

APPENDIX A: ELEMENTAL CARBON, NITROGEN, AND PHOSPHORUS  
COMPOSITION OF ZOOPLANKTON AND BENTHOS

1. Elemental carbon, nitrogen, and phosphorus composition (expressed as a percentage of the organism's dry weight) of various taxa of zooplankton and benthos is presented herein. The appendix abbreviations are defined as follows:

AFDW = ash-free dry weight

N = nitrogen

$\bar{X}$  = mean

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCE
PHYLUM: MOLLUSCA						
Mollusca	Marine	Range and $\bar{X}$ of 12 spp.		7.3-12.5; 9.9		Twelve references cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Mollusca	Marine	Range and $\bar{X}$ of 6 spp.			0.6-1.1; 0.8	Six references cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Mytilus</u> sp.	Marine	January		5.7		Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
		April		10.1		
		July		8.2		
		October		9.3		
		December		8.2		
<u>Crassostrea virginica</u>	Marine			7.2		Tully (1936) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Crassostrea gigas</u>	Marine			7.9		
<u>Ostrea lurida</u>	Marine			7.9		
<u>Physa fontinalis</u>	Freshwater	$\bar{X}$ of specimens including shells	32.2			Salonen and Sarvala (1978)
<u>Radix peregra</u>	Freshwater		30.5			
<u>Pisidium ummicum</u>	Freshwater		22.5			
<u>Lymnaea stagnalis</u>	Freshwater		25.6			
<u>Anodonta piscinalis</u>	Freshwater		27.5			
<u>Sphaerium corneum</u>	Freshwater		23.7			
<u>Dreissena polymorpha</u>	Freshwater	July (Early)	37.9	11.6		
		July (Middle)	45.1	11.7		
		July (Late)	42.6	11.9		
		August	44.0	11.8		
		September	42.2	11.3		
PHYLUM: ANNELIDA						
Class: Polychaeta						
Polychaeta	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{X}$	15.9-43.9; 29.9	4.4-11.2; 8.9	0.4-1.8; 1.0	Bears (1966)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCE
<u>Centropetium luteolum</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	49.7	9.1		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Heptagenia fuscogrisea</u>	Freshwater		52.2	8.3		
Order: Odonata						
<u>Cordulia genea</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	47.4	8.6		Salonen et al. (1976)
Order: Megaloptera						
<u>Sialis</u> sp.	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	49.2	8.9		Salonen et al. (1976)
Order: Trichoptera						
Limnephilidae	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	46.4	5.6		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Argyria obsoleta</u>	Freshwater		47.3	7.6		
<u>Stenopsyche arisepennis</u>	Freshwater		51.1	10.0	1.3	
Class: Crustacea						
Crustacea	Freshwater	Range and $\bar{X}$		3.6-12.7; 8.6		Seven references cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Crustacea	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{X}$	32.9-41.7; 36.9	7.0-8.9; 7.8		Beers (1966)
Subclass: Malacostraca						
Order: Mysidacea						
Euphausiids - mysids	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{X}$	35.4-43.4; 40.7	9.4-10.5; 10.0	1.4-1.6; 1.5	Beers (1966)
<u>Siriella nequiremis</u>	Marine		42.4	11.0		Omori (1969)
<u>Mysis flexuosa</u>	Marine			11.9		Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Mysis relicta</u>	Marine	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	50.0	9.1		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Neomysis rayii</u>	Marine			8.7-11.4		Javed (1969)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCE
Polychaeta	Marine	Range and $\bar{X}$ of 20 spp.		7.5-15.4; 11.1		Brand (1927) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Nereis isoponicus</u>	Marine				0.4	Yamamura (1936) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Nereis diversicolor</u>	Marine			10.1		Dalff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Arenicola marina</u>	Marine			9.7		
<u>Arenicola marina</u>	Marine			5.2		Weigelt (1891) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Class: Hirudinea						
<u>Erpobdella octoculata</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	48.3	9.0		Salonen et al. (1976)
Class: Oligochaeta						
<u>Ligodrilus</u> sp.	Freshwater				0.4	Yamamura (1936) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
PHYLUM: ARTHROPODA						
Class: Insecta						
Order: Diptera						
<u>Chironomus plumosus</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	45.1	8.3		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Chaoborus flavicans</u>	Freshwater		47.3	8.8		
Order: Hemiptera						
<u>Halobates sericeus</u>	Marine		52.6			Omori (1969)
<u>Notonecta glauca</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	30.0	9.9		Salonen et al. (1976)
Order: Ephemeroptera						
<u>Leptophlebia vespertina</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	49.3	9.5		Salonen et al. (1976)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCE
<u>Centroptilium luteolum</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	49.7	9.1		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Heptagenia fuscongrisa</u>	Freshwater		52.2	8.3		
Order: Odonata						
<u>Cordulia aenea</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	47.4	8.6		Salonen et al. (1976)
Order: Megaloptera						
<u>Sialis</u> sp.	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	49.2	8.9		Salonen et al. (1976)
Order: Trichoptera						
Limnephilidae	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	46.4	5.6		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Argyria obsoleta</u>	Freshwater		47.3	7.6		
<u>Stenopsyche griseipennis</u>	Freshwater		51.1	10.0	1.3	
Class: Crustacea						
Crustacea	Freshwater	Range and $\bar{x}$		3.6-12.7; 8.6		Seven references cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Crustacea	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{x}$	32.9-41.7; 36.9	7.0-8.9; 7.8		Bears (1966)
Subclass: Malacostraca						
Order: Mysidacea						
Euphausiids - mysids	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{x}$	35.4-43.4; 40.7	9.4-10.5; 10.0	1.4-1.6; 1.5	Bears (1966)
<u>Siriella neohirsuta</u>	Marine		42.4	11.0		Omori (1969)
<u>Mysis flexuosa</u>	Marine			11.9		Delff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Mysis relicta</u>	Marine	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	50.0	9.1		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Neomysis rayii</u>	Marine			8.7-11.4		Javed (1969)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCES
Order: Isopoda						
<u>Asellus aquaticus</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	34.3			
<u>Asellus aquaticus</u>	Freshwater		30.6	6.9		Salonen et al. (1976)
				7.9		Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Order: Amphipoda						
<u>Parathemisto japonica</u>	Marine		48.4	8.2		
<u>Platyscelus serratus</u>	Marine		25.9	4.4		
<u>Cyphocaris challengeri</u>	Marine		45.9	6.1		Omori (1969)
<u>Gammarus locusta</u>	Freshwater	Table 234	38.1	7.8		
<u>Gammarus locusta</u>	Freshwater			9.7		Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Gammarus pulex locusta</u>	Freshwater			9.2		Deiff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Gammarus pulex</u>	Freshwater		40.3	8.1		Geng (1925) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Pallasa quadrispinosa</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % APDW (Table 1)				Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Gammaracanthus lacustris</u>	Freshwater		35.4	6.6		
<u>Gammaracanthus lacustris</u>	Freshwater		41.7	7.6		Salonen et al. (1976)
			44.9-49.5			Salonen and Sarvala (1978)
Order: Euphausiacea						
<u>Euphausia krohnii</u>	Marine		35.8			
<u>Euphausia pacifica</u>	Marine	Calculated from author's regression equation of total N on dry weight		11.6-11.7		Curl (1962)
<u>Euphausia pacifica</u>	Marine		38.7	10.7		Jawed (1969)
<u>Euphausia pacifica</u>	Marine		39.6	10.1		
<u>Tessera-brachion occultus</u>	Marine		47.2	10.0		Omori (1969)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PROSPORUS	REFERENCE
Order: Decapoda						
<u>Lucifer reynaudii</u>	Marine		41.1	9.5		Omori (1969)
Subclass: Brachiopoda						
Order: Cladocera						
<u>Daphnia hyalina</u>	Freshwater	Eggs	53.6	9.3	1.2	Baudoin and Ravera (1972)
		New born	42.8	9.7	1.6	
		Young 1	42.7	9.8	1.5	
		Young 2	43.5	10.7	1.3	
		Adult 1	44.2	9.6	1.2	
		Adult 2	44.5	9.6	1.1	
		Adult 3	42.8	9.1	1.0	
		Adult 4	42.0	8.8	1.2	
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater			10.3		Geng (1925) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater		37.9	8.0		Meyer (1914) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater			7.5		Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater		43.1	10.1		Vinogradov (1933) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater				1.3	Cougill and Burns (1975)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater			8.0		Knauthe (1907) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Freshwater				1.3-1.9	Rigler (1961b)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	Freshwater				1.6	Cougill and Burns (1975)



## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCES
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	Freshwater	Calculated from Table 5			0.2	Rigler (1961b)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	Freshwater	Juveniles	48.0			Bogatova et al. (1971)
		Adults	47.7			
<u>Daphnia cristata</u>	Freshwater	N values converted from % AFDW (Table 1)	50.7	6.8		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Moina rectirostris</u>	Freshwater				1.3-1.9	Gutel'mackher (1977)
<u>Moina macrocopa</u>	Freshwater	Calculated assuming 1 mg organic carbon = 10.98 calories	49.4			Bogatova et al. (1971)
<u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u>	Freshwater		48.8			
<u>Holopedium gibberum</u>	Freshwater			8.4		Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Leptodora hindii</u>	Freshwater			8.9		
<u>Dosinia</u> sp.	Freshwater			10.3		Knauth (1907) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Subclass: Copepoda						
Copepoda	Marine			9.2		Brandt cited by Vinogradov (1953)
Copepoda	Marine			9.2		Krey (1958)
Copepoda	Marine		35.6			Curl (1962)
Copepoda	Marine	January	43.2	10.1	0.9	Beers (1966)
		February	43.5	10.6	0.9	
		March	42.9	10.0	0.8	
		April	47.6	10.1	0.8	
		May	44.2	8.8	0.9	
		June	41.6	9.5	0.8	
		July	39.8	8.3	0.7	
		August	35.8	8.7	0.7	
		September	35.2	8.8	0.7	
		October	39.2	9.0	0.8	
		November	42.5	11.1	0.8	
		December	44.1	11.2	0.9	

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN			PHOSPHORUS			REFERENCES
Copepoda	Marine	Coastal Copepoda	47.0	12.6						Itoh (1973)
		Oceanic males and stage IV females	57.0	10.9						
		Oceanic females	57.0	7.5						
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine	Table 236	45.9	10.2						Vinogradov (1933) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine		47.7	10.1						Brandt and Raben (1919-1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine		39.8-41.7							Curli (1962)
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine			Female Male Juv. V			Female Male Juv. V			Butler et al. (1970)
		January		11.2	9.7	8.8	0.8	0.9	0.7	
		February		12.4	11.1					
		March		13.9			1.1			
		April		11.0	8.6		1.2		0.8	
		May		11.1					1.3	
		June		9.3	7.6		1.5	1.0	0.5	
		July		12.9	10.6		0.9	0.7	1.1	
		August		10.9	9.5		1.2	0.7		
		September		9.0			0.7	0.8	0.6	
		December		11.9			0.9		0.6	
		Seasonal $\bar{x}$		11.4	9.5		1.0	0.8	0.8	
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine		67.5	9.3			0.7			
<u>Calanus finmarchicus</u>	Marine		67.2-67.5	8.4-10						Hayzaud (1976)
<u>Calanus cristatus</u>	Marine		60.9	6.3						Omori (1969)
<u>Calanus cristatus</u>	Marine		39.0	7.6						
<u>Calanus cristatus</u>	Marine		59.0	5.9						

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCES	
<u>Calanus cristatus</u>	Marine	Female geographical variations (north to south)	60.9, 60.0, 61.8, 62.6, 62.7	7.5, 8.2, 6.8, 7.4, 8.6		Omori (1970)	
		Male geographical variations (north to south)	55.9, 56.0, 56.1, 52.4, 54.1	10.5, 10.8, 11.2, 11.5, 11.9			
		Copepodite V geographical variations (north to south)	58.9, 58.3, 56.8, 53.9, 50.3	8.3, 9.5, 10.3, 10.7, 10.6			
		Preservation methods:					
		Freezing		59.9	6.7		
		Drying		57.3	7.1		
		Formalin	55.5	7.5			
<u>Calanus sinicus</u>	Marine	Rinse Type	Volume			Omori (1978)	
		Salt water	0.3 ml/mg	59.4	7.0		
		Distilled water	0.3 ml/mg	60.8	7.2		
		Ammonium formate	0.3 ml/mg	59.5	7.1		
		Salt water	3.3 ml/mg	56.5	5.5		
		Distilled water	3.3 ml/mg	58.2	6.1		
		Ammonium formate	3.3 ml/mg	56.7	6.0		
		Calculated from Table 1					
<u>Calanus plumchrus</u>	Marine		61.8	7.0		Omori (1969)	
<u>Calanus pacificus</u>	Marine		46.1	11.2			
<u>Calanus pacificus</u>	Marine		58.4	7.8			
<u>Calanus lighti</u>	Marine		48.0	12.7			
<u>Eucalanus bumpii bumpii</u>	Marine		49.9	7.6			
<u>Rhincalanus nasutus</u>	Marine		52.2	9.9			
<u>Limnocalanus</u> sp.	Freshwater			7.2		Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953)	
<u>Limnocalanus macrurus</u>	Freshwater	W values converted from % APDW (Table 1)	62.1	6.0			
<u>Pareuchaeta norvegica</u>	Marine	Eggs	63.6	5.8		Salonen et al. (1976)	
		Pre-spawning females	53.0	10.3			
		Spent females	50.6	10.0			Nemoto et al. (1976)

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TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCES
<u>Pareuchaeta birostrata</u>	Marine		58.4	7.0		Omori (1969)
<u>Pareuchaeta sarsi</u>	Marine		66.6	5.1		
<u>Pleuromma niphius</u>	Marine		47.5	13.1		
<u>Pleuromma niphius</u>	Marine	Rinse Type				Omori (1978)
		Volume				
		Salt water 0.26 ml/mg	39.9	12.6		
		Distilled water 0.26 ml/mg	40.6	12.7		
		Ammonium formate 0.26 ml/mg	41.7	12.9		
		Calculated from Table 1				
<u>Centropages sp.</u>	Marine		38.5-38.7			Curl (1962)
<u>Centropages hamatus</u>	Marine		36.3			
<u>Centropages typicus</u>	Marine	$\bar{X}$ of 5 ages; Spring	37.2	9.1		Razouls (1977)
		Summer	42.3	9.3		
<u>Centropages typicus</u>	Marine	Male	28.0	7.1		Boucher et al. (1976)
		Female	26.3	6.3		
<u>Lophogaster sp.</u>	Marine		46.8			Curl (1962)
<u>Temora stylifera</u>	Marine	Fall	50.3			Razouls (1977)
		Winter	31.4			
		Copepodids II	42.3			
		III	39.3			
		IV	35.1			
		V	40.7			
<u>Temora stylifera</u>	Marine	Male	28.7	6.4		Boucher et al. (1976)
		Female	28.2	6.1		
<u>Meganctiphanes norvegicus</u>	Marine		42.0			Curl (1962)
<u>Metridia okhotskensis</u>	Marine		63.5	5.8		Omori (1969)
<u>Disseta plumbei</u>	Marine		51.0	10.7		
<u>Canthocamptus setipica</u>	Marine		46.6	12.6		

All

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCE
<u>Condeelis columbica</u>	Marine		46.6	11.2		
<u>Pontellina plumata</u>	Marine		44.3	12.2		
<u>Lebidocera actifrons</u>	Marine		45.8	12.9		Omori (1969)
<u>Lebidocera scuta</u>	Marine					
<u>Sapphirina nigromaculata</u>	Marine				0.1	
<u>Anomaleocera patersoni</u>	Marine				0.1	Krishnamurthy (1962)
<u>Anomaleocera patersoni</u>	Marine			11.6		
<u>Anomaleocera patersoni</u>	Marine		43.0	10.6		Defff (1912) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
<u>Calanoccia lucasi</u>	Freshwater	Seasonal range and $\bar{X}$ N value = protein/7.3	30.5-56.4; 43.6	6.5		Brandt and Raben (1919-1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953) Green (1976)
<u>Eudiaptomus gracilis</u>	Freshwater	N value calculated from % APDW (Table 1)	49.8	9.6		
<u>Eudiaptomus gracilis</u>	Freshwater					Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Diaptomus sp.</u>	Freshwater				2.3	Cowgill and Burns (1975)
<u>Cyclops sp.</u>	Freshwater			10.4		
<u>Macropcyclops albidus</u>	Freshwater	N value calculated from % APDW (Table 1)	48.2	9.6		Birge and Juday (1922) cited by Vinogradov (1953)
PHYLUM: ROTATORIA				9.7		Salonen et al. (1976)
<u>Branchionus calyciflorus</u>	Freshwater	Calculated assuming 1 mg organic carbon = 10.98 calories	52.5			Bogatova et al. (1971)
PHYLUM: CHAETOGNATHA						
<u>Chaetognatha</u>	Marine	Yearly range and $\bar{X}$	21.0-34.3; 28.3	6.3-9.4; 7.8	0.5-0.7; 0.6	Beers (1966)

## APPENDIX A (Continued)

TAXON	MARINE OR FRESHWATER	COMMENTS	CARBON	NITROGEN	PHOSPHORUS	REFERENCES
<u>Sagitta elegans</u>			38.2 40.7 42.7	10.9 12.8 14.0		Maysaud (1976)
<u>Sagitta elegans</u> <u>Sagitta hispida</u>	Marine Marine	April May June September October X	39.0	15.1 11.7 13.8-15.3 14.0 15.0-15.5 13.5 14.1	0.8	Reeve et al. (1970)
<u>Sagitta nagae</u>	Marine	Rinse Type      Volume Salt water      0.14 ml/mg Distilled water      0.14 ml/mg Ammonium formate      0.14 ml/mg Salt water      1.35 ml/mg Distilled water      1.35 ml/mg Ammonium formate      1.35 ml/mg Data calculated from Table 1	39.9 41.0 41.3 43.4 46.5 43.8	12.2 12.6 13.0 11.4 11.6 11.5		Omori (1978)
Zooplankton	Marine	Many medusae and ctenophora present Range and X	6-30; 14.3			Platt et al. (1969)
Zooplankton	Marine	Few medusae and other watery forms present	33.7			
Zooplankton	Marine	January January April April July November X		10.8 10.0 9.3 8.4 9.8 5.6 8.9	1.0 0.9 0.7 0.7 1.1 0.6 0.8	Heris and Riley (1956)

**APPENDIX B: FILTERING RATES REPORTED FOR FRESHWATER  
ZOOPLANKTERS**

1. Literature data are presented on the filtering rates of freshwater filter-feeding zooplankton herein. Columnar headings of the appendix are described as follows.

