A Systems Approach to Freshwater Management: Waterbody Treatments

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US Environmental Protection Agency Webinar

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Medora Corporation



Overview

- > The Clean Water Act
 - Calls for Watershed and Waterbody Management
- > A Systems Approach to Freshwater Management
 - Uses Most Cost-Effective Watershed & Waterbody Tools
 - Quicker, Less Expensive Water Quality Improvement
- Waterbody Management Technologies
 - Suppress Cyanobacteria
 - Remove or Inactivate Nutrients
- Will Jordan Lake, NC, become the 1st Large, Eutrophic Waterbody to attain Water Quality Standards?

The Clean Water Act

Watershed Management Program - reduce nutrient input

* Point sources, Implemented NPDES - now 5-10% nutrient input

- 1972-1986: \$49B Title II grants
- 1987: Replaced Title II with Title VI CW State Revolving Fund
 - 1987-2012: \$36B to capitalize CWSRF loan program
- Jurisdiction & locality spending is approximately \$63B annually
- * Non-point sources, Implemented BMPs now 90-95% input
 - 1987-2012: \$3.2B Section 319 grants, \$200M/yr since 1999
 - Almost all spent on BMP implementation
 - 1989-2012: \$650M CWSRF used for BMP implementation
 - Jurisdiction & locality spending is \$??B annually

The Clean Water Act

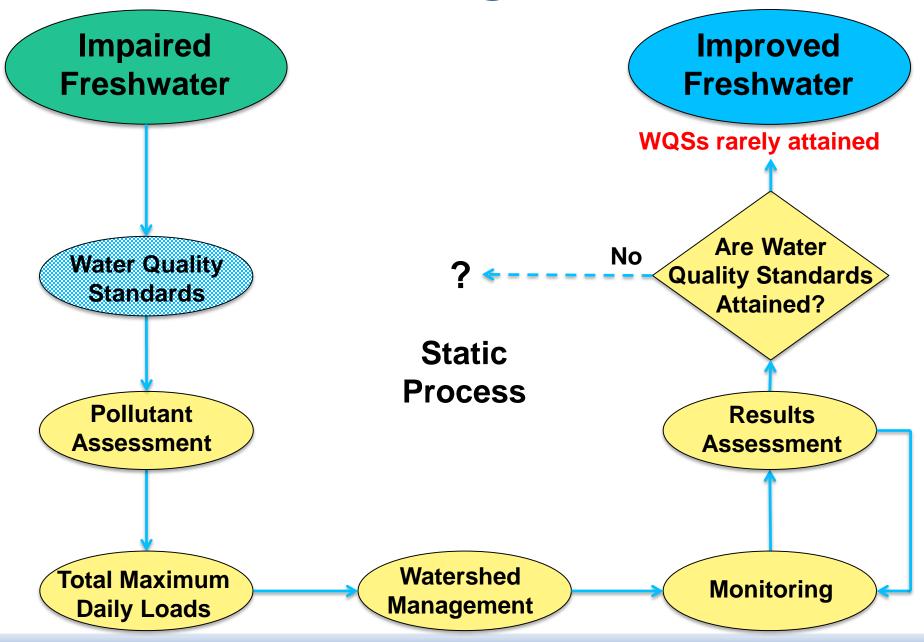
> Clean Lakes Program- treat impaired waterbodies

- * Waterbody mangement Not Currently implemented
 - 1972-1995: \$145M Section 314 grants, none since
 - Reauthorized in 2000, but no appropriation requests
 - 2000: Encourage use of 5% Section 319 grant funds for Waterbody Management
 - 2002: Focused Section 319 funding on Nonpoint source BMP implementation

♦ Safe Drinking Water Act, some source water protection funding

- HABHRCA The Harmful Algal Bloom and Hypoxia Research and Control Act
 - Research grant funds for NOAA and coastal HABs, but not for EPA and all freshwater

