing is worst case oriented
- **Eest Available Technology is the moving target**

Testing the Combination Filter + Engine not required

### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### VERT-Requirements (total 21)

- Filtration efficiency > 97% for solid particles 20-500 nm
- Reduction of all toxic components
- No secondary toxic compounds
- Back pressure < 200 mbar</li>
- Safe and complete regeneration
- No negative impact on noise
- No additional risks (heat radiation, visibility,...)
- Filter life = engine life
- Effects on fuel economy < 2 %</li>

#### VERT testing is recognized worldwide by

BAFU, SUVA, ASTRA, BAV – Switzerland | AUVA, Wien, Tirol – Austria | BG Bau, UBA, TRGS 554 –Germany | CARB, MSHA, NY City – USA | VROM – Netherlands | Alto Adige – Italy | Santiago de Chile | DEEP – Canada | London LEZ – UK | Denmark LEZ | Beijing –China

### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### VERT verification process

 Filter Testing acc. to SN277206 Certification and Quality Control since 1998



### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters





### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### Secondary Emissions

- VERT approved DPF systems do not release secondary emissions in relevant amounts, e.g.
- NO2, Dioxins/Furans, PAH, Nitro-PAH etc.
- Sulfuric acid aerosols
- Metal oxide (Ash) particles, mineral fibers etc.

### Durability testing and check of field capability

#### Durability Test (Field test)

- VERT approved DPF systems must undergo a field test of at least 2000 operating hours
- To be done in a typical application of the specific DPF system (i.e. stationary or mobile application resp.)
- With periodic tests of filter performance, back pressure, regeneration, control and alert systems, mechanical construction etc.



### Durability testing and check of field capability

#### **VERT-Certificate**

- 1. VERT-testing successfully completed
- 2. Application per System duly signed directed to VERT coordination office
- 3.Examination by VERT Scientific Committee unanimity required
- 4. Stamp "Valid" VERT-CEO
- 5. Filter listed
- 6. Certificate to manufacturer

The report of the manufacturer is confidential



### Durability testing and check of field capability

Applications of DPF

Exhaust of a diesel vehicle equipped must stay perfectly clean even after 85'000 km like with this bus



### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

#### Pre retrofit phase | Information needed

- Operation cycle (temperature log)
- Raw emission: CO, HC, CO2, O2, NOx, Opacity
- Fuel and lubrication oil properties
- Fuel and lubrication oil consumption
- Typical daily work schedule
- Vibration level at silencer location
- Installation space (photos and silencer)
- drawings)
- Engine specs, age, mileage. Last maintenance
- Fact sheet for all vehicles during the test phase

	Checklist-3.1	1
		Ŷ
Testohase: - 3.1 Selection of T	est-Vehicles¶	1
Subject	n and Evaluation¶	
¶		
Test-vehicle-name: ¶	Test-fleet-code: •••••	-
画 D51660¤	XM001¤	
1		-
	Contacts¤	1
0	Xiamen-Xinrunfa-Company¶	
contact person ( a mail ( mabile phones	1	
contact-person/re-main/mobile-phone.	Chenyonglai 13860160025 1269566572@qq.com	ı
Operator.company	Xiamen Xinrunfa Company	
contact-nerson-/-e-mail-/-mobile-phone-rr	1	
contact person / e-mail / mobile phone =	Chenyonglai 138601600251269566572@qq.com=	ı
Operation-site¤	Xiamen¤	_
Inspection-date-and-site-¤	Xiamen-2012-Nov¤	
1		
Vehicle	e-Specifications¤	
Type of usage¤	□ stationary 固定→□ mobile 移动→□	
Vehicle-manufacturer- ("brand")- and-vehicle-type=	Yutong ZK6113H, large passenger vehicle=	
Vehicle-identification-or-registration-number-a	闽 D51660; LFNJSRDKX41014800¤	
Engine-manufacturer- and engine-typea	Wuxi Diesel Engine Works, CA6110a	_
Engine-emissions-standard¤	China- II ¤	_
Engine-displacement-&-cylinder-number-¤	7127ML,6-cylinder∝	
Engine production year & op. time [hrs] or [km]	2002 May, 320000KM∞	
Rated power [kW] at nominal RPM [1/min] a	125KW¤	
Fuel-injection (common rail, unit pump?) a	Unit∙pump¤	
Turbocharging & intercooling	Turbocharging¤	
EGR, water-cooled?¤	No¤	
Fuel-supplier, type & sulfur content [ppm] =	350ppm¤	
Fuel consumption [I/h] or [I/100km]¤	30·1/100km¤	
Lube-oil-supplier, type, TBN-&-sulfur-content [ppm]	YuChai Lube oil CH-4 Shell Gear oil GL-5	Ī
Lube-oil-consumption-[I/h]-or-[I/100km]=	0.007·I/100km·;Gear·oil·none¤	
Exhaust after-treatment=	None¤	
1		
Vehicle·Hi	story·车俩历史信息¤	Ī
First-owner?¤	XiamenXinrunfaCompany¤	Ĩ
Vehicle or engine modified? When and what?	NOn	
Repairs?·Replacements?·When·and·what?=	NO-¤	
Operation range: inside and/or outside city areax	Inside-city-¤	
Actual number of operators (drivers) or shifts a	Fixed driver (One day off each week) =	-

8.hrs/day¤

Actual number of operators (drivers) or shifts a Operation time total per day [hrs/day]a