**TAXON.** The arrangement is by family then by species. Within a family, entries are in alphabetical order with general results listed at the end of the appropriate taxon. Some taxonomic corrections have been made to the original data.

**LENGTH AND WEIGHT.** Organism length in millimetres (mm) and weight in milligrams (mg) are presented, if known. Weights are expressed as either dry weight (mg dry) or as wet weight (mg wet). In some cases estimates of these values were made.

**LIFE STAGE.** The developmental stage of the organism is presented. For Copepods, development proceeds from nauplius to copepodie to adult stages.

**TEST LOCALITY.** Laboratory studies are indicated by "Lab." Field studies give the field locality by water body and state abbreviation if it is in the U. S., otherwise by water body and country.

**TEST METHOD.** The basic experimental method used to determine filtering or feeding rates is listed.

**TEMPERATURE.** The experimental temperature in degrees Celsius is given.

**TYPE OF FOOD.** The food type used during the experiments is given. Field studies using the entire available food spectrum are designated "natural assemblage."

**RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED.** Values are presented as cells per millilitre (cells/ml) unless otherwise indicated. Field studies in which the food concentration was not actually measured have been designated as "in situ." Many values were approximated from figures presented by the author.

**RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES.** All values are expressed as millilitres per animal per day (ml/animal/day). We have converted values presented in other time frames to a daily basis. Many values were approximated from figures presented by the author. Mean filtering values are also indicated when known.

**REFERENCE.** The sources of the data are presented.

2. In addition to the definitions described above, the following abbreviations and symbols with their definitions have been used in the appendix.



- a. The following abbreviations have been used to describe Life Stage:

A = Adult  
AS = All sizes  
AF = Adult female  
F = Female, age not stated  
AM = Adult male  
M = Male, age not stated  
CI-CVI = Copepodid stages I through VI

- b. The following abbreviations have been used to describe the Test Method used:

32P = Radioactive tracer technique using phosphorus 32  
14C = Radioactive tracer technique using carbon 14  
CC = Cell count  
CCC = Coulter counter  
PL = Phytoplankton loss  
OD = Oxygen depletion

- c. The following abbreviations have been used to describe Temperature:

RT = Room temperature  
AB = Ambient temperature  
V = Variable temperature

- d. Other abbreviations used include:

? = Unknown  
 $\bar{X}$  = Mean value  
Ca. = Approximately  
avg. max. = Average maximum value  
C = Carbon  
 $\mu$  = Micron =  $10^{-6}$  metres  
 $\mu^3$  = Cubic microns  
< = Less than  
> = Greater than  
NA = No significant filtering occurred

3. Appendix footnotes a through n are described below:

- a. Filaments of Anabaena supp., Aphanizomenon flos-aquae, and Oscillatoria tenuis and/or Gleatilia sp.
- b. Based on Ivanova (1970).
- c. Based on Monakov and Sorokin (1960).
- d. Ivanova (1970) says the temperature was 20°C, Monakov (1972) says it was 15°C.
- e. Includes Diaptomus graciloides.
- f. Includes Diaptomus gracilis.

- g. Ivanova (1970).
- h. It was assumed that the experiments were conducted at the same temperature that the algal cultures were incubated, but this is not stated by the authors.
- i. Includes Diaptomus oregonensis.
- j. Includes Diaptomus
- k. Based on a summary of data from other authors.
- l. Daphnia cucullata and Daphnia hyalina.
- m. This entry may be based on the same data from Erman (1956) and reported by Pilarska (1977a) under the name B. uriceolaris although the measured filtering rates are slightly different.
- n. Kryutchkova and Rybak (1974) say the food was Scenedesmus sp. at a concentration of  $13.6 \times 10^5$  cells/ml.