Watershed Management Process



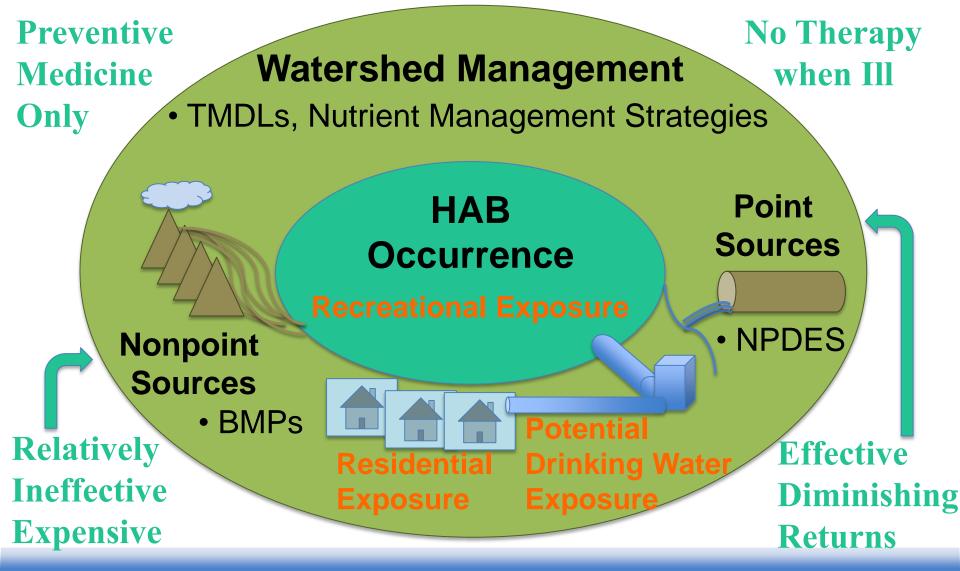
Watershed Management Results

- >44% of river & stream miles, & 64% of lake & reservoir acres are Impaired (CWA Section 303(d))
 - EPA estimate 7.9% pre-2003 impaired now attain WQSs
 - Most small & point source dominated
- Eutrophication 1972: 10-20% US lakes & reservoirs - 2007: approximately 50%
- > Cyanotoxin health risks 2007: 27-41% moderate to high
- Rivers & streams with excessive phosphorus 2004 = 47%, 2008-2009 = 66%, primarily agricultural sources
- EPA data, OW, 10 regions No impaired reservoir ≥ 1,000 ac & ≥ 90% input from nonpoint sources ever attained WQSs

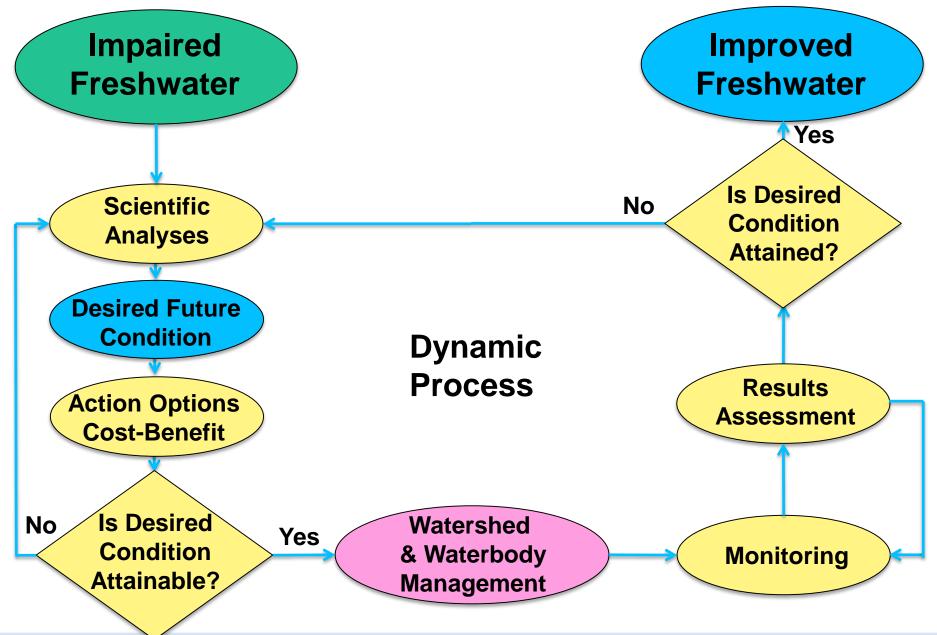
Watershed Management Drawbacks

- > Addresses only some new pollutant (HABs nutrients) inputs
 - Misses groundwater and atmospheric inputs
- Misses internal legacy loads that cycle from sediment to water column, stimulating HABs
- > Agriculture is exempt from the CWA
- Nonpoint source BMPs difficult to implement over large areas, many are expensive, only marginally effective & lack cost-benefit analyses
- Does not address cyanobacteria's need for quiescent, stagnant water to predominate
- Gives the "sick patient" "preventive medicine" by not "therapy"

Watershed Management Alone is Not Preventing HABs



Systems Approach Process



A Systems Approach

Uses cost effective WSM & WBM approached to restore designated uses in the near term at reduced costs

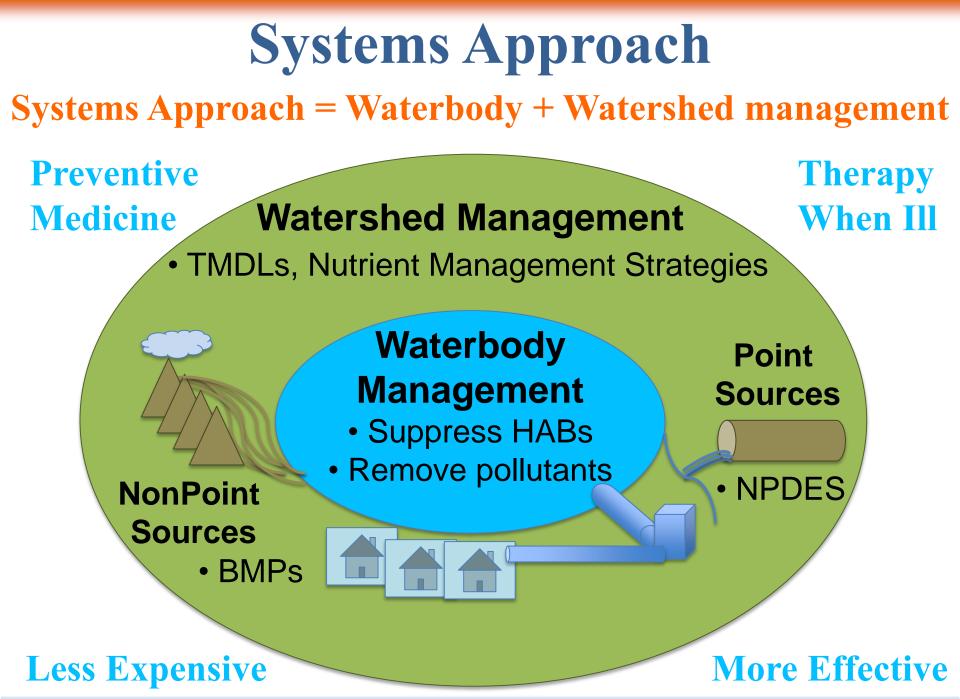
> Watershed Management - Preventive medicine

