

EPA's BEACH Report: Maryland 2012 Swimming Season

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Introduction

The Beaches Environmental Assessment and Coastal Health (BEACH) Act of 2000 authorizes EPA to provide grants to coastal and Great Lakes states, territories, and eligible tribes to monitor their coastal beaches for bacteria that indicate the possible presence of disease-causing pathogens and to notify the public when there is a potential risk to public health. The BEACH Act requires that recipients of those grants report their coastal beach monitoring and notification data to EPA. This fact sheet highlights the data submitted to EPA by the State of Maryland for the 2012 swimming season.

2012 Swimming Season Monitoring and Notification Actions

Maryland monitored 67 coastal beaches in nine counties during the 2012 swimming season (Figure 1 and Table 1). When monitoring results at swimming beaches show that levels of specific indicator bacteria in the water exceed applicable water quality standards, Maryland officials issue a beach advisory, warning people of possible risks of swimming.

How many beaches had notification actions?

In 2012, of the 67 coastal beaches that Maryland monitored, nine (13 percent) had at least one notification action (Figure 2). This is a lower percentage than the previous year.

Figure 1. Maryland coastal counties

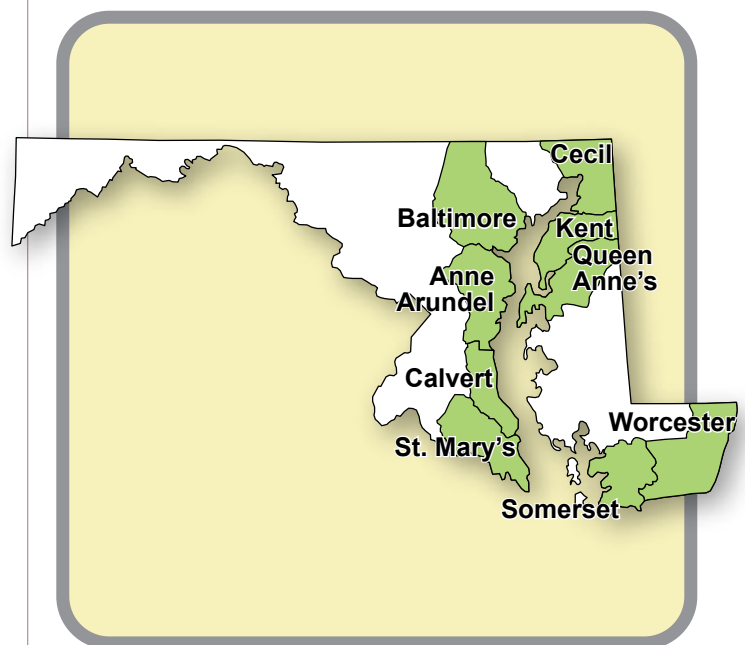


Table 1. Number of monitored and unmonitored coastal beaches by county for 2012

County	Total Beaches	Monitored	Not Monitored
ANNE ARUNDEL	26	26	0
BALTIMORE	3	3	0
CALVERT	10	10	0
CECIL	5	5	0
KENT	6	6	0
QUEEN ANNE'S	2	2	0
SOMERSET	2	2	0
ST. MARY'S	3	3	0
WORCESTER	10	10	0
TOTALS	67	67	0

Figure 2: Percent of beaches with one or more notification actions

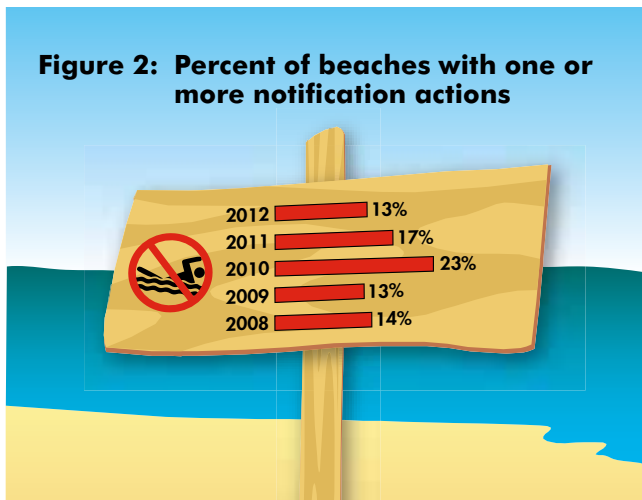
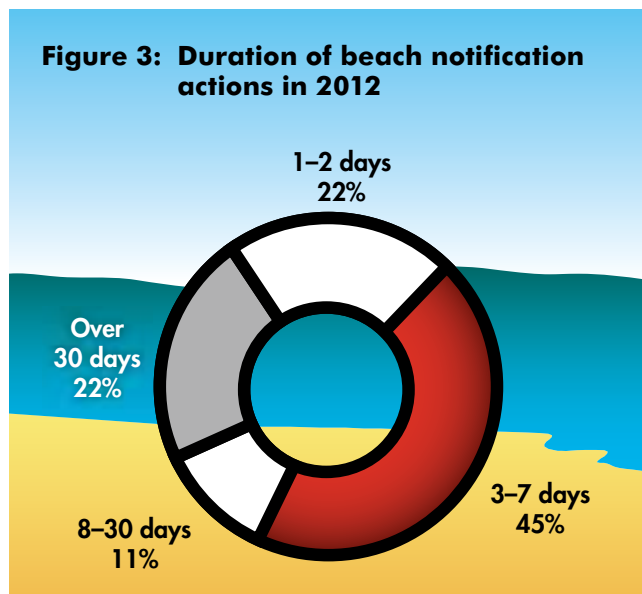


Figure 3: Duration of beach notification actions in 2012



How many notification actions were issued and how long did they last?

Maryland issued nine notification actions during the 2012 swimming season. Typically Maryland lifts an action when follow-up monitoring indicates that water quality complies with applicable standards. For the majority of actions (67 percent) water quality returned to normal and beaches were deemed safe for swimming within a week or less (Figure 3).

What percentage of days were beaches under a notification action?

EPA calculates the total available beach days and the number of beach days with notification actions to better track trends over time. Total available

Figure 4: Percent of beach days open and safe for swimming



beach days are determined by multiplying the length of the beach season by the number of beaches in the state. For 2012 EPA calculated that 6,501 beach days were associated with the swimming seasons of the 67 monitored Maryland beaches. Maryland reported notification actions on 139 days, meaning that beaches were open and safe for swimming about 98 percent of the time. This continues the trend of high percentages of open beach days at beaches in Maryland (Figure 4).

For More Information

For information about the Maryland beach program contact:

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For general information about beaches visit: <http://water.epa.gov/type/oceb/beaches/>.

For information about a specific beach visit: <http://watersgeo.epa.gov/beacon2/>.