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or Weight (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
ORDER: CLADOCERA									
Family: Sididae									
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	0.0053 mg dry	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	$6 \times 10^{-5}$ mg dry wt/ml	10	Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	?	?	L. Erken, Sweden	?	?	Nanoplankton	In situ	1	Nauwerck (1959) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	15.6	Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970)
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	0.9-1.4 mm	AS	Heart L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	0-5.7 ( $\bar{X}$ =1.6)	Haney (1973)
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	?	AS	Drowned Bog L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	0.98-1.4 ( $\bar{X}$ =1.2)	Haney (1973)
<u>Diaphanosoma brachyurum</u>	?	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	v	Nanoplankton 33	Variable	ca. 0.45-2.73 ( $\bar{X}$ =1.33)	Gulati (1978)
Family: Holopedidae									
<u>Holopedium gibberum</u>	?	AS	Drowned Bog L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	7.5-12.4 ( $\bar{X}$ =9.4)	Haney (1973)
<u>Holopedium gibberum</u>	1.00 mm 0.074 mg wet	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	17.9-21.1	Natural assemblage from L. Krivoye, USSR	Natural concentration	6.33-22.87	Gutel'mackher (1973)
Family: Chydoridae									
<u>Chydorus sphaericus</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	9.8	Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970)
<u>Chydorus sphaericus</u>	0.1-0.2	AS	Heart L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	0.03-0.42 ( $\bar{X}$ =0.18)	Haney (1973)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
Family: Bosminidae									
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	0.002 mg dry	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	$1.5 \times 10^{-4}$ mg dry wt/ml	2.6	Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	0.44 mm 0.013 mg wet	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	17.9-21.1	Natural assemblage from L. Krivoye, USSR	Natural concentration	1.61-4.93	Gutel'mackher (1973)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	0.4-0.6 mm	AS	Heart L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	0.009-0.9 ( $\bar{X}=0.44$ )	Haney (1973)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	?	AS	Drowned Bog L., Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage plus yeast tracer	In situ	0.45-0.46 ( $\bar{X}=0.46$ )	Haney (1973)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	?	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	V	Nanoplankton 33	Variable	ca. 0.3-7.2 ( $\bar{X}=2.0$ )	Gulati (1978)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	0.4 mm	A	Lab	<sup>32</sup> P	RT	Natural assemblage <sup>a</sup> <u>Lyngbya</u> sp, mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	? Variable	0.6-1.0 ( $\bar{X}=0.8$ ) 0.4	Webster and Peters (1978)
<u>Bosmina coregoni</u>	0.01 mg dry	?	?	?	?	Bacteria	$2 \times 10^{-4}$ mg dry wt/ml	10	Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Bosmina coregoni</u>	?	?	L. Erken, Sweden	?	?	Nanoplankton	In situ	1	Nauwerck (1959) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Bosmina coregoni</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	40.1	Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970)
Family: Daphnidae									
<u>Simocephalus vetulus</u>	0.09 mg dry	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	$5 \times 10^{-5}$ mg dry wt/ml	133	Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Simocephalus vetulus</u>	0.012 mg dry	?	?	?	?	Bacteria	$2 \times 10^{-4}$ mg dry wt/ml	26	Manuilova (1958) as reported Jorgensen (1966)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Simocephalus vetulus</u>	0.7-2.5 mm 0.007-0.127 mg dry	?	Lab	?	22	<u>Chlorella</u> sp.	$1.8 \times 10^6$ - $4.5 \times 10^6$	0.13-18.0	Ivanova and Klekowski (1972)
<u>Simocephalus vetulus</u>	1.8 mm	A	Lab	32p	RT	Natural assemblage <sup>a</sup> <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	?	21-48( $\bar{X}$ =33) 3.9	Webster and Peters (1978)
<u>Ceriodaphnia pulchella</u>	?	?	Lab	14c	v	Nanoplankton 33	Variable	ca. 0.6-3.0 ( $\bar{X}$ =1.82)	Gulati (1978)
<u>Ceriodaphnia quadrangula</u>	0.7-0.9 mm	AS	Heart L., Canada	32p	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.4-7.7( $\bar{X}$ =4.6)	Haney (1973)
<u>Ceriodaphnia quadrangula</u>	0.7 mm	A	Lab	32p	RT	Natural assemblage <sup>a</sup> <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	?	4.8( $\bar{X}$ =5.7) 1.1	Webster and Peters (1978)
<u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u>	0.8 mm	?	Pond water taken to lab, Michigan	14c	25	Natural assemblage	$1.4 \times 10^3$ - $5.9 \times 10^5$ particles/ml	0.38-5.95	O'Brien and DeNoyelles (1974)
<u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u>	0.00003 mg	?	Lab	14c	15-27	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u>	$1.0 \times 10^5$	0.79-2.06	Gopfen (1976)
<u>Daphnia ambigua</u>	1.2 mm	A	Lab	32p	RT	Natural assemblage <sup>a</sup> <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	?	4-13( $\bar{X}$ =8.2) 7.7	Webster and Peters (1978)
<u>Daphnia carinata</u>	0.070 mg dry	A	Lab	CC	27	<u>Escherichia coli</u> and <u>Flavobacterium</u> sp.	$2.6 \times 10^4$ - $3.1 \times 10^8$	6.2-21.6	Tezuka (1971)
<u>Daphnia cucullata</u>	0.0055 mg dry	?	?	?	?	Bacteria	$2 \times 10^{-4}$ mg dry wt/ml	14	Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Daphnia cucullata</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	43	Beljackaja-Potaenko (1964) as reported by Gilwicz (1970)
<u>Daphnia galeata mendotae</u>	1.30-1.53 mm	?	Heart L., Canada water taken to lab	32p	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	3.7	Burns and Rigler (1967)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Daphnia galeata mendotae</u>	ca. 0.8-2.2 mm ca. 0.006-0.095 mg dry	AS	Lab	32 <sub>P</sub>	15-25	<u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u>	2.5x10 <sup>4</sup>	ca. 2.3-45.4	Burns (1969b)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	1.5-1.7 mm	AS	Heart L., Canada	32 <sub>P</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	1.9-20.8 ( $\bar{X}$ =6.4)	Haney (1973)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	0.91-1.29 mm	?	L. George, NY water taken to lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	19-24	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.6-11.0	Bogdan and McNaught (1975)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	1.4 mm	AS	Wintergreen L., MI	32 <sub>P</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.8-5.4	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	1.1-2.1 mm	AS	Lawrence L., MI	32 <sub>P</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	6.2-20.3	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	?	AS	Little Mill L., MI	32 <sub>P</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.5-16.2	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia galeata</u>	1.3-1.7 mm	A	Three Lakes, MI	32 <sub>P</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	47 avg. max.	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	0.0083 mg dry	?	?	?	?	Bacteria	2x10 <sup>-4</sup> mg dry wt/ml	23	Manuilova (1958) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Daphnia longispina hvalina</u>	?	?	L. Erken, Sweden water taken to lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	?	Nanoplankton	In situ	0.5-4.6 ( $\bar{X}$ =2.3)	Nauwerck (1963) as reported by Burns and Rigler (1967)
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	0.12 mg wet <sup>b</sup>	?	Lab <sup>C</sup>	14 <sub>C</sub>	15 <sup>d</sup>	<u>Chlorococcum</u> sp. Bacteria	5.5x10 <sup>3</sup> -92x10 <sup>3</sup> 2.4x10 <sup>6</sup> -79x10 <sup>6</sup>	2.9-17.2 0.2-5.4	Monakov and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Monakov (1972)
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	0.0116 mg dry	?	?	14 <sub>C</sub>	?	?	2.2x10 <sup>-3</sup> mg dry wt/ml	4.8	Shushkina and Peceni' (1964) as reported by Ivanova (1970)
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	0.011 mg dry	A	Lab	CC	20	Mixed bacteria	3.3x10 <sup>4</sup> -4.4x10 <sup>4</sup>	1.7.19	Tezuka (1971)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	7x10 <sup>-2</sup> mg dry wt/ml	8	Lefevre (1942) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	2.5-2.9 mm 0.095-0.135 mg dry	AF	Lab	CC	18-20	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Navicula pelliculosa</u> <u>Scenedesmus quadricauda</u>	5x10 <sup>4</sup> -6x10 <sup>5</sup> 5x10 <sup>4</sup> -5x10 <sup>5</sup> 4x10 <sup>4</sup> -4.6x10 <sup>5</sup>	4.4-79.6 10.6-48.5 8.3-25.7	Ryther (1954)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	0.13 mg dry	A	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	2x10 <sup>-3</sup> mg dry wt/ml	7	Sushchenya (1958a,b) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	0.23-0.27 mg dry	AF	Lab	32p	?	<u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>	ca. 5x10 <sup>3</sup> -9.6x10 <sup>5</sup>	ca. 7-96	Rigler (1961a)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	1.25-3.54 mm 0.01-0.44 mg dry 2.8-3.3 mm 0.22-0.34 mg dry	AF	Lab	32p	20 5-35	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>	1x10 <sup>4</sup> -2x10 <sup>5</sup> 1x10 <sup>4</sup> -6x10 <sup>5</sup>	ca. 10.8-104.4 ca. 0.9-143.3	McMahon (1965)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	2.8-3.3 mm 0.22-0.34 mg dry	AF	Lab	32p	20	<u>Escherichia coli</u> <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> <u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u> <u>Tetrahymena pyriformis</u>	5x10 <sup>5</sup> -1x10 <sup>7</sup> 1x10 <sup>4</sup> -1x10 <sup>6</sup> ca. 2x10 <sup>2</sup> -1x10 <sup>6</sup> ca. 1x10 <sup>2</sup> -3x10 <sup>3</sup>	ca. 13.4-81.6 ca. 12.6-67.2 ca. 5.2-24.0 ca. 20-84	McMahon and Rigler (1965)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	ca. 1.3-3.3 ca. 0.023-0.28 mg dry	AS	Lab	32p	15-25	<u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u>	2.5x10 <sup>4</sup>	ca. 6.5-141.3	Burns (1969b)
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	0.112-0.164 mg dry	?	Lab	CLC	18	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u>	ca. 0.6x10 <sup>3</sup> 3- 22x10 <sup>3</sup> 3/ml	ca. 36-98	Kersting and Leeuw-Leegwater (1976)
<u>Daphnia middendorffiana</u>	1.3-2.6 mm	A	Lab	14C	5.2-11.5	Natural assemblage w/ <u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> added as a tracer	ca. 2.6x10 <sup>3</sup> -83x10 <sup>3</sup>	ca. 3-177	Chisholm, Scross, and Nobbs (1975)
<u>Daphnia parvula</u>	0.7-1.2	AS	Heart L., Canada	32p	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.5-5.2( $\bar{x}$ -3.8)	Haney (1973)
<u>Daphnia parvula</u>	?	AS	Drowned Bog L., Canada	32p	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	1.6	Haney (1973)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.68-1.86 mm 0.003-0.03 mg dry	F	Lab	CC	20	<u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u>	$25 \times 10^3$ - $100 \times 10^3$	0.8-5.5	Richman (1958)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.32 mg wet	?	Lab	?	15 <sup>d</sup>	<u>Chlorococcum</u> sp.	$3 \times 10^{-7}$ - $1.4 \times 10^{-5}$ mg dry wt/ml <sup>e</sup>	3-64 <sup>8</sup>	Monakov and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Monakov (1972)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	Variable	A	Lab	CC	21 <sup>h</sup>	<u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u>	$2 \times 10^5$ - $5 \times 10^5$	0.5-6.2	Stross, et. al. (1965)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	ca. 0.6-1.5 mm ca. 0.003-0.034 mg dry	AS	Lab	32 <sub>p</sub>	15-25	<u>Rhodotorula glutinus</u>	$2.5 \times 10^4$	ca. 1.2-15.5	Burns (1969b)
<u>Daphnia pulex obtusa</u>	ca. 0.8-3.0 mm ca. 0.027-1.40 mg dry	AS	Lab	CC	22.2	<u>Scenedesmus abandans</u>	$6.8 \times 10^5$ - $20.4 \times 10^5$	32.3-45.5	Kryutchkova and Sladeczek (1969)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.036 mg dry	A	Lab	CC	25	Bacteria mixed w/ <u>Microcystis aeruginosa</u> <u>Escherichia coli</u>	$3.1 \times 10^4$ - $2.6 \times 10^5$ $40$ - $1.3 \times 10^4$	4.8-6.2 5.5-14.2	Tezuka (1971)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.7-2.8 mm 0.003-0.056 mg dry	AF	Lab	CC	22	<u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u>	$3 \times 10^4$	ca. 1-200	Bulkema (1973)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	2.0 mm	AF	Lab	32 <sub>p</sub>	20	<u>Rhodotorula</u> sp. with and without seston	Variable	ca. 6-37	Crowley (1973)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.7-3.5 mm	F	Lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	15	<u>Scenedesmus cutus</u>	ca. $1 \times 10^{-4}$ - $3.3 \times 10^{-3}$ C/ml	ca. 2.2-52.3	Geller (1975)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	0.8-2.4 mm	AS	Little Mill L., MI	32 <sub>p</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.8-25.6	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	1.5-2.7 mm	AS	Three Lakes, MI	32 <sub>p</sub>	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.5-125.0	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	?	A	Lab	32 <sub>p</sub>	12-18	<u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u>	$5 \times 10^5$	3.1-9.1	Starkweather (1975)



## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/8hr/ml/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	1.8 mm	AF	Lab	CC	20	<u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp.	ca. $1 \times 10^4$	1.3	Hayward and Gallup (1976)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	1.9 mm	A	Lab	32P	RT	Natural assemblage <sup>a</sup> <u>Lyngbya</u> sp. mixed w/ <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	? Variable	20.45 ( $\bar{X}=35$ ) 9.6	Webster and Peters (1978)
<u>Daphnia rosea</u>	0.64-1.85 mm	AS	Lab	32P	20	<u>Rhodotorula glutinis</u>	$2.5 \times 10^4$ - $5 \times 10^5$	1.9-42.0	Burns and Rigler (1967)
<u>Daphnia rosea</u>	1.15-1.38 mm	?	Heart L., Canada water taken to lab	32P	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	3.6	Burns and Rigler (1967)
<u>Daphnia rosea</u>	1.65-1.85 mm	A	Lab	32P	5-25	<u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp.	$2.5 \times 10^4$	ca. 0.9-1.4	Kibby (1971a)
<u>Daphnia rosea</u>	1.3-1.6 mm	AS	Heart L., Canada	32P	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	1.7-20.8 ( $\bar{X}=5.5$ )	Haney (1973)
<u>Daphnia schodleri</u>	ca. 0.8-2.5 mm ca. 0.006-0.13 mg dry	AS	Lab	32P	15-25	<u>Rhodotorula glutinis</u>	$2.5 \times 10^4$	ca. 2.3-64.9	Burns (1969b)
<u>Daphnia schodleri</u>	1.2-2.4 mm 1.5-2.0 mm	AF, AM AF	Lab	CC	5-30	<u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. <u>Frustulia</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Aphanizomenon</u> sp.	ca. $1.7 \times 10^3$ - $1.2 \times 10^4$ ca. $3 \times 10^4$ ca. $8.9 \times 10^3$ ? ?	ca. 3.6-49.2 ca. 24 max. ca. 26 max. NS NS	Hayward and Gallup (1976)
<u>Daphnia</u> spp. <sup>l</sup>	?	?	Lab	14C	V	Nanoplankton 33	Variable	ca. 1.3-9.1 ( $\bar{X}=3.8$ )	Gulati (1978)
Mixed community but primarily <u>Daphnia</u> spp.	0.037 mg dry	AS	Canyon Ferry Reservoir, MT	PL	AB	Natural assemblage	$3.8 \times 10^{-4}$ - $9.0 \times 10^{-4}$ mg dry wt/ml	ca. 39	Wright (1958)
Generalized cladoceran <sup>k</sup>	0.001-0.01 mg dry	?	?	OD	?	Variable	$2 \times 10^{-4}$ - $4 \times 10^{-2}$ mg dry wt/ml	0.1-11.5	Ivanova (1970)
ORDER: COPEPODA									
Family: Diaptomidae									
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u> <sup>e</sup>	0.011 mg dry	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorococcus</u> sp.	?	4.1	Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Melosira</u> sp. and <u>Asterionella</u> sp.	24.2x10 <sup>3</sup> -198.0x10 <sup>3</sup>	0.68-1.96	Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974)
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	F, M	Queen Elizabeth II Reservoir, G. B., water taken to lab	14C	4-14.5	Natural assemblage	2x10 <sup>2</sup> -7.3x10 <sup>3</sup>	0.83-2.40	Kibby (1971b)
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	F, M	King George IV Reservoir, G.B., water taken to lab	14C	7-15	Natural assemblage	9.7x10 <sup>2</sup> -8.2x10 <sup>3</sup>	1.09-1.97	Kibby (1971b)
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	F, M	Lab	14C	5-20 12-20  20	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. <u>Diplospira</u> sp. <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. <u>Carteria</u> sp. <u>Mitochondria</u> sp. <u>Pediastrum</u> sp. <u>Haematozoon</u> sp. Bacteria	3x10 <sup>4</sup>	0.61-2.40 0.94-1.32 1.76-2.54 1.61-2.45 0.87 1.96 0.02 2.16 0.19	Kibby (1971b)
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	AM, AF	L. Balaton, Hungary	14C	AB	Natural assemblage	0.42-1.90 gC/ml	0.01-3.27	Zankai and Pomyi (1976)
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	?	?	Lab	14C	V	Nanoplankton 33	Variable	ca. 1.8-20.0( $\bar{X}$ -5.6)	Gulati (1978)
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	0.01 mg dry	?	L. Erken, Sweden	?	AB	Natural assemblage	?	0.3-3	Nauwerck (1959 as reported by Jorgensen (1966) and Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974)
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u> <sup>f</sup>	0.011 mg dry	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorococcus</u> sp. <sup>n</sup>	13.6x10 <sup>3</sup> n	4.1	Malovitskaya and Sorokin (1961) as reported by Jorgensen (1966)
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	35.0	Beljackaja-Potsenko (1964) as reported by Gliwicz (1970)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCES
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	1.04 mm 0.010 mg wet	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	17.9-21.1	Natural assemblage from L. Krivoye, USSR	In situ	0.41-1.00	Gutel'mackher (1973)
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	0.253-0.959 mm	AS	Lab	?	17.5-24.5	<u>Chlamydomonas eugametos</u>	1x10 <sup>3</sup> - 12x10 <sup>3</sup>	2.4-3.4	Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974)
<u>Diaptomus leptopus</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp.	50x10 <sup>3</sup>	1.0-1.8	Schindler and Comita (1966) as reported by Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974)
<u>Diaptomus minutus</u>	0.87-0.97 mm X=0.003 mg dry	?	?	?	?	Plankton	?	0.5-2.9	Bogdan and McNaught (1975)
<u>Diaptomus pallidus</u>	?	AF, AM	Little Mill L., MI	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.60-1.54	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Diaptomus pallidus</u> <sup>i</sup>	?	A	Three Lakes, MI	<sup>32</sup> P	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.26-1.66( $\bar{X}$ =0.83)	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	0.011 mg dry	AF	L. Winnebago, WI	<sup>14</sup> C	22-23	Nanoplankton (90% <u>Chlorella</u> sp.)	In situ (30-1x10 <sup>5</sup> )	0.058-0.074	Richman (1964)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	0.011 mg dry	AF	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	22-23	Nanoplankton	30-1x10 <sup>5</sup>	0.097-0.139	Richman (1964)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	?	?	Lab	<sup>14</sup> C	20?	<u>Chlamydomonas reinhardtii</u> <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u>	1.5x10 <sup>3</sup> -5x10 <sup>5</sup> 2.5x10 <sup>3</sup> -4.1x10 <sup>5</sup>	ca. 0.1-3.5 ca. 0.1-3.0	Richman (1966)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	?	CV, AF	Marion L., B. C., water taken to lab	CLC	18	Natural assemblage 70	175-7,461	1.49-12.90	McQueen (1970)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	?	CV, AF	Lab	CLC	18	<u>Chromulina scherfelli</u> <u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u> <u>Ochromonas</u> sp. <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. <u>Chryptomonas</u> sp. <u>Navicula</u> spp.	2,100 20,700 20,000 23,000 19,700 247-22,675	1.50 1.33 1.68 1.43 1.07 0 2.07	McQueen (1970)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	1.0-1.4 mm	AS	Heart L. Canada	<sup>32</sup> P	A	Natural assemblage	In situ	0-1.4( $\bar{X}$ =0.48)	Haney (1973)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCE
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	?	AS	Drowned Bog L., Canada	32 <sub>P</sub>	A	Natural assemblage	In situ	2.1-2.2	Haney (1973)
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u> <sup>j</sup>	?	AS	Three Lakes, MI	32 <sub>P</sub>	A	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.26-1.66 ( $\bar{X}$ -0.83)	Haney and Hall (1975)
<u>Diaptomus sicioides</u>	?	F	Lab	CLC	10-20	<u>Pandorina morum</u> or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp.	?	1-2	Comita (1964)
Family: Centropagidae									
<u>Bosckella delicata</u>	0.0101 mg dry for AF, AM	AS	L. Koutu, New Zealand, water taken to lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	20?	Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer	1.2x10 <sup>5</sup>	0.043-0.419	Green (1975)
<u>Calamoecia lucasi</u>	ca. 0.00015- 0.00123 mg dry	AS	Lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	20	<u>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</u>	1x10 <sup>3</sup> -6x10 <sup>4</sup>	ca. 0.01-1.43	Green (1975)
<u>Calamoecia lucasi</u>	?	AS	Campus Pond, New Zealand, water taken to lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	20?	Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer	?	0.006-0.753	Green (1975)
<u>Calamoecia lucasi</u>	?	F, M	L. Koutu, New Zealand, water taken to lab	14 <sub>C</sub>	20?	Natural assemblage w/ yeast tracer	1.2x10 <sup>6</sup>	0.506-0.549	Green (1975)
<u>Limnocalanus macrurus</u>	?	CI-CVI, Lab A		32 <sub>P</sub>	0.2	<u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp.	Natural range found in Char and Resolute Lakes, Canada	0.42-3.05	Kibby and Rigler (1973)
PHYLUM: ROTATORIA Family: Branchionidae									
<u>Branchionus calyciflorus</u>	?	?	?	?	20	Variable	?	0.0312-0.319	Erman (1962) as reported by Doohan (1973) and Pourriot (1977)