> Waterbody Management - Supportive therapy

- Circulation
- Aeration
- Side-stream flow-ways
- Flocculants & oxidizers
 - Suppress HABs
 - Channel nutrients up trophic levels
 - Remove or deactivate nutrients
 - Degrade toxic substances
 - Deactivate pathogens

Hudnell (2013) An Alternative Approach to Regaining Designated Uses of Clean Water Act Section 303(d) Impaired Waters. Florida Water Resources Journal, 65/2:20-26.

- Floating artificial wetlands
- N & de-N bacteria
- Biological manipulations
- Hydrologic manipulations



Waterbody Management Technologies Solar-powered, long-distance circulation

HAB control in 300+ U.S., 350+ worldwide, waterbodies

24/7 operation, radial, near-laminar inflow 10K gal/min upflow

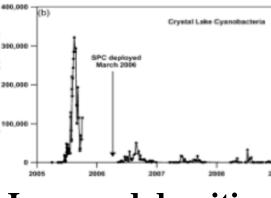




Solar-Powered Long-Distance Circulation

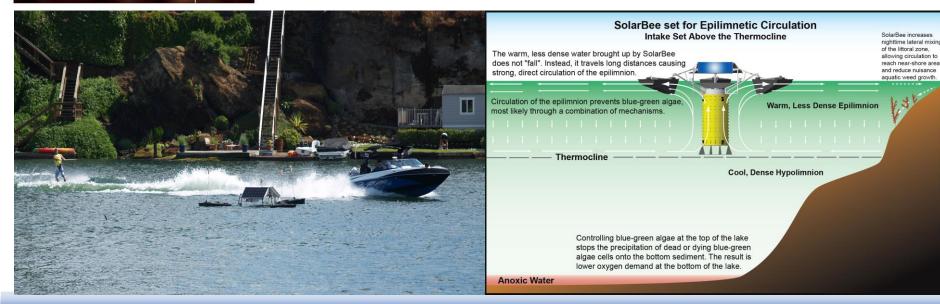


Editors-in-Chief Sandra E: Shuraway Theodare Smayda Hudnell *et al.* (2010) Freshwater harmful algal bloom (HAB) suppression with solar-powered circulation (SPC). Harmful Algae, 9, 208-217



HAB suppression in 3 source water reservoirs

Increased densities of: Green algae 35 acres/unit treatment area Diatoms Zooplankton



Waterbody Management Technologies HAB Suppression: Oxidizers, Peroxygen

peroxygen solutions

Jeff Morgan www.peroxygensolutions.com 336-272-0127

- White, granular, free flowing, non-dusting
- Active ingredient: hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2)
- Inert Ingredient: Soda ash
- Effective dosing rate dependent on:

•Species

- •Stage of Algae Growth
- •Density of Algae
- •Light Intensity
- •Water Temperature

Water Quality
Metals Concentration
Turbidity
Organic Content

An Environmentally Safe Algaecide

PAK®27 Algaecide

EPA registered

 $2 \operatorname{Na}_{2}\operatorname{CO}_{3} \cdot 3 \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}_{2} \rightarrow$ $2 \operatorname{Na}_{2}\operatorname{CO}_{3} + 3 \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}_{2}$

Penetrates cyanobacteria membrane and kills cell Degrades $2 H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2 H_2O + O_2$



HAB Suppression: Oxidizers, Peroxygen

California Department of Water Resources - Dyer Reservoir Study

During the spring of 2012, Dyer Reservoir developed a cyanobacterial bloom of Aphanizomenon flos-aquae and Anabaena flos-aquae. This bloom adversely

affected the water utility by clogging the intake filters of the pumping station. Cyanobacteria cells/mL

04/04/2012	0	
04/17/2012	42	
04/23/2012	156	
04/30/2012	370	
05/07/2012	4,166	
05/14/2012	2,953	
05/21/2012	11,400	
05/25/2012	28,975	PAK®27 Treatm
05/25/2012	2,342	7 hours Post-T
05/26/2012	2,298	
05/29/2012	10	
06/05/2012	0	
06/11/2012	0	
06/18/2012	31	

PAK®27 Treatment @ 21 pounds / acre foot 7 hours Post-Treatment

Waterbody Management Technologies HAB Suppression: Ultrasound

SONICSOLUTIONS:

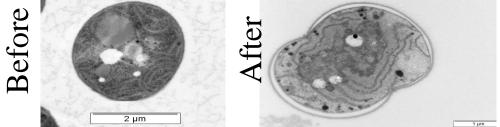
Kirk Whatley www.sonicsolutionsllc.com 866-562-5423

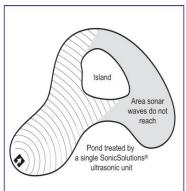


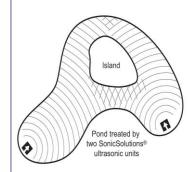
24volts DC Grid or Solar 0.2 to 0.7 amps

- Submerge transducer
 - 2 feet minimum depth
 - Above first thermocline
 - "Line of Sight" device









Before

Green Algae - Vibration breaks bond between cell wall and inside of cell



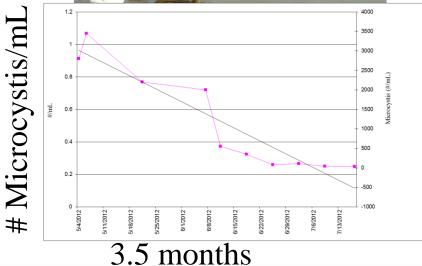


HAB Suppression: Ultrasound

Evaluation of Sonic Solutions Ultrasound for Control of HABs

Paul V. Zimba, Center for Coastal Studies, Texas A&M University, Corpus Christi, TX



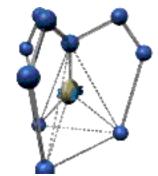


- Rockland County Club, Sparkill NY
- Chronic algae problems
- Helped to achieve Audubon Certification





Waterbody Management Technologies Nutrient Reduction: Flocculants, Anionic Polyacrylamide



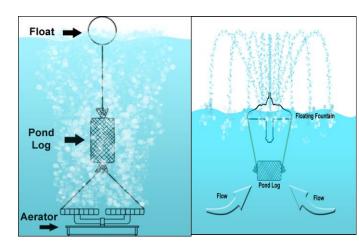
Applied Polymer Systems, Inc Seva Iwinski

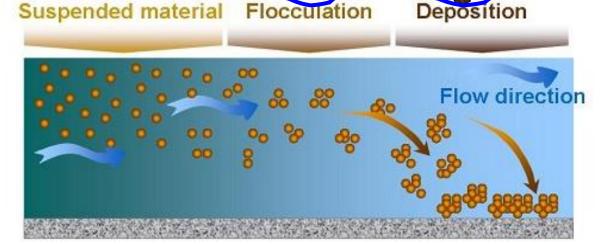
<u>info@siltstop.com</u> 386-428-8578



>150,000 chained monomers/molecule

EPA registered

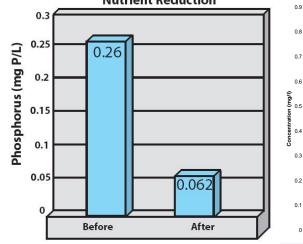


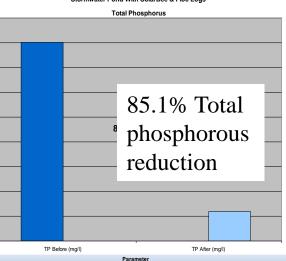


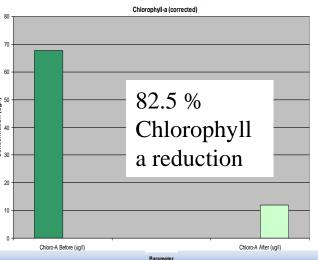
Nutrient Reduction: Flocculants, Anionic Polyacrylamide

Florida DEP phosphorus sequestration with circulation & floc logs in Lake Hilaman Reedy Creek Water District stormwater pond study.









Waterbody Management Technologies Nutrient Reduction: Floating Artificial Wetlands: Beemats