Expected operation time for next 6 month [hrs] a 1200 hrsa

### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

# multifunctional system is used in the VERT Retrofit programs



### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

#### Compiled analysis and statistical results







### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

#### Prepare a pilot phase

- Agree on filter specifications
- Select from certified filter systems only
- Look for similar cases in data bases
- Think about cost optimization
- Merge DPF technologies with vehicles
- Install, measure and sign acceptance protocol
- Decide about fuel, lubricant and maintenance
- Plan periodic checks



### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

#### Start commercial retrofit program

- In Depth Filter Certification (worst case oriented)
- Electronic Filter Control onboard
- Stepwise build-up
- Public Support
- Periodic Checks and Sanctions
- Financing by Incentives or strict laws
- Subsidies will not work



### Recommended procedure for a retrofit program

#### Key success factors

- Use only BAT Filter Quality
- Electronic Filter Control OBC
- Experienced consultancy for selection and installation
- Implement a database for the applications
- Periodic control and emission document
- Sanctions
- Financing by tender incentives
- Three stage responsibility:



### Examples of global successful retrofit programs

Examples of global successful retrofit programs

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- Three stage responsibility:

### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### Germany

- Phase | 1990/92
- Test: 1,500 trucks and buses
- Phase II from 1996 on
- 20,000 city buses
- Regulation for in-house constructions according TRGS 554, VERT Recognized
- Phase III bonus malus system for trucks Incentives due to the maut "maut= road tax"
- Phase IV 2008
- Low Emission Zones: Berlin y Munich starts to reduce BC (soot) by 60 % diesel driven cars without filters can not enter



total apr. 80,000 retrofits

### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### London, UK

- EST: Energy Saving Trust : 30 Mio £ yearly since 2000
- DPF-retrofits financially supported up to 75 %
- London Transport started large scale retrofit 2000
- New concessions only under condition: DPF
- 2004: ca 6,000 retrofits 2005: all 8,500 busses in London
- 2007 London Low Emission Zone 3 phases total > 100,000
- 2011 DPF for Construction Machines in London cross rail



en total apr. 35,000 retrofits



### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### USA

- EST: Energy Saving Trust : 30 Mio £ yearly since 2000
- 1998: DPF for construction machines in Boston "big dig"
- 2002: DPF for Diesels in all metal mines
- 2002: California Risk Reduction Plan, on-road and non-road
- 2005: New York and New Jersey
- Many activities in cities and counties under local law
- Large funds for school buses and transit buses
- EPA 2007: all new HDV with DPF





### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### Netherlands

- 2006/7 Low Emission Zones in all major cities, starting with onroad HDV,
- offroad vehicles following 2008
- based on VERT
- Today > 12,000 Retrofits (+ 25,000 pDPF)

#### Italy

- 2005 DPF for LDV in Südtirol
- 2006/7 DPF for Construction Machines in public construction, 2007 Low Emission Zones in Lombardia and Emilia
- 2008 New "Decreto" for retrofit of HDV
- Retrofits in the Milan and Turino area
- en total apr. 15,000 retrofits

Protection mark acc. ISO 16016

### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### South Korea

- Retrofit activity starting 2004 busses and trucks in Seoul
- 2008 intensified
- Apr. 140,000 Retrofits

#### Chile

- 2005 retrofit Euro1+2 buses in Santiago small scale
- 2008 retrofit Euro 3 buses large scale -3500 vehicles
- 2013 continuation in Santiago and other cities
- Apr. 3,000 retrofits







### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### China

- retrofit activity starting 2004 bus and truck in Seoul
- 2006 retrofit for the Olympics (8,000 buses)
- 2008 retrofit guide
- Swiss cooperation with Beijing, Nanging and Xiamen 2010
- other cities start LEZ (Nanging, ...)
- VERT recognized
- 2,000 bus retrofits for 2014 in Nanjing announced



### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs

#### Bogota, Columbia

- Just started S < 30 ppm
- Pilot Fleet 18 buses
- 300 buses spring 2014
- 10.000 buses mid 2014-mid 2015
- 10 year plan for retrofit of all HDV



### Examples of global successful Retrofit programs.

#### Tehran, Iran

- Just started sulfur 50 8000 ppm
- Pilot Fleet 10 buses
- 1000 buses 2014/2015
- 2000 buses 2015/2016
- 4000 buses 2016/2017



### Summary

- Retrofit can reduce carcinogenic particles from diesel exhaust with an efficiency of > 97%
- Best available retrofit technology should be used always
- The technology is world wide available
- By taking the right steps retrofit is successful
- An intelligent finance plan has to be put in place
- There is a lot of experience out in the market with retrofit of busses and chance to learn from experience in the past





# Thank you for your attention



You will find a lot of information on the website www.vert-dpf.eu

### www.vert-dpf.eu





### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### Initial filter testing





### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### Particle Number Testing



### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

Measuring the right values – removing droplets from aerosol sample



 Combination of diluter and heater is used to eliminate droplet from the aerosol

### VERT testing of diesel particulate filters

#### NO<sub>2</sub>/NOx ratio increase

- Platinum coated filters use NO<sub>2</sub> for the regeneration process
- The diesel particulate filters (most passive systems) are tested against NO<sub>2</sub> increase
- The value for newly certified systems is

 $\Delta NO_2/NOx < 20\%$ 



With Pt-coating and FBC at 10 ppm S

### Durability testing and check of field capability

#### Emission measurement in the field

- VERT-Filters have an exhaust gas access port upstream of the DPF
- Emission measurement upstream and downstream filter is possible in situ





or Soot ?



#### Today's VERT certified DPF Systems



# 65 DPF systems verified from 31 manufactureres

#### Today's VERT certified DPF Systems



65 DPF systems verified from 31 manufactureres

#### out of 8 countries

#### Published in the VERT Filter list www.VERT-certified.eu