## APPENDIX B (Continued)

TAXON	LENGTH (mm) and/or WEIGHT (mg)	LIFE STAGE	TEST LOCALITY	TEST METHOD	TEMP. (°C)	TYPE OF FOOD	RANGE OF FOOD CONCENTRATIONS TESTED (cells/ml)	RANGE OF MEASURED FILTERING RATES (ml/animal/day)	REFERENCE
<u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u>	?	?	?	CC	19-20	<u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u>	$5 \times 10^5$	ca. 0.024	Galkovskaya (1963)
<u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u>	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	0.576	Galkovskaya (1965) as reported by Pilarska (1977a)
<u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Chlorella pyrenoidosa</u>	$5 \times 10^5$	0.0142-0.087	Halbach and Halbach-Keup (1974) as reported by Pilarska (1977a)
<u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u>	?	A	Lab	$^{32}P$	?	<u>Euglena gracilis</u>	$5 \times 10^4$	0.024-0.025	Starkweather and Gilbert (1977)
<u>Brachionus pilcatilis</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Synechococcus</u> sp.	$8 \times 10^6$	0.073	Ito (1955) as reported by Doohan (1973)
<u>Brachionus pilcatilis</u>	0.000158 mg for adults	?	Lab	$^{14}C$	20	<u>Dunaliella salina</u>	$5.9 \times 10^5 - 1.44 \times 10^6$	0.015-0.036	Doohan (1973)
<u>Brachionus rubens</u>	?	?	?	?	?	?	$5 \times 10^5$	ca. 0.024	Erman (1956) as reported by Doohan (1973)
<u>Brachionus rubens</u> <sup>m</sup>	?	?	?	?	20	<u>Scenedesmus acuminatus</u>	$1 \times 10^4$ coenobia	0.106 maximum	Erman (1956) as reported by Pourriot (1977)
<u>Brachionus rubens</u>	0.00013 mg dry	AF	Lab	$^{14}C$	20	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u>	$1.2 \times 10^4 - 1.0 \times 10^7$	ca. 0.002-0.270	Pilarska (1977a)
<u>Brachionus arceolaris</u>	?	?	?	?	?	<u>Scenedesmus acuminatus</u>	$1 \times 10^4$ coenobia	0.015-0.120	Erman (1956) as reported by Pilarska (1977a)
<u>Keratella cochlearis</u>	?	A	Lab	?	?	?	?	0.168	Erman (1956) as reported by Gliwicz (1970)
<u>Kellicottia</u> sp.	?	?	Drowned Bog L., Canada	$^{32}P$	AB	Natural assemblage	In situ	0.007	Haney (1973)
Family: Philodinaeidae									
<u>Philodina roseola</u>	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	0.024	Erman (1956) as reported by Pourriot (1977)

**APPENDIX C: ZOOPLANKTON AND BENTHOS  
ASSIMILATION EFFICIENCIES**

Definitions of Abbreviations and Symbols  
Used in Appendix C

A	assimilation
G	consumption
A/G	assimilation efficiency (mg C/mg C/day) x 100
E	excretion
F	egestion
R	respiration
P	total production
Pg	production as growth
Pev	production as exuvia
Pr	production as reproduction
Ps	production as secretion
<sup>14</sup> C	carbon 14 radioisotope
<sup>14</sup> CO <sub>2</sub>	labeled carbon dioxide respired (may be used to represent excretion)
cpm	counts per minute (radioactivity)
VS	varied seasonally
°C	degrees Centigrade
ca	approximately
ml	millilitre
mg	milligram
cm <sup>2</sup>	square centimeter
ℓ	litre
@	at
?	unknown or could not be determined from data
$\bar{X}$	mean value
%	percent
<	less than
AFDW	ash-free dry weight

Definitions of Experimental Methods Listed  
in Appendix C

- Method 1.  $A/G = (G - F)/G$
- Method 2.  $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{HC in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/({}^{14}\text{C in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2 + F)$
- Method 3.  $A/G = {}^{14}\text{CO}_2/({}^{14}\text{CO}_2 + F)$
- Method 4.  $A/G = (PG + Pr + R)/G$
- Method 5. Radiosotope (type not specified)
- Method 6.  $A/G = (G - F - E)/G$
- Method 7.  $A.G = (PG + R)/G$
- Method 8.  $A/G = (Pg + Pev + Ps + R)/G$
- Method 9.  $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C ingested} - F)/{}^{14}\text{C ingested}$
- Method 10.  $A/G = (Pg + Pev + R)/G$
- Method 11.  $A/G = {}^{14}\text{C in body}/({}^{14}\text{C in body} + F + E)$
- Method 12.  $A/G = ((\text{calories/cpm } {}^{14}\text{C})({}^{14}\text{C/individual}))/(({}^{14}\text{C consumed})$   
 $(\text{calories/cpm } {}^{14}\text{C}))$
- Method 13.  $A/G = {}^{14}\text{C in body}/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$
- Method 14.  $A/G = {}^{32}\text{P in body}/{}^{32}\text{P consumed}$
- Method 15.  $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C in body} + {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$
- Method 16. Ash-ratio (see text for details)
- Method 17.  $A.G = ({}^{32}\text{P in body and eggs})/({}^{32}\text{P in body} + F)$
- Method 18.  $A.G = (Pr + R)/G$
- Method 19.  $A/G = ({}^{14}\text{C consumed} - F - {}^{14}\text{CO}_2)/{}^{14}\text{C consumed}$



## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation efficiency (%)	Reference
PHYLUM: MOLLUSCA						
Class: Pelecypoda						
<u>Scrobicularia plana</u>	0.5-22.5	organic sediment	1	Based on field population energy budget	60.6	Hughes (1970)
<u>Dreissena polymorpha</u>	?	bacteria @ $5 \times 10^6$ cells/ml	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely proportional to age	44.1-57.8 ( $\bar{X}=49.4$ )	Sorokin (1969)
Class: Gastropoda						
<u>Ancylus fluviatilis</u>	7-25	algae	1	Based on a field population carbon budget	49.4-54.6	Streit (1976)
<u>Bittium varium</u>	?	sterilized detritus unsterilized detritus	3	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; three-day experimental period	46.3 48.6	Adams and Angelovic (1970)
<u>Littorina irrorata</u>	?	detritus	?		45.0	Odum and Smalley (1959) as cited by Hughes (1970)
<u>Lymnaea palustris</u>	14.9-15.2	aufwuchs	1	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	44.0-71.9 ( $\bar{X}=59.9$ )	Hunter (1975)
<u>Valvata pulchella</u>	?	dead <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	14	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
PHYLUM: NEMATODA						
Class: Adenophorea						
<u>Plectus palustris</u>	20	bacteria @ 6.7-13.5 calories/ml	4	Based on an energy budget for an individual; $^{14}\text{C}$ used to determine C	12	Duncan et al. (1974)
PHYLUM: ANNELIDA						
Class: Oligochaeta						
<u>Tubifex tubifex</u>	16-18	sediment	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual	47.1-60.0 ( $\bar{X}=50.4$ )	Ivlev (1939)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
Class: Polychaeta						
<u>Neanthes virens</u>	13-17	<u>Nephtys hombergii</u>	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual	82.1-88.9	Kay and Brafield (1972)
PHYLUM: ARTHROPODA						
Class: Insecta						
Order: Diptera						
<u>Hedriodiscus truquii</u>	35-41	algae	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual; instars I-III	56.0-67.5	Sweeney and Schnack (1977)
<u>Simulium</u> sp.	?	?	5		9.4-65.7	McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977)
<u>Tipula abdominalis</u>	?	?	5		33	Vannote (1969) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977)
Order: Ephemeroptera						
<u>Hexagenia limbata</u>	19.5-26.5	surface sediment	6	Based on an energy budget for an individual	62-72 ( $\bar{X}=68$ )	Zimmerman et al. (1975)
<u>Stenonema puichellum</u>	20	<u>Navicula minima</u>	7	Based on an energy budget for an individual	46.4-56.9 ( $\bar{X}=53.1$ )	Trana (1972)
<u>Tricorythodes minutes</u>	?	?	5		6.4-55.2	McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977)
Order: Tricoptera						
<u>Neophylax concinnus</u>	?	?	?		20.6-54.7	Sedell (1971) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977)
<u>Cheumatopsyche</u> sp.	?	?	5		45.9-49.1	McCullough (1975) as cited by Sweeney and Schnack (1977)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Glossoma nigriflor</u>	VS	algae	7	Based on a field population energy budget; winter summer	13.6-20.6 31.5-32.3	Cummins (1975)
<u>Potamophylax cingulatus</u>	VS	leaf litter detritus	8	Based on a field population energy budget; October November December January February March April May June July	29 28 27 17 10 10 11 19 25 26	Otto (1975)
Order: Megaloptera						
<u>Corydalus cornutus</u>		chironomids		Mean of 5 acclimation groups	85.8	Brown (1978)
Order: Odonata						
<u>Pyrrhosoma nymphula</u>	4 10 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	<u>Daphnia</u> sp. <u>Daphnia</u> sp. <u>Daphnia</u> sp. Chironomidae <u>Aeolus</u> sp. <u>Cloeon</u> sp. <u>Daphnia</u> sp. Chironomidae <u>Aeolus</u> sp. <u>Cloeon</u> sp.	1 1	Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual	85.2 86.2 81.2-87.2 84.0 76.9 90.6 86.2-86.8 86.8 82.8 91.3	Lawton (1970)
<u>Lestes sponsa</u>	20	<u>Daphnia magna</u> and <u>Tubifex tubifex</u>	7	Based on an energy budget for an individual	35-46	Fischer (1972)
Order: Plecoptera						
<u>Acroneuria californica</u>	17 18 18	<u>Hydropsyche</u> and <u>Simulium</u> sp. <u>Simulium</u> sp. <u>Hydropsyche</u> sp.	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual; A/G miscalculated in Table 2 of reference	80.8 89.2-94.6 86.8	Reiman and Knight (1975)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Pteronarcys scotti</u>	5-10	leaves	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual	8.5-15.9 ( $\bar{X}=10.6$ )	McDiffett (1970)
Class: Crustacea						
Subclass: Malacostraca						
Order: Mysidacea						
<u>Mysis stenolepis</u>	?	hay-detritus cellulose	9	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	20-35 35-50	Foulds and Mann (1978)
<u>Neomysis mirabilis</u>	19.9-21.1	algae @ 0.01-0.1 mg dry weight/l	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	85	Pechen'-Finenko (1977)
Order: Euphausiacea						
<u>Euphausia pacifica</u>	ca. 10	Three marine algal species and nauplii of <u>Artemia</u> sp.	5 and 10	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	66-95 ( $\bar{X} = 84$ )	Lasker (1966)
Order: Decapoda						
<u>Palaemonetes pugio</u>	26	<u>Nitzschia closterium</u>	1	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	78-79	Johannes and Satomi (1967)
<u>Palaemonetes pugio</u>	?	detritus detritus and bacteria	3	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; three-day experimental period	28.3-72.7 82.0-90.9	Adams and Angelovic (1970)
Order: Isopoda						
<u>Asellus aquaticus</u>	10	slightly decayed alder leaves	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual;		Prus (1971)
				nonovigerous females	40.8	
				ovigerous females	43.6	
				male	33.2	
				density: 1/12.6 cm <sup>2</sup>	30.3	
				5/33.2 cm <sup>2</sup>	35.2	
				10/33.2 cm <sup>2</sup>	40.2	
				20/33.2 cm <sup>2</sup>	40.2	
				annual mean	30.0	
			16		55.8	