Steve Beeman www.beemats.com 386-428-8578





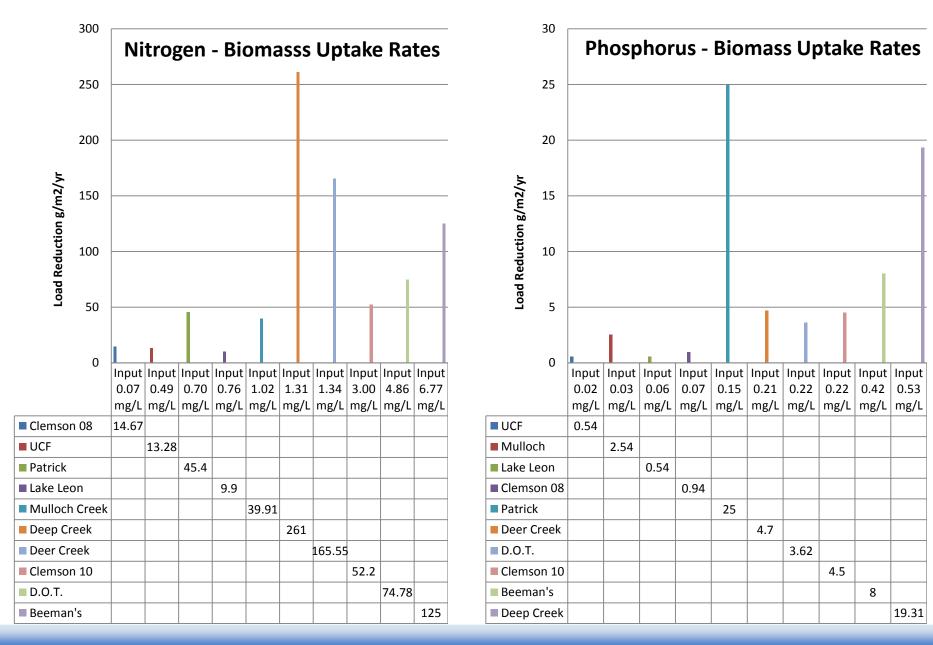


Floating Lettuce Garden

- Mats ½"
 pva foam
- 2.5 plant holes/ft²



Nutrient Reduction: Floating Artificial Wetlands: Beemats



Waterbody Management Technologies Nutrient Reduction: Bacteria, MicrobeLift

Ecological Laboratories, Inc. **Doug Dent** <u>www.microbelift.com</u> 215-208-0815

Bioaugmentation > Multistage fermentation process: Aerobic, facultative, anaerobic, photosynthetic bacteria

- Enhance organic matter, sludge digestion
- Enhance ammonia conversion to nitrate
- Enhance nitrate conversion to nitrogen gas
- Enhance H₂S conversion to sulfate
- Compete with algae for nutrients

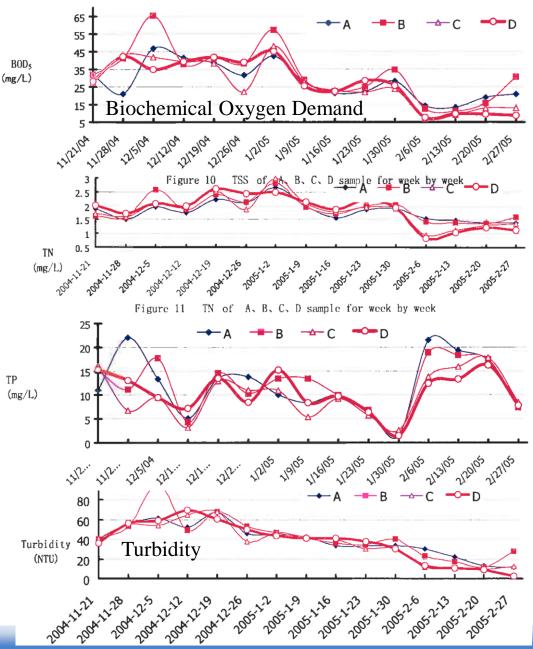


- 29 Species12 Genius(including purplesulfur eatingbacteria)
- Vegetative cultures adapt to variety of environments

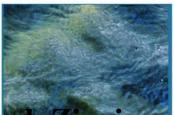
Nutrient Reduction: Bacteria, MicrobeLift

Xiba River, China, Study





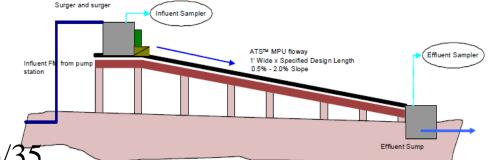
Waterbody Management Technologies Nutrient Reduction: Flow-way, Algal Turf Scrubber



Mark Zivojnovich

http://www.hydromentia.com/35 2-804-5126 W





What is an Algal Turf Scrubber®?

A culture unit for native attached algae

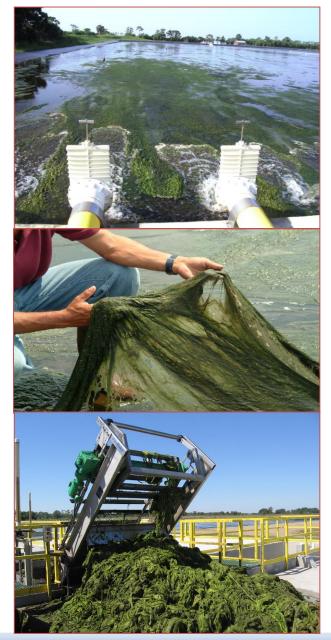
The algae remove nitrogen and phosphorus and add dissolved oxygen to source water

The algae is regularly recovered and processed

Recovery of algal biomass maintains the culture units in an accelerated growth phase

Optimally, nutrients are continuously recovered and removed from the treatment unit

Nutrient Reduction: Flow-way, Algal Turf Scrubber



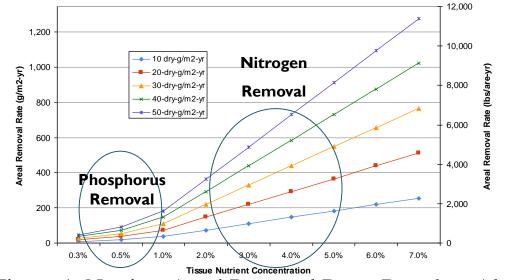
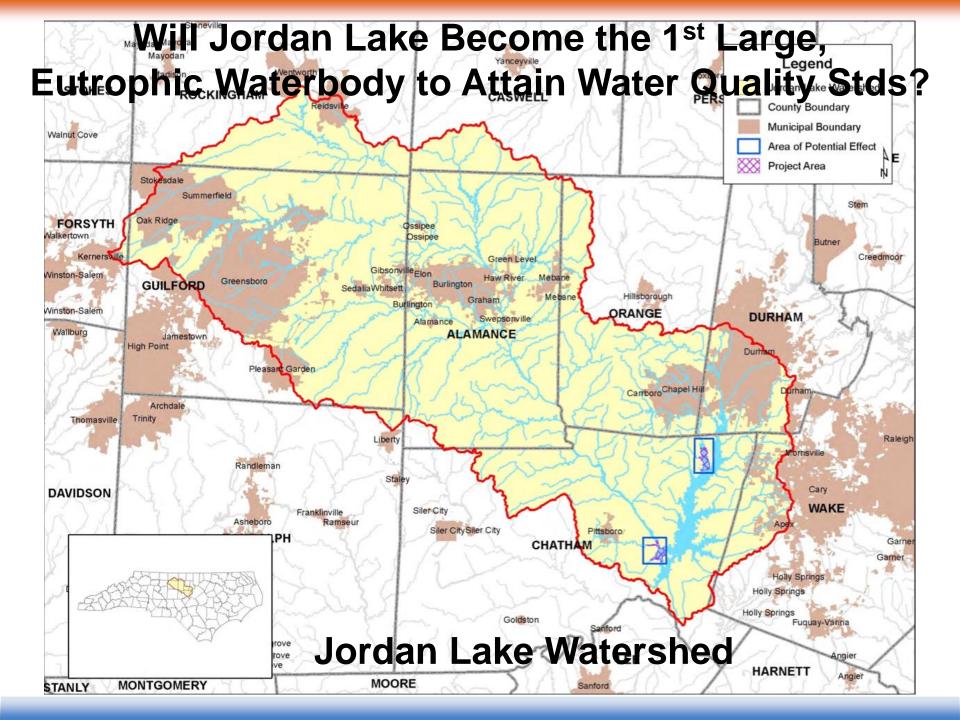


Figure 1. Nutrient Areal Removal Rates Based on Algal Productivity (dry-g/m2-yr) and Tissue Nutrient Concentrations.

Removal Rates Affected by:

- Nutrient concentrations in water
- Temperature
- Sunlight
- Available carbon (alkalinity)



Jordan Lake

> History

- 13,940 ac reservoir completed in 1982 to provide flood control and designated uses drinking source water, wildlife habitat, recreation
- Algal impairment predicted due to high nutrients & low flow rate

➤ Water Quality

• Harmful algal blooms (HABs) cause impairments: chlorophyll-a exceedances of state standard (40 μ g/L), high pH, and turbidity

> NCDENR TMDL & Nutrient Strategy Rules

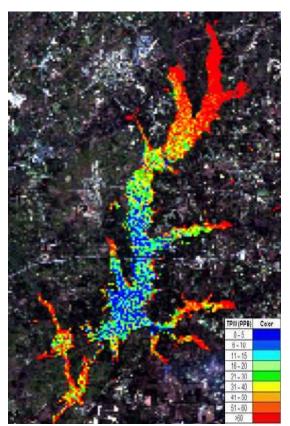
- 9 rules to reduce nutrient input (8 nonpoint-, 1 point-source)
 - Estimated cost of up to \$2 billion

➤ 2013 NC Legislation

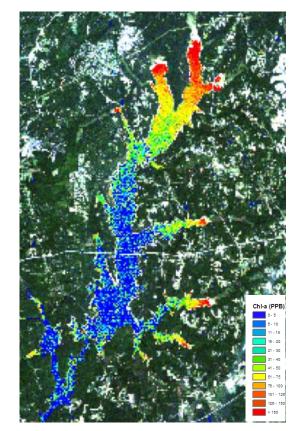
- Suspends 8 unimplemented rules for 3 years
- Budgets demonstration project in Jordan Lake to stop HABs
- Committee oversee systems approach plan development

Jordan Lake

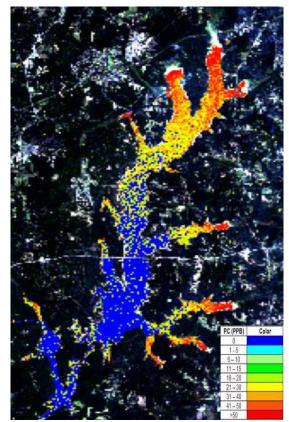
Phosphorus



Chlorophyll-a

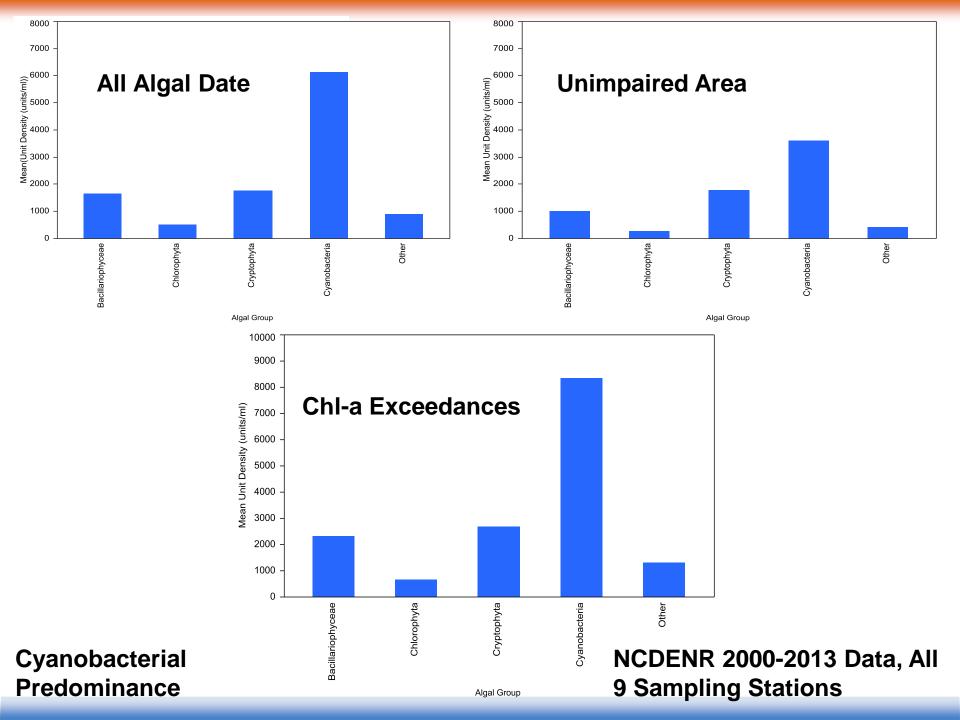


Phycocyanin



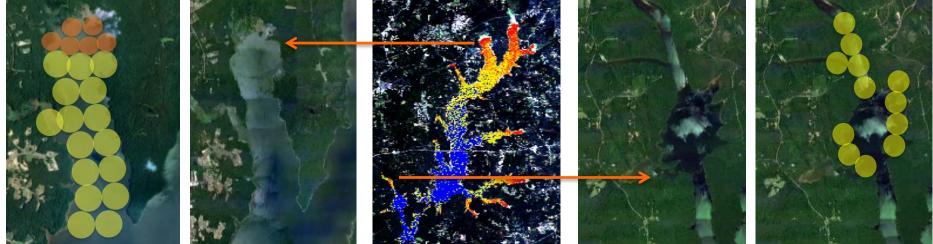






Jordan Lake Demonstration Project

Solar-Powered, Long-Distance Circulation



Morgan Creek Arm

Phycocyanin

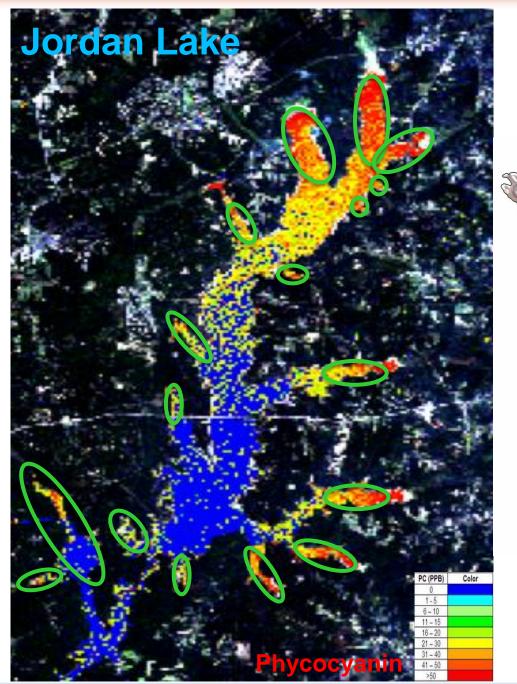
Haw River Arm

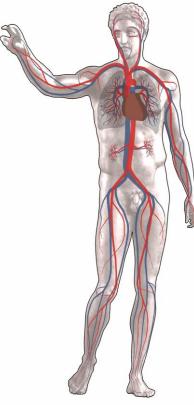
- > 2 year rental, study design, data collection & analysis by DENR,
 - Goal suppress cyanobacteria
 - Chlorophyll-a exceedances $\leq 10\%$ time May-September
- > Develop Comprehensive, Systems Approach Plan
 - Watershed management upstream Most cost-effective BMPs
 - Waterbody management in Jordan Circulate & remove nutrients

Waterbody Treatments

• Whole Lake Protection with ~155 Circulation Units

Suppress Cyanobacteria & Channel Nutrients Up Trophic Levels

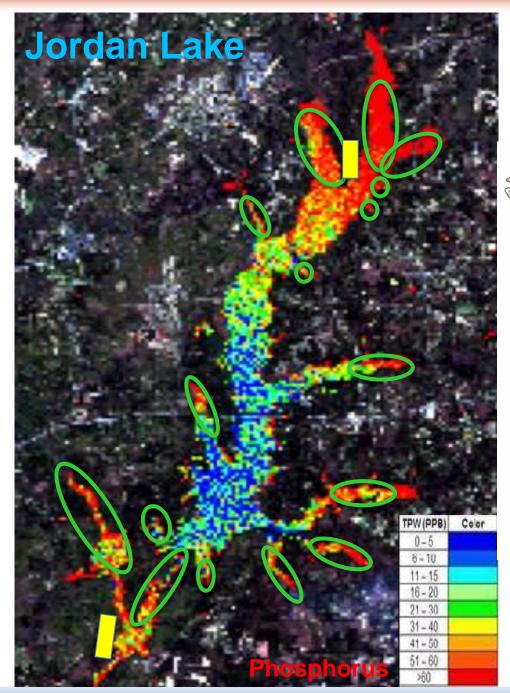


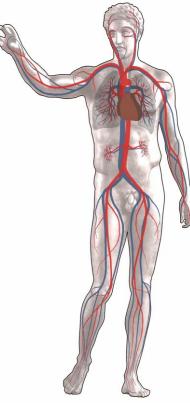


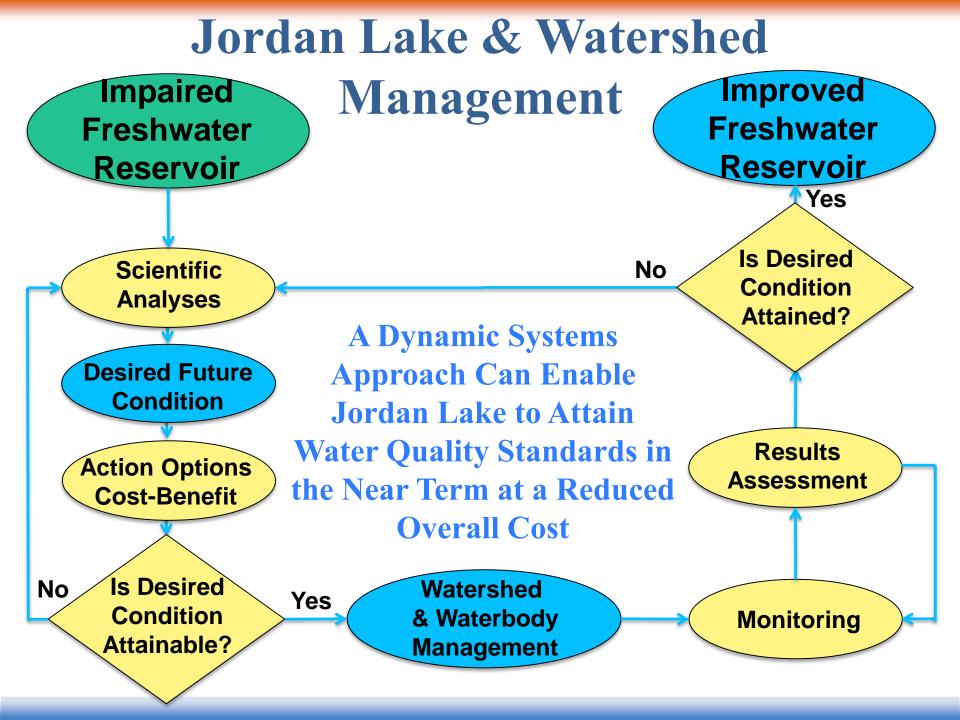
Waterbody Treatments

- Circulation
- Flocculants
- Bacteria
- Floating Artificial Wetlands
- Side-stream Flow Ways

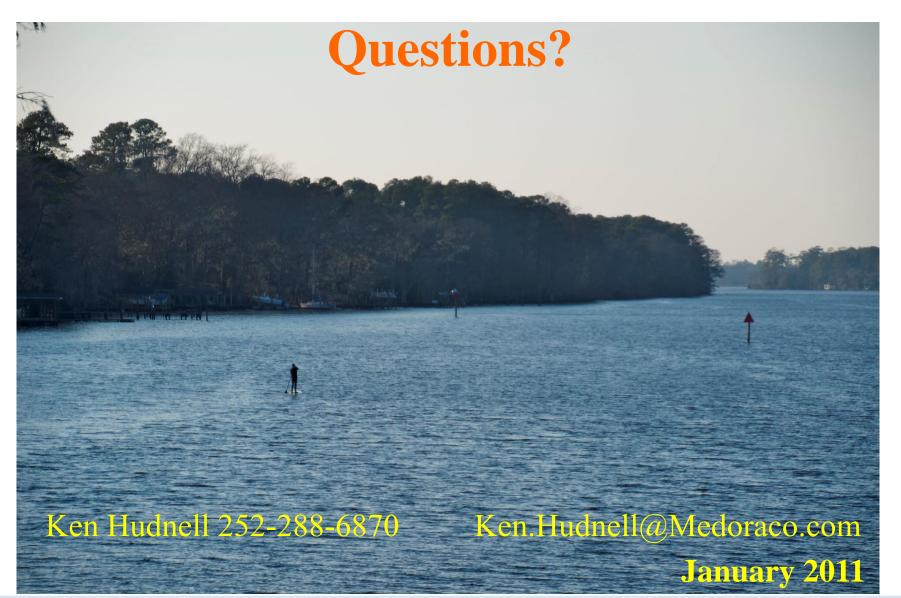
Suppress Cyanobacteria & Remove Nutrients







Before Heading Home, Thank You!





Medora Corporation