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
Order: Amphipoda						
<u>Calliopius laeviusculus</u>	12	<u>Calanus</u> sp.	1	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	87-95	Dagg (1976)
	12	<u>Cosiniscus angatii</u>			92-96	
	8	<u>Calanus</u> sp.			83-95	
	15	<u>Calanus</u> sp.			90	
<u>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</u>	17	elm leaves maple leaves fungi	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual	18.6 17.2	Barlocher and Kendrick (1975)
<u>Gammarus pulex</u>	2-15	alder leaves beech leaves	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual	67.9-83.2 ( $\bar{x}=76.9$ )	
<u>Hyalella azteca</u>	15	surface sediment and microflora	11	Based on an energy budget for an individual	30-40 0-35	Nilsson (1974)
Subclass: Brachiopoda						
Order: Anostraca						
<u>Artemia salina</u>	17.9-21.1	algae @ 0.11-27.9 calories/l	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G constant over wide range of food concentrations	73	Pechen'-Finenko (1977)
<u>Branchinecta gigas</u>	15-20	<u>Diaptomus nevadensis</u> and <u>Branchinecta mackini</u>	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual; male female	67.2 93.9	Daborn (1975)
Order: Cladocera						
<u>Polyphemus pediculus</u>	?	juvenile <u>Polyphemus pediculus</u>	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	42	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
<u>Leptodora kindtii</u>	VS	natural prey	estimate	Only P and yield were directly measured	40	Cummins et al. (1969)
<u>Leptodora kindtii</u>	16-17	primarily Cladocera	4	Based on an energy budget for an individual	87	Hillbricht-Ilkowska and Karabin (1970)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	15	Microcystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Oocystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Elakatothrix sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Cloecocystis sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Anabaena sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Tribonema sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Coelastrum sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Oscillatoria sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Asterionella sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Ankistrodesmus sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml Cryptomonas sp. @ 0.01 mg/ml	12		17.9	Schindler, J. E. (1971)
					10.5	
					ca. 100	
					13.6	
					50.8	
					68.6	
					20.8	
					25.6	
					38.4	
					ca. 100	
					91.6	
					<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	?	Chlorella sp. bacteria	2		42 50	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
<u>Daphnia longispina</u>	15	Chlorella sp.	?		42.5	Sorokin (1966a) as cited by Monakov (1972)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	?	sterile dissolved organic matter dissolved organic matter and microflora	2	A/E is inversely related to food concentration	2 24	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
<u>Daphnia pulex</u>	20	Chlamydomonas sp. @ 25,000 cells/ml @ 50,000 cells/ml @ 75,000 cells/ml @ 100,000 cells/ml	4	Based on a field population energy budget	31.7	Richman (1958)
					20.2	
					16.8	
					14.2	
<u>Daphnia magna</u>	20	Chorella sp. @ 1 mg/l @ 2.5 mg/l @ 5 mg/l @ 10 mg/l	12	Based on an energy budget for an individual; estimated from Figure 9 of reference	60-84	Schindler, D. W. (1968)
<u>Daphnia schodleri</u>	10	Ankistrodesmus sp. @ 10,000 cells/ml @ 20,000 cells/ml @ 30,000 cells/ml @ 40,000 cells/ml	13	Based on an energy budget for an individual; A/C is inversely related to food concentration	90	Hayward and Gallup (1976)
					88	
					73	
					60	

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Daphnia schodleri</u> (Cont.)	20	<u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. @ 10,000 cells/ml @ 20,000 cells/ml @ 30,000 cells/ml @ 40,000 cells/ml			70	
					77	
					99	
					76	
<u>Daphnia</u> sp.	?	algae	14	C was estimated from cell counts	8-25	Cohn (1958) as cited by Conover (1964)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	17.9-21.1	phytoplankton bacteria	15	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	22.5-31.9 8.7-10.2	Gutel'mackher (1973)
<u>Bosmina longirostris</u>	15	<u>Chlorella</u> sp.	2		43	Sorokin (1966a) as cited by Monakov (1972)
<u>Bosmina coregoni</u>	19-21	<u>Stephanodiscus</u> sp. <u>Chlorella</u> sp. bacteria detritus <u>Diatoma</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus</u> sp. <u>Staurastrum</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Oscillatoria</u> sp. <u>Microcystis</u> sp. <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp.	2		47.1	Semenova (1974)
					45.3	
					35.3-55.0	
					24.2	
					51.2	
					52.7	
					34.2	
					10.4	
					77.4	
					9.5	
10.7						
<u>Holopedium gibberum</u>	17.9-21.1	phytoplankton bacteria	15		32.8-47.3	Gutel'mackher (1973)
					10.3-10.8	
<u>Simocephalus vetulus</u>	22	<u>Chlorella</u> sp.	7	Based on an energy budget for an individual;	44.0	Ivanova and Klekowski (1972) as cited by Klekowski et al. (1972)
					74.3	
					72.4	
					54.1	
					41.0	
					34.8	
					31.7	
<u>Simocephalus aspinosus</u>	15	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. up to 10 mg/l	15	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	46.1	Sorokin (1969)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</u>	?	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u> <u>Chlamydomonas nivalis</u> <u>Ankistrodesmus falcatus</u>	7	Based on an energy budget for an individual	75.5-91.2 ( $\bar{X}$ =85.7) 47.0-71.4 ( $\bar{X}$ =62.6) 6.2-13.1 ( $\bar{X}$ =9.6) 66.3-88.8 ( $\bar{X}$ =80.6)	Czczuga and Bobiatynska-Ksok (1972)
<u>Sida crystallina</u>	?	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Aphanizomenon</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Microcystis</u> sp.	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; estimated from Figure 4 of reference	99 75 20 17	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
<u>Eurycerus lamellatis</u>	17	detritus	1	Based on an energy budget for an individual; 1-7 days old 8-12 days old	7.7 32.2	Smirnov (1962)
Subclass: Copepoda						
<u>Calanus hyperboreus</u>	2 5 8	<u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ $1.2 \times 10^9$ - $3.0 \times 10^9$ cells/animal	1	Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual	13.0-38.9 ( $\bar{X}$ =27.6) 19.0-49.7 ( $\bar{X}$ =32.7) 13.4-29.9 ( $\bar{X}$ =21.7)	Conover (1962)
<u>Calanus hyperboreus</u>	4	<u>Exuviaella</u> sp. @ 1.8 mg/ml	1 16	Based on a dry weight biomass budget for an individual	72.1 69.0	Conover (1966a)
<u>Calanus hyperboreus</u>	2 5 4	<u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 6.4 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.7 mg dry weight/l <u>Ditylum brightwellii</u> @ 0.6 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 6.7 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.7 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira nordenskioldii</u> @ 2.6 mg dry weight/l <u>Rhizosolenia setigera</u> @ 1.4 mg dry weight/l <u>Thalassiosira fluviatilis</u> @ 0.3 mg dry weight/l; @ 1.8 mg dry weight/l	? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ?	Copepodid IV Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid IV Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V Copepodid V	44.0 47.6 71.1 53.0 52.7 50.9 64.1 39.6 63.1 57.2 56.2	Conover (1964)



## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Calanus firmarchicus</u>	14.5	<u>Skeletonema</u> sp. @ $2.6 \times 10^5$ cells/ml	17	Based on biomass balance for an individual; copepodid I	48.0-91.5 ( $\bar{X}=68.9$ )	Marshall and Orr (1956)
		<u>Ditylum</u> sp. @ 57 cells/ml			77.8-82.6 ( $\bar{X}=80.8$ ) 93.3-95.9 ( $\bar{X}=94.7$ )	
<u>Calanus firmarchicus</u>	10-20	<u>Skeletonema costatum</u> @ 14 cells/ml	17	Based on a biomass balance for an individual; adults	51.4-66.2 ( $\bar{X}=51.5$ )	Marshall and Orr (1955b)
		@ 72 cells/ml			49.9-68.1 ( $\bar{X}=57.3$ )	
		@ 288 cells/ml			40.1-67.9 ( $\bar{X}=54.5$ )	
		<u>Syracosphaera</u> sp. @ 720 cells/ml			96.9-99.1 ( $\bar{X}=98.1$ )	
		<u>Bacillus globigii</u> spores @ 9520 cpm/ml			4.0-12.8 ( $\bar{X}=8.7$ )	
		<u>Chaetocerns</u> sp. @ 11,500 cells/ml			72.1-94.5 ( $\bar{X}=80.2$ )	
		diatoms @ 10,500 cells/ml			96.7-99.0 ( $\bar{X}=97.5$ )	
		@ 343 cells/ml			96.8-98.2 ( $\bar{X}=97.5$ )	
		<u>Ditylum</u> sp. @ 122 cells/ml			67.0	
		<u>Lauderia borealis</u> @ 6-1,590 cells/ml			49.0-95.0 ( $\bar{X}=78.1$ )	
<u>Calanus</u> sp.	?	diatoms, flagellates, <u>Artemia</u> sp. nauplii	1	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	15.0-98.7 ( $\bar{X}=77.0$ )	Mullin (1963) as cited by Conover (1964)
					43.0-99.0 ( $\bar{X}=84.3$ )	
<u>Acartia clausi</u>	17.9-21.1	algae @ 0.04-30.0 mg dry weight/l	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	10-99	Fechen'-Finenko (1977)
<u>Calamoecia lucasi</u>	20	yeast	?	Males	66-73	Green (1975)
<u>Diaptomus siciloides</u>	20	<u>Pandorina morum</u> or <u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp.	18	Based on a field population energy budget; the experimental period was 24 hours	63.5	Comita (1964)
					Females	
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	15	<u>Microcystis</u> sp. <u>Oocystis</u> sp. <u>Elakatothrix</u> sp. <u>Gloeocystis</u> sp. <u>Anabaena</u> sp. <u>Ankistrodesmus</u> sp. <u>Tribonema</u> sp. <u>Coelastrum</u> sp. <u>Oscillatoria</u> sp. <u>Asterionella</u> sp. <u>Cryptomonas</u> sp.	12	Based on an energy budget for an individual	40.0-82.9 ( $\bar{X}=60.0$ )	Schindler, J. E. (1971)
					45.3	
					13.7	
					31.3	
					44.2	
					73.5	
					49.4	
					19.9	
					29.1	
					29.7	
					20.1	

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference		
<u>Diaptomus gracilis</u>	20	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. @ < 30,000 cells/ml	19		68.4	Kibby (1971b)		
	12				67.3			
	5				64.2			
	20	<u>Scenedesmus</u> sp.			39.7			
	12				41.3			
	20				78.0			
	12	<u>Diplosphaeria</u> sp.			69.2			
	20				74.3			
	12				69.1			
	ca. 5	mixed algae @ 213 cells/ml			March		38.3	
	ca. 7				@ 4336 cells/ml		April	44.2
	ca. 12				@ 636 cells/ml		May	63.3
	ca. 14				@ 1233 cells/ml		June	58.4
	ca. 17				@ 7313 cells/ml		July	60.7
	ca. 17				@ 689 cells/ml		August	39.0
ca. 16	@ 513 cells/ml		September	44.5				
ca. 15	@ 204 cells/ml		October	44.7				
<u>Diaptomus oregonensis</u>	22-23		?	estimate	Only filtering rate and R were measured	77	Richman (1964)	
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	20	<u>Chlamydomonas</u> sp. @ 0.5-10 mg wet weight/l and <u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> @ 0.5-5 mg wet weight/l	4	Based on an energy budget for an individual; nauplius copepodid adult mean	14-33 ( $\bar{X}=23.7$ ) 16-64 ( $\bar{X}=34.0$ ) 8-28 ( $\bar{X}=18.3$ ) 13-52 ( $\bar{X}=29.0$ )	Kryutchkova and Ryback (1974)		
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	17.9-21.1	algae @ 0.04-30.0 mg dry weight/l	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is constant over wide range of food concentrations	81	Pechen'-Finenko (1977)		
<u>Diaptomus graciloides</u>	17.9-21.1	phytoplankton bacteria	14	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	81.5-93.6 21.7-24.4	GuteI'mackher (1973)		
<u>Macrocyclus albidus</u>	21	<u>Paramecium</u> sp. @ 100/l	7	Based on a field population energy budget	45-50	Klekowski and Shushkina (1966a)		
<u>Cyclops vicinus</u>	?	infusoria	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	80	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)		

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Cyclops strenuus</u>	15	<u>Daphnia</u> sp.	12	Based on an energy budget for an individual	50	Schindler, J. E. (1971)
Subclass: Ostracoda						
<u>Cypridopsis vidua</u>	15	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. fungi <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. as detritus <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. as sterile detritus	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	69.2 88.1 63.1 84.6 61.5	Luferova and Sorokin (1970) as cited by Monakov (1972)
<u>Dolerocypris fasciata</u>	15	<u>Chlorella</u> sp. <u>Potamogeton</u> sp. fungi yeast	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	44.2 72.7 62.7 66.9	Luferova and Sorokin (1970) as cited by Monakov (1972)
<u>Dolerocypris fasciata</u>	15	bacteria	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely related to age	43-57 ( $\bar{x}=48.8$ )	Monakov and Sorokin (1972)
Entomostraca	?	?	?			
Entomostraca	VS	bacteria and phytoplankton	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	58.4 51.7	Sushchenya (1969) Sorokin (1972)
PHYLUM: ROTATORIA						
Rotatoria	VS	bacteria and phytoplankton	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; average of several species	53	Sorokin (1972)
<u>Asplanchna</u> sp.	?	variable	2	Based on a carbon budget for an individual; A/G is inversely related to food concentration	16-22	Sorokin and Mordukhai-Boltovskaya (1962)
<u>Brachionus plicatilis</u>	20	<u>Dunaliella salina</u> @ 4.4 calories/ml	13	Based on a carbon budget for an individual	19.4	Doohan (1973)

## APPENDIX C (Continued)

Taxon	Temperature (°C)	Food and concentration	Experimental method	Comments	Assimilation Efficiency (%)	Reference
<u>Brachionus rubens</u>	20	<u>Chlorella vulgaris</u> @ $1.2 \times 10^4$ - $1 \times 10^7$ cells/ml	4	Based on an energy budget for an individual; age I age II age III ovigerous females	12.2-52.0 12.2-55.8 13.2-57.8 15.1-68.8	Pilarska (1977a)
				Based on a carbon budget for an individual; age I - III ovigerous females	23.0-23.8 30.8-32.3	
<u>Brachionus calyciflorus</u>	19-20	<u>Scenedesmus obliquus</u> and <u>Lagerheimia ciliata</u>	7	Based on a field population energy budget; A/G was inversely related to food concentration	21-52	Galkovskaya (1963)
<u>Brachionus sp.</u>	VS	natural assemblage	6	Based on a field population energy budget; calculations based on 2 species	52.6	Comita (1972)
<u>Keratella quadrata</u>	VS	natural assemblage	6	Based on a field population energy budget	73.4	Comita (1972)
<u>Keratella cochlearis</u>	VS	natural assemblage	6	Based on a field population energy budget	38.3	Comita (1972)
<u>Polyarthra vulgaris</u>	VS	natural assemblage	6	Based on a field population energy budget	81.8	Comita (1972)
<u>Filina longiseta</u>	VS	natural assemblage	6	Based on a field population energy budget	56.9	Comita (1972